# 6 Take it easy

## Glossary

Reading Pages 66-67		6.11	weightless (adj) /ˈwertləs/ having no weight • Astronauts work in a
6.1	exploit (v) /ɪk'splɔɪt/ treat sb badly or use sth unfairly for your		weightless environment when they are in space. ➤ weightlessness (n) ❖
6.2	own benefit • He became rich by exploiting all the people who worked for him.  > exploitation (n) ❖  impress (v) /im'pres/	6.12	hologram (n) /'holəgræm/ a special type of image that appears to be solid, as if it was a real person or object ● The singer looked so real nobody could believe it was just a hologram. ❖
	do things that make others admire you  • He impressed me with his detailed knowledge of Greek history. ➤ impression (n), impressive (adj) ❖	6.13	processor (n) /'prəʊsesə(r)/ the part of the computer that controls all the other parts of the system • You need a much more powerful processor if you want to use
6.3	welfare (n) /'welfeə(r)/ health and happiness ● Parents are		video-editing software. >> process (v)  ❖
	responsible for the welfare of their children.	6.14	combination (n) /ˌkɒmbɪˈneɪʃn/ two or more things mixed together to make up
6.4	juggle (v) /ˈdʒʌgl/ throw and catch objects in the air to entertain people ● You can start learning to juggle by		a single unit • The teacher used a combination of methods to help us understand the vocabulary. ➤ combine (v) ❖
	throwing a small ball from one hand to the other. ➤ juggler (n) ❖	6.15	nostalgia (n) /nos'tældʒə/ the mixed feelings of pleasure and sadness you
6.5	unicycle (n) /ˈjuːnɪˌsaɪkl/ a bicycle with only one wheel • It isn't very easy to keep your balance on a unicycle.		get when you think about happy times in the past  • He remembers his time as a student with great nostalgia. ➤ nostalgic (adj) ❖
6.6	belong (v) /bɪˈlɒŋ/ be in the right place, where you feel	6.16	actual (adj) /ˈæktʃuəl/ real, not imaginary ● The film is based on actual people and events. ❖
	comfortable • It had been months since I moved to the new school, but I still didn't feel I belonged there. ❖		<pre>instruction (n) /ɪnˈstrʌkʃn/ teaching ● The course provides instruction in basic computer skills. ➤ instruct (v), instructive</pre>
6.7	cage (n) /keɪdʒ/ a structure made of metal or wooden bars in which an animal or bird is kept ● Some birds refuse to sing if you keep them in a cage.  ❖	6.18	(adj), instructor (n) <a href="mailto:to-color: blue;">tntensive</a> (adj) /in'tensiv/
			involving a lot of work in a short period of time  • It's an intensive course, with six hours of lessons every day.   • It's an intensive course, with six hours of lessons every day.
6.8	target audience (n) /'taːgɪt 'ɔːdiəns/ the group of people that sth is intended for  ■ The target audience for the new TV show is young people who enjoy sports.   □	6.19	put (sth) on (phr v) /put ('sʌmθɪŋ) 'pn/ present sth that others can watch, such as a performance or a show ● Our school drama club is putting on Romeo and Juliet. ❖
6.9	<ul> <li>act (n) /ækt/</li> <li>a short performance that is part of a show</li> <li>They performed a very funny comedy act.</li> <li>⇒ act (v) ❖</li> </ul>	6.20	show (sth) off (phr v) /ʃəʊ ('sʌmθɪŋ) ɒf/ show people sth that you are proud of so that they can admire it ● She danced salsa to show off the skills she had acquired in her dancing class. ❖
6.10	big top (n) /ˌbɪg 'tɒp/ the main tent in a circus ● <i>The acrobats</i> performed at a great height under the big top. ❖	6.21	tightrope (n) /'taɪtrəʊp/ a rope stretched high above the ground that performers can walk on to entertain people • I held my breath when the acrobat lost his balance on the tightrope. ❖

6.22	take (sb/sth) seriously (expr) /teɪk ('sʌmbədi/ 'sʌmθɪŋ) 'sɪəriəsli/ consider sb/sth important and pay attention to them / it • You need to take training seriously if you want to play professionally.
6.23	priority (n) /prar'brəti/ sth that you consider more important than everything else and that you think you should deal with first • Our first priority is the safety of the people who work here. *
6.24	curtain (n) /'k₃:tən/ the heavy cloth that hangs in front of the stage in a theatre • The audience went silent as the curtain rose. ❖
6.25	backstage (adv) /bæk'steɪdʒ/ the area behind the stage in a theatre, circus, etc. • Going backstage to meet the actors was the best part of the evening for me.  •
6.26	document (v) /'dokjument/ record the details of sth on paper, film, etc. • The film documented all the events that led to the disaster. ➤ document (n), documentation (n) ❖
6.27	gain access (expr) /geɪn ˈækses/ succeed in going somewhere or using sth  ■ The police managed to gain access through the bathroom window. ❖
6.28	abandon (v) /əˈbændən/ leave sb/sth forever ● The thieves abandoned the stolen car and escaped. ➤ abandonment (n) ❖
6.29	ban (v) /bæn/ decide that sth is not allowed ● The new law has banned smoking in all public places. > ban (n) ❖ ⑤ Syn: forbid
6.30	practice (n) /'præktɪs/ something that is usually done • The practice of keeping animals in cages should be banned.  •
6.31	apart from (prep) /əˈpɑːt frəm/ except for ● I love everything about my job, apart from the early start in the morning. ❖
6.32	cruelty (n) /'kruːəlti/ behaviour that causes pain and makes others suffer ● Nothing can excuse cruelty to animals. >> cruel (adj) ❖
6.33	typical (adj) /'trprkl/ having the usual characteristics of a particular type of person or thing ● The church is a typical example of 12 <sup>th</sup> century architecture. ❖ Syn: characteristic

- 6.34 strict (adj) /strɪkt/
  insisting that you should follow the rules and
  threatening to punish you if you don't Our
  teacher is very strict about homework: it must
  always be done on time. ➤ strictness (n)
- 6.35 debate (n) /dr'bert/
  a serious discussion or disagreement that a
  lot of people take part in There has been a
  lot of debate on the government's new plan.
  > debate (v) ❖ \_\_\_\_\_\_\_
- 6.36 reassure (v) /ˌriːə'ʃɔːr/
  say or do sth that makes sb less worried
  and/or less afraid I tried to reassure him
  that the problem could easily be solved.

  ➤ reassurance (n) ❖ \_\_\_\_\_\_
- 6.37 make-up artist (n) /'meɪkʌp 'ɑːtɪst)/
  a person whose job is to apply cosmetics
  (such as lipstick or powder) to make sb like an
  actor or model look better or different The
  make-up artist completely changed the actor's
  look for the show. ❖ \_\_\_\_\_\_

#### **Circus**

acrobat juggler
audience make-up artist
backstage stage
big top tightrope
curtain unicycle

#### LOOK!

Some words can be used with a positive or a negative meaning. The verb *exploit* usually has a negative meaning that somebody does something wrong for their own benefit.

→ He achieved his own aim by **exploiting** the hard work of others.

However, it can also be used to mean that somebody takes advantage or makes the most of something in the right way.

- → The film director **exploited** her actors' talents fully.
- → I love the way the architect has **exploited** the original brick walls in the building.

The phrasal verb *show off* can also be used with a positive and a negative meaning.

→ He's always **showing off** his expensive clothes.

The positive meaning is about showing off something that is necessary or beneficial.

- → He used the opportunity to **show off** his skills to his employers.
- → He **showed off** the house to the prospective buyers.

#### 6.49 victory (n) /'vɪktəri/ Vocabulary Page 68 an occasion when you win a game or competition • She had a comfortable victory 6.38 defender (n) /dɪˈfendə(r)/ against her opponent. . sb in a sports team that tries to prevent the marathon (n) /ˈmærəθən/ 6.50 other team from scoring points • Our best a race in which you run approximately 42 defender was injured and we had to play kilometres • I ran my first marathon in just without him today. > defend (v), defence (n) under four hours. \* find the strength to (expr) /faind ðə strenθ tə/ 6.51 6.39 on target (phr) /pn 'targit/ manage to be strong enough so that you can in the right way or direction that will help you do sth • I knew I had to keep running, but I achieve what you want to do • In spite of the couldn't find the strength to go any further. delay, we are still on target to finish the job by next week. . 6.52 round (n) /raund/ penalty (n) /'penəlti/ 6.40 a part of a competition • She won the first an advantage that you or your team gets in round, but there are two more to go. sport when the other team has broken a rule \* • A penalty in the last minute of the game gave Arsenal a win over Chelsea. . 6.53 semifinal (n) /ˌsemiˈfaɪnəl/ a game whose winner will play in the final 6.41 pitch (n) /pit[/ game of a competition • He reached the an area painted with lines where you can play semifinal but lost and so was eliminated from football, cricket, hockey or other sports the competition. . • He ran across the pitch and scored. 6.54 trophy (n) /'trəʊfi/ a prize given to the winner of an important 6.42 referee (n) /,refə'riː/ competition • The captain of the winning team the person responsible for making sure that held the trophy in the air while the crowds the rules are followed in a game • A referee cheered. . must have excellent knowledge of all the rules of the game. . 6.55 be through to (phr v) /bi: θrux tə/ succeed in one stage and progress to the next save (v) /seiv/ 6.43 stage of a competition • We won the semifinal stop the ball from going into the goal when and we're now through to the final. a player on the other team has kicked it • The goalkeeper managed to save at the last minute. > save (n) ❖ \_ on behalf of (phr) /pn brharf əv/ 6.56 instead of sb, representing sb ● *I'd like to* 6.44 shot (n) /fpt/ thank you on behalf of the whole team. the act of hitting or kicking the ball in sports in order to score • Ronaldo only took two shots in the whole game. . 6.45 opponent (n) /əˈpəʊnənt/ **Football** a person you are competing against in a sports defender pitch score event • The boxer knocked his opponent down goal referee shot in the first five minutes. . penalty trophy save 6.46 in the lead (phr) /In ðə li:d/ ahead of others in a competition or race • The young runner was half a mile in the lead for almost the whole race. . 6.47 lap (n) /læp/ a complete trip around the race track that you repeat more than once during a competition • She has completed six laps and has two more to go. . 6.48 race track (n) /'reis træk/ the area where runners run in a stadium • It's much more dangerous to run in the streets than on a race track. .

#### 6.64 grab hold of (expr) /græb havld av/ Grammar Page 69 quickly take sth in your hand • The thief grabbed hold of my bag and ran off. 6.57 as long as (conj) /əz 'lon əz/ only if • You can go to the party as long as you 6.65 cliff (n) /klrf/ promise to be back by midnight. a high area of rock, usually above the sea • The house was built on a cliff overlooking 6.58 apparently (adv) /ə'pærəntli/ the ocean. . according to what you have heard or read 6.66 qorqe (n) /qɔːdʒ/ • I thought he was single, but apparently he's a deep narrow valley with rock on both sides married with two children. . The Samaria Gorge on the island of Crete is 6.59 regret (doing sth) (v) /rɪˈqret (du:iŋ ˈsʌmθɪŋ)/ the longest in Europe. . feel sorry about sth that you did ● I regret accidentally (adv) / æksr'dentəli/ 6.67 speaking to her that way. I shouldn't have been by chance or by mistake • I accidentally locked myself out of the house. > accident (n), 6.60 mean (doing sth) (v) /mi:n (du:iη 'sʌmθɪη)/ accidental (adi) \* \_\_ have a particular result • I want to be there at 6.68 slip (v) /slip/ six and that means leaving the house at five. slide out of place accidentally • I slipped and fell to the ground. . go on (doing sth) (phr v) /qəʊ ɒn (du:iŋ 6.61 6.69 put (sb/sth) at risk (expr) /put ('snmbədi/ 's<sub>λ</sub>mθ<sub>I</sub>η)/ 'sʌmθɪŋ) ət rɪsk/ continue • I can't go on working 12 hours a put sb/sth in a situation that can be dangerous They put their children at risk by letting them 6.62 go on (to do sth) (phr v) /gəʊ ɒn (tə du: wait inside the car. & 's<sub>λ</sub>mθ<sub>I</sub>η)/ 6.70 bolt (n) /bอบlt/ continue and do sth else • After her first book a small metal object that you use to fasten was published, she went on to write another things together • We've lost one of the bolts two novels. < and now the door won't close. . LOOK! Listening Page 70 The verbs go on, mean and regret have a different meaning depending on whether they are followed by the infinitive with to or the -ing form. 6.71 unlike (prep) /nn'laɪk/ · go on to do sth means to finish or stop doing in a way that is different from • Unlike my something and then do something different: sister, I actually hate football. . → They won the semifinal and went on to win the Opp: like final as well. 6.72 **youth** (n) /juxθ/ · go on doing sth means to carry on doing the young people, considered as a group • The same thing: programme aims to educate our youth on the → I thought he had finished but he went on talking safe use of social media. . for another hour. 6.73 slightly (adv) /'slaɪtli/ mean to do sth means to intend to do something, a little • He was slightly upset that they lost the to have the intention of doing something: game. 💠 \_\_\_ → I meant to explain it later, but thank you for asking. mean doing sth means that there are conditions 6.74 altogether (adv) / z:ltəˈqeðə(r)/ to something or something results in something in total • Altogether, they paid 97 pounds for that meal. . → You want to be a teacher? That means working 6.75 sale (n) /seɪl/ really hard. the act of selling sth • This house is no longer regret to do sth means to feel sorry about doing on sale. We've decided to keep it. something bad or unpleasant that you are about 6.76 region (n) /ˈriːdʒən/ → I regret to say you didn't pass the test. a particular area or part of a country • Pollution · regret doing sth means that you are sorry about is still a major problem in the Greater London something you have already done: region. > regional (adj) ❖ \_\_ → I regret leaving school when I was 15. 6.77 bounce (v) /baʊns/ 6.63 ankle (n) /'ænkl/ hit a ball so that it hits the ground or sth else the part of your leg just above your foot and then moves back • She quickly bounced

the ball against the wall. <

• He broke his ankle at football practice.

Spe	eaking Page 71				
6.78	amusement park (n) /əˈmjuːzmənt ˌpɑːk/ a large park where people can go to enjoy games, rides and other activities ● Eurodisney is a big amusement park just outside Paris. ❖   Syn: theme park				
6.79	justify (v) /'dʒʌstɪfaɪ/ give good reasons for sth ● He tried to justify his decision but couldn't think of any good reasons. ➤ justification (n), justified (adj)  ❖				
6.80	attraction (n) /ə'træk∫n/ an interesting place that people want to go to • There is a range of tourist attractions in the area, which is why it's so popular. ➤ attract (v) attractive (adj) ❖				
6.81	challenge (n) /'t∫ælɪndʒ/ sth that you need to try hard to do successfully  It'll be quite a challenge to finish the report by tomorrow, but I think I can do it.  > challenge (v), challenging (adj)				
Gra	ımmar <sub>Page</sub> 72				
6.82	kick-off (n) /'kɪkɒf/ the time when a football game starts ● <i>The</i> match will take place on Sunday, with a 7 pm kick-off. ❖				
6.83	go hiking (v) /gəʊ ˈhaɪkɪŋ/ go for a long walk in the countryside • Wear strong boots if you want to go hiking in the forest. ➤ hike (n) ❖				

confusion (n) /kənˈfjuːʒn/

**\***\_\_\_\_\_

there. 💠 \_\_\_

weird (adj) /wɪəd/

a situation in which you don't know what is happening or what to do ● There was some confusion about what we should do next.

> confuse (v), confusing (adj) ❖ \_\_\_\_\_\_escape room (n) /r'skeɪp ˌruɪm/

a game where people are locked into a room and have to find clues to help them escape

• On my birthday, I did an escape room with my friends. It took us two hours to get out!

strange and unexpected • That's weird – I was sure I left my phone on my desk, but it isn't

6.84

6.85

6.86

### Use your English Page 7

036	your Linguisti Page 73				
6.87	burst out laughing (phr v) /bɜ:st aʊt lɑ:fɪŋ/suddenly start laughing ● Before I'd even finished the joke, everyone burst out laughing.  ❖ ⑤ Opp: burst out crying, burst into tears				
6.88	keep up with (phr v) /ki:p ∧p wið/ move as quickly as sb else ● Please slow down – there's no way I can keep up with you if you walk so fast! ❖				
6.89	knock (sb/sth) over (phr v) /nɒk ('sʌmbədi/ 'sʌmθɪŋ) 'əʊvər/ hit and make sb/sth fall to the ground ● Be careful! You've just knocked over the lamp! ❖				
6.90	show off (phr v) /ʃəʊ pf/ try to impress other people by constantly talking about or showing them your achievements, abilities, possessions, etc. ● He doesn't really need a car at all. He just bought this expensive sports car to show off to the neighbours. ❖				
6.91	take off (phr v) /teik of/ start to be successful or popular ● After her appearance on TV, the young singer's career really took off. ❖				
6.92	fall over (phr v) /fɔːl 'əʊvə(r)/ fall to the ground ● The girl fell over and cut her knee badly. ❖				
6.93	be onto sth (expr) /bi: 'pntə 'sʌmθɪŋ/ have discovered something ● Let's have another look at your data. I think you're onto something. ❖				
6.94	appeal (v) /əˈpiːl/ be interesting or attractive to sb ● <i>The show</i> will appeal mostly to younger audiences. > appeal (n) ❖				
6.95	come close to (expr) /kʌm kləʊs tə/ almost reach or almost manage to do sth ● l'm definitely not as good as you. In fact, I don't even come close to your level. ❖				
6.96	make a (big) difference (expr) /meɪk ə (bɪg) 'dɪfərəns/ improve a situation a lot • Taking regular exercise will make a big difference to your health. �				
6.97	not know the first thing about (expr) /npt กอบ ðə fɜ:st θɪŋ əbaʊt/ know nothing at all about sth • My dad doesn't know the first thing about computers.				

6.98	hold an important place (expr) /həʊld ən ɪmˈpɔ:tənt pleɪs/ play an important role ● Liszt holds an important place in the history of the piano.			interviewee (n) /ˌɪntəvju'iː/ the person that answers the questions in an interview ● The questions were very open, so the interviewee was able to express herself quite freely. ➤ interview (v, n), interviewer (n)
6.99	make sb do sth that they don't want to do  • The economic situation forced us to sell our house.   •			<ul> <li>significant (adj) /sɪgˈnɪfɪkənt/</li> <li>important or great • A significant number of employees are unhappy. ➤ significance (n)</li> <li>∴ Opp: insignificant</li> </ul>
6.100 treasure hunt (n) /'treʒə ˌhʌnt/ a game in which the players solve clues to find sth and win a prize ● They sent the children on a treasure hunt and the winner got a big chocolate egg. ❖			6.110	respondent (n) /rr'spondent/ sb who responds to questions in a survey  • Many respondents refused to answer the last question. ➤ respond (v), response (n), responsive (adj) ❖
6.101	<ul> <li>tempt (v) /tempt/ make sb want to do sth, especially if it's unnecessary or they didn't want to do it <ul> <li>They tried to tempt her to accept the job by offering her a huge salary. ➤ temptation (n)</li> </ul> </li> </ul>		6.111	invest (v) /ɪn'vest/ put money and/or time into sth so as to make a profit ● I don't really want to invest any money in this company – I don't trust them.  > investment (n), investor (n) ❖
Phrasal verbs  be through to knock over fall over put on			6.112	campaign (n) /kæm'peɪn/ a group of planned activities that have a specific purpose ● Their new advertising campaign is very successful – everyone is talking about their products. ❖
go on show off take off  Writing Pages 74–75			6.113	statistics (n) /stə¹tɪstɪks/ a collection of information presented as numbers ● The statistics show that the majority of people are not interested in TV.  ❖
6.102	alternatively (adv) /ol'tɜːnətɪvli/ as a second choice/possibility • You could use your tablet or, alternatively, your phone.  •		6.114	heading (n) /'hedɪŋ/ title of a section of a text ● Use a heading at the top of each section to tell the reader what i is about. ❖
6.103	input data (n) /'ɪnpʊt 'deɪtə/ facts that you are given to help you make a decision • Consider the input data carefully before you start working on the task. •		6.115	authority (n) /ɔː'θɒrəti/ the power to make decisions that affect other people ● The police have the authority to arrest people that break the law. ❖
6.104	discount (n) /'dɪskaʊnt/ a reduction in the price of sth ● If you buy three shirts, you'll get a 15% discount.  ❖		6.116	neutral (adj) /'nju:trəl/ without expressing any strong feeling ● Her expression remained neutral so we had no idea what she was thinking. ❖
6.105	screening (n) /'skriːnɪŋ/ a showing of a film ● Shall we go to the early screening at seven or the late one at nine?		6.117	leader (n) /'li:də(r)/ the person in control of a group ● They asked her to stay on as leader of the hockey team for another year. ➤ leadership (n) ❖
6.106 season ticket (n) /'sizən ˌtɪkɪt/ a ticket that can be used many times within a period and is cheaper than buying many		6.118	by far (phr) /baɪ fɑ:r/ by a great amount ● You are by far the most intelligent person I have met. ❖	
6.107	tickets • I have a season ticket for all my team's games this year. ❖  6.107 vast (adj) /va:st/ very large • A vast audience watched the awards ceremony on TV. ❖		6.119	therefore (adv) /ˈðeəfɔː(r)/ for that reason ● She was busy with other commitments and therefore could not attend the event. ❖

#### Video Page 76 fight and refuse to obey • The people rebelled against the government when more economic 6.120 Al (n) /er ar/ scandals were uncovered. 💠 \_ (artificial intelligence) the study and deadly (adi) /'dedli/ 6.128 development of technology that can copy likely to cause death • The cobra is a deadly how the human mind works • Scientists snake. 💠 \_ have developed AI systems that will enable machines to understand and use human 6.129 android (n) /ˈændrɔɪd/ language. 💠 \_ a robot that looks like a human being • The android looked like a 20-year-old man. 6.121 take over (phr v) /teɪk 'əʊvə(r)/ replace sb/sth and take control • She took over as manager of the company last year. 6.130 maid (n) /meid/ a woman who works in a house or hotel and does cleaning and other household jobs 6.122 conference (n) /'kpnfərəns/ • In the past, it wasn't unusual to see maids a large meeting in which people make working in people's houses. < presentations and discuss topics related to their work or a common interest • I attended 6.131 butler (n) /bntlə(r)/ an international conference on language a man who works in a house and organises teaching. � the rest of the staff working there • The butler announced that dinner was served. 6.123 robotics (n) /rəʊˈbɒtɪks/ the science of making robots • Robotics is becoming a popular science in the 21st century. 6.132 creativity (n) / krizeɪˈtɪvəti/ the ability to produce original ideas or art • The art teacher tried to encourage the 6.124 currently (adv) /'kʌrəntli/ children's creativity. > create (v), creation (n), at the present time • She is currently writing a creative (adj) & \_ new book. . 6.133 evil (adj) /'ixvəl/ 6.125 menial (adj) / mizniəl/ bad and cruel • The police described the killer that does not require special skills and is not as an evil man. > evil (n) ❖ \_ important • Menial work is not very well paid. 6.134 industry (n) /'ındəstri/ the people and activities involved in a 6.126 parkour (n) /pax'kvə(r)/ particular business • Illegal downloading is the sport of moving through a city by running, killing the music industry. . climbing and jumping • A lot of warming up is necessary before you practise parkour.

6.127

rebel (against sb) (v) /rɪˈbel (əˈgenst ˈsʌmbədi)/