

TEENS

For more information, visit
ELTNGL.com/Teens

Connect with us on



 **NATIONAL
GEOGRAPHIC**
LEARNING

TIME ZONES

THIRD EDITION

For ISBNs, more information,
or to order, please visit
ELTNGL.com/TimeZones3e
or contact your local representative at
ELTNGL.com/repfinder

CEFR Correlation

	Pre-A1	A1	A2	B1
Starter				
1				
2				
3				
4				

Join National Geographic Learning!

webinars

ELTNGL.com/webinars

in focus

ELTNGL.com/infocus

Cover Photo: Tiger and Turtle – Magic Mountain is an art installation and landmark in Duisburg, Germany. It is 21 meters high, and made of steel. While it resembles a roller coaster, it is actually a walkway with stairs.
© Achim Meurer

 **NATIONAL
GEOGRAPHIC**
LEARNING

Bringing the world to the classroom
and the classroom to life

ELTNGL.com

A PART OF CENGAGE

"National Geographic", "National Geographic Society" and the Yellow Border Design are registered trademarks of the National Geographic Society ® Marcas Registradas

FEB/20

ISBN-13: 978-0357526057
ISBN-10: 0357526056



9 780357 526057

SAMPLER

A five-level series
for teenage learners
of English

ELTNGL.com/TimeZones3e

TIME ZONES

THIRD EDITION

WHERE ARE WE GOING NEXT?

THIRD EDITION

Through teacher-tested language lessons, carefully scaffolded practice activities, and teaching resources that keep classrooms engaged, *Time Zones*, Third Edition delivers the skills and language that learners need, for wherever they're going next.

- *Time Zones* Online Practice includes original practice activities that work on any device.

[illegible]

7 WHEN DID IT HAPPEN?

[illegible]

KEEP CLASSROOMS ENGAGED

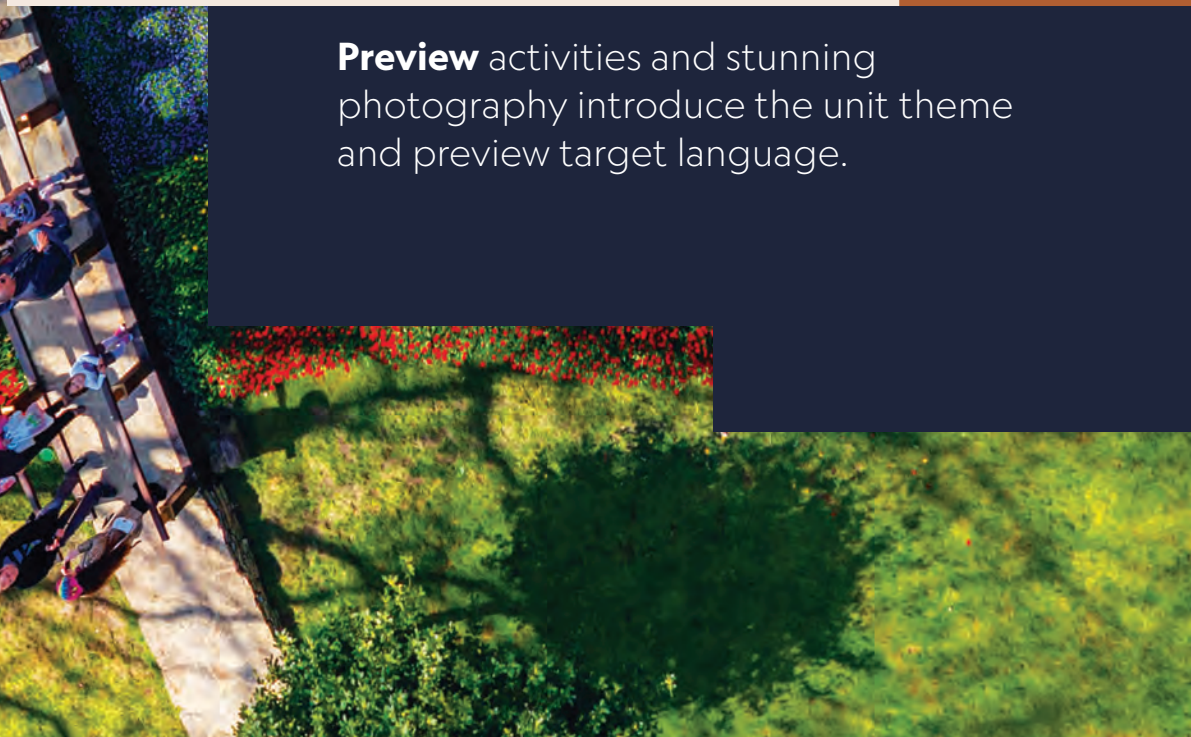
THE REAL V
STUDYING
THE PAST

**CAUSE
MARKETING**

LEARN: You've probably heard of marketing. But what about cause marketing? These days, many customers prefer to buy from companies with good values. Cause marketing is a way for companies to

- 5 attract these customers and make money by doing good. Here are three examples:

Carefully scaffolded language lessons and frequent practice activities build students' confidence to share what they know about the world in English.



Language Focus presents and practices the unit's language goal.

Video lessons help to reinforce and consolidate new language at the end of each unit.

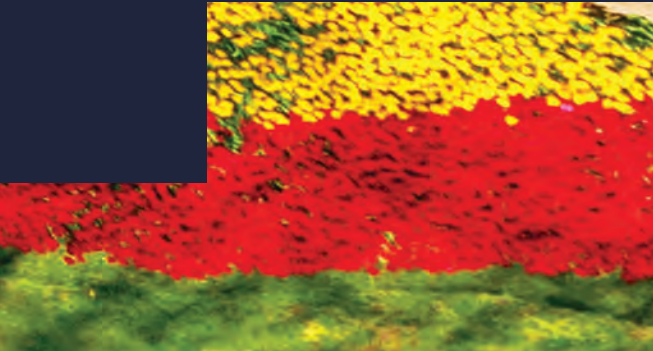
NEW! Review activities help students demonstrate their understanding of the lessons.

[illegible]

Comprehension questions check learners' understanding of the reading passage.

NEW! Vocabulary sections explicitly practice strategies for learning new words.

Writing activities help build learner confidence in using new language.

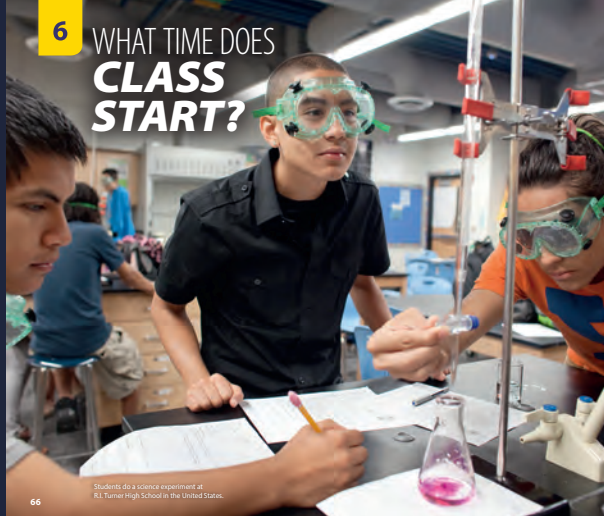


EXPLORE THE WORLD IN ENGLISH

Time Zones uses authentic stories to motivate learning and encourage active engagement and communication in the classroom. Throughout *Time Zones*, students are introduced to new information about real people and places, the natural world, history and culture, and science and technology.

6

WHAT TIME DOES CLASS START?



Students do a science experiment at R.I. Turner High School in the United States.

PREVIEW

A Match. Write the phrases under the pictures.

go to school

go to bed

go home

have dinner

get up

do homework

1

2

3

4

5

6

B

Read. Listen. Write S (same) or D (different) for the time the speakers do each activity.

1

2

3

4

5

6

C

Talk with a partner. Ask them when they do each activity in A.

What time do you get up?

I get up at 6 o'clock.

PEOPLE AND PLACES

UNIT GOALS

describe your daily routines

use language for talking about how often you do things

learn about schools around the world

Relevant, real-world topics help students make connections to their own lives.

VIDEO

ABOUT THE VIDEO: Ha Long Bay is a famous place in Vietnam.

HA LONG BAY

Before You Watch

Look at the photos. What do you think you can see at Ha Long Bay?

☐ tourists

☐ beaches

☐ boats

☐ tall buildings

☐ rocks

While You Watch

A Watch the video. Check (✓) the information you hear.

☐ the number of islands

☐ island names

☐ famous food

☐ things to do on the islands

☐ where the hotels are

B Watch again. Circle the correct answers.

1 There are 1,600 / 16,000 islands in Ha Long Bay.

2 Tourists stay on the small / big islands.

3 The shapes of the rocks / buildings in Ha Long Bay are interesting.

4 Tourists go to the islands by car / boat.

After You Watch

Talk with a partner. Do you know any other amazing places like Ha Long Bay? What are they like?



The islands in Ha Long Bay

REVIEW

A Complete the words for places.

1

2

3

4

5

6

B

Write sentences and questions with is or are. Use the words below.

the sea / blue

The sea is blue.

the boats / not small

the cities / big

the island / beautiful

the restaurants / popular

the beach / not clean

C Complete the sentences. Use and or but.

1 This is a clean beautiful city.

2 There's a school in my town. there isn't a park.

3 Ha Long Bay is a beautiful amazing place.

4 There are many islands. no one lives on them.

5 There are houses, stores, restaurants on this street.

SELF CHECK

Now I can

☐ talk about places in my city

☐ use language for describing places

☐ talk about amazing places around the world

Engaging video lessons help students explore the unit theme in greater detail.

THE REAL WORLD

THE FLYING CLASSROOM



Barrington Irving (center) with students in Washington D.C.

A Look at the photos. What do you think students learn about in the Flying Classroom?

a how to fly an airplane

b science and technology

c cultures around the world

B

Watch the video. Circle T for True or F for False.

1 Barrington Irving is a photographer.

2 The Flying Classroom has students from around the world.

3 Barrington wants students to be interested in science.

4 The students like the Flying Classroom.

T F

T F

T F

T F

C

Watch again. Check (✓) the things the students do in the video.

☐ use computers

☐ make robots

☐ do experiments

☐ visit an airport

☐ use VR glasses

☐ give a presentation

D CRITICAL THINKING Evaluating

Talk with a partner. Is the Flying Classroom a good way to learn? What do you like about it?

PROJECT Work with a partner. Imagine the Flying Classroom is coming to your school. Write a list of things you want to do in the class.

PRONUNCIATION long and short u sounds

A Listen and repeat.

1 lunch (short u)

2 usually (long u)

B Listen. Are the u sounds in these words long (l) or short (s)? Then read the words to a partner.

1 hungry

2 computer

3 understand

4 up

5 subject

6 student

7 music

COMMUNICATION

Do a survey. Write the times you do these activities. Then find two other students who do the activities at the same time as you.

What time do you ... ?

You

Student name

Student name

have breakfast

go home

do homework

watch TV on school days

go to bed on school days

go to bed on the weekends

have dinner

What time do you have breakfast?

I have breakfast at 7:00 o'clock.

Me, too.

Frequent practice activities help learners use English to talk about global topics.

DEVELOP KEY SKILLS

Time Zones helps students develop key competencies including global awareness, critical thinking, and collaboration. Students engage with information presented through text, audio, video, charts, maps and graphs, and work together in pair and group activities to practice new language. Clear unit goals and self-assessment opportunities help to develop independent learners.

6 WHAT WILL EARTH BE LIKE IN THE FUTURE?

Lake Wallace, Australia, after a long period of dry weather in 2016

PREVIEW

A Use a dictionary. Write **f** for words that mean "become larger." Write **s** for words that mean "become smaller."

_____ increase	_____ fall
_____ rise	_____ shrink
_____ decrease	_____ expand

B **Think & Guess.** How will climate change affect Earth? Circle the correct answers. Then listen and check.

- 1 Temperatures will **fall** / rise.
- 2 Freshwater levels will **fall** / rise.
- 3 Wildfires will **increase** / decrease.
- 4 Deserts will **shrink** / expand.
- 5 Farmland will **shrink** / expand.
- 6 Food supplies will **increase** / decrease.

C Talk with a partner. What are some other possible effects of climate change?

I think ocean levels will rise in the future.

Yeah. And I think cities will ...

THE NATURAL WORLD

UNIT GOALS

- find out how climate change will affect us
- learn language for making predictions
- explore ways to fight climate change

KEEP CLASSROOMS ENGAGED

Classroom-tested lessons help teachers and students achieve success, for wherever they're going next. Lessons are carefully scaffolded and provide frequent practice opportunities, including task types that are commonly found on international exams. Fully supported with up-to-date teaching resources, including a Teacher's Book, Classroom Presentation Tool, and ExamView® Assessment Suite, *Time Zones* makes it easy for teachers to carry out successful lessons in any classroom.

VIDEO

ABOUT THE VIDEO A young woman sails around the world and visits French Polynesia.

SAILING SOLO

Before You Watch
Take a quiz. Read the passage and circle the correct options. What else do you know about this part of the world?

French Polynesia is located in the **1** Pacific / Atlantic Ocean, halfway between South America and **2** Australia / Africa. It is made up of **3** 8 / 118 islands. The two largest islands are **4** Hawaii / Tahiti and Hiva Oa. French Polynesia is famous for its blue waters and perfect beaches.

While You Watch
A **Watch the video.** Check (✓) five things you see Laura doing.

☐ sailing	☐ fishing	☐ hiking	☐ climbing rocks
☐ cycling	☐ surfing	☐ swimming	☐ walking on a beach

B **Watch again.** Circle the correct answers.

- 1 Laura started her trip from _____.
a Gibraltar b French Polynesia
- 2 She followed the route her parents took _____.
a a year ago b over 20 years ago
- 3 Laura went to French Polynesia because she _____.
a saw her parents' photos b read her father's diary

C **What does Laura think?** Match the parts of the sentences.

1 The culture on every island is _____.	☐ the most important thing.
2 The people on the islands are _____.	☐ amazing.
3 People back home are _____.	☐ different.
4 Money is not _____.	☐ too busy.

After You Watch
Talk with a partner. Laura thinks the Pacific islands are paradise. Why do you think she feels this way? What would you describe as paradise?

Laura Dekker and her 12-meter-long sailboat, Guppy

REVIEW

A Complete the activities. Use the words in the box.

ballooning	boarding	diving	jumping
karting	lining	riding	sailing

- 1 sand _____
- 2 go-_____
- 3 sky _____
- 4 para _____
- 5 bungee _____
- 6 zip-_____
- 7 hot-air _____
- 8 horseback _____

B Complete the conversations. Use the correct form of the verbs in parentheses.

1 A: ¹ _____ you _____ Brazilian food? (ever have)
B: Yes, I ² _____ it last year. (try)

2 C: ³ _____ Jason _____ kitesurfing? (ever go)
D: No, but his brother ⁴ _____ it many times. (do)

3 E: Jennifer says she ⁵ _____ camping. (never be)
F: Neither have I. But I ⁶ _____ hiking last summer. (go)

C Circle the correct words to make collocations.

- 1 My cousin has **done** / **played** soccer for his country.
- 2 I would like to **go** / **do** traveling after I graduate.
- 3 You can't **do** / **take** photos in the museum.
- 4 Have you ever **played** / **gone** windsurfing? It looks fun!
- 5 She's **done** / **gone** many worthwhile things in her life.
- 6 Have you ever **taken** / **gone** a cooking class?

SELF CHECK Now I can ...

- ☐ talk about interesting people and what they've done
- ☐ use language for talking about life experiences
- ☐ discuss what I want to achieve in my lifetime



COMPREHENSION

A Answer the questions about *On Thin Ice*.

- 1 **What is the main idea of the article?**
a There are fewer seals for polar bears to hunt.
b Arctic temperatures are rising.
c Climate change is endangering polar bears.
- 2 **The polar bear Paul Nicklen saw couldn't catch the seal because _____.**
a it made too much noise b the ice was too thin c the seal was too quick
- 3 **How do polar bears usually hunt seals?**
a They wait on ice floes. b They wait in the water. c They drown the seals.
- 4 **According to paragraph E, a rare sight refers to something that _____.**
a is horrible to look at b you don't see often c is blind
- 5 **According to the article, which of these statements is true?**
a Climate change will still be a problem in 2050.
b Polar ice will disappear completely by 2050.
c Polar bears have to hunt different animals to survive.

B Complete the flow chart. Write the effects of climate change in the correct order.

a Some polar bears drown.	d Polar bears become endangered.
b Polar ice melts.	e Polar bears have to swim farther between ice floes.
c Temperatures rise.	f Ice breaks into ice floes.

1 → 2 → 3 → 4 → 5 → 6

C **CRITICAL THINKING** **Inferring** Talk with a partner. What other animals are affected by climate change? Can you think of ways to help them?

Greta Thunberg became an environmental activist after learning about polar bears and climate change in school.

IDIOM

If you are "on thin ice," you are _____.

a strong and powerful
b in a risky situation
c always changing

VOCABULARY

A Find these words in the article. Then complete the sentences.

crack	familiar	vital	drown	endanger	creature
-------	----------	-------	-------	----------	----------

- 1 If you don't wear your life jacket, you could _____.
- 2 Don't drive too fast or you'll _____ the lives of other motorists.
- 3 The walrus is a large marine _____ with two large teeth.
- 4 The ice is thin. It will _____ if you stand on it.
- 5 I don't know his name, but he looks _____.
- 6 It is _____ we work together to fight climate change.

B Read the information below. Then complete the sentences. Use the words in the box with the suffix -y. Check your spelling in a dictionary.

The suffix -y can be added to some nouns to make them adjectives.
For example:
water → watery
ice → icy

luck	mud	noise	rain
------	-----	-------	------

- 1 On _____ days, I like to stay home and read.
- 2 I find it hard to concentrate when it's _____.
- 3 Please leave your boots outside if they're _____.
- 4 She was _____ that the hotel still had one room left.

WRITING

A Read the paragraph.

B What will your town or city be like in 25 years? Make notes.

C Write a paragraph. Say what your city is like now, and what you think it will be like in 25 years.

My city will be very different in 25 years. It's a popular place to live now, but I think more people will move ...



DIGITAL TEACHING SUPPORT

Teaching with *Time Zones* is easy with its flexible digital support materials.

Updated Classroom Presentation Tool

Enrich your lessons with interactive Student's Book and Workbook pages with embedded audio, video, and activities on the Classroom Presentation Tool.

New Online Practice and Student's eBook

Keep students engaged with mobile-responsive Online Practice, including audio, video, and practice activities for assessment, available at learn.ELTNGL.com.

Learning Management Platform

Manage your classroom and track students' Online Practice progress with a Learning Management System, available at learn.ELTNGL.com.

MATERIALS FOR EVERY CLASSROOM

For Learners

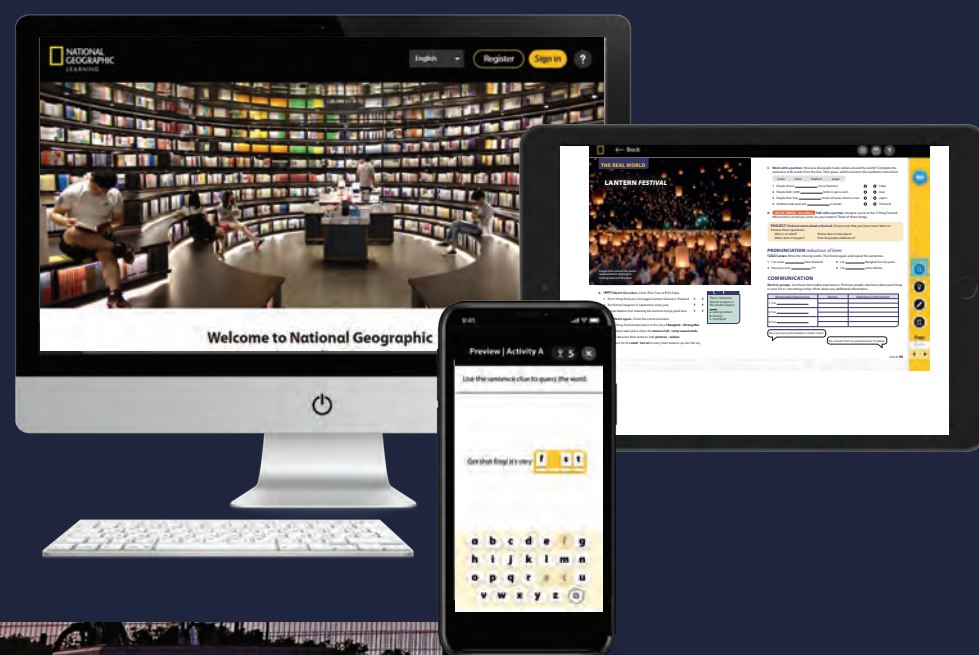
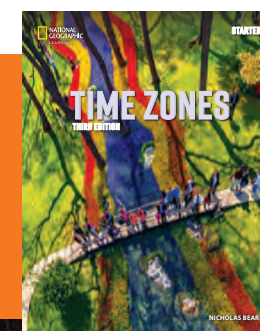
- Student's Book
- Workbook
- Combo Split
- Online Practice and Student's eBook
- Online Student Resources

For Teachers

- Teacher's Book
- Classroom Presentation Tool
- ExamView® Assessment Suite
- Learning Management System for Online Practice
- Online Teacher Resources

UPDATED *TIME ZONES* STARTER COMBO

The updated *Time Zones* Starter Combo level includes six units of instruction with Workbook pages to help beginner learners develop the language and skills they need to express themselves confidently in the classroom.



WHERE'S THE LION?

A lion in Kruger National Park, South Africa

PREVIEW

A 3.1 **Match the animals with the pictures.**
Listen and check your answers.

monkey lion shark frog dolphin bear



1 _____ 2 _____ 3 _____



4 _____ 5 _____ 6 _____

B 3.2 **Listen.** What does each person say about the animals below? Complete the sentences. Two words are extra.

fast clever dangerous quiet
noisy scary slow strong

- 1 Dolphins are _____.
- 2 Monkeys are _____.
- 3 Frogs are _____, and sharks are _____.
- 4 Lions are _____, and bears are _____.

C **Talk with a partner.** Describe the animals in **A**. Use words from **B**.

Dolphins are noisy.

THE NATURAL WORLD

UNIT GOALS

- describe animals on land and in the water
- use language for describing where things are
- learn about animals that use camouflage

LANGUAGE FOCUS

A 3.3 Listen and read. Where are Ming and Maya? Then repeat the conversation and replace the words in **bold**.

REAL ENGLISH Look!

Ming: This safari park is so big! How many animals are there?
Maya: About 500. Wow! Look, **a lion!** (**a monkey / an elephant**)
Ming: Where? I don't see it.
Maya: It's over there, next to the **tree.** (**rock / car**)

Ming: Oh, where is it now?
Maya: It's behind the **hippo.** (**elephant / giraffe**)
Ming: Where's the lion now?
Maya: It's **in front of** you! (**next to / behind**)



B 3.4 Look at the chart. Then circle the correct answers below.

TALKING ABOUT LOCATION OF THINGS (USING PREPOSITIONS)	
The bears are near the tree.	
The monkey is behind the frog.	
How many animals are there?	There's one animal. / There are twenty animals.
Where's the frog?	It's on / under / next to the rock.
Where are the monkeys?	They're in front of / behind the tree.
Is the lion on the rock?	Yes, it is. / No, it isn't.
Are the fish in the water?	Yes, they are. / No, they aren't.

- 1 How many is for questions about **age** / **number**.
- 2 Where is for questions about **places** / **people**.
- 3 Words like *on/in/under* show **where** / **when** something is.

C Look at the picture below. Complete the sentences.

in next to under in front of

- 1 The giraffes are _____ the tree.
- 2 The hippos are _____ the elephants.
- 3 The fish are _____ the water.
- 4 The frog is _____ the tree.

D Look at the picture below. Answer the questions.

- 1 How many lions are there? There's one lion.
- 2 How many hippos are there? _____
- 3 Where's the lion? _____
- 4 Where are the elephants? _____



DO YOU KNOW?

What is this?
a a catfish
b a horsefish

E Play a game. Student A: Choose something in the classroom. Student B: Guess what it is.

Is it on the table?

Yes, it is.

Is it a pen?

No, it isn't.

LIFE IN ANTARCTICA



There are many amazing animals in Antarctica, such as leopard seals and penguins.

A Look at the animals in the photo above. Write words to describe them.
Leopard seal: long,
Penguin: small,

B ▶ 3.1 Watch the video. Complete the summary.
Paul Nicklen is a photographer. He’s in Antarctica to take photos of ¹ **animals** / **people**. Paul sees a ² **penguin** / **leopard seal** in the water. It swims near his ³ **camera** / **friend**. Later, Paul sees a leopard seal chasing a penguin. The penguin is ⁴ **slow** / **fast**. Another penguin is on the ice. It’s ⁵ **safe** / **not safe**.

C ▶ 3.1 Watch again. Complete the sentences using the words in the box.
in front of on behind in

1 Paul Nicklen is _____ the water. 3 The penguins are _____ the rock.
2 The leopard seal is _____ Paul’s camera. 4 The seal is _____ the penguin.

D CRITICAL THINKING Inferring Talk with a partner. Think of two words to describe Paul Nicklen’s job.

PROJECT Walk around your neighborhood. Find five animals and note where they are.

grasshopper: on a leaf

frog: behind a rock

PRONUNCIATION There are and They’re

- ▶ 3.5 Listen. Circle the words you hear. Then listen again and repeat the sentences.
- | | | | |
|-------------|---------|-------------|---------|
| 1 There are | They’re | 3 There are | They’re |
| 2 There are | They’re | 4 There are | They’re |

COMMUNICATION

A Choose four animals. Draw them or write their names on the picture below.

shark dolphin monkey frog fish lion

B Talk with a partner. Ask about the animals in their picture. Draw your partner’s picture on page 150.

Is there a shark in your picture?

Yes, there is.

Where is it?

It’s behind the seaweed.

C Compare the pictures with your partner.



READING

A Look at the photos. Check (✓) the things you see.

☐ seaweed ☐ tree ☐ frog

B Read the title. Why do you think these animals are strange?

C Skim the article. Underline the places where the animals hide.

A leafy sea dragon



STRANGE ANIMALS

3.6 Do you know that some animals are camouflaged? This means their colors are **the same as** the colors around them. Some animals in the sea and on land are camouflaged.

5 Look at the photo on the left. This looks like **seaweed**, but it's not! It's a leafy sea dragon. It **hides** in the seaweed. It's the same color as the seaweed. Its **body** is also in the shape of **leaves**.

Look at the photo below. Do you see the owl in the tree? It's the same colors as the **branches** of the tree. Where are its eyes and its head?

An owl



COMPREHENSION

A Answer the questions about *Strange Animals*.

- 1 **MAIN IDEA** What’s the article mainly about?
a jungle animals b animals that hide c dangerous animals
- 2 **DETAIL** A leafy sea dragon looks like _____.
a seaweed b a rock c an owl
- 3 **REFERENCE** The word *It* in line 6 refers to _____.
a a leaf b seaweed c the leafy sea dragon
- 4 **DETAIL** Which of the following information about the owl is NOT in the article?
a It hides in the tree. b Its eyes are big. c Its colors are the same as the tree.
- 5 **INFERENCE** The leafy sea dragon and the owl hide using their _____.
a colors b shapes c sounds

B Complete the chart. Use the information about the animals in the article.

What are their names?	Where do they live? (on land / in the sea)	Where do they hide?
leafy sea dragon		

C **CRITICAL THINKING Applying** Talk with a partner. What other animals use camouflage to hide?



A snowy owl

IDIOM

If someone is “like a fish out of water,” they are _____.
a not comfortable
b not well

VOCABULARY

A Find the words below in the article. Then complete the sentences.

the same as seaweed hide body leaves branches

- 1 _____ is a plant that grows in water.
- 2 The _____ of a plant are usually green.
- 3 There’s fur on a rabbit’s _____.
- 4 There are birds on the tree’s _____.
- 5 When you _____, people can’t see you.
- 6 Some frogs hide in trees because their colors are _____ the trees.

B Read the information below. Complete the sentences.

Here are some phrases to describe where things are.
on the left in the middle on the right

- 1 The blue birds are _____.
- 2 The yellow and white bird is _____.
- 3 The big gray bird is _____.



WRITING

- A **Look at the photo.**
Read the beginning of a description of the photo.
- B **Make notes about the photo.** What do you see?
Where are the things in the photo?
- C **Write a description of the photo.** Say where things are.

There’s a diver and a lot of fish in the water. On the left, there are some yellow fish. In the middle, ...



OCEAN ODDITIES

Before You Watch

Work with a partner. What sea animals do you know? Make a list.

While You Watch

A ▶ 3.2 Watch the video. What do the animals do?

- ☐ eat ☐ sleep ☐ hide ☐ make sounds

B ▶ 3.2 Watch again. Circle the correct answers.

- 1 Sargassum fish hide in **seaweed** / coral.

2 Comb jellyfish are **colorful** / dangerous.

3 Beluga whales are very **quiet** / noisy.
- 4 Clams use their **foot** / tongue to push into the sand.

5 Clams hide **behind a rock** / under the ground when they are scared.

After You Watch

Talk with a partner. Describe the sea animals in the video. Use the words in the box.

beautiful dangerous scary strong fast slow noisy clever

A coral reef near Sebayur Island, Indonesia



A Match the descriptions with the animals in the box.

lions bears frogs dolphins monkeys sharks

- 1 They're very big fish. _____

2 They're big cats from Africa. _____

3 They live in water and on the ground. _____

4 They live in trees and on the ground. _____

5 They live in the sea. They're very clever. _____

6 There are a lot of them in Canada. _____
They're often brown or black.

B Look at the pictures. Complete the sentences and questions.

- 1  The cat is **on** / **in** the box.

2  **Is** / **Are** the cat behind the box? No, it **isn't** / **aren't**.

3  **Where are** / **How many** cats are there?

4  **Where's** / **Where are** the cat? It's **under** / **next to** the box.

C Look at your drawing in the Communication section of this unit.

Write three sentences to describe it. Use *on the left*, *on the right*, and *in the middle*.

- 1 _____

2 _____

3 _____

SELF CHECK Now I can ...

- ☐ describe animals on land and in the water

☐ use language for describing where things are

☐ talk about animals that use camouflage