6 City life

Glossary

Reading Pages 66-67			cultural centre (n) /'k\ltfərəl sentə(r)/ a building where people take part in activities	
6.1	building (n) /ˈbɪldɪŋ/ a structure, e.g. a house, school, hospital, etc. • Our town is full of new buildings and it looks		 connected with art, music, local history, etc. I'm learning to do traditional dances at the cultural centre in town. ❖ 	
6.2	very different from the past. > build (v), builder (n) ❖ theatre (n) /'θɪətə(r)/	6.13	studio (n) /ˈstjuːdiəʊ/ a place where an artist works ● Arthur is drawing pictures for his new cartoon in his studio. ❖	
	a place where people go to watch live performances • I'm going to a concert at the theatre next week. ➤ theatrical (adj)	6.14	puppet (n) /'p∧prt/ a model of a person or an animal that can move • The children are doing a puppet show for their friends. ❖	
6.3	art (n) /ɑːt/ paintings, drawings and other things made by artists; the activity of painting or drawing pictures or making objects to look at ● The paintings in her home are good examples of modern art. ➤ artistic (adj), artist (n)	6.15	botanical garden (n) /bəˈtænɪkl ˈgɑːdn/ an area of a park where different plants and trees are grown, often to study them ● The Indian Botanical Garden is a popular place full of colourful plants in Kolkata. ❖	
6.4	<pre>park (n) /paːk/ an open area with grass and trees where people can walk, play, etc. ● It's a lovely day. I'm going for a walk in the park. ❖</pre>	6.16	cobbled (adj) /ˈkɒbld/ made of small stones ● Visitors can walk through the cobbled streets of Plaka, the old part of Athens. ➤ cobblestone (adj, n) Syn: cobblestone	
6.5 6.6	Georgia (n) /'dʒɔːdʒə/ a country in Eurasia ➤ Georgian (adj, n) ❖ lively (adj) /'laɪvli/	6.17	glass (adj) /glɑːs/ made of the hard see-through material • They walked through the glass doors into the supermarket. ➤ glass (n) ❖	
	full of life and energy • The park is a lively place at weekends with lots of people walking or running. ➤ liveliness (n) ❖	6.18	metal (adj) /'metl/ made of metal, a strong hard material, e.g. iron • Mr Ferguson keeps his money in a big metal have metallia (adj) metal (n) **	
6.7	museum (n) /mjuˈziːəm/ a building where objects are on display for people to see ● We had fun visiting the science museum in Paris. ❖	6.19	box. ➤ metallic (adj), metal (n) ❖ bridge (n) /brɪdʒ/ sth that is built over a road or river, etc. for people to go across ● There are lots of bridges	
6.8	fill (v) /fɪl/ to put sth inside sth; to put sth into an empty		where people can cross the River Clyde in Glasgow. ❖	
	space ● They filled the biscuits with chocolate cream. ➤ filling (n) ❖	6.20	peace (n) /piːs/ the state of having no war or arguments; the	
6.9	palace (n) /'pæləs/ a large building that is the home of a rich or important person, e.g. a king or queen ● There are beautiful gardens around the queen's		state of being quiet with no worries ● Finally, the two countries have stopped fighting and there is peace between them. ➤ peaceful (adj) peacefully (adv) ❖	
6.10	palace. ❖ cinema (n) /ˈsɪnəmə/ a building where people go to watch films • Olga goes to the cinema with her friends	6.21	model (n) /mɒdl/ a small copy of an object ● Gina has made a model of the Parthenon from wood and paper. > model (v), modelling (n) ❖	
6.11	every week. factory (n) /'fæktri/ a building where people make things • Many people lost their jobs when the car factory	6.22	Georgian (adj) /ˈdʒɔːdʒən/ from Georgia ➤ Georgia, Georgian (n) ❖	

closed in my town. .

6.23	airport (n) /'eəpɔːt/ a place where people get on and off planes to travel • We live near the airport, so we hear planes above our house every day.	6.35	ticket (n) /'tɪkɪt/ a small piece of paper you need to buy to watch a show, to travel, etc. ● Did you print our plane tickets? ❖
6.24	delay (n) /dr'ler/ sth that makes sth happen later than planned The heavy snow caused delays for people driving to work this morning. ➤ delay (v)	6.36	take place (phr v) /teɪk pleɪs/ to happen ● When will the concert take place? ❖
	*	Vo	cabulary Page 68
6.25	due to (prep) /djuː tu/ because of ● The bus couldn't get to the village due to the snow on the road. ❖	6.37	bank (n) /bæŋk/ a place where people go to save or take out
6.26	announcement (n) /əˈnaʊnsmənt/ an important statement that sb makes to give		money ● I'm going to the bank to get some money. ❖
	information about sth ◆ At the airport, we heard an announcement that our plane was late. ➤ announce (v), announcer (n) ❖	6.38	bookshop (n) /ˈbʊkʃɒp/ a shop where you can buy books ● Alberto is in the bookshop looking for a present for his
6.27	passenger (n) /'pæsɪndʒə(r)/ sb who is travelling on a type of transport, e.g. bus, car, boat, plane, train ● We waited for some passengers to get off the bus before we got on it. ❖	6.39	mum. * hospital (n) /'hospitl/ a place where sick people go to get help from doctors, etc. • Stephanie is a doctor and she works in the children's hospital. *
6.28	pharmacy (n) /'fɑːməsi/ a shop where you can buy medicine, etc. • Judy bought some aspirin from the pharmacy. ➤ pharmacist (n) ❖ Syn: chemist's	6.40	post office (n) /'pəʊst ɒfɪs/ a place where people go to send letters, etc. • Mum went to the post office to send some Christmas cards to our aunts in Australia.
6.29	aspirin (n) /ˈæsprɪn/ a medicine used to help stop headaches and other pains ● Angus took an aspirin and he soon felt better. ❖	6.41	sports centre (n) /'sports sentə(r)/ a building where you can do different sports • We play table tennis at the sports centre every Thursday after school. *
6.30	forget (v) / fə'get/ to not remember to do sth; to not remember sth that happened or a fact that you knew in the past ● Don't forget to bring your swimming costume for the pool. ➤ forgetful (adj), forgetfulness (n) ❖	6.42	stamp (n) /stæmp/ a small piece of paper you stick on sth before you post it ● The postman returned the letter to me because I forgot to put a stamp on it. ❖
6.31	close (v) /kləʊz/ to stop being open so that people can't go in ● The restaurant closes at 10 p.m. in the	6.43	post (v) /pəʊst/ to send a letter, card or parcel to sb ● Harry has gone to the post office to post some letters. > postal (adj), post (n) ❖
6.32	evening. > closure (n) department store (n) /dr'pɑ:tmənt stɔ:(r)/ a large shop that has several different parts, each selling different things • Harrods is a famous department store in London. You can	6.44	parcel (n) /'pɑːsl/ sth in a packet you send by post or give as a present ● It is Tina's birthday and her grandma has sent her some books in a big parcel. > parcel (v) ❖
6.33	serve (v) /s3:v/ to bring food or drinks to sb • We're having dinner with our relatives and Dad is serving the food. ➤ service, server (n) ❖	6.45	badminton (n) /'bædmɪntən/ a game like tennis played with rackets, a very light kind of ball and a high net ● Pamela won her first badminton match at the sports centre. ❖
6.34	dance (n) /dɑːns/ the art of dancing for people to watch; an act of dancing ● The street festival was full of music and dance. ➤ dance (v), dancer (n) ❖	6.46	gift (n) /gɪft/ a present ● Frances gave her parents some flowers as a gift. ➤ give (v) ❖ Syn: present

6.47	borrow (v) /ˈbɒrəʊ/ to take sth that belongs to sb else to use for a short time and then give it back • You can borrow books from the town library and take	6.59	office block (n) /'pfrs blpk/ a big building with lots of offices where people work on different floors ● Those tall buildings in the city centre are office blocks. ❖
	them back a week later. ➤ borrower (n) ❖	6.60	lift (n) /lrft/ a machine that moves people and things to a
6.48	store (n) /stɔ:(r)/ a shop ● Kirsty ordered a new camera from an online store. ➤ store (v) ❖		higher or lower level in a building • You can take the lift to the sixth floor. ➤ lift (v)
6.49	medicine (n) /'medsn/ sth you drink or eat to make you well when you're ill • <i>Tim was ill, so the doctor gave him</i>	6.61	floor (n) /flɔː(r)/ a level of a building ● Bob's flat is on the top floor. ❖
6.50	blanket (n) /'blæŋkrt/ a large thick cover put onto a bed to keep you warm • I put an extra blanket on my bed	6.62	staff (n) /sta:f/ all the people working in a place as a group ■ The hotel staff were very friendly and helpful, especially the waiters. ❖
6.51	because it was a cold night. ❖ toothbrush (n) /'tu:θbrʌʃ/ a small brush for cleaning teeth • I bought a new toothbrush for you. ❖	6.63	town centre (n) /,taon 'sentə(r)/ the middle of a town where the shops and other facilities are ● There are always lots of people shopping in the town centre on
6.52	envelope (n) /'envələʊp/ a paper object used to put letters and cards in ● Write your name and address on the envelope and put a stamp on it. ❖	6.64	Saturdays. ❖ bus stop (n) /'bʌs stɒp/ a place on the street where a bus stops for people to get on or off ● Get off at the bus stop after the hospital. ❖
6.53	dictionary (n) /ˈdɪkʃənri/ a book that gives the meanings of words • Tom uses his French dictionary to find the meaning of words he doesn't know.	6.65	driver (n) /'draɪvə(r)/ sb who drives sth, e.g. a car, bus, train • We showed our tickets to the driver when we got on the bus. ➤ drive (v) ❖
6.54	 coach (n) /kəʊtʃ/ sb who teaches a person or team to do a sport Leo's tennis coach taught him how to hit the 	6.66	key (n) /kiː/ a small metal object for opening or locking a door ● Have you got a key for the front door? > key (adj) ❖
6.55	ball over the net. ➤ coach (v), coaching (n)	6.67	downstairs (adv) /,daun'steəz/ the lower floor of a building below the one where you are ● Our bedrooms are upstairs and the kitchen and living room are downstairs. ➤ downstairs (adj) ❖ □ Opp: upstairs
	find a parking space. ❖	6.68	sight (n) /sart/ an interesting building or other place that you
6.56	environment (n) /ɪnˈvaɪrənmənt/ the air, water, land around us ● We must keep our beaches clean to protect the environment.		can see or visit • The walking tour includes all the famous sights of Edinburgh from the castle to the hill called Arthur's Seat. ❖
	environmental (adj), environmentally (adv)	6.69	move on (phr v) /muːv ɒn/ to leave where you are and go to another
6.57	local (adj) /ˈləʊkl/ connected to one area • The local bus stops at every village on the island. ➤ localise (v), local (n) ❖		place; to stop or finish sth you are doing and do sth else • They spent an hour in the museum, and then moved on to see the famous palace. •
Gra	ammar _{Page} 69	Lis	tening Page 70
6.58	apartment (n) /əˈpɑːtmənt/ a home on one floor of a building that has other homes in it • We live in an apartment on the third floor. ❖ Syn: flat	6.70	(a) quarter to (phr) /(ə) 'kwɔːtə(r) tuː/ 15 minutes before a particular hour ● I left at quarter to eight this morning and took the eight o'clock bus. ❖

6.71	century (n) /'sent∫əri/ a period of 100 years • The museum opened in 1920, over a century ago. ❖	6.83	very good	(adj) /ˈbrɪliənt/ d; excellent ● <i>The</i> a picnic. ❖		
6.72	weekly (adv) /ˈwiːkli/ every week ● / visit my grandparents weekly. I go to see them after school on Fridays. > weekly (adj), week (n) ❖	Nou airpo	ort	store	pharmacy	
6.73	monthly (adv) /'m∧nθli/ every month ● Our English teacher gives us tests monthly. ➤ monthly (adj), month (n) ❖	bank book castl	shop e	factory guest house hospital hotel	shopping centre sports centre store studio	
6.74	separately (adv) /'seprətli/ not together ● The teacher spoke to each student separately about their homework. > separate (v), separate (adj) ❖		na ral centre irtment	museum office block palace	theatre	
6.75	book (v) /bʊk/ to ask sb to keep sth for you to use later • We've booked rooms for our holiday in			ary Page 7	22	
6.76	Scotland. ➤ booking (n) ❖ website (n) /'websart/ a group of web pages on the internet with information about a business, organisation or person • The business sells holidays in Greece through its website. ❖	6.84	all the wo stay and place ● 7 money fro	om tourism when p holidays. ➤ tour (n	ain visitors to a e island make their	
Spe	eaking Page 71	6.85	the touris and looki	ng at monuments	interesting places • Andy's planning	
6.77	opposite (prep) /'ppəzɪt/ on the other side of sth ● Our house is opposite the park, so we have a nice		to go sightseeing in Rome. First, he's going to visit the Coliseum. ➤ sightseer (n) •			
6.78	view of the trees. ➤ opposite (adj, adv, n) crossroads (n) /'krɒsrəʊdz/	6.86	entertainment (n) /ˌentəˈteɪnmənt/ activities for people to enjoy themselves ● TV is not such a popular form of entertainment as it was in the past. ➤ entertain (v), entertaining (adj), entertainer (n) ❖ castle (n) /ˈkɑːsl/ a very big building with high walls where important people like kings or queens live ● Some parts of Edinburgh Castle are about 900 years old. ❖			
	 a place where two or more streets meet Turn right at the crossroads into Castle Street. * 	6.87				
6.79	traffic lights (n pl) /'træfɪk laɪts/ a set of three lights, coloured red, orange and green, to control the movement of vehicles on the streets • Drivers should always stop their					
6 90	cars when the traffic lights are red.	6.88	a kind of	wse (n) /'gest hauss small hotel, where n to stay in • They	you can pay	
6.80	skateboarding (n) /'skeɪtbɔ:dɪŋ/ the activity of riding a skateboard • Skateboarding is exciting, but it's dangerous to do on a busy street. ➤ skateboard (v, n),	6.89	room at a small guest house in Switzerland. ❖ hotel (n) /həʊˈtel/			
6.81	skateboarder (n) * indoor (adj) /'ɪndɔː(r)/	a building where you pay for a for a short time • The hotel wa		was very close to		
	that is or happens inside a building • The hotel has an indoor swimming pool where you can swim in any season. ➤ indoors (adv)	6.90	play (n) /pleɪ/ a performance of a story that people do in a theatre ● We're going to see a famous play b			
6.82	outdoor (adj) /'aʊtdɔː(r)/ that is or happens outside a building ● We watch films at the outdoor cinema in the park in summer. ➤ outdoors (adv) ❖	6.91	Shakespe	Shakespeare next week. * be about to (phr) /bix əˈbaʊt tuː/		
		0.01	to be goir ● <i>I was a</i>	ng to do sth or hap bout to leave the hap	pen very soon nouse when the	

6.92	flight (n) /flart/ a journey by plane • The flight to Aberdeen from London takes one hour and forty minutes.	6.103	nearer to s	orep) /təˈwɔːdz/ sb/sth ● <i>Paul was</i> ed towards him. ﴿	s scared when the
6.93	 ► fly (v) ❖ board (v) /bɔːd/ to get into a plane, boat, etc. to start travelling • The passengers waited for three hours to board the plane. ➤ boarding (adj, n) 	6.104	the light ar	(n) /'sʌnʃaɪn/ nd warmth from t a walk and enjoy sunny (adj), shir	the sunshine.
6.94	immediately (adv) /r'miːdiətli/ now, without delay • Leave immediately or you'll miss your bus. ➤ immediate (adj)	6.105	e.g. birthda want for yo	we to sb, often for ay, wedding \bullet W	a special reason, that present do you you like books or Syn: gift
6.95	stay (n) /steɪ/ a period of time that you stay in a place • She enjoyed her two-day stay in the mountain village. ➤ stay (v) ❖	6.106		hat's great news. ur exams. ➤ gla	
6.96	past (prep) /pɑːst/ to a position that is further than a particular point ● The bus went past the park on the way	On the road			
LOOK	to the museum. ➤ pass (v), past (adv, n) •	Nouns bridge bus st crossr	e op	Prepositions and adverbs along opposite	Verbs board move on run away
conte: He wa It's ha We al She li Notice	se the word <i>past</i> as a preposition in various exts, e.g. alked <i>past</i> my house. alf <i>past</i> five. so use it as a noun. Eved in the castle in the <i>past</i> . Se the difference in meaning with the word	delay driver flight passe stay town of traffic	nger	over past through towards	,
	ed, which is pronounced the same. sed the park on my way home.	Gr	mma	Page 73	
6.97	by mistake (phr) /baɪ mɪˈsteɪk/ without planning to ● <i>I tried to buy one ticket</i> online and bought two by mistake. ❖	6.107	president the leader	(n) /'prezidənt/ of a country, e.g	. the USA or France
6.98	over (prep) /ˈəʊvə(r)/ across the top of sth from one side to the other • He climbed over the rocks and found the	6.108	of the USA	<i>Washington was</i> A. ❖ obrev) /ðə ˌjuː ˈke	the first president
6.99	cave. > over (adv) ❖ through (prep) /θruː/	0.100	the United		nd, Wales, Scotland
	from one side of sth to the other • We walked through the forest on our way home.	6.109		Republic (n) /ð n Europe �	
6.100	gate (n) /gert/	6.110		abbrev) /ðə ˌjuː e States of Amerio	s 'eɪ)/ ca �
	the kind of door in a fence or a wall around a place • Please close the garden gate when you leave. ❖	6.111	a country i	rlands (n) /ðə ˈno n Europe ❖	
6.101	run away (phr v) /rʌn əˈweɪ/ to get out of a place suddenly; to escape from somewhere • Oliver ran away from the bad	6.112	the United	abbrev) /ðə ˌjuː e Arab Emirates ∢	
	man who made children work for him.		ntries and		
6.102	along (prep) /əˈlɒŋ/ from one part of sth to another ● <i>The children</i> rode their bikes along the road. ❖		zech Republi etherlands	the US, ic the Am the Me the Tha	azon toba

the UK

6.124 waiter (n) /'weɪtə(r)/ Writing Pages 74-75 sb who serves food or drinks to customers in a restaurant, café, etc. • The waiter brought 6.113 the Thames (n) /ðə 'temz/ our desserts to the table. . a long river in England • There are many Syn: server bridges across the Thames in London. 6.125 singer (n) /'sɪŋə(r)/ sb who sings songs, usually as a job • Is 6.114 the Metoba (n) /ðə 'me'to,bæ/ Ariana Grande your favourite female singer? a river in Japan • We crossed a bridge over > sing (v) ❖. the Metoba on our trip to Matsumoto in Japan. 6.126 contrast (v) /'kpntrasst/ to show or say the differences between two or 6.115 the Amazon (n) /ðə 'æməzən/ more things or people • The newspaper article a long river in South America • The explorers contrasts the theatre play with the film of the walked through the forests around the same name. > contrast (n) ❖ _ Amazon. 💠 🛚 6.127 also (adv) /'ɔːlsəʊ/ 6.116 organisation (n) /ˌɔːqənaɪˈzeɪʃn/ too; as well • I love football, but I also play a company or group of people who work badminton. _ together for a special purpose • Ed works for 6.128 although (conj) /วะไ'อ้อบ/ an organisation that protects the environment. used to introduce sth that makes the next > organise (v), organiser (n) ❖ _ statement seem unexpected or surprising (the) BBC (abbrev) /(ðə) .biz biz 'siz/ 6.117 • Although the concert tickets were the British Broadcasting Corporation, an expensive, we really wanted to see the organisation that distributes TV and radio band. 💠 _ programmes, which people in the UK pay for 6.129 gym (n) /dzim/ • Did you see the news on the BBC? a room or building for doing physical exercise, usually with special equipment • Meghan 6.118 army (n) /'armi/ spends half an hour on the running machine an organisation of people who train to fight for at the gym every day. > gymnast, gymnastics, a particular country • William Wallace and the gymnasium (n) army of Scots fought against the English in the 6.130 court (n) /kɔxt/ thirteenth century. * _ the area where a game is played in tennis, 6.119 government (n) /'q^vənmənt/ badminton, basketball or volleyball, etc. • The the group of people chosen to be in control of basketball fans ran onto the court to meet the a country • The government doesn't spend players at the end of the game. < enough money on hospitals. > govern (v), 6.131 spicy (adj) /'sparsi/ governor (n) * _ with a strong taste and flavour because of 6.120 instrument (n) /'Instramant/ having spices, like chilli and pepper • I love an object used to make musical sounds • The spicy food like Indian curry. > spice (n) band picked up their instruments and started ***** to play. . 6.132 variety (n) /vəˈraɪəti/ 6.121 piano (n) /pi'ænəʊ/ a lot of different kinds of one thing • The shop a large musical instrument that has black and sells a variety of fruit and vegetables. > vary (v), white keys which you press to make sounds various (adj) * __ • Beethoven learnt to play the piano when he was a young child. > pianist (n) LOOK! The verb play is used in many expressions about 6.122 guitar (n) /qɪ'taː(r)/ sports, games and music. a musical instrument that has strings that you Remember that for musical instruments and games play using your fingers or a small piece of we use the article the or a/an after the verb play, plastic or metal • My friend plays the guitar in whereas we don't use an article for sports. our band and I play the drums. ➤ guitarist (n) play the guitar play basketball play football play the piano 6.123 saxophone (n) /ˈsæksəfəʊn/ play the saxophone play tennis a metal musical instrument that you blow into play a game play volleyball • Simon plays the saxophone in the school play a match orchestra. > saxophonist (n) ❖ _

Entertainmen	t and sport	
Nouns		Verbs
art	play	close
badminton	saxophone	serve
botanical garden	sight	take place
coach	sightseeing	
court	singer	
dance	skateboarding	
guitar	staff	
gym	ticket	
instrument	tourism	
park	waiter	
piano		

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6.133	orangutan (n) /əˈræŋʊtæn/ a red ape ● We saw an orangutan at the zoo, as well as some gorillas. ❖
6.134	nest (n) /nest/ a place that an animal builds to live in and have its babies ● The bird's nest was on the rocks high up on the side of the mountain. > nest (v) ❖
6.135	branch (n) /brɑːntʃ/ a part of a tree that leaves grow from ● How many olives are growing on that branch? ❖
6.136	pillow (n) /'pɪləʊ/ a bag made of cloth filled with soft material that you put your head on in bed ● He lay back on the pillows and read his book in bed. ❖

6.137	rest (v) /rest/ to relax and not do anything tiring ● I'm tired. I'm going to rest on the sofa and listen to music. > rest (n) ❖
6.138	stick (n) /stɪk/ a thin piece of wood ● We collected some sticks to make a fire. ❖
6.139	mattress (n) /'mætrəs/ the part of a bed that you lie on ● My bed isn't very comfortable. It needs a new mattress. ❖
6.140	pound (n) /paʊnd/ a unit of weight that is 454 grams ● We need two pounds of flour for this recipe. ❖
6.141	protect (v) /prəˈtekt/ to look after sb/sth to make sure that he/ she/it doesn't get hurt or damaged ● The organisation protects sea turtles by looking after their nests on Greek beaches. > protection (n), protective (adj), protectively (adv) ❖
6.142	endangered (adj) /ɪnˈdeɪnʤəd/ in danger of disappearing ● Gorillas and orangutans are endangered animals, so we need to protect them. ➤ endanger (v) ❖