## 12 Talking points

## Glossary

| Page                  | 137  | 12.10 | dissimilar (adj) /dɪˈsɪmɪlə(r)/   |  |
|-----------------------|--|-------|---|--|
| 12.1                  | talking point (n) /'tɔːkɪŋ pɔɪnt/<br>a subject for discussion ● The celebrity's<br>divorce has become a talking point in the   |       | different • Mandarin is completely dissimilar to any other language I know. ➤ dissimilarity (n)  ❖  |  |
| 12.2                  | press. * controversial (adj) /kpntrəˈvɜːʃl/  | 12.11 | hieroglyphics (n pl) /haɪərə'glɪfɪks/<br>ancient Egyptian writing symbols<br>• Archaeologists discovered some   |  |
|                       | causing disagreement • The podcast discusses the controversial topic of  |       | hieroglyphics written on the walls in the ruins.  |  |
| 12.3                  | vegetarianism. ➤ controversy (n)  tonflicting (adj) /kənˈflɪktɪŋ/ which differ or give opposite views • The two websites gave conflicting advice on healthy  | 12.12 | non-verbal (adj) /npn 'vɜːbl/<br>without spoken words • You can often<br>understand whether a person is telling the truth<br>by their non-verbal communication. |  |
|                       | eating, so I didn't know which one to believe.  ➤ conflict (n, v) ❖  | 12.13 | pick up (phr v) /pɪk ʌp/ detect or get a meaning ● From his expression, I picked up that he was feeling upset. ❖  |  |
| Reading Pages 138-139 |  |       | facial (adj) /ˈfeɪʃl/ related to the face • I bought a new  |  |
| 12.4                  | gesture (n) /'dʒestʃə(r)/<br>a movement made with your hands, arms or<br>head to indicate a meaning ● He pointed to his  |       | facial moisturizer that smells great!   |  |
|                       | watch as a gesture that it was time to go.  > gesture (v) ❖  | 12.15 | posture (n) /'postfə(r)/ the position of your body when you sit or stand • She sat back on the sofa in a relaxed  |  |
| 12.5                  | commentator (n) /'kpmanterta(r)/ a speaker commenting on a topic or event  |       | posture. 💠  |  |
|                       | <ul> <li>The government's decision was criticised by<br/>commentators on social media. ➤ commentate<br/>(v), commentary (n) ❖</li> </ul>   | 12.16 | simply (adv) /'sɪmpli/ only • He simply did his job for the money. He never liked it. ➤ simple (adj) ❖  |  |
| 12.6                  | smoke signal (n) /'sməʊk sɪgnəl/<br>a way of communicating to sb far away by<br>using smoke • In ancient times, people used<br>a system of smoke signals from hilltops to<br>communicate news of an enemy approaching. | 12.17 | hold a conversation (expr) /həʊld ə ˌkɒnvəˈseɪʃn/ discuss sth with sb ● He speaks French well enough to be able to hold a basic conversation. ❖                 |  |
| 12.7                  | printing press (n) /'prɪntɪŋ pres/ a machine used to print words on paper to produce books or newspapers • Before the  | 12.18 | simultaneously (adv) /ˌsɪmlˈteɪniəsli/ at the same time ● You shouldn't drive and send text messages simultaneously. > simultaneous (adj) ❖                     |  |
| 40.0                  | invention of the printing press, any copies of written work had to be done by hand.  | 12.19 | negatively (adv) /'negətɪvli/ in a bad way ● The use of technology in education is perceived negatively by some teachers. ➤ negative (adj), negativity (n)      |  |
| 12.8                  | continually (adv) /kənˈtɪnjuəli/ in a way that does not stop ● <i>Technology is</i>  | 40.00 | ❖ © Opp: positively   |  |
|                       | continually developing. ➤ continual (adj)  ❖   | 12.20 | carry on (a discussion) (expr) /ˈkæri ɒn (ə dɪˈskʌʃn)/  |  |
| 12.9                  | fundamentally (adv) /ˌfʌndəˈmentəli/ completely; essentially • My friend and I get on well although our interests are fundamentally different ➤ fundamental (adi) ❖  |       | have or continue (a discussion) ● I'm too tired to carry on our discussion about politics right now. ❖  |  |

| 12.21<br>12.22 | call time (on) (expr) /kɔːl taɪm (ɒn)/ decide it's time to stop ● They decided it was best to call time on their marriage and get a divorce. ❖  'get-out' clause (n) /'get aut klɔːz/                              | 12.32 | etiquette (n) /'etrket/ the rules of accepted or polite behaviour in a particular group or activity • Restaurant customers have got used to the non-smoking etiquette indoors. •   |  |
|----------------|--|-------|--|--|
| 12.22          | an excuse to avoid doing sth; a part of an agreement that allows sb to avoid doing sth  • I really don't feel like going to the dinner party, so I'm looking for a 'get-out' clause.                               | 12.33 | broaden (v) /ˈbrɔːdn/<br>expand or increase ● Spending a year as an<br>intern broadened her chances of finding a<br>good job. ➤ broad (adj) ❖  |  |
| 12.23          | ear buds (n pl) /'rə bʌdz/ a type of tiny headphones worn inside the ears • My new smartphone came with a set of ear buds, which I wear while I'm walking.  •  | 12.34 | empathetic (adj) /ˌempəˈθetɪk/<br>able to relate to how sb feels and understand<br>their feelings ● Having worked his way up the<br>hard way, he is empathetic to factory workers<br>from similar backgrounds. ➤ empathy (n),<br>empathise (v) ❖ |  |
| 12.24          | futurist (n) /ˈfjuːtʃərɪst/ sb who studies what can happen in the future and makes predictions • Futurists predict that the world's population will rise considerably.   |       | cabulary Page 140  |  |
| 12.25          | redundant (adj) /rr¹d∧ndənt/ no longer used or needed • Some people believe that printed books will become   | 12.35 | intercultural (adj) /ˌɪntəˈkʌltʃərəl/<br>involving different cultures ● We attended an<br>intercultural music festival with bands from all<br>continents. ❖  |  |
|                | redundant in favour of digital forms in the future. �  | 12.36 | articulate (adj) /ɑːˈtɪkjələt/<br>able to speak well, with a good vocabulary   |  |
| 12.26          | insight (into) (n) /'Insart (Intə)/ a piece of information or close look that gives you an understanding of sth • Her article  |       | <ul> <li>She's now more articulate after taking the course in public speaking. ➤ articulate (v)</li> </ul>   |  |
| 40.00          | gave us more insight into the origins of written language. > insightful (adj) ❖  | 12.37 | understanding (n) /ˌʌndəˈstændɪŋ/<br>knowledge (of sth/sb in particular) • He began  |  |
| 12.27          | intermediary (n) /ˌɪntəˈmiːdiəri/<br>sb/sth that aids communication between<br>people or organisations, e.g. to help reach an<br>agreement • An estate agent can act as an   |       | to develop an understanding of the indigenous people as he observed their customs.  ➤ understand (v), understandable (adj)  ❖  |  |
|                | intermediary negotiating between the house buyer and the seller. ❖   | 12.38 | convention (n) /kənˈvenʃn/<br>an accepted way of behaving • Jan follows the  |  |
| 12.28          | comparable (adj) /ˈkɒmpərəbl/<br>similar in a way that can be compared ● / think<br>the Spanish lifestyle is comparable to that of<br>the Italians. ➤ comparability (n), comparably<br>(adv) ❖ ⑤ Opp: incomparable |       | British convention of offering tea to her guests.  ➤ conventional (adj) ❖  |  |
|                |  | 12.39 | tone (n) /təʊn/ the attitude or type of sound expressed ● The talk show host spoke to her guests in a relaxed tone. ❖  |  |
| 12.29          | disbelief (n) /ˌdɪsbɪ'liːf/ lack of believing sth ● My boss looked at me in disbelief when I said I was moving abroad.  > disbelieve (v) ❖ © Opp: belief   | 12.40 | consensus (n) /kən'sensəs/ an opinion that the majority agrees with  There is a general consensus in favour of   |  |
| 12.30          | multitask (v) /,mʌlti'tɑːsk/ do several things at the same time ● Having three small children and a full-time job, Betty has to multitask on a daily basis.  > multitasking (n) ❖                                  | 12.41 | combatting homelessness.  confrontation (n) /ˌkɒnfrʌnˈteɪʃn/ a direct meeting involving conflict/ disagreement • The demonstrators tried to  |  |
| 12.31          | witness (v) /'witnes/ see sth as it happens • A woman opposite the bank witnessed the robbers escaping.  >> witness (n) ❖  |       | avoid confrontation with the police.  ➤ confront (v) ❖   |  |

| 12.42 | relent (v) /rr'lent/ give in and agree to sth unwillingly • The protestors would not relent until the politicians met their demands. ➤ relentless (adj)  •   | 12.54  | say sth g<br>specific e<br>a variety<br>so we sh | se (v) /'dʒenrəlaɪz/ eneral about a top examples or details of reasons for hon ouldn't generalise alisation (n) * | • There are nelessness, about them.                      |  |  |
|-------|--|--|--|---|--|--|--|
| 12.43 | submit (v) /səb'mɪt/ give in (to sb/sth stronger); surrender  • They refused to submit without a fight.  > submission (n), submissive (adj)  •   | 12.55  | reconside think aga • We reconsided to           | ler (v) /ˌriːkənˈsɪdə(i<br>in about a previous<br>onsidered our holi<br>we couldn't afford t<br>sideration (n) ❖  | r)/<br>s belief/decision<br>day plans and<br>to go far.  |  |  |
| 12.44 | contradict (v) /ˌkontrəˈdɪkt/ question what sb says and say that the opposite is true ● The police evidence contradicted the killer's statement.  > contradiction (n), contradictory (adj)   | 12.56  | reckon (<br>believe; s                           | v) /'rekən/<br>suppose • I reckon<br>cal councillor abou  | it's worth writing                                       |  |  |
| 12.45 | provoke (v) /prəˈvəʊk/   | Communicating: verbs   |  |   |  |  |  |
| 12.46 | make sb angry ● He's in a bad mood, so don't say anything to provoke an argument.  > provocation (n), provocative (adj)  *  concede (v) /kən'siːd/   | conce<br>contro<br>defer   | ede<br>adict                                     | object<br>perceive<br>pick up<br>provoke<br>reckon  | relent<br>resolve<br>settle<br>submit<br>witness         |  |  |
| 12.70 | admit that sth you disagreed with is true;   | multitask  |  | reconsider  |  |  |  |
|       | give in • She conceded that she had made a mistake and apologised. ➤ concession (n)  |  |  |   |  |  |  |
|       | *  |  | Communicating: nouns                             |   |  |  |  |
| 12.47 | settle (v) /'setl/ end a disagreement ● The neighbours are still trying to settle their argument about their parking areas. ➤ settlement (n) ❖   | confrontation gesture smoke sign consensus 'get-out' clause tone |  | printing press<br>smoke signal<br>tone<br>understanding   |  |  |  |
| 12.48 | object (v) /əb'dʒekt/ not like, agree with or approve of sth ● Many groups object to the plans for construction work in conservation areas. ➤ objection (n) ❖  | etique   |  | posture  Page 141   |  |  |  |
| 12.49 | resolve (v) /rr'zplv/ solve or end a problem or difficulty ● Through friendly discussions, we resolved our problems together. ➤ resolution (n) ❖   | 12.57  | body lan<br>what you<br>position o               | guage (n) /'bodi 'la<br>are feeling or thin<br>of your body • <i>His</i>  | king shown by the  |  |  |
| 12.50 | hostile (adj) /ˈhɒstaɪl/   | from the interviewer. <  |  |   |  |  |  |
|       | aggressive and unfriendly ● It was an excellent match despite the hostile behaviour of some fans in the stadium. ➤ hostility (n) ❖   | 12.58  | a little • 3                                     | adv) /ˈslaɪtli/<br>She feels slightly b<br>enough to go back  | etter today, but<br>to school. ≻ slight                  |  |  |
| 12.51 | <pre>inflexible (adj) /ɪnˈfleksɪbl/ unwilling to change ● The club rules are inflexible and only members are allowed in. &gt;&gt; inflexibility (n) ❖  © Opp:</pre>  | 12.59  | to a large                                       | xpr) /baɪ fɑː/<br>e extent • <i>That was</i><br>seen. <b>❖</b>  | s by far the best film                                   |  |  |
|       | flexible   | 12.60  |  | (adj) /ˈtɒlərənt/   | haviour or vious   |  |  |
| 12.52 | critical thinking (n) /ˌkrɪtɪkl ˈθɪŋkɪŋ/ the process of thinking analytically and objectively to make a logical decision • Students are encouraged to develop critical thinking skills to assess information instead of just learning things by heart. ❖ |  | although<br>tolerant o<br>long as th             | ney don't get hurt once (n) �   | them • He is<br>ughty behaviour as<br>or break anything. |  |  |
| 12.53 | confirm (v) /kənˈfɜːm/ show that sth is definitely true ● The email I received confirmed what I suspected all along. ➤ confirmation (n) ❖  | 12.61  | who talks  | (adj) /ˈtɔːkətɪv/<br>a a lot ● Why is Jul<br>nuch more talkative  |  |  |  |

| List              | ening Page 142   | Use   | e your English Page 145  |  |
|-------------------|--|-------|--|--|
| 12.62             | polyglot (n) /'pɒliˌglɒt/ a person who is fluent in several languages • Being a polyglot, Emma is able to speak four foreign languages. ❖  | 12.72 | deliver (a speech) (expr) /drˈlɪvə(r) (ə spiːtʃ)/ give (a speech) • The prime minister will deliver a speech to the press later today.   |  |
| 12.63             | unconvinced (adj) /∧nkən'vɪnst/ not convinced about sth • The teacher looked unconvinced at Harry's excuse.  ❖   © Opp: convinced  | 12.73 | make small talk (expr) /merk small talk/<br>have a polite conversation about unimportant<br>things • After making small talk for half an<br>hour, Albert got into a deeper discussion with<br>his new colleague. • |  |
| 12.64             | sympathetic (adj) /sɪmpə'θetɪk/ understanding towards sb's problems  • The manager was sympathetic with Karen when she was late for work. ➤ sympathise (v), sympathy (n), sympathetically (adv)  •  ⑤ Opp: unsympathetic | 12.74 | conduct (a debate) (expr) /kənˈdʌkt (ə dɪˈbeɪt)/ lead a discussion expressing opposite views on a topic • The journalist conducted a debate between the leading politicians before the election. ❖                 |  |
| 12.65             | boredom (n) /'bɔːdəm/ the state of feeling bored • He went for a walk to relieve the boredom of studying all day. ➤ bore (n, v), boring, bored (adj)   | 12.75 | have a chat (expr) /hæv ə tʃæt/ have a short informal conversation ● They were having a chat about the football scores after the semi-finals. ❖  |  |
| _                 | *  | 12.76 | talk sth over (phr v) /tɔːk ˈsʌmθɪŋ ˈəʊvə(r)/ discuss • Let's have a meeting to talk over the plan. ❖  |  |
| Speaking Page 143 |  | 12.77 | talk out of (phr v) /tɔːk aʊt əv/ persuade not to do (sth) • Paul wanted   |  |
| 12.66             | hesitant (adj) /'hezɪtənt/<br>slow to respond because of being unconfident<br>or unsure • Hans was hesitant about  | 12.78 | to buy a new car, but I talked him out of it.  ❖ © Opp: talk into  talk back (to) (phr v) /tɔːk bæk (tə)/  |  |
|                   | accepting the job offer because it meant moving house. ➤ hesitate (v), hesitation (n), hesitantly (adv) ❖  |       | answer sb rudely • He shouldn't have talked back to the police officer like that. Now he'll go a worse fine. �   |  |
| 12.67             | acquaintance (n) /əˈkweɪntəns/ sb you know who is not a close friend ● <i>Lisa</i> chatted with some business acquaintances at the conference. ➤ acquaint (v) ❖  | 12.79 | talk (sb) round (phr v) /tɔːk ('sʌmbədi) raʊnd/<br>persuade sb to change their opinion • His<br>parents didn't want him to go to summer camp,<br>but he managed to talk them round.                                |  |
| 12.68             | intonation (n) /ˌɪntəˈneɪʃn/<br>the way sb's voice rises and falls when they   | 12.80 | talk over sb (phr v) /tɔːk ˈəʊvə(r) ˈsʌmbədi/  |  |
|                   | speak ● From her intonation, I thought she was asking me a question. ❖   | 12.00 | speak at the same time sb is talking  I couldn't make any sense of the debate because the politicians were talking over each other.  |  |
| Gra               | Grammar Page 144  12.69 invaluable (adj) /ɪnˈvæljuəbl/   |       | talk of (phr v) /tɔːk əv/<br>speak about ● They are talking of building a<br>new shopping centre. ❖  |  |
|                   | very useful or valuable • Your help on the project has been invaluable. We couldn't have done it without you. •  | 12.82 | have second thoughts (expr) /hæv 'sekənd θɔ:ts/  |  |
| 12.70             | communicator (n) /kəˈmjuːnɪkeɪtə(r)/<br>sb who communicates sth ● Jane should be   |       | change your mind • He wanted to go to Iceland, but the trip is so expensive that he's having second thoughts. ❖  |  |

having second thoughts. <

12.71

the speaker for our presentation because she's a good communicator. ➤ communicate (v), communication (n), communicative (adj)

meet sb by chance • I bumped into an old

bump into (phr v) /bʌmp 'ɪntə/

friend at the bank. <

| 12.83   | support sb in an argument • Don't worry!  We're all on your side. *  2.84 out of the question (expr) /aut əv ðə 'kwestʃən/ impossible to consider • Buying your own home is out of the question on such a low salary. *  2.85 be set in your ways (expr) /bix set ɪn jɔx weɪz/ be unwilling to change your fixed habits or opinions • Dad is too set in his ways to consider emigrating. *  2.86 twist your arm (expr) /twist jɔx ɑːm/ persuade you to do sth • I think I can twist mum's arm to let me go to the party.  * |                     | 12.92<br>12.93   | equally (adv) /'iːkwəli/ to the same extent; just as importantly ● One benefit of a holiday in your own country is that you don't need a passport. Equally, you don't need to know another language. ➤ equality (n), equal (adj) ❖  likewise (adv) /'laɪkwaɪz/ in the same way ● Many visitors enjoy holidays in Scotland. Likewise, many Scots prefer going to warmer places. ❖ |   |   |
|---|---|---------------------|--|--|---|---|
| 12.84   |   |                     |  |  |   |   |
| 12.85   |   |                     |  |  |   |   |
|   |   |                     | Comi   |  |   |   |
| 12.86   |   |                     | arroga<br>articula<br>compa<br>conflic   | ate hesitant slightly<br>rable intercultural sympather<br>ing intermediary talkative   | sympathetic talkative   |   |
| 12.87   |   |                     | continually<br>controversial<br>dissimilar<br>empathetic   |  | negatively<br>non-verbal<br>over-confident<br>redundant   | tolerant<br>unconvinced                         |
| Expre   | essions   |                     | \ /*   |  |   |   |
| be on   | sb's side   | out of the question | VIA  | ео р   | age 148   |   |
| bear in mind set in your ways call time on talk (sth) over carry on a discussion talk back to conduct a debate talk of deliver a speech have a chat talk sb out of sth have second thoughts hold a conversation make small talk  set in your ways talk (sth) over talk back to talk over sb talk sb out of sth talk sb round twist your arm |   | 12.94               | beekeeper (n) /ˈbiːkiːpə(r)/ sb who looks after bees and collects their honey ● Beekeepers have to wear protective clothing while collecting honey. ➤ beekeeping (n) ❖             |  |   |   |
|   |   | 12.95               | honeycomb (n) /ˈhʌnikəʊm/ a structure with hexagonal cells which bees store their eggs and honey in ● The beekes lifted the honeycomb gently from the hive a shook off the bees. ❖ |  |   |   |
| Writing Pages 146–147   |   |                     | 12.96  | hive (n) /haɪv/ a kind of box made for bees to live in   |   |   |
| 12.88   | <ul> <li>2.88 offend (v) /b'fend/ upset sb • He offended his audience by joking about their culture. ➤ offence (n), offensive (adj) *</li></ul>   |                     |  | <ul> <li>Bees were flying around their hives near<br/>the mountain path. ❖</li></ul>   |   |   |
| 12.89   |   |                     | 12.97  | pollinate (v) /'polenert/ spread pollen onto flowers to make them produce seeds ● Bees and other insects pollinate flowers in spring. ➤ pollination (n)  ❖   |   |   |
| 12.90   |   |                     | 12.98  | colony (n) /ˈkɒləni/ a group of insects living together • He fouction of ants nesting in the greenhouse.  > colonise (v) ❖   |   |   |
|   |   |                     | 12.99  | (financial) crisis (n) /(farˈnænʃl) ˈkraɪsɪs/<br>a time when a country's economy is not<br>healthy ● Many people became homeless<br>during the financial crisis. ❖   |   |   |
| 12.91   |   |                     | 12.100   | come ac<br>meet or f<br>across a   | e infancial crisis. •<br>eross (phr v) /kʌm<br>ind sb/sth by chan<br>group of hives in t<br>ast them carefully. | əˈkrɒs/<br>ce ● <i>We came</i><br>he forest and |

| 12.101 | role model (n) /'rəʊl ˌmɒdəl/ a person that you admire and try to copy  • Her dedication to charity work makes her an excellent role model for young people.  • |
|--------|---|
| 12.102 | typical (adj) /'trpɪkl/ that is a good example of a particular group or thing ● For a farmer, a typical working day begins at dawn. ➤ typically (adv) ❖         |
| 12.103 | fall ill (expr) /fɔːl ɪl/ become ill ● Without clean water to drink or wash, many people fell ill and needed medical attention. ❖   Also: fall sick             |
| 12.104 | raw (adj) /rɔː/ in its natural state before processing • Raw wheat is processed to make flour.  |

## People

futurist communicator acquaintance polyglot role model