FINAL COUNTDOWN PRACTICE TESTS

Diane Flanel Piniaris

GLOSSARY



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Michigan ECPE Final Countdown Practice Tests Glossary Diane Flanel Piniaris Edited for 2021 exam revisions by Diane Flanel Piniaris and Signature Manuscripts

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Abbreviations and Symbols

abbr	abbreviation (e.g., <i>FBI, MRI</i>)
adj	adjective
adv	adverb
adv phr	adverbial phrase
С	countable noun
C/U	countable and uncountable noun
e.g.	exempli gratia, Latin for "for example"
esp.	especially
fig	figurative meaning
ger	gerund
idm	idiom
i.e.	id est, Latin for "that is"
irreg v	irregular verb
lit	literal meaning
n	noun
n phr	noun phrase: adjective + noun combination (e.g., <i>military conflict</i>)
opp	opposite
phr v	phrasal verb
pl n	plural noun
рр	past participle
pred adj	predicate adjective
prep	preposition
prep phr	prepositional phrase
sb	somebody
sing n	singular noun
sth	something
U	uncountable noun
v phr	verb phrase: verb + noun combination (e.g., <i>take pity on</i>)

Greek

ενς. 1-2	έννοιες 1 και 2, κλπ
Κτ	κάτι
κπ	κάποιον
κυρ	κυριολεκτική έννοια
μετ	μεταφορική έννοια
πληθ	πληθυντικός
π.χ.	παραδείγματος χάριν

Symbols

•	example sentence
~	the target word (used in example sentence)
>	derivatives
*	Greek equivalent
	see dictionary for other meanings
*	low-frequency term accompanied by shortened entry because word is unlikely to be tested directly



LISTENING (pages 17-23)

PART 1 (pages 17-18)

Transcript

- 3 nausea (n) (U) feeling of being nauseous (i.e., sick to one's stomach) A sudden wave of ~ swept over her when she smelled the sour milk. > nauseous (adj) ❖ ναυτία, αναγούλα let up (phr v) become less strong or intense, stop After five hours, it seemed like the pouring rain would never ~. > letup (n) ❖ κοπάζω, σταματώ tolerance (n) (U) ability to endure or stand sth without complaining a ~ of pain, racial or religious ~ > tolerate (v), tolerable (adj), tolerably (adv) ❖ αντοχή, ανοχή
- defendant (n) (C) person who is on trial
 Throughout the lengthy trial, the ~ insisted on his innocence. > defense (n), defend (v), defensive (adj), defensively (adv) ❖ κατηγορούμενος
 scot-free (adv) → get off ~ (idm) avoid a punishment that one rightfully deserves When it became known that the police forced him to confess, he got off ~.
 ❖ τη γλυτώνω φτηνά
- 7 latter (adj) → the ~(n phr) (U) the second of two people or things just mentioned; opposite of former
 John and Mary are siblings: the former [i.e., John] is a lawyer and the ~ [i.e., Mary] is a doctor. ❖ o δεύτερος (από δύο)
- 8 let alone (idm) not to mention, without considering • He doesn't have money for his rent each month, ~ a new car. * πόσο μάλλον well off (adj) - rich, economically comfortable • He comes from a family that is ~, and he has everything a child could ever want. * πλούσιος, ευκατάστατος
- 9 let (sb) down (phr v) cause sb to be disappointed I'm depending on you so please don't ~ me ~. > letdown (n) ❖ απογοητεύω pull a fast one (on sb) (idm) deceive sb, gain an advantage over sb by being dishonest The salesman tried to ~ on me by selling me a defective car. ❖ τη φέρνω σε κάποιον, ξεγελώ
- 10 make do (idm) 1. manage, get by, make the best of a bad situation He hates his new boss, but he'll just have to ~ till he finds another job. 2. ~ with sth manage with sth that is not really adequate or satisfactory I burned the roast, so we'll just have to ~ with leftovers tonight. ❖ 1. τα βγάζω πέρα 2. αρκούμαι σε κτ, κάνω κτ να επαρκέσει

PART 3 (pages 22-23)

FIRST SEGMENT (page 22)

Transcript

saliva (n) - (U) watery liquid produced under the tongue • The digestive process begins when food enters the mouth and comes into contact with ~. >> salivate (v), salivary (adj) ❖ σίελος, σάλιο

- **implication** (n) (C) a likely result or consequence He failed to consider the wider ~s of his actions. >> implicate (v) ❖ συνέπεια, επίπτωση. □: e.g., ~ in a crime, ~ that sb is lying
- wasp (n) (C) winged insect with a narrow waist and a sting 🌣 σφήκα trace (n) - (C/U) small sign, mark, or object that shows what has existed or happened; also, a small amount of sth • a ~ of blood, ~s of gunpowder, lose all ~ of sb, disappear without ~ > trace (v) ❖ ίχνος, υπόλειμμα, σημάδι substance (n) - (C) solid, powder, liquid, or gas with particular characteristics • Glue is a sticky ~; heroin is an illegal ~. ❖ ουσία mask (v) - try to disquise or hide something (e.g., a sensation or quality) • The candidate tried to ~ his nervousness, but his trembling hands and voice gave him away. > mask (n), masked (adj) 💠 αποκρύπτω, κρύβω **scent** (n) - (C) distinctive (usually pleasant) smell; also, pleasant-smelling liquid worn on the skin (i.e., perfume or cologne) • She loves the ~ of freshly cut grass. / The dogs are specially trained to pick up the ~ of explosives. / Hunting dogs can pick up the ~ of a fox. / Is that ~ you're wearing Chanel Number 5? > scent (v), scented (adj) * μυρωδιά, ντορός (ζώου), άρωμα
- * insect repellent (n phr) (C) substance that repels (i.e., drives away) insects \$ εντομοαπωθητικό adept (at) (adj) skillful, proficient The child was an ~ reader by the age of five. / Screenwriters must be ~ at writing dialogue. > adeptness (n), adeptly (adv) \$ επιδέξιος, ειδικευμένος monitor (v) watch carefully, check up on (e.g., by watching, listening) In an intensive care unit, the staff ~s critically ill patients around the clock. > monitor (n) \$ παρακολουθώ, ελέγχω ambiguous (adj) unclear, having more than one possible meaning When I asked him where he had gone, he gave me an ~ answer, so I'm still in the dark. > ambiguity (n), ambiguously (adv) \$ ασαφής, διφορούμενος

SECOND SEGMENT (page 23)

Transcript

credentials (pl n) - (C, but rarely used in singular) qualifications (e.g., certificates, diplomas, awards), or experience that qualifies sb to do sth • *Among his many* ~, the applicant is a Harvard graduate and the top salesman in his department for the past five years. ❖ πιστοποιητικά, συστατική επιστολή, (διπλωματικά) διαπιστευτήρια



genuine (adj) - real, authentic, not copied or imitated • Experts say the painting is a ~ Rembrandt and not a copy. ➤ genuineness (n), genuinely (adv)

γνήσιος, αυθεντικός

misleading (adj) - intended to create a false impression, deceiving • When the truth about the scandal came out, the government was criticized for releasing ~ information. > mislead - misled - misled (irreg v) ❖ παραπλανητικός

produce (n) - (U) (with plural meaning) food products that are grown or produced by farming (e.g., fruit and vegetables, milk products, wheat, etc.) • *Most supermarkets nowadays carry a good selection of organic vegetables and fruits in the* ~ *aisle.*

- ❖ γεωργικά προϊόντα
- * wind turbine (n phr) (C) a wind-driven machine used to generate electricity * ανεμογεννήτρια
- * **solar panel** (n phr) (C) panel made of glass cells used to absorb and convert the sun's rays into electricity * ηλιακό πάνελ, ηλιακός συλλέκτης
- ★ Federal Trade Commission (n phr) U.S. government agency whose mission is to regulate business and protect consumers; frequently referred to as the FTC
 ❖ Ομοσπονδιακή Επιτροπή Εμπορίου innovative (adj) 1. (things) based on imaginative new ideas In 1982 the Jarvik-7 artificial heart was an ~ device that quickly caught on. 2. (people, ideas) imaginative The ~ sales manager suggested a brilliant new way to market the product.
 ➤ innovation (n), innovator (n), innovate (v), innovatively (adv) ❖ 1. καινοτόμος 2. νεωτεριστικός, νεωτεριστής, καινοτόμος
 falsehood (n) (C/LI) lie: lying the state of being

falsehood (n) - (C/U) lie; lying, the state of being untrue • (C) *His story was clearly a* ~. / (U) *It's up to police to verify the truth or* ~ *of the suspect's story.* ❖ ψέμα, ψεύδος, μύθευμα

cautious (adj) - careful, not taking unnecessary risks • *C*~ parents always leave their children with a baby-sitter in case an emergency arises. > caution (n), cautiously (adv). Opp: incautious ❖ προσεκτικός, επιφυλακτικός

READING: CLOZE (page 26)

FIRST PASSAGE

Paragraph 1

portray (v) - (used passively in the text) describe, show, or represent in a particular way (e.g., with words or in a work of art) • *The novel~s village life in the early twentieth century.* ➤ portrait (n), portrayal (n) ❖ περιγράφω, απεικονίζω, παριστάνω

oversimplification (n) - (C/U) statement that distorts the truth of sth because it presents sth in an overly simple way • Saying that the company's failure was all the director's fault is a gross ~ of a very complicated situation. > oversimplify (v), oversimplified (adj) ❖ υπεραπλούστευση

debate (n) - (C/U) heated public discussion • (C) The mayor is holding a public ~ about whether to build a nuclear power plant in the area. / (U) If the boss says his decision is final, he means that it is not open to ~. > debate (v), debated (adj), debatable (adj), debatably (adv) 💠 δημόσια συζήτηση, διαμάχη skeptic (n) - (C) (in UK: sceptic) sb who tends to question or doubt everything • No matter how much proof scientists present, ~s still say that global warming is not taking place. ➤ skepticism (n), skeptical (adj) 💠 σκεπτικιστής, δύσπιστος lingering (adj) - slow to leave, drawn-out • She has a ~ cold that so far has lasted more than three weeks. > linger (v) 🌣 μακροχρόνιος, παρατεταμένος **glacier** (n) - (C) large mass of ice that moves slowly down a mountain valley • Europe was covered with ~s during the last ice age. > glacial (adj) ❖ παγετώνας

Paragraph 2

indisputable (adj) - undeniable, unquestionable, that cannot be **disputed** (i.e., fought about) • *The evidence* we have against the suspect is ~. He will definitely be found guilty. > indisputability (n), indisputably (adv) ❖ αναμφισβήτητος

contribute (to sth) (v) - help to cause • *Drinking ~d to the ruin of the actor's career.* > contribution (n), contributing (adj) • συντελώ, συμβάλλω. \square : e.g., ~ money to a charity

overwhelming (adj) - so great, strong, large, or complete that one is left feeling weak and unable to act • The heat is so ~ that I refuse to leave my air-conditioned house. / The team suffered an ~ defeat in the championship match. > overwhelm (v), overwhelmed (adj), overwhelmingly (adv) ❖ συντριπτικός, ακατανίκητος

emission (n) - (C) sth **emitted** or sent out into the air (e.g., gas, light, heat, matter) • *Strict clean-air laws have been passed to reduce the toxic* ~*s from cars and factories.* >> emit (v) ❖ εκπομπή (αερίου, φωτός κτλ)

Choices

- 70 B. invalid (adj) 1. untrue or unacceptable due to faulty reasoning or logic After months of testing, the hypothesis proved to be ~, which means more experiments need to be done. 2. that can no longer be legally used or accepted It wasn't until he tried to leave the country that he discovered that his passport was ~. It had expired more than a year ago. > invalidly (adv) ❖ 1. aβάσιμος 2. άκυρος
 - **C. inconceivable** (adj) extremely difficult to believe or imagine *It is* ~ *that humanity has not yet learned to live in peace.* > inconceivability (n), inconceivably (adv) ❖ αδιανόητος
 - D. undeniable (adj) unquestionable, beyond doubt
 A bicycle is a relatively low-tech vehicle, but for me, its usefulness as a low-cost means of traveling short distances is ~. > undeniably (adv)
 ❖ αναμφισβήτητος

- **76 A. slightly** (adv) to a small (and not very important) degree *Today is* ~ *warmer than yesterday, but it's still chilly for this time of year.* > slightness (n), slight (adj) ❖ λίγο, ελαφρά
 - B. vaguely (adv) not very clearly felt or remembered
 I ~ remember meeting him a few years ago, but I can't tell you exactly where or when. > vagueness
 (n), vague (adj) ❖ αόριστα
 - C. vastly (adv) to a very great degree or extent

 Her son's math skills ~ improved with tutoring. / Police were puzzled when the two eyewitnesses gave ~ different accounts of the accident. > vastness (n), vast (adj) ❖ πάρα πολύ, πελώρια
 - D. significantly (adv) in an important or noticeable way Reading magazines and novels in a foreign language will ~ improve your vocabulary. >> significance (n), signify (v), significant (adj). Opp: insignificantly ❖ σημαντικά

SECOND PASSAGE

Text

component (n) - (C) part of sth (e.g., of a system, a chemical compound, etc.) • *Speakers and amplifiers are* ~*s of an entertainment system. / Hydrogen and oxygen are the main* ~*s of water.* >*c* composition (n), compose (v), composite (adj) ❖ συστατικό μέρος, εξάρτημα, κομμάτι

alleviate (v) - reduce or lessen so that sth (e.g., pain, misery) is easier to endure • Hopefully, the pills the doctor gave her will ~ the pain in her back. > alleviation (n) ❖ (για πόνο) ανακουφίζω injection (n) - (C/U) the action or an act of using a syringe or needle to give sb a drug or medicine under the skin • (C) The dentist gave the patient an ~ of novocaine so she wouldn't feel any pain. / (U) The antibiotic may be given to patients either by ~ or in pill form. > inject (v), injected (adj) ❖ ένεση tissue (n) - (C/U) (anatomy) group of similar cells that perform the same function • If the cancer cells spread, they will affect healthy ~ elsewhere in the body. ❖ ιστός. □: e.g., ~ paper, a box of ~s

bruising (n) - (U) the appearance of dark, purplish marks on the skin as a result of injury • *People who take blood-thinning medication often develop* ~ *on their arms and legs.* \Rightarrow bruise (n, v), bruised (adj) • μελάνιασμα

Choices

- **79 A. afflict** (v) cause pain, suffering, misfortune *AIDS is a disease that* ~*s old and young alike.* > affliction (n), afflicted (adj) ❖ πλήττω, βασανίζω, ταλαιπωρώ
 - **B. inflict (sth on sb)** (v) cause (sb) to suffer sth unpleasant (e.g., pain, harm, or punishment) *The government has promised to* ~ *stricter punishment on convicted drug dealers.* > infliction (n), inflicted (adj) ❖ επιβάλλω (ποινή, τιμωρία κτλ), καταφέρω (πλήγμα κτλ)

- C. conflict (v) be different from or in opposition to, clash As a teenager, he found that his ideas frequently ~ed with those of his parents. > conflict (n, v), conflicting (adj), conflicted (adj)
 ❖ συγκρούομαι
- D. inject (v) use a syringe or needle to administer a drug or medicine under the skin The woman has diabetes and needs to ~ herself with insulin every day. >> injection (n) ❖ κάνω ένεση
- A. insertion (n) (C/U) the/an act of inserting sth (i.e., putting sth into sth else or between two things)
 If the patient's artery is blocked or narrowed, the ~ of a small tube called a stent will correct the problem. > insert (v), inserted (adj) ❖ εισαγωγή (σε σχισμή), ένθεση
 - B. installation (n) (C/U) an act or the act of installing sth (i.e., putting sth in place so it is ready to use) (C) The computer technician averages about three ~s a day. /(U) The ~ of our new kitchen cabinets will take place next week. ➤ installment (n), install (v) ❖ εγκατάσταση. Δ: e.g., (C) a military ~. Note the following UK spellings: instalment (n), instal (v)
 - C. interjection (n) (C) brief exclamation or statement which interrupts sb who is talking The teacher was constantly interrupted by rude ~s from the noisy students at the back of the class. ➤ interject (v) ❖ παρεμβολή, επιφώνημα, παρατήρηση
 - D. intervention (n) (C/U) an act or the act of becoming involved in a situation to try and change it (C) His friends met with him on several occasions to suggest he seek professional help for his problem, but their ~s did not help. / (U) If your cough doesn't go away soon, medical ~ may be necessary. >> intervene (v), intervening (adj) * μεσολάβηση, παρέμβαση

READING: VOCABULARY (pages 27-28)

- A. outright (adj) clear, unmistakable, out-and-out
 The race had been close, but the video replay proved that Jean was the ~ winner.
 Φαναμφισβήτητος, ξεκάθαρος
 - **B. enigmatic** (adj) mysterious, difficult to understand, cryptic *He wondered what secret she was hiding behind her* ~ *smile.* > enigma (n), enigmatically (adv) ❖ αινιγματικός
 - C. obscure (adj) 1. vague, unclear, hard to see or understand She couldn't understand the contract as it was written in ~ legal terminology. 2. not well known an ~ 17th-century poet, an ~ corner of the globe > obscurity (n), obscure (v), obscurely (adv) 1. δυσνόητος 2. ταπεινός, άσημος
 - D. abundant (adj) plentiful, existing in large quantities South Africa is a country with an ~ supply of gold and other natural resources. > abundance (n), abound (v), abundantly (adj)
 άφθονος



- A. take hold (v phr) 1. begin to exert a strong influence If terrorist attacks continue, an atmosphere of fear will inevitably ~. 2. ~ (of sth/sb) grab or hold on to sth tightly As a child, I would always ~ of my mother's hand whenever I was frightened. 1. αρχίζω να αποκτώ δυνατή επιρροή 2. πιάνω κτ/κπ σφιχτά
 - B. take notice (of sth) (v phr) notice, pay attention to The actress wore a blonde wig and dark sunglasses in hopes that no one would ~ of her.
 ❖ δίνω προσοχή ή σημασία
 - **C. take root** (v phr) (fig) become established, take hold and begin to develop, grow, or become more popular Fashion experts did not expect the "miniskirt" to ~, but it did back in the 1960s and again in the late 1990s. πιάνω ρίζα, ριζώνω
 - D. take effect (v phr) produce the intended result, begin to work, act, or react The aspirin will ~ in about 15 minutes. ❖ φέρνω αποτέλεσμα, αρχίζω να επιδρώ
- A. detain (v) hold/delay sb in a place and prevent them from leaving Police have ~ed several suspects at the police station for further questioning. / The barren island has little to offer that would ~ tourists. >> detention (n), detainee (n) κρατώ, εμποδίζω κπ να φύγει, καθυστερώ
 - **B. dazzle** (v) (fig) impress, surprise or delight sb greatly (e.g., with one's talents, abilities) *The magician* ~*d the children with amazing tricks.* > dazzled (adj), dazzling (adj) ❖ (μετ) θαμπώνω, καταπλήσσω. □: e.g., (lit) *be* ~*d by the glare of the sun*
 - C. detest (v) feel a very strong dislike for, hate, loathe She ~s people who think they are better than everyone else. > detestable (adj), detested (adj) ❖ απεχθάνομαι
 - D. diversify (v) 1. give variety to sth, usually by expanding or adding to one's skills or interests She ~ies her life by combining an interesting job with a wide range of after-work activities such as opera and theater. 2. (business, finance) widen a range of products or investments in order to be more competitive or reduce risk a publisher plans to ~ by adding CDs and educational software to its list of books; investors ~ their stock portfolios by investing in a variety of stocks and bonds ➤ diversification (n), diversified (adj), diverse (adj) ❖ 1. ποικίλλω, διαφοροποιώ 2. διαφοροποιώ
- **90 A. give voice (to sth)** (idm) express (e.g., feelings, worries, complaints) *She wrote a letter to the local newspaper to ~ to her dissatisfaction with police protection in her area.* ❖ εκφράζω
 - B. give rise (to sth) (idm) cause, lead to, bring about His refusal to compromise will sooner or later ~ to the break-up of their marriage.
 * προκαλώ, δημιουργώ
 - **C. give way (to sth/sth)** (idm) allow oneself to be defeated by sb/sth or to be persuaded to accept

- sb else's demands Her father will usually ~ if her mother argues strongly in her favor. ❖ υποκύπτω, παραδίδομαι
- D. give (sb) pause (idm) (same as give sb pause for thought) make sb stop and think before doing sth
 The recent terrorist attacks should ~ to all of us who take public transportation. \$ βάζω κπ σε σκέψεις
- prodigious (adj) so great (in size, amount, or degree) as to cause admiration or surprise the ~ appetite of a hungry teenager, the ~ dimensions of the Great Pyramids >> prodigy (n), prodigiously (adv)
 * εκπληκτικός, θαυμαστός, τεράστιος
 - A. produce (n) (U) food products that are grown or produced by farming (e.g., fruit and vegetables, milk products, wheat, etc.) Most supermarkets nowadays carry a good selection of organic vegetables and fruits in the ~ aisle. ❖ γεωργικά προϊόντα
 - B. harvest (n) 1. (C) the amount of a crop that is gathered There was a drought last year, so this year's grape ~ has been much less than usual. 2. (C) the cutting and gathering of a food crop; also, the season when this is done Migrant laborers flood into the area during the ~. ➤ harvest (v) ❖ 1. σοδειά 2. θερισμός, συγκομιδή, τρύγος
 - **C. output** (n) (U) quantity or amount that is produced *A factory hires more people in order to increase its* ~. ❖ παραγωγή
 - D. manufacture (n) (U) the making or production of goods on a large scale; manufacturing •
 Pittsburgh, Pennsylvania, is a leader in the ~ of steel. παραγωγή, κατασκευή
- 92 A. acquisitive (adj) (of people) overly fond of getting or acquiring new things, greedy Teenagers today are very ~, especially when it comes to buying clothing and music. > acquisition (n), acquire (v), acquisitively (adv) ❖ αρπακτικός, πλεονέκτης
 - B. acquitted (adj) (in court) found "not guilty"
 As soon as he heard the words "not guilty," the ~ defendant let out a sigh of relief. * αθωωμένος
 - C. inquisitive (adj) asking many questions, curious
 It is a healthy sign when young children are ~, even though their constant questions may at times get on your nerves. * περίεργος (και καμιά φορά αδιάκριτος)
 - D. exquisite (adj) 1. very beautiful, very skillfully done or made an ~ woman, the ~ workmanship of a carving or sculpture 2. strongly or sensitively felt ~ pleasure > exquisiteness (n), exquisitely (adv) ❖ 1. εξαίσιος, τέλειος, άψογος 2. έντονος
- 93 head over heels (in love) (with sb) (idm) very much in love No wonder he can't focus on his work. He's ~ in love with his new girlfriend. ❖ (είμαι) τρελά ερωτευμένος

Note: The verb **cast** in the following expressions is irregular: **cast - cast - cast.**

- A. cast a pall (on/over sth/sb) (idm) (fig) create an atmosphere of sadness and gloom • News of the devastating tsunami ~ on the usually joyous celebrations that marked the New Year. ❖ (μετ) λυπώ, σκοτεινιάζω (από λύπη)
- **B. cast a spell (over/on sb)** (idm) put sb under the influence of magical powers *The evil witch* ~ *on the prince, turning him into an ugly frog.* ❖ κάνω μάγια σε κπ
- **C. cast an eye (over sth)** (idm) examine sth quickly, look sth over *I'd feel better if you would ~ over this for me before I give it to the boss. You're better at finding mistakes than I am. ❖ ρίχνω μια γρήγορη ματιά*
- D. cast doubt (on sth) (idm) cause sb to be unsure or question the truth of sth/sb When police found the murder weapon in her car, it ~ on her claim of innocence. * θέτω κτ υπό αμφισβήτηση
- **94 A. negligible** (adj) so small as to be unimportant and not worth considering *The workers will call a strike if the management refuses to improve on the ~ pay rise they proposed last week.* > negligibility (n), negligibly (adv) ❖ αμελητέος
 - B. negotiable (adj) able to be discussed and changed, rather than being fixed (e.g., prices, terms, conditions) He's asking \$3,000 for his old car, but the price is ~. > negotiation (n), negotiator (n), negotiate (v) ❖ διαπραγματεύσιμος
 - **C. unconditional** (adj) not subject to conditions or negotiations *The government refuses to negotiate with the terrorist; they have demanded the ~ release of all the hostages.* ❖ ἀνευ όρων
 - D. underhanded (adj) done in a secret or dishonest way It was just a matter of time before his ~ business tactics would land him in jail. > underhandedness (n), underhandedly (adv) ❖ ὑπουλος, δόλιος
- A. apprehend (v) 1. capture, arrest Police have still not ~ed the escaped convict; the killer is still on the loose. 2. understand, comprehend
 The child can't speak yet, but he ~s simple commands. > apprehension (n) ❖ 1. συλλαμβάνω 2. αντιλαμβάνομαι, κατανοώ
 - **B. redeem** (v) make up for faults or deficiencies in sth, compensate for sth *The service in the hotel was terrible, but the spectacular view ~ed it and made our stay quite enjoyable.* ➤ redemption (n), redemptive (adj) ❖ αντισταθμίζω, σώζω. □: e.g., ~ *a coupon, ~ your soul*
 - C. recover (v) 1. find or get back sth that was missing or stolen The police have not yet ~ed the jewelry that was stolen in the robbery. 2. become well, return to normal ~ from an injury/illness/shock > recovery (n), recovered (adj) ❖ 1. περισυλλέγω, ανακτώ 2. αναρρώνω, συνέρχομαι
 - D. interrogate (v) question sb carefully Police ~d the suspect, but didn't have enough evidence to make an arrest. >> interrogation (n), interrogator (n) ❖ ανακρίνω

- A. hurricane (n) (C) violent wind storm, esp. one that originates near the West Indies in the Atlantic The powerful ~ blew the roof right off their house.
 * τυφώνας
 - **B. current** (n) (C) movement of water or air in a continuous stream *It was difficult to paddle the canoe going upstream, as the ~ was very strong.* ❖ ρεύμα
 - C. torrent (n) (C) (lit/fig) a violently rushing stream (e.g., of water, words) (lit) As the rain continued to pour down, a ~ of water ran through the streets. / (fig) The television station has received a ~ of complaints about the new show. > torrential (adj)
 ❖ χείμαρρος
 - D. tide (n) (C) regular rise and fall of the level of the ocean/sea Ocean ~s are caused by the attraction of the sun and the moon. ➤ tidal (adj) παλίρροια. □: e.g., (fig) the changing ~s of fashion
- **97 A. sharpen** (v) become or cause sth to become sharp ~ a knife or a pencil, ~ one's awareness of sth > sharpness (n), sharp (adj), sharply (adv) ❖ τροχίζω, ξύνω (μολύβι), ακονίζω
 - B. illustrate (v) 1. draw pictures for or include pictures, photographs, charts, etc., in a book or magazine The famous artist has been asked to ~ a series of children's books. 2. explain or make clear by using examples Sometimes a simple picture or diagram can ~ a point better than words can. > illustration (n), illustrative (adj) ❖ 1. εικονογραφώ 2. επεξηγώ, διευκρινίζω
 - C. debate (v) discuss the advantages and disadvantages of sth before reaching a conclusion
 Scientists and industrialists are still ~ing the issue of global warming. >> debatable (adj), debated (adj)
 ❖ συζητώ, εξετάζω, μελετώ
 - D. conclude (v) 1. come to/draw/reach a conclusion
 We ~d that the plan was too expensive to put into effect. 2. end The novel ~s, as always, with Good triumphing over Evil. > conclusion (n), conclusive (adj), conclusively (adv) ❖ 1. συμπεραίνω 2. τελειώνω
- A. low-key (adj) simple, unpretentious, without a lot of airs or fuss She prefers to keep the wedding a ~ affair, without a lot of expense or fancy preparations.
 Φ συγκρατημένος
 - B. low-pitched (adj) (of sound) having a low, bass quality Basses and tenors have ~ voices, while the voices of sopranos and altos are higher-pitched.
 (για ήχο) βαρύς, χαμηλός, μπάσος
 - C. downcast (adj) depressed, sad You've been very ~ lately. What can I do to help cheer you up?
 κατηφής, αποθαρρυμένος
 - D. downtrodden (adj) kept down, badly treated, oppressed Karl Marx predicted that the ~ members of the working class would revolt against their capitalist exploiters. τσαλαπατημένος, (μετ) καταπιεσμένος



- 99 A. by accident (prep phr) accidentally, unintentionally
 She picked up her friend's purse ~, as it was very similar to her own. ❖ τυχαία
 - **B. in sequence** (prep phr) in order, one after the other *If you haven't read any of the "Harry Potter" books yet, I suggest you read them ~, starting with the first: "Harry Potter and the Sorcerer's Stone."* στη σειρά
 - **C. at random** (prep phr) without any plan, system or pattern *Not knowing anything about cell phones, he bought one* ~. ❖ στην τύχη
 - D. on impact (prep phr) at the moment that sth collides or makes forceful contact with sth else
 The hand grenade exploded ~. / The driver died ~, as soon as the truck crashed into her. * τη στιγμή της σύγκρουσης/της πρόσκρουσης/της επαφής
- 100 tuition (n) (U) teaching, instruction; also, the money or fee one pays for this The school hires only top-quality instructors; as a result, it is noted for its excellent standard of ~. / The college student works part time so she can help her parents pay her ~.
 διδασκαλία, δίδακτρα
 - **A. entrance** (n) (U/C) the act of entering *The actor's* ~ *on stage was greeted with applause.* > enter (v) ❖ είσοδος. □: e.g., *the* ~ *to a museum, gain* ~ *to sth*
 - **B. permit** (n) (C) official document that gives one permission to do sth *The teenager was eager to get his driver's* ~ *so he could learn to drive.* > permit (v), permissible (adj) ❖ (επίσημο έγγραφο) άδεια
 - C. admission (n) (U/C) the act of entering or being allowed to enter sth; also, an instance of being allowed to enter (U) students apply for ~ to a university; (U) doctors arrange for the ~ of their patients to a hospital; (C) college ~s are down this year > admit (v), admissible (adj) ❖ εισαγωγή. □: e.g., an ~ of quilt
 - D. entry (n) 1. (U) right of entering E~ to the army base is carefully restricted. 2. (C) sth (e.g., a form, article, photograph) that is entered in a competition The winning ~ in this year's short story competition will be published in the magazine's next issue. ❖ 1. είσοδος 2. συμμετοχή (σε διαγωνισμό ή αγώνα). □: e.g., an ~ in a dictionary
- **101 outbreak** (n) (C) sudden appearance or start of sth unpleasant (e.g., a disease or a war) *Diplomats are desperately trying to avoid the* ~ *of another war in the region.* ❖ ξέσπασμα, έκρηξη
 - A. repeal (v) (laws, orders) officially end or withdraw
 ~ faulty tax legislation, ~ an amendment to the Constitution ❖ ανακαλώ, ακυρώνω
 - B. extinguish (v) (lit) put out, (cause to) stop burning; (fig) end the existence of (lit) The firefighters took hours to ~ the blaze. / (fig) After two weeks, the rescuers' hopes of finding the child were ~ed. ❖ σβήνω

- **C. overthrow overthrew overthrown** (irreg v) make sb/sth lose power or become weak *The general was arrested for plotting to ~ the government.* ❖ ανατρέπω
- D. eradicate (v) destroy completely, wipe out The world will be a better place if we ever succeed in ~ing crime, poverty, racism, and disease. > eradication (n)
 ❖ εξαφανίζω, εξολοθρεύω
- **102 A. squeal** (n) (C) a long, high-pitched sound ~s of laughter, the ~ of brakes as a driver tries to stop suddenly to avoid an accident > squeal (v), squealing (adj) ❖ στρίγκλισμα, σκούξιμο
 - B. trumpeting (ger) (U) the act of making a loud noise (like that of an elephant in distress) The elephants' frightened ~ could be heard for miles.
 > trumpet (n, v) ❖ φώναγμα, το να σαλπίζω/ κραυγάζω
 - **C. racket** (n) (U) loud, noisy disturbance *Thank* goodness the party's over upstairs. What a ~ they made! ❖ φασαρία. □: e.g., a tennis ~, an illegal ~
 - D. groan (n) (C) low, deep sound expressing pain, suffering or disapproval The injured athlete fell to the ground with a ~ of pain. > groan (v), groaning (adj) ❖ βογκητό, στεναγμός

READING (pages 29-31)

FIRST PASSAGE (page 29)

Paragraph 1

curate (v) - be the person in charge of a museum, gallery, or special collection within a museum • The art historian has recently been asked to ~ the museum's Impressionist collection. >> curator (n), curation (n), curatorial (adj) ❖ είμαι έφορος (μουσείου κλπ) papyrus (n) / papyri (pl n) - (C) document(s) written on paper made of tall water plants of the same name ❖ πάπυρος, (πληθ.) πάπυροι painstaking (adj) - (literally "taking pains") extremely careful, thorough • She made a ~ effort to clean the house as well as she could in preparation for her

❖ προσεκτικός, επιμελής
humble (adj) - (in context) ordinary, simple • She prefers riding around town on a ~ bicycle rather than having to spend a lot of money maintaining a car. >> humbleness (n), humble (v), humbly (adv) ❖ ταπεινός, απλός

mother-in-law's arrival. > painstakingly (adv)

tweezers (pl n) - small device used for picking up or pulling out very small things • a stamp collector picks up a rare stamp with ~s; a woman plucks her eyebrows with ~s; a doctor uses ~ to remove a tiny piece of glass from a wound >> tweeze (v) * τοιμπιδάκι (π.χ., για τα φρύδια) remnant (n) - (C) (often plural) small part of sth left over after the main part has been used or destroyed • the ~s of an ancient tradition, a ~ of dignity, the ~s of a building destroyed in an earthquake * υπόλειμμα. □: e.g., a ~ of carpet

Paragraph 2

deciphering (ger) → decipher (v) - figure out the meaning of sth that is difficult to understand • ~ a code, ~ illegible handwriting > decipherable (adj) ❖ αποκρυπτογραφώ, (μετ) βγάζω νόημα excavator (n) - (C) (archaeology) sb who excavates (i.e., carefully digs or clears away soil in the ground to reveal or remove sth that has been buried) • After several months of digging, the ~s had still not found the entrance to the Pharaoh's tomb. > excavation (n), excavate (v) ❖ ανασκαφέας

retrieve (v) - bring back or recover an object from a place where it was left, put, or lost • She threw the ball and the dog ~d it for her. > retrieval (n)

* ξαναβρίσκω και φέρνω πίσω scholar (n) - (C) sb who has devoted his life to study; also, sb with extensive expert knowledge of a particular subject • The university had an impressive faculty, including several world-famous history ~s. > scholarship (n), scholarly (adj) * λόγιος, επιστήμονας scroll (n) - (C) roll of parchment, papyrus, or paper • It will take months to translate the ancient ~s of papyrus. / The graduates received their diplomas rolled up in a ~. * ειλητάριο, ρολό περγαμηνής ή πάπυρος. □: e.g., to ~ up or down on a computer

charred (adj) - blackened as a result of being burned • Rescue workers searched the ~ remains of the building, looking for fire victims. > charcoal (n), char (ν) ❖ μαυρισμένος, καρβουνιασμένος, καμένος core (n) - (C) central or most important part of sth • She removed the ~ of the apple before slicing it. / At the ~ of the novel is the main character's desire for self-fulfillment. > core (v, adj) ❖ πυρήνας **fragment** (n) - (C) small broken-off piece of sth • *The* museum display pieced together the ~s of pottery and animal bone that had been found at the ancient site. > fragmentation (n), fragment (v), fragmented (adj), fragmentary (adj) 💠 θραύσμα, κομματάκι scrambled (adj) - mixed up, not in the correct order, in a jumble • The teacher gave us a ~ list of words and asked us to put them in alphabetical order. > scramble (n, v) 💠 ανακατωμένος, μπερδεμένος jotted (pp) → jot (v) - (used passively in text) write down quickly and briefly, take notes • Make sure you take a pencil and pad with you so you can ~ down a few notes. 💠 σημειώνω

devise (v) - create or invent as a result of careful thought • *The art thieves* ~*d a brilliant plan to enter the museum without being seen.* >> device (n) ❖ επινοώ, μηχανεύομαι

reconstruct (v) - rebuild, put sth back together again; also, try to figure out how sth happened by imagining it step by step • After we're done, we can take the puzzle apart and ~ it. / By examining the evidence, police were able to ~ the crime. Here's how it happened ... > reconstruction (n), reconstructed (adj) ❖ ξαναχτίζω, ανοικοδομώ, ανασχηματίζω, κάνω αναπαράσταση

assume (v) - believe or imagine sth is true, suppose, presume • *He seems honest so I* ~ *he is telling the truth.* > assumption (n), assumed (adj) ❖ υποθέτω **accessible** (adj) - readily available, able to be accessed • *The sensitive translation makes the ancient Greek writer's work* ~ *to English speakers for the very first time.* > access (n, v), accessibility (n). Opp: inaccessible ❖ προσβάσιμος, κατανοητός

Paragraph 3

restore (v) - return sth to its original condition • The painting looks much better now that museum experts have ~d it. ❖ αποκαθιστώ. ଢ: e.g., ~ stolen property

cache (n) - (C) a hidden supply of sth (e.g., food, weapons, money) • a pirate's ~ of treasure, a terrorist's ~ of weapons ❖ κρυφό απόθεμα **thrive** (v) - grow strong and healthy, be stimulated by sth • Children ~ on love, just as plants ~ on rich soil, water and sunlight. ➤ thriving (adj) ❖ ευδοκιμώ, ευημερώ. **Note:** the verb has both regular and irregular forms: thrive - thrived - thrived or thrive - throve - thriven.

chuckle (v) - laugh quietly • *What are you two ~ing about? Did I miss something funny?* >> chuckle (n) **⋄** γελώ από μέσα μου, καγχάζω

Questions

- 103 B. tolerance (n) (C/U) ability to endure or stand sth without complaining a ~ of pain, racial or religious ~ > tolerate (v), tolerable (adj), tolerably (adv)
 ❖ αντοχή, ανοχή
 - C. discipline (n) (U) self-control, obedience to a set of existing rules or principles Writing a book and keeping to a deadline requires ~ that few people have. / The general was a strict parent who raised his children with army-like ~. ➤ discipline (v), disciplined (adj), disciplinary (adj) ❖ πειθαρχία. □: e.g., an academic ~
 - D. scrupulous (adj) thorough, careful, conscientious
 The biography was the result of ten years of
 research. > scruple (n), scrupulously (adj)
 \$ ευσυνείδητος, σχολαστικός
- **105 B. predecessor** (n) (C) sb who held a job or position before sb else *She was glad that her ~ had decided to retire and make room for someone younger like herself.* ❖ προκάτοχος
- **108 C. hamper** (v) (used passively in text) prevent or restrict movement, make progress difficult *Bad weather* ~*ed the progress of our journey. / Her long coat* ~*ed her, making it difficult to walk quickly.* ❖ παρεμποδίζω, δυσκολεύω

SECOND PASSAGE (page 30)

Paragraph 1

pioneer (n/adj) - (C) sb who is among the first to go into a new area to settle or help develop it • *The American West was settled by ~s who went west in wagon trains.* ➤ pioneer (v), pioneering (adj) ❖ πρωτοπόρος



strip (v) - remove, take away one or more layers until sth is completely bare or uncovered • The first step in restoring a wooden floor is to ~ the old layers of polish from it. >> stripped (adj) ❖ αφαιρώ, ξεγυμνώνω patch (n) - (C) small area or piece of sth • Each of the children received a ~ of land from their grandfather's farm. / The sky darkened when a ~ of clouds covered the sun for a few moments. >> patchy (adj) ❖ μικρό κομμάτι

* canopy tree (n phr) - (C) (forest) tree that helps form a more or less continuous and protective layer of foliage * δέντρο σκιάς

shade (v) - provide shade, act as a protective shield from direct sunlight • *The dense forest ~d us from the intense heat of the summer sun.* > shade (n), shaded (adj) \diamond σκιάζω

grove (n) - (C) group of trees growing close together • It took us several days to pick all the olives in the olive \sim . \diamondsuit άλσος, σύδεντρο

pod (n) - (C) (on plants or trees) long, narrow container in which the seeds develop • *We snapped open* each ~ and removed the tiny round peas. ❖ καβούκι (οσπρίων), λοβός (οσπρίων)

pest (n) - (C) insect or small animal that causes damage to crops or food supplies • *The old house was full of mice and other* $\sim s$. \rightarrow pesticide (n), pester (v) \rightarrow επιβλαβές φυτό ή ζώο, παράσιτο

toll (n) \rightarrow take (a/its/their) ~ (on sth) (idm) - have a harmful effect on sth/sb • Too much work and not enough sleep will eventually take its ~ on your health. \diamondsuit έχω βαριές επιπτώσεις

diminish (v) - decrease, become smaller, less, or less important • *Industrial progress ~es a nation's natural resources.* ➤ diminished (adj) ❖ μειώνω, λιγοστεύω, ελαττώνω/-ομαι

Paragraph 2

deforestation (n) - (U) the act of cutting down huge areas of trees to make room for industrial development • *D*~ in the Amazon basin has endangered hundreds of species in the area. ❖ καταστροφή δασών, αποψίλωση

rehabilitation (n) - (U) recovery; the act of restoring sb/sth to good health or (in the case of land) good condition • *The stroke victim's* ~ *included physical therapy as well as speech therapy.* ➤ rehabilitate (v), rehabilitated (adj) ❖ αποκατάσταση

weedy (adj) - covered with weeds (i.e., wild plants that grow where they are not wanted) • It took months to restore the ~ garden to its former glory. > weed (n, v) ❖ χορταριασμένος

* **fertility** (n) - (U) (of soil or land) the condition or state of being **fertile** (i.e., able to sustain the growth of healthy and plentiful plant life) * γονιμότητα, ευφορία

plantation (n) - (C) large area of land on which crops are grown • *His great grandfather was a slave who grew up on a cotton* ~ *in the American South.* ❖ φυτεία

potential (adj) - possible, capable of being or becoming in the future • *If the new business succeeds, the* ~ *profits could be enormous.* \Rightarrow potential (n), potentially (adv) \bigstar πιθανός, ενδεχόμενος

disperse (v) - spread out over a wide area • *The wind ~s seeds. / Police ~ an angry crowd with tear gas and clubs.* > dispersal (n), dispersion (n) ❖ (δια)σκορπίζω/-ομαι, διαλύω/-ομαι (π.χ., πλήθος)

harvest (v) - cut and gather grain or other crops in large quantity; same as reap • *It will be wine-making time as soon as the farm workers* ~ *the grapes.* > harvest (n) \clubsuit θερίζω, μαζεύω

diversity (n) - (U) variety, wide range of things • *Tropical rainforests have a vast* ~ *of plant and animal life.* >> diverse (adj), diversely (adv) ❖ ποικιλία

stabilize (v) - become or make stable (i.e., unlikely to change) • The government decided to take drastic measures to help ~ the weak economy. \gg stability (n), stabilization (n), stable (adj) \diamondsuit σταθεροποιώ

bay (n) → keep (sth) at ~ (idm) - control sth so as to prevent it from having a harmful effect • The new clean air laws are designed to keep pollution at ~. ❖ κρατώ κτ υπό έλεγχο

Paragraph 3

παρθένος

* agroforestry (n/adj) - the practice/methods of cultivating and conserving forests * αγροδασοκομία despoiled (adj) - ruined, stripped of all value • It took years for the ~ nation to recover from the war. > despoil (v) * απογυμνωμένος, λεηλατημένος fringe (n) → on the ~ of (sth) (prep phr) - on the outer edge of sth • She enjoys living on the ~ of the city, where life is quieter and less hectic. * στην άκρη pristine (adj) - pure, unspoiled, in its original condition • Thirty years ago the island was still ~; now it has become a popular tourist resort. * πρωτόγονος,

buffer (n) - (C) sth/sb that prevents or protects sth/sb else from being harmed • Knowing my father would be furious with me, my mother offered to act as a ~ and give him the bad news. / The forest acted as a ~ against the wind. ❖ (μετ) προστατευτική ασπίδα mimic (v) - (plants and animals) imitate, look like or act like another plant or animal (usually as a means of protection) • Chameleons avoid predation by changing color to ~ and blend in with their surroundings. ➤ mimicry (n), mimic (n) ❖ απομιμούμαι, μιμούμαι shrub (n) - (C) low-growing tree or bush with several woody stems • She spends her weekends caring for the rose bushes and other ~s in the garden. ➤ shrubbery (n) ❖ χαμόδεντρο, θάμνος

robust (adj) - strong and healthy • *A* ~ *environment* will recover more quickly from an oil spill than an unhealthy environment that was already threatened by pollution. > robustness (n), robustly (adv) ❖ ρωμαλέος, γερός

- **envisage** (v) imagine, see in the mind, foresee; same as **envision** With so much war and hatred in the world, it's hard to ~ a world at peace. οραματίζομαι, φαντάζομαι
- timber tree (n phr) (C) tree that is grown to be cut down and used for commercial purposes (e.g., furniture making, building, etc.) * δέντρο παραγωγής ξυλείας, δέντρο κατάλληλο για υλοτόμηση

factor (n) - (C) sth that affects or influences sth/sb else • Two main ~s caused the accident: icy roads and the fact that the driver had been drinking. >> factor (v) ❖ παράγοντας

Ouestions

- B. devastating (adj) 1. (affecting things) causing great damage and destruction The ~ earthquake leveled all the houses in the village. 2. (affecting people) extremely upsetting, emotionally overwhelming I can't imagine how upset she'll be when she hears the ~ news. ➤ devastation (n), devastate (v), devastated (adj) ❖ 1. καταστρεπτικός, ολέθριος 2. που προκαλεί συντριβή
 - **D. embrace** (v) (fig) accept, adopt, or believe sth willingly and enthusiastically *In the 1920s many American intellectuals* ~*d communism.* ❖ ασπάζομαι, υιοθετώ
- A. depletion (n) (U) great reduction in sth; the act of seriously reducing or lessening a supply or quantity
 By the end of the war, the citizens were suffering from a severe ~ of food and medical supplies. / Planting the same crop over and over again will result in ~ of the soil. > deplete (v), depleted (adj)
 ❖ εξάντληση, μείωση
- 113 D. eliminate (v) get rid of, remove The new law will help reduce prejudice in the workplace, but it will not ~ it completely. > elimination (n), eliminated (adj)
 ❖ εξαλείφω

THIRD PASSAGE (page 31)

Paragraph 1

plumage (n) - (U) the feathers covering a bird's body • The ~ of male birds tends to be brighter and more colorful than the ~ of female birds. >> plume (n) ❖ φτερά, πτέρωμα

ornamental (adj) - decorative, serving as decoration
• The flowering bushes in her garden are both ~
and functional: they are pretty but they also form
a wall between her property and her neighbors'. >
ornament (n), ornamentation (n) ❖ διακοσμητικός
influential (adj) - important, having an influence or
effect on sth • The businessman's generous donation
was an ~ factor in the board's decision to build a
new orphanage. > influence (n, v) ❖ σημαντικός, με
επιρροή

intimidate (v) - frighten sb so they do what you want them to do • His father's threats of punishment did not ~ the boy; he did whatever he felt like without fear. \succ intimidation (n), intimidated (adj), intimidating (adj), intimidatingly (adv) • εκφοβίζω

territory (n) - (C) area that a person or animal considers its own and will defend when sb/sth else enters it • The cat hisses at every animal that enters its ~. / The soldiers crossed the border into enemy ~. > territorial (adj) & έδαφος, περιοχή enhance (v) - improve the quality, value, or strength of sth • Many women feel that black clothing ~s their appearance by making them look slimmer. > enhancement (n), enhanced (adj) & βελτιώνω, ενισχύω

marsh-dwelling (adj) - that lives in or inhabits a
 marsh (an area of soft wet land, similar to a swamp)
 που κατοικεί σε βάλτος/έλος

tree bark (n phr) - (U) tough, wrinkly material that covers the trunk and branches of a tree • *Cork* is a light-brown material made from ~. ❖ φλοιός (δέντρου)

stubby (adj) - short and thick • *After the wheat was harvested, the field was full of hard,* ~ *stems.* > stubbiness (n) ❖ κοντόχοντρος

vulnerable (to sth) (adj) - liable to be hurt or damaged, unprotected against attack • Young animals are ~ to predators. / An unconfident young woman is ~ to criticism. / Children are ~ to colds. > vulnerability (n), vulnerably (adv). Opp: invulnerable ❖ ευάλωτος, τρωτός

blend into the background (v phr) - (animals/people) be so similar in appearance to one's natural surroundings that sb/sth is difficult to see

 Camouflage is a protective mechanism that enables an animal to ~ and escape its predators. * γίνομαι ένα με το περιβάλλον

Paragraph 2

molt (v) - (in U.K., moult) (birds) gradually lose feathers before new ones appear; (cats, snakes, etc.) shed/lose hair or skin before a new growth of hair or skin appears • The canary must be ~ing again. Her cage is covered with feathers. ❖ μαδώ, αλλάζω φτερά/τρίχωμα κλπ brittle (adj) - hard, dry, and easily broken • People with osteoporosis have ~ bones. ➤ brittleness (n) ❖ εύθραυστος

- ★ **follicle** (n) (C) tiny hole in the skin from which hair or feathers grow ❖ θυλάκιο
- ★ breeding (n) (U) the act of animals mating with each other to produce young > breed (n, v) ❖ ζευγάρωμα, αναπαραγωγή
- migration (n) (C) (birds, animals) movement from one place to another, often according to the season
 migrant (n), migrate (v), migratory (adj) ❖ αποδημία

Paragraph 3

gland (n) - (C) organ in the body which produces chemical substances • *The thyroid* ~ *controls our metabolism.* ❖ αδένας



waterproof (v) - cover with a protective substance that prevents water from passing through or damaging sth • You might want to buy one of those special sprays to ~ your new boots before you go hiking next week! ❖ στεγανοποιώ, αδιαβροχοποιώ

VOCABULARY ENHANCEMENT (pages 34-35)

A Planet Is a Terrible Thing to Waste

Note: Most of the words in this section would be unlikely to be tested directly on the Vocabulary section, but they might well appear in a Cloze, Reading, or Listening passage. For this reason, we have provided only brief entries, without examples.

A Odd One Out

GROUP 1: Physical Features

- **1 glacier** (n) (C) large mass of ice that moves slowly down a mountain valley > glacial (adj) ❖ παγετώνας **reef** (n) (C) wall of coral, sand, or rock near the surface of the sea ❖ ὑφαλος
- 2 dam (n) (C) large wall built across a river to keep back water > dam (v) ❖ φράγμα pond (n) (C) a small still body of water formed naturally or created artificially ❖ λιμνούλα reservoir (n) (C) natural or artificial lake used as a source of water ❖ τεχνητή λίμνη, δεξαμενή νερού, υδραγωγείο
- 3 promontory (n) (C) cliff or area of high land that extends out into a sea or lake ❖ ακρωτήριο peninsula (n) (C) area of land that sticks out from a main land mass and is almost completely surrounded by water ➤ peninsular (adj) ❖ χερσόνησος cape (n) (C) a point of land that juts out into water, especially a headland significant for navigation (e.g., the C~ of Good Hope) ❖ ακρωτήριο
- 4 canyon (n) (C) deep, often wide valley with steep, rocky sides, often with a stream or river running through it (e.g., the Grand C~in the U.S.A.) ❖ φαράγγι, βαθιά χαράδρα cavern (n) (C) large, deep cave ➤ cavernous (adj), cavernously (adv) ❖ σπήλαιο gorge (n) (C) deep, narrow valley with hills or mountains on either side (e.g., the Samaria G~in Crete) ❖ φαράγγι, λαγκάδι ravine (n) (C) deep, narrow valley with steep sides ❖ φαράγγι, λαγκάδι, ρεματιά, χαράδρα
- 5 swamp (n) (C) area of very wet, spongy land overgrown with wild plants > swamp (v), swampy (adj) * βάλτος wetland (n) (C) a damp area of land (e.g., marsh or swamp) * βάλτος, έλος marsh (n) (C) area of soft, wet land > marshy (adj) * βάλτος, τέλμα, έλος
- habitat (n) (C) natural home of an animal or plant
 ⇒ habitation (n), inhabit (v), habitable (adj) ❖ φυσικό περιβάλλον

- **biosphere** (n) (C) the whole area of the earth's surface, atmosphere, and sea that is inhabited by living things ***** βιόσφαιρα
- **ecosystem** (n) (C) system in which plants, animals, and simpler life forms exist and interact with each other within a certain environment ❖ οικοσύστημα
- 7 plain (n) (C) large area of flat land, with few trees (e.g., the Great P~s of the U.S.A.) ❖ πεδιάδα, κάμπος, στέπα plateau (n) (C) an area of flat high ground (e.g., like a mountain with its top cut off) ❖ οροπέδιο

GROUP 2: Natural Catastrophes

- 1 **tidal wave** (n) (C) an exceptionally long, high ocean wave, especially one that is caused by an underwater earthquake or volcano; same as **tsunami**
 - παλιρροϊκό κύμα
 - **deluge** (n) (C) flood of great proportions >> deluge (v) **⋄** κατακλυσμός
 - **avalanche** (n) (C) large amount of snow, rock or ice that suddenly slides down a mountain **⋄** χιονοστιβάδα, κατολίσθηση
- hurricane (n) (C) violent wind storm, esp. one that originates near the West Indies in the Atlantic
 τυφώνας
 blizzard (n) (C) very heavy snowstorm * χιονοθύελλα tornado (n) (C) violent V-shaped wind storm
 - * σίφουνας, ανεμοστρόβιλος
 gale (n) (C) very strong wind, measuring 8-9 on the
 Beaufort scale * θύελλα
- 3 fault (n) (C) (in context) crack, flaw, or imperfection in a rock formation > fault (v), faulty (adj) ❖ ρωγμή, χαραμάδα, σχισμή tremor (n) (C) (of the ground) moving or shaking > tremble (v) ❖ (σεισμική) δόνηση
- 4 drought (n) (C/U) long period without rain, dry spell ❖ ξηρασία famine (n) (C/U) widespread lack of food, often resulting from drought, war, or other catastrophe > famished (adj) ❖ λιμός, σιτοδεία humidity (n) (U) amount of water/moisture in the air > humid (adj) ❖ υγρασία (στην ατμόσφαιρα) starvation (n) (U) condition of suffering or dying due to severe lack of food > starve (v), starving (adj) ❖ λιμός, πείνα, ασιτία

GROUP 3: Manmade Catastrophes

1 overpopulation (n) - (U) the state of having too many people in an area (and the resulting strain that this puts on the environment) > overpopulate (v), overpopulated (adj) ❖ υπερπληθυσμός birth control (n phr) - (U) deliberate limiting of the number of children born ❖ έλεγχος γεννήσεων dwindling (adj) - becoming smaller, weaker or less in number ❖ που μικραίνει σιγά-σιγά, που φθίνει natural resources (n phr) - (usually plural) materials that are found in nature and can be used for economic gain ❖ φυσικοί πόροι

- **2 global warming** (n phr) (U) the slow rise in the earth's temperature (caused by too much carbon dioxide in the earth's atmosphere) ❖ υπερθέρμανση του πλανήτη
 - **greenhouse effect** (n phr) (U) natural phenomenon in which water vapor and other gases in the atmosphere keep in the sun's heat and help warm the planet ❖ φαινόμενο του θερμοκηπίου
- 3 intensive logging (n phr) (U) the practice of cutting down large areas of trees for their wood ❖ εντατική υλοτομία
 - **erosion** (n) (U) slow wearing away of soil or rock by natural forces (e.g., wind or water) > erode (v), erosive (adj) \diamond διάβρωση
 - **deforestation** (n) (U) the act of cutting down huge areas of trees to make room for industrial development * καταστροφή δασών, αποψίλωση **desertification** (n) (U) process by which land becomes increasingly dry until it becomes a desert with almost no vegetation on it * ερημοποίηση
- landfill (n) (C) garbage dump (i.e., a large deep hole in which large quantities of garbage are disposed of)
 > landfill (v) ❖ χωματερή

- garbage dump (n phr) (C) same as landfill (see preceding entry) * χωματερή recycling bin (n phr) (C) container where items made of materials such as glass, metal, and plastics are placed until they can be taken to a recycling facility * κάδος/δοχείο ανακύκλωσης trash can (n phr) (C) (same as garbage can) container where household rubbish is stored until it can be picked up by the city sanitation service and taken to a garbage dump * δοχείο απορριμάτων, σκουπιδοτενεκές
- oil spill (n phr) (C) accident in which a large quantity of oil pours out of (i.e., spills from) a vehicle, ship, container, etc. ❖ διαρροή μεγάλης ποσότητας πετρελαίου acid rain (n phr) (U) rain that has a high acid content as a result of atmospheric pollution ❖ όξινη βροχή fumes (pl n) unpleasant and often unhealthy smoke and gases produced by the burning of chemicals, fuel, etc. ❖ καυσαέρια, αναθυμιάσεις exhaust (n) (U) (singular with plural meaning) waste gases, vapor, and/or fumes that are emitted by a car engine or other machine ❖ εξάτμιση, αέρια εξάτμισης



LISTENING (pages 39-45)

PART 1 (pages 39-40)

Transcript

- score (n) (arts) (C) music composed for a play, movie, opera, or other form of performed art The Greek composer Vangelis won an Academy Award for the ~ to "Chariots of Fire." μουσική, παρτιτούρα.
 : e.g., settle an old ~, four ~ and seven years ago genre (n) (C) (arts) style or type Murder mysteries and science fiction are his two favorite ~ of fiction.
 λογοτεχνικό είδος, στυλ, ρυθμός (στην τέχνη)
- **4 ★ debit card** (n phr) (C) card issued by a bank which enables holder to make purchases or withdraw money directly from the holder's bank account ❖ χρεωστική κάρτα

withdrawal (n) - (C) an act of withdrawing (i.e., removing) money from a bank account • He went to the bank to make a ~ of \$150 to cover his out-of-pocket expenses for the next 7-10 days. ➤ withdraw - withdrew - withdrawn (irreg v), withdrawn (adj) ❖ ανάληψη counter (n) - (C) (kitchens) long, flat-topped fixture used for serving or preparing food • Marble-topped ~s are all the rage in American kitchens nowadays. ❖ πάγκος. ᠍: e.g., Geiger ~, bean ~, over-the-~ drugs balance (n) - (C) amount of money that is in one's account or that remains to be paid • When the ~ in his checking account runs low, he transfers money from his savings account. / Her credit card bill came to \$500. She paid \$300, so the ~ is now \$200. >> balance (v), balanced (adj), balancing (adj) ❖ υπόλοιπο (λογαριασμού). 🕮: e.g., lose your ~

- 5 screen (v) (applications fig) examine, go through and select the best for consideration • After ~ing more than 100 applications, we narrowed the field down to the 5 best candidates. ➤ screen (n), screened (adj) ❖ (μετ) εξετάζω, περνώ από ψιλό κόσκινο
- 8 jury (n) (C) body of people who listen to witnesses in a courtroom and decide the outcome of a trial • A ~ typically consists of 12 people who decide whether a defendant is innocent or guilty. >> juror (n) ❖ ἑνορκοι

verdict (n) - (C) final decision, usually of a jury in a court of law • *The jury returned a ~ of "not guilty."* ❖ ετυμηγορία, δικαστική απόφαση

convict (v) - (juries/judges) find sb guilty of a crime • The evidence against him was so strong that the jury had no doubts about ~ing him. > convict (n), conviction (n), convicted (adj) ❖ καταδικάζω prosecutor (n) - (C) lawyer that brings a criminal charge against sb • The ~ presented such a strong case against the defendant that the jury was quick to convict him. > prosecution (n), prosecute (v), prosecuted (adj) ❖ μηνυτής, δημόσιος κατήγορος, εισαγγελέας

9 notice (n) → at short ~ (prep phr) - with little warning or time for preparation • If you want to go, just let me know 15 minutes ahead of time. I can be ready at short ~. ❖ σε τόσο λίγο χρόνο, στο άψε σβήσε

be my guest (idm) - (informal) go right ahead, feel free • *If you want to make a fool of yourself, ~!* ❖ ελεύθερα, κάνε ότι νομίζεις, κάνε ότι σου καπνίσει

PART 3 (pages 44-45)

FIRST SEGMENT (page 44)

Transcript

snatch (v) - grab quickly • *The thief ~ed her purse and disappeared into the crowd.* \Rightarrow snatch (n) \Leftrightarrow αρπάζω

prey (n) - (U) (always singular) animal that is hunted for food • *The eagle flew overhead, hunting for field mice and other small* ~. \Rightarrow prey on (phr v) \diamondsuit λεία, βορά, θήραμα

ferocious (adj) - fierce, violent, savage • *The letter carrier refused to deliver letters to any house with a ~ dog in the yard.* > ferocity (n), ferociously (adv) ❖ άγριος, θηριώδης

vulnerable (adj) - liable to be hurt or damaged, unprotected against attack • *Young animals are* ~ *to predators. / An unconfident young woman is* ~ *to criticism. / Children are* ~ *to colds.* ≫ vulnerability (n), vulnerably (adv). Opp: invulnerable ❖ ευάλωτος, τρωτός

retreat (v) - move back or away from sth, withdraw • Realizing that the battle was lost, the army ~ed to a safe place behind the front line. ➤ retreat (n) ❖ υποχωρώ

trample (v) - step heavily on sth/sb, causing damage or injury • *The child was afraid that the circus elephant would* ~ *her to death.* \gg trampled (adj) \clubsuit ποδοπατώ

fragile (adj) - delicate, easily damaged or broken
• The sea is a ~ ecosystem. / The porcelain vase was
so ~ that it shattered into thousands of tiny pieces.

> fragility (n), fragilely (adv) ❖ εύθραυστος
poacher (n) - (C) sb who illegally hunts animals or (in context) removes protected or endangered plants for profit • The nature reserve was established to protect plants and animals from ~s. ❖ λαθροκυνηγός (ζώων ή φυτών)

nursery (n) - (C) place where young plants and trees are grown in order to be sold and replanted elsewhere • They bought a young pine tree from the local ~ and planted it in front of their house. • φυτώριο

prosecution (n) - (C) an act of bringing legal action against sb, esp. in a court of law • *During the holiday season,* ~*s against drunken drivers rise dramatically.* > prosecutor (n), prosecute (v) ❖ δίωξη, μήνυση. \square : e.g., *a witness for the* ~

priority (n) - (C) major concern, sth that needs attention before all other things • *Studying for exams is his number-one* ~ *right now; everything else is of secondary importance.* ❖ προτεραιότητα

turn a blind eye (to sth) (idm) - pretend not to notice sth • Despite the school's no-smoking policy, teachers ~ to students who smoke in the school yard. ❖ κάνω τα στραβά μάτια, κάνω πως δεν βλέπω enforce (v) - make sure sth is obeyed or carried out (e.g., the law, a rule, or a policy) • The job of the police is to ~ law and order. ➤ enforcement (n), enforcer (n), enforced (adj) ❖ εφαρμόζω, επιβάλλω manpower (n) - (U) total number of people working or available to work • Police assigned all available ~ to search for the missing child. ❖ εργατικό δυναμικό misdemeanor (n) - (C) a minor violation or offense of the law • Smoking in public places is now considered a ~ in our city; more serious crimes like bank robbery and burglary are felonies. ❖ πταίσμα, πλημμέλημα

Questions

39 misconception (n) - (C/U) false or wrong idea • *The* widespread belief that AIDS is transmitted only through sexual contact is a gross ~. ❖ λανθασμένη αντίληψη

SECOND SEGMENT (page 45)

Transcript

pedestrian (n) - (C) sb who walks (rather than rides in a car, cycles, etc.) • *The driver stopped at the crosswalk to allow two ~s to cross the road.* • $\piεζός$. \square : e.g., $a \sim novel$

humble (adj) - (in context) ordinary, simple • She prefers riding around town on a ~, eco-friendly bicycle rather than driving a gas-guzzling car. >> humbleness (n), humble (v), humbly (adv) ❖ ταπεινός, απλός tumble (v) - to roll over and over (e.g., like a gymnast doing somersaults) • We watched in horror as the car flew off the road and ~d down the side of the mountain. >> tumble (n), tumbler (n), tumbling (adj) ❖ κάνω τούμπες. □: e.g., ~ over a rock

- * air resistance (n phr) (U) (physics) the stopping or slowing effect exerted by air as an object moves through it * αντίσταση του αέρα
- * **nut** (n) (C) metal block with a hole in it into which a bolt (see below) is screwed ***** παξιμάδι (βίδας)
- bolt (n) (C) type of fastener, held in place by a metal block known as a nut (see above) & βίδα για παξιμάδι, μπουλόνι

fatal (adj) - ending in death or disaster • *a* ~ *traffic* accident, *a* ~ heart attack, *a* ~ mistake (i.e., one ending in the loss of one's job) \Rightarrow fatality (n), fatally (adv) \Rightarrow θανατηφόρος, μοιραίος

derail (v) - (used passively in text) cause sth (e.g., a train, tram, or streetcar) to leave its tracks • *The massive explosion caused the train to* ~. \gt derailment (n), derailed (adj) **\$** εκτροχιάζω

sobering (adj) - causing one to look at life more seriously or sensibly • *The death of his best friend had a ~ effect on the young man.* > sobriety (n), sober up (phr v), sober (adj) ❖ που οδηγεί σε προβληματισμό, που σε προσγειώνει, που σε συνεφέρνει **missile** (n) - (C) any object that moves under force

towards a target at a distance (e.g., by hand or

launched by a weapon) • David inserted the stone into his sling and hurled the ~ toward the giant. ❖ βλήμα sneeze (v) \rightarrow (sth is) nothing to ~ at (idm) - sth is worth considering/taking into account • Getting such a big raise after only 2 months on the job is nothing to ~ at. ❖ δεν είναι και λίγο πράγμα, δεν είναι καθόλου ασήμαντο

reckon (v) \rightarrow reckon with sb (idm) - take seriously, not ignore or underestimate sb • The older politician learned the hard way that the young senator from Illinois was a force to \sim with. \diamondsuit υπολογίζω σοβαρά

READING: CLOZE (page 48)

FIRST PASSAGE

Lead-in and Paragraph 1

hibernation (n) - (U) (of certain animals) a state of deep, coma-like sleep • During ~, an animal's body activities (e.g., breathing, heart rate, metabolism) slow to a minimum, and the animal survives on the energy it generates by metabolizing stored body fat. >> hibernator (n), hibernate (v), hibernating (adj) ❖ χειμερία νάρκη

den (n) - (C) hidden, often underground home of a wild animal • The cave we came across in the forest last summer turned out to be the ~ of a bear!

φωλιά (άγριου ζώου)

scarce (adj) - found only in small quantities, not easily obtained • As the drought continued, drinking water and food supplies became increasingly ~. > scarcity (n), scarcely (adv) 🌣 σπάνιος, λιγοστός, δυσεύρετος emerge (v) - appear, come out into the open • A tall figure ~d from the shadows. / The bright young lawyer has ~d as a possible candidate for mayor in the next election. > emergence (n), emergency (n), emergent (adj) 💠 εμφανίζομαι, αναδύομαι, ανακύπτω peek (v) - look quickly (and often secretly) at sth • Close your eyes and don't ~! I want this to be a surprise. > peek (n) ❖ κρυφοκοιτάζω witness (v) - be present at a significant event, see sth that happens • Nowadays fathers are often present in the delivery room so they can ~ the birth of their children. > witness (n) ❖ παρίσταμαι, είμαι μάρτυρας ή θεατής (ενός γεγονότος)

- ★ physiological (adj) related to physiology (i.e., the way in which the body functions; also, the study of the way in which the body functions) > physiology (n), physiologist (n), physiologically (adv) ❖ φυσιολογικός (αναφερόμενος στη φυσιολογία του σώματος)
- ★ metabolism (n) (U) the chemical processes that occur within a living organism that are necessary to maintain life > metabolic (adj), metabolically (adv)
 ❖ μεταβολισμός

plummet (v) - fall suddenly and/or dramatically • *Prices of desktop computers have ~ed in recent years; they are now much cheaper than they used to be.* > plummeting (adj) ❖ πέφτω κατακόρυφα, βουλιάζω, βυθίζομαι



Paragraph 2

* **stroke** (n) - (C) (medical) sudden, sometimes fatal or paralyzing attack caused by a broken blood vessel in the brain * εγκεφαλικό επεισόδιο. : e.g., a tennis ~, a ~ of luck

restricted (adj) - limited, controlled • The military base is a ~ area; no one is allowed to enter unless he or she has special permission. > restriction (n), restrict (v). Opp: unrestricted * περιορισμένος, απαγορευμένος **trauma** (n) - (C) wound, injury; also, psychological damage caused by a great shock or terrible experience • Traditional openheart surgery requires cutting through the chest bone, which is a ~ that may take months to recover from. > traumatize (v), traumatic (adj), traumatically (adv) ❖ τραύμα induced (pp) → induce (v) - 1. cause sth • Hopefully, the tranquillizers the doctor gave me will ~ sleep. 2. persuade or influence sb to do sth • She did everything she could think of to ~ the child to study, but nothing worked. > inducement (n) ❖ 1. προκαλώ, (επι)φέρω 2. παρακινώ, πείθω

hemorrhaging (n) - (U) (in UK: haemorrhaging) sudden and excessive bleeding • *internal* ~, ~ *in the brain* > hemorrhage (n, v), hemorrhaging (adj), ❖ αιμορραγία. Note the following UK spellings: haemorrhage (n), haemorrhaging (adj).

fueling (present participle) \rightarrow fuel (v) - (fig) make sth increase or become more intense • Rumors are ~ing speculation that the politician is involved in the scandal. / His wife's unfair criticism ~ed his anger. > fuel (n) \diamondsuit επιτείνω, δίνω τροφή σε κτ (π.χ., σχόλια). Note the following UK spellings for present and past participles: fuelling, fuelled.

whiff (n) - (C) small amount of sth that is breathed in, a smell or scent of sth that is inhaled • Once you get a ~ of the skunk that just passed by, you won't want to go outside for a while. • μυρωδιά

sluggish (adj) - slow-moving, unenergetic, lethargic • Feeling ~ is often the first sign of the flu. / (fig) Investors are understandably concerned about the company's ~ performance last year. \gg slug (n), sluggishness (n), sluggishly (adv) \diamondsuit αργοκίνητος, βραδύς, νωθρός

application (n) - (C) (in context) practical use • *The new computer program has many ~s. / I don't understand the science behind the theory, but its practical ~s are clear.* \rightarrow apply (v), applicable (adj) \diamondsuit εφαρμογή, χρήση. \square : e.g., an ~ for a job, an ~ of paint

SECOND PASSAGE

Text

pen name (n phr) - (C) name used by a writer instead of his/her own name; same as **pseudonym ·** Samuel Clemens wrote a number of novels under the ~ Mark Twain. ❖ φιλολογικό ψευδώνυμο

frontier (adj) - on the edge of civilization • *Life was* difficult for settlers in the American ~ towns that sprung up in the 18th and 19th centuries. > frontier (n) ❖ παραμεθόριος, μεθόριος

indicate (v) - show, demonstrate • Recent research ~s that fewer people smoke today than twenty years ago. > indication (n), indicative (adj), indicatively (adv) \diamond δείχνω

towering (adj) - (fig) of outstanding importance or influence • Papadiamantis and Kazantzakis are ~ examples of Greek novelists. > tower (n, v) ❖ πολύ σημαντικός, αξεπέραστος, δεσπόζων, εξέχων flowery (adj) - (of speech or writing) full of rich and decorative language; same as florid • The writer has a very ~, old-fashioned style, which most people find hard to read. > flower (n, v) ❖ διανθισμένος, εξεζητημένο (εκφραστικό ύφος)

sentimental (adj) - emotional, nostalgic • As someone who grew up in an orphanage, he finds it hard to be ~ about his childhood. > sentiment (n), sentimentally (adv) ❖ υπερβολικά συναισθηματικός

ostentatious (adj) - showy, flashy, intended to impress others with one's wealth and possessions • We found the writer's home terribly ~; it felt more like a museum or a palace with all those expensive, antique furnishings. > ostentation (n), ostentatiously (adv) ❖ φανταχτερός, φιγουρατζής

elegantly (adv) - gracefully, exquisitely, showing good taste (e.g., in design or behavior) • The wedding guests were ~ dressed in tuxedos and evening gowns. > elegance (n), elegant (adj) * κομψά

vigorous (adj) - active, strong, energetic • *We went* on a ~ hike today; now I'm exhausted! / Ed is a ~ supporter of the local environmental group. >> vigor (n - US), vigour (n - UK), vigorously (adv) ❖ σθεναρός, ρωμαλέος, δυνατός, έντονος

colloquial (adj) - (language) very informal, not suited for formal contexts • "You're driving me right around the bend" is an example of a ~ expression. > colloquialism (n), colloquially (adv) ❖ καθομιλούμενος appreciation (n) - (U) the ability to understand, value, or enjoy sth • I love classical music, but I've never managed to develop an ~ of opera. / If that's what you think, you have no ~ of the seriousness of the situation. > appreciate (v), appreciative (adj), appreciatively (adv) ❖ κατανόηση, εκτίμηση, επίγνωση. □: e.g., fail to show ~ when sb gives you a gift

interior (n) - (C) (in context) part of a country or landmass that is not near the sea • *The child was born in the* ~ *of the country, so this is the first time he's ever seen the ocean.* \succ interior (adj) \diamondsuit ενδοχώρα. \square : e.g., the ~ of a home, an ~ designer

distinctive (adj) - having a special quality or characteristic that makes sth/sb different • a rock band with a ~ sound, a face with ~ features \succ distinction (n), distinctively (adv) \diamondsuit διακριτικός, χαρακτηριστικός

slang (n) - (U) extremely informal, colloquial language • "Hey, dude" is a common greeting in ~. It's OK to use with your friends, but don't say it to your boss or your teacher. >> slang (adj) ❖ λαϊκό ιδίωμα, αργκό

convention (n) - (C) a way in which sth is usually done; (U) what is generally believed or accepted about how people should act or behave • (C) *Picasso and the Cubists set out to break the ~s of realistic art. /* (U) *The bride wore white at her wedding, as she believes in following ~.* \Rightarrow conventional (adj), conventionally (adv) \diamondsuit τύπος, συμβατικότητα. \square : e.g., a teachers' ~, the Geneva C~

profoundly (adv) - deeply, intensely, extremely • The child was ~ affected by the death of her parents in a car crash. > profoundness (n), profundity (n), profound (adj) • βαθιά, έντονα

liberating (adj) - that **liberates** (i.e., sets one free)
• *Most people who have tried whitewater rafting say it is amazingly* ~. ➤ liberation (n), liberate (v), liberated (adj) ❖ που ελευθερώνει, λυτρωτικός

potentially (adv) - possibly, having the capability of being or becoming in the future • *Simple household items like soap and bleach are* ~ *hazardous in the hands of children.* \rightarrow potential (n, adj) • πιθανά, ενδεχομένως

Choices

- 77 Hint: Which choice describes the noun clause that occurs after the blank and between the two dashes?
- A. literary (adj) related to literature (i.e., written works of artistic value) Shakespeare was a ~ giant of the English Renaissance. > literature (n)
 ❖ λογοτεχνικός, φιλολογικός
 - B. literal (adj) corresponding to the exact meaning of sth; not figurative or metaphorical The word "flowery" can have a ~ meaning, as in the phrase "a flowery landscape" (i.e., a landscape filled with flowers); but it can also have a figurative meaning, as in the phrase "a flowery writing style" (i.e., a writing style which is rich in poetic words and phrases). > literalness (n), literally (adv) * κυριολεκτικός
 - C. literate (adj) 1. able to read and write His great grandfather only attended school for two years, so he was barely ~. 2. extremely intelligent, educated, and well-read The boss was quick to hire the refined and ~ college graduate. > literacy (n), literately (adv)
 ❖ 1. εγγράμματος 2. μορφωμένος
 - D. literacy (adj) related to literacy (i.e., the ability to read and write) Do you think immigrants should be required to take a ~ test before they become citizens? > literacy (n) ❖ σχετικός με την ικανότητα γραφής και ανάγνωσης, στοιχειώδους παιδείας ή μόρφωσης
- A. conflict (n) → in ~ (with sb/sth) (prep phr) fighting (with sb/sth), not in agreement (with sb/sth) The opposition party is in ~ with almost everything the president suggests. ❖ σε σύγκρουση
 - B. risk (n) → at ~ (of/for sth) (prep phr) in danger
 People who drink and then drive are putting other people's lives at ~ as well as their own. / People who smoke are at ~ for lung cancer. ❖ σε κίνδυνο

- C. fault (n) → be at ~ (for sth) (v phr) be responsible for doing sth wrong or creating a bad situation; similar to be to blame for sth · Police determined that the drunken driver was at ~ for the accident.
 ❖ φταίω
- D. odds (pl n) → at ~ (with sb/sth) (prep phr) in opposition (to sb/sth), at variance (with sb/sth)
 After being at ~ with each other for years, the couple finally decided to get a divorce. ❖ σε αντίθεση, σε διαφωνία, σε φιλονικία

READING: VOCABULARY (pages 49-50)

- 87 A. equivalent (adj) equal in value, meaning, power, etc. This package costs 10 euros. Can you tell me what the ~ price is in U.S. dollars? >> equivalence (n), equivalent (n) ❖ ισοδύναμος, ισότιμος, αντίστοιχος
 - **B. prevalent** (adj) common, widespread *Columbus challenged the* ~ *belief that the world was flat.* > prevalence (n), prevail (v), prevalent (adj), prevailing (adj) ❖ που κυριαρχεί/επικρατεί
 - **C. malevolent** (adj) wishing evil/harm on sb *There was something* ~ *in the way the two men looked at us that made our blood run cold.* ❖ κακόβουλος, μοχθηρός
 - D. ambivalent (adj) uncertain how one feels, showing mixed good and bad feelings Of course she's ~ about buying the house; the economy is terrible these days and she's taking a big risk.
 > ambivalence (n), ambivalently (adv)
 * αμφιταλαντευόμενος
- A. withhold withheld withheld (irreg v) keep sth back, refuse to give sth ~ the truth, ~ permission, ~ taxes from a paycheck > withholding (adj)
 ❖ αποκρύπτω, κατακρατώ
 - B. distort (v) 1. (lit) pull or twist out of shape •
 He was in so much pain that it ~ed his facial expression. 2. (fig) make sth look or sound strange or unnatural Good journalists do not ~ the truth. / The faulty microphone ~ed the speaker's voice.
 > distortion (n), distorting (adj), distorted (adj)
 ♦ 1. παραμορφώνω 2. παραποιώ, διαστρεβλώνω
 - C. contribute (v) 1. ~ sth to sb/sth give sth (e.g., money, goods, time) to help a person or organization Did you ~ any money to the presidential campaign this year? 2. ~ to sth help to cause sth Drinking ~ d to the ruin of the actor's career. ➤ contribution (n), contributing (adj) ❖ 1. συνεισφέρω 2. συντελώ, συμβάλλω
 - D. disseminate (v) distribute or circulate sth over a wide area or to many people or organizations In wartime, governments ~ propaganda through the mass media. > dissemination (n) ❖ διαδίδω, διασπείρω

- A. symptom (n) 1. (C) change in the body that is a sign of illness ~s of cancer, ~s of a heart attack
 2. a sign of the existence of sth bad ~s of civil unrest, ~s of an unhappy marriage * (ένς.1-2) σύμπτωμα
 - B. obstacle (n) (C) sth that blocks one's way or makes movement or progress difficult Never leave boxes or other ~s in front of an emergency exit. / She wants to buy a car, but lack of money is an ~. ❖ εμπόδιο
 - C. complication (n) 1. (C) (often plural) new medical problem that occurs as a result of treating a disease or injury and that makes the situation harder to deal with The surgery was successful, but the patient died of ~s. 2. (C) any problem or difficulty that makes a situation harder to deal with I need to replace my old car; the only ~ is that I just lost my job and don't have the money to buy a new one. > complicate (v), complicated (adj), complicating (adj) ❖ 1. επιπλοκή 2. περιπλοκή, μπέρδεμα
 - D. derivative (n) (C) sth that is derived (i.e., comes from) sth else (e.g., a word or product); offshoot, by-product The nouns derivation and derivative are both ~s of the word derive. / Gasoline is a ~ of petroleum. > derivation (n), derive (v)
 ❖ παράγωγο (λέξη ή ουσία)
- A. explicit (adj) clearly and openly expressed ~ reasons for quitting a job, a film with ~ violence
 > explicitness (n), explicitly (adv) ❖ ρητός, σαφής, (για βία) ωμός
 - **B. negligible** (adj) so small as to be unimportant and not worth considering *The workers will call a strike if management fails to improve on the ~ pay raise they proposed last week.* > negligibility (n), negligibly (adv) ❖ αμελητέος
 - **C. irreverent** (adj) disrespectful *The students'* ~ *laughter was heard throughout the school when the unpopular teacher tripped as he entered.* > irreverence (n), irreverently (adv) ❖ ασεβής
 - D. indefinite (adj) not clearly defined or stated, vague My vacation plans are still ~; I may go to Hawaii or Alaska, but it depends on when I can get time off from work. 2. lasting for an unspecified time He was badly injured in a car accident, so he'll be away from work for an ~ period of time. It's hard to say when he'll be well enough to work. ➤ indefiniteness (n), indefinitely (adv) ❖ 1. ασαφής 2. αόριστος
- A. assumption (n) (C) statement that is thought to be true (though no proof is available) The police have no evidence as yet, but their ~ is that the victim's husband paid someone to have her killed.
 ψ υπόθεση
 - B. data (pl n) (plural of datum) facts, information
 The results of the experiment will be published after the scientists complete their analysis of the ~. ❖ δεδομένα, στοιχεία

- **C. fundamental** (n) (C) (usually plural) basic rule or principle *the ~s of music/math* >> fundamental (adj), fundamentally (adv) ❖ βασική αρχή, θεμελιώδες στοιχείο
- D. output (n) (U) quantity or amount that is produced
 A factory hires more people in order to increase its ~. / Agricultural ~ increases when farmers plant high-yield crops. >> put out (phr v) ❖ παραγωγή
- **92 Note:** the verb **stand** in the following expressions is irregular: **stand stood stood**.
 - **A. stand trial (for sth)** (idm) be tried in a court of law *The victim's husband has been arrested and will ~ for the murder of his wife.* ❖ περνώ από δίκη
 - B. stand clear (of sth) (idm) move back and keep out of the way Police asked spectators to ~ of the car so medics could reach the accident victim.
 * στέκω μακριά, τραβιέμαι πίσω
 - C. take the stand (idm) appear on the witness stand in a court of law The defense attorney asked the eye witness to ~ and tell the court what she saw. ❖ εξετάζομαι σαν μάρτυρας
 - D. stand on principle (idm) (similar to stand one's ground) stick to one's beliefs and moral values despite pressure from others I'm going to ~ here. He should not be fired just because he's inexperienced. We knew that when we hired him, so it's our responsibility to try to train him. εμμένω στις αρχές μου
- **93 A. complexion** (n) (C/U) color and appearance of one's skin, especially of the face *Maria has blonde hair and a fair, smooth* ~. ❖ χροιά και εμφάνιση του δέρματος (του προσώπου)
 - **B. disposition** (n) (C) character, personality *It's a pleasure to baby-sit for a child with such a cheerful* ~. ❖ διάθεση, χαρακτήρας. ጨ: e.g., *the* ~ *of property after a person dies, the* ~ *of toxic waste*
 - C. tantrum (n) → have/throw a ~ (v phr) have a fit of bad temper (e.g., with shouting, crying, and stamping one's feet) The spoiled child is likely to throw a ~ if he doesn't get what he wants. ❖ έχω τα μπουρίνια μου, ξεσπώ
 - D. outlet (n) (C) (fig) means of releasing one's energy or emotions Play is a good ~ for a child's energy. / Crying is a therapeutic ~ for grief.
 διέξοδος. : e.g., a shopping ~, an electrical ~
- custody (n) (U) the responsibility of caring for sb/sth (e.g., a child or sb's valuables) The court will listen to the case and award ~ of the child to one of the parents.
 / She keeps her jewelry in safe ~ in a bank vault.
 \$ επιμέλεια, φύλαξη.
 - : e.g., keep a prisoner in ~ until the day of the trial
 - **A. garnish** (v) decorate a plate of food with decorative food items *The baked fish was ~ed with parsley and lemon slices.* >> garnish (n) ❖ γαρνίρω
 - **B. embellish** (v) 1. make sth more beautiful by adding decoration or ornaments ~ a little girl's dress with lace and ribbons, ~ a soldier's dress uniform with gold braid

- 2. make sth more interesting by adding details storytellers ~ their stories with different voices and sound effects, liars ~ their stories with exaggerations and untruths > embellishment (n), embellished (adj) ❖ 1. στολίζω 2. διανθίζω, γαρνίρω, ωραιοποιώ
- C. relinquish (v) surrender or give up one's right to sth The elderly man realized that it was time to ~ his driver's license, as he was no longer comfortable behind the wheel. ❖ εγκαταλείπω, παραιτούμαι
- D. extinguish (v) put out, (cause to) stop burning; (fig) end the existence of The firefighters took hours to ~ the blaze. / (fig) After two weeks, the rescuers' hopes of finding the child were ~ed.
 Φβήνω
- **95 steep** (adj) rising or falling at a sharp angle *We were* all out of breath after climbing the ~ hill. > steepness (n), steeply (adv) ❖ απότομος
 - A. decline (n) (C/U) a decrease, drop, or fall in quantity or quality Many people say that there has been a general ~ in the quality of schools in recent years.
 > decline (v), declining (adj) ❖ μείωση, πτώση
 - B. inclination (n) (C/U) the angle or degree to which sth leans, slopes, or bends at a certain angle a steep hill with an ~ of 45 degrees, a hat worn at an odd ~ ⇒ incline (n, v), inclined (adj) ❖ κλίση. □: e.g., ~ to do sth
 - **C. incline** (n) (C) area of rising or falling ground (e.g., a hill or slope) *The huge truck slowly made its way up the steep* ~. > inclination (n), inclined (adj) ❖ κλίση επιφάνειας (ανηφορική ή κατηφορική)
 - D. descent (n) 1. (C) a way or path that leads downwards; the act of coming or going down The inexperienced hikers were relieved that the climb down the mountain was a gradual ~. / As the airplane began its final ~, the pilot announced that the plane would be landing in ten minutes.

 2. (U) the origin or background of a person in terms of family or nationality Born in Moscow, his grandparents are proud of their Russian ~. ➤ descend (v) ❖ 1. κατηφόρα, κάθοδος 2. καταγωγή
- 96 A. reckless (adj) not caring about the results of one's actions, heedless ~ driving, a ~ personality > recklessness (n), recklessly (adv) ❖ απερίσκεπτος
 - **B. tolerant** (adj) patient, open-minded; willing to accept ideas or ways that are different from your own a ~ teacher, a government that is ~ of political protest > tolerance (n), tolerate (v), tolerantly (adv). Opp: intolerant ❖ ανεκτικός
 - C. cordial (adj) friendly, warm, and pleasant We felt right at home when the hotel owner greeted us with a ~ smile. > cordiality (n), cordialness (n), cordially (adv) ❖ εγκάρδιος, θερμός
 - D. cautious (adj) careful, not taking unnecessary risks
 C~ parents always leave their children with a baby-sitter in case an emergency arises. > caution (n), cautiously (adv). Opp: incautious * προσεκτικός, επιφυλακτικός

- 97 A. take (sb) aback (idm) → be taken ~ (by sth/sb) (idm) be very surprised about sth/sb The earthquake seemed mild at first so everyone was ~n ~ by the extent of the disaster.
 ❖ ξαφνιάζουαι
 - **B. take (sth) amiss** (idm) misinterpret sth and get upset about it *Please don't* ~ *my remarks* ~. *I'm only trying to give you advice because I care about you.* ❖ παίρνω κτ στραβά, θίγομαι
 - C. take (sth/sb) apart (idm) 1. (things) separate sth into pieces Mechanics love to ~ car engines ~ to see what is wrong with them. 2. (for people) (informal) criticize sb severely, yell at sb for doing sth wrong The boss will ~ you ~ for coming in late again. 1. τεμαχίζω, διαλύω, λύνω, ξεμοντάρω 2. επιπλήττω
 - D. take over (sth) (phr v) take control of sth, gain a strong hold or influence on sth The powerful invading army managed to ~ the capital with little resistance from the government's poorly equipped troops. > takeover (n) ❖ παίρνω τον έλεγχο, αναλαμβάνω, καταλαμβάνω
- 98 A. take (it/sth) to heart (idm) be very affected or upset by sth The boss is critical of everyone, so I wouldn't ~ it ~ if he makes you do the report over again. ❖ το παίρνω κατάκαρδα
 - B. take it upon (oneself) (idm) decide to do sth without asking permission If I were you, I'd talk to your parents first. Studying abroad is too important and complicated a decision to just ~ yourself. ❖ αναλαμβάνω κτ μόνος μου
 - **C. take it for granted** (idm) assume that sth will/ would happen without questioning it *I* ~ that he'll be here soon, as he hasn't called to say he'll be late. ❖ υποθέτω, θεωρώ κτ ως δεδομένο. □: e.g., ~ sb ~
 - D. take (it/sth) in stride (idm) accept a situation and go on with one's life; also, do sth naturally without special effort It says something very sad about the world that we now ~ it ~ when a terrorist attack rocks a city. / The office is always busy, but everyone seems to ~. ❖ δέχομαι κτ αβασάνιστα, δέχομαι/κάνω κτ χωρίς ιδιαίτερη προσπάθεια
- 99 A. unfounded (adj) illogical, unsupported by facts or evidence • The rumors about the company being in financial trouble are totally ~. In fact, they had a very profitable year. ❖ αβάσιμος
 - B. undeclared (adj) unsaid, implicit but not stated
 He found it difficult to express his emotions so
 his love for her remained ~. / It's difficult to believe,
 but the Vietnam War, in which more than 50,000
 Americans lost their lives, was actually an ~ war.
 The U.S. Congress never officially declared war
 against North Vietnam. ❖ αδήλωτος, ακήρυκτος
 - C. unchecked (adj) not restricted or limited in any way, allowed to continue without restraint If the bleeding remains ~, the patient will not survive. / The government is painfully aware that the attacks must not be allowed to continue ~.
 Φ ασυγκράτητος, ανεξέλεγκτος



- **D. undying** (adj) which will never end, eternal *The day he proposed marriage, he promised her his* ~ *love.* ❖ αιώνιος, αθάνατος
- **100 A. prolong** (v) make sth last longer than expected ~ *a conversation because it is enjoyable,* ~ *your own suffering by not going to a doctor* > prolongation (n), prolongment (n), prolonged (adj) ❖ παρατείνω
 - B. contain (v) 1. control within certain limits, prevent sth harmful from spreading or becoming more serious a rescue crew ~s an oil spill by putting a sea wall around it, police ~ a riot by surrounding the area where it occurs 2. have sth inside a letter ~s vital information, the sauce ~s ground beef and tomatoes > containment (n), container (n) ❖ 1. αναχαιτίζω, συγκρατώ 2. περιέχω
 - **C. endure** (v) suffer or bear sb/sth for a long time The villagers ~d hunger and suffering throughout the war and for several years afterward. > endurance (n), enduring (adj) ❖ υποφέρω, αντέχω
 - D. sedate (v) give people or animals a drug to calm their nerves or make them sleep She was so upset after the accident that the doctor ~d her to calm her down. >> sedative (n), sedate (adj), sedately (adv)
 ❖ δίνω ηρεμιστικά
- **101 A. fasten** (v) secure or fix sth firmly in place, close sth by securing it in place (e.g., with a lock or buttons) ~ a gate/window (by closing it and locking it), ~ your coat (by buttoning or zipping it up), ~ your seatbelt > fastening (n), fastener (n), fastened (adj) ❖ στερεώνω, κουμπώνω, δένω
 - **B. quicken** (v) become/make sth become faster, speed up your heart-rate ~s when you exercise, runners ~ their pace as they near the finish line > quickening (n, adj) ❖ επιταχύνω/-ομαι
 - C. expedite (v) speed sth up, do what you can to make sth happen faster The company always ~s orders placed by its largest client. >> expedition (n), expedited (adj), expeditious (adj), expeditiously (adv) ❖ επισπεύδω
 - **D. heighten** (v) intensify, become or make sth become stronger or more intense *The right music always ~s suspense in a movie.* > heightening (n, adj), heightened (adj) ❖ αυξάνω/-ομαι, επιτείνω/-όμαι
- **102 A. in a fix** (idm) in a difficult position *He's got a wife and four kids. If he loses his job, he'll be ~.* ❖ σε δύσκολη θέση, σε μπελάδες
 - B. in a flash (idm) quickly, in an instant If you need anything, I'll be there ~. / One minute the patient was OK, the next he was in heart failure; it happened ~. ❖ αστραπιαία, στη στιγμή
 - C. in a daze (idm) in a state of confusion, not aware of what's going on around you • Since the birth of her triplets, she's hardly slept a wink. She goes through each day ~, as if she's not aware of the world outside her home. ❖ σαστισμένος

D. in the bag (idm) - (informal) certain, definite, (be) a sure thing • With only 30 seconds to go, the home team was ahead by 20 points. The championship was ~! ❖ έχω κτ στο τσεπάκι μου, έχω κτ στα σίγουρα

READING (pages 51-53)

FIRST PASSAGE (page 51)

Paragraph 1

remote (adj) - (of places) far away from cities or other centers of population, difficult to get to • The young boy dreamed of being an explorer and traveling to the ~ corners of the planet. > remoteness (n), remotely (adv) ❖ απομακρυσμένος. □: e.g., ~ control, a ~ smile splendor (n) - (U) magnificence, beauty, majesty • the ~ of a dramatic sunset, the ~ of an emperor's palace > splendid (adj), splendidly (adv) ❖ λαμπρότητα, μεγαλοπρέπεια

translucent (adj) - allowing light to pass through but not clear enough to see through • *They installed* ~ windows in the bathroom to ensure their privacy. >> translucence (n) ❖ ημιδιαφανής

girth (n) - (U/C) distance around sth that is cylindrical in shape • *If you put a measuring tape around the tree trunk, you'll find that its* ~ *is about 3 meters around.* • περιφέρεια

pitched (pp/adj) - slanted, at an angle (as opposed to straight up and down) • *The hurricane had partially uprooted the huge tree, and it was now* ~ *at a dangerous angle, ready to fall with the next strong gust of wind.* > pitch (n, v) ❖ κεκλιμένος

moonbeam (n) - (C) a single ray of moonlight • The moon gives us such a gentle glow that we don't usually think of its light reaching the earth in individual ~s, but the idea does have a lovely poetic feel to it. ❖ αχτίδα του φεγγαριού

substance (n) - (U) (in context) concrete physical reality that can be touched and felt (as opposed to being unreal or invisible) • *You can't feel air. It has no* ~. > substantial (adj), substantive (adj), substantially (adv), substantively (adv) • ουσία, (μετ) σάρκα και οστά. \square : e.g., a chemical ~

Paragraph 2

blast (sth) open (phr v) - use explosives to make an opening in sth • *The miners used dynamite to* ~ *the collapsed tunnel.* > blast (n) ❖ ανατινάσσω με εκρηκτικές ύλες

choked with (pp/adj) - (fig) full of, bursting with • *The* cave was so ~ stalagmites and stalactites that it was hard to walk around in it. ➤ choke (v), choking (adj) ❖ πνιγμένος από

immense (adj) - extremely large or great • the ~ size of the Great Pyramids, ~ joy or sadness \succ immensity (n), immensely (adv) • πελώριος, απέραντος, τεράστιος cavern (n) - (C) large, deep cave • The weirdly shaped stalactites and stalagmites were what impressed me most on our tour of the famous ~. \succ cavernous (adj), cavernously (adv) • σπήλαιο

adjacent (to sth) (adj) - located next to sth/each other • We live in a house ~ to a beautiful park. / My best friend and I live in ~ apartments, which makes us next-door neighbors. ❖ γειτονικός, διπλανός

Paragraph 3

casually (adv) - without much planning or thought, nonchalantly • *We prefer to travel* ~, without a fixed itinerary. >> casualness (n), casual (adj) ❖ τυχαία, αβίαστα, ανέμελα

venture (v) - dare to do sth risky or dangerous • I'd think twice about ~ing into the park at night. There have been several muggings there recently. >> venture (n) ❖ διακινδυνεύω, ριψοκινδυνεύω, τολμώ hover (v) - (of temperatures) stay at a certain (usually high) level • I hope this heat wave breaks soon! Temperatures have been ~ing around 43° C for over a week now! >> hovering (adj) ❖ ταλαντεύομαι sweltering (adj) - uncomfortably hot • The only place to be on such a ~ day is someplace with airconditioning! >> swelter (v) ❖ πάρα πολύ ζεστός (σαν καμίνι)

humidity (n) - (U) amount of water in the air • It's definitely going to rain. There's so much ~ in the air you can feel it on your skin. >> humid (adj) ❖ υγρασία (στην ατμόσφαιρα)

disoriented (adj) - lost and confused, unable to regain your sense of direction • When he regained consciousness after the operation, he was totally ~. >> disorientation (n), disorient (v)

αποπροσανατολισμένος

Paragraph 4

conjecture (v) - guess, speculate, form an opinion without having firm evidence • No one is sure how the accident happened, but police experts ~ that the driver fell asleep at the wheel. > conjecture (n), conjectural (adj) 💠 εικάζω, συμπεραίνω, υποθέτω chamber (n) - (C) enclosed space or hollowed-out area (e.g., underground or in the body) • a ~ in a cave, the four ~s of the heart, (geology) a magma ~ κοιλότητα, (γεωλογία) μαγμόσφαιρα molten (adj) - melted, in liquid form as a result of great heat • A bright orange vein of steaming ~ lava flowed down the side of the volcano burning everything in its path. 💠 λιωμένος **fluid** (n) - (C) liquid • Since her surgery, the patient has been allowed to drink ~s only; solid food will be reintroduced next week. > fluid (adj), fluidly (adv) υγρό, ρευστή ουσία fault (n) - (C) (in context) crack, flaw, or imperfection in a

fault (n) - (C) (in context) crack, flaw, or imperfection in a rock formation • The cave floor was always wet, due to water that was dripping through a ~ in the cave's roof. > fault (v), faulty (adj) ❖ ρωγμή, χαραμάδα, σχισμή bedrock (n) - (U) layer of solid rock that exists beneath loose soil • The Great Pyramid at Giza is built on a solid foundation of ~, rather than sand. This explains why the structure is still standing after all these years. ❖ βραχώδες υπόστρωμα

deposit (v) - leave and allow to settle or gradually build up • *a lake ~s mud on its shores* > deposit (n) • εναποθέτω

dissolve (v) - cause sth solid to become mixed with a liquid and disappear • Over the years the groundwater in the cave began to ~ the limestone walls. > dissolution (n), dissolved (adj), dissolvable (adj) ❖ διαλύω (στερεό σε υγρό)

scale (n) - (C) relative size or extent of sth • *Before the bombing of Hiroshima, the world had never dreamed of destruction on such a large* \sim • κλίμακα. \square : e.g., a *kitchen/bathroom* \sim , the \sim on a map

fittingly (adv) - suitably, appropriately • As a child, the boy had carrot-red hair so, ~, everyone called him "Red." > fitting (adj) ❖ κατάλληλα, ταιριαστά pale (adj) - (of colors) unnaturally light and faded, almost white • The walls of the old hospital were dirty and ~. > paleness (n), pale (v) ❖ ξεπλυμένος mind-boggling (adj) - incredible, hard to imagine, aweinspiring • The thought of being saved after spending a week under the ruins of a collapsed building is ~ indeed. ❖ καταπληκτικός, απίστευτος, που προκαλεί δέος pins and needles (n phr) → be on ~ (idm) - be extremely eager or anxious about sth • The college applicant will be on ~ until the envelope arrives announcing the school's decision. ❖ ανυπομονώ, έχω άγχος, κάθομαι σε αναμμένα κάρβουνα

Questions

104 A. enormity (n) - (U) vastness, immensity, huge size or extent • The ~ of his error was not clear to him until the boss informed him that he was being fired.
 ⇒ enormous (adj), enormously (adv) ❖ πελώριο μέγεθος

SECOND PASSAGE (page 52)

Paragraph 1

go to the wall (idm) - be defeated, give way • *I hear the restaurant he opened last year isn't doing very well. Rumor has it that it may ~. If it does, he'll lose everything.* ❖ καταστρέφομαι, υποκύπτω provoke (v) - cause sth; cause sb/sth to do sth or to react in a certain way • *The comedian's jokes ~d sidesplitting laughter in the audience.* ➤ provocation (n), provoked (adj), provocative (adj), provocatively (adv) ❖ προκαλώ

eruption (n) - (C/U) sudden, intense, or violent reaction • *the* ~ *of a volcano, the* ~ *of war, the* ~ *of laughter* >> erupt (v) ❖ έκρηξη (ηφαιστείου), ξέσπασμα (πολέμου κλπ)

under way (prep phr) - going on, already in progress • *You're late again; the meeting is already ~.* ❖ σε εξέλιξη

trigger (n) - 1. (C) (lit) small lever that is pulled to fire a gun • The hunter pulled the ~ of his rifle and fired a shot into the bushes. 2. sb's fingerprints are on the ~ (idm) - (fig) sb is responsible for causing a bad situation > trigger (v) 1. σκανδάλη 2. είμαι ο υπεύθυνος (για κτ)



Paragraph 2

assault (n) - (C) sudden, violent attack • *The enemy's* assault caught the villagers by surprise and they were forced to surrender. ❖ επίθεση, έφοδος

spear (n) - (C) long-handled weapon with a sharp metal end • *Javelins and harpoons are kinds of ~s.* ❖ ακόντιο, δόρυ

bulldozer (n) - (C) tractor-like earth-moving machine • $B \sim s$ are commonly seen on construction sites and at garbage dumps. \gg bulldoze (v) \Leftrightarrow μπουλντόζα **chainsaw** (n) - (C) power tool used for cutting down trees \Leftrightarrow αλυσοπρίονο

vulnerable (adj) - liable to be hurt or damaged, unprotected against attack • *Young animals are* ~ *to predators. / An unconfident young woman is* ~ *to criticism. / Children are* ~ *to colds.* ≽ vulnerability (n), vulnerably (adv). Opp: invulnerable ❖ ευάλωτος, τρωτός

carnage (n) - (U) violent killing of large numbers of people or animals; massacre, slaughter • *the* ~ *of war* ❖ σφαγή, μακελειό

succumb (to sth) (v) - 1. yield, give in, surrender • The villagers had no choice but to ~ to the powerful invaders. 2. die from the effect of sth (e.g., an injury or disease) • After a two-year fight, the patient ~ed to lung cancer. \diamondsuit (ένς.1-2) υποκύπτω

predator (n) - (C) bird/animal that hunts and kills others for food • *Lions and cheetahs are among the great* ~*s of the African savanna.* \rightarrow predation (n), predatory (adj) • αρπακτικό ζώο

Paragraph 3

tempo (n) - (C) the speed or pace at which sth happens • *the fast* ~ *of city life, a song with a slow* ~ ❖ ρυθμός, χρόνος

culprit (n) - 1. (things) (C) the cause of sth bad • *If* you want to know what's behind global warming, excessive burning of carbon products is now believed to be the main ~. 2. (people) (C) sb who has done sth wrong • *Police are still looking for the ~s responsible for the robbery.* ❖ 1. αιτία κακού 2. δράστης, φταίχτης

butcher (v) - kill large numbers of people or animals • The invading army ~ed everyone in the village; no one escaped. >> butcher (n) ❖ σφάζω. □: e.g., ~ meat **tusk** (n) - (C) long, curved pointed tooth • Elephants and walruses have ~s. ❖ χαυλιόδοντας

habitat (n) - (C) natural home of an animal or plant • *Deserts, seas, and forests are common ~s.* > habitation (n), inhabit (v), habitable (adj) ❖ φυσικό περιβάλλον

draining (ger) \rightarrow from **drain** (v) - clear land of water by using ditches, pipes, etc. • *D*~ing the lake may not have been such a good idea after all, as it totally changed the climate of the area. \succ drain (n) \clubsuit αποστραγγίζω

damming (ger) \rightarrow from **dam** (v) - keep back the water of a river by building a wall of earth or concrete across it • *Authorities have decided to* ~ *the river to create a huge reservoir and hydro-electric power plant.* \succ dam (n) \diamondsuit φράζω, κατασκευάζω φράγμα

aquatic (adj) - living, growing, or taking place in water • seaweed, kelp and other ~ plants / ~ sports like waterskiing and surfing ❖ υδρόβιος

fragile (adj) - delicate, easily damaged or broken • The sea is a ~ ecosystem. / The porcelain vase was so ~ that it shattered into thousands of tiny pieces. > fragility (n), fragilely (adv) \div εύθραυστος reef (n) - (C) wall of coral, sand, or rock near the surface of the sea • The tiny fishing boat sank after scraping its bottom on a coral ~. \div ύφαλος

biodiversity (n) - (U) the variety of plant and animal life that exists in an area • *Logging operations* have threatened the ~ of the Amazon rain forest.

♦ βιοποικιλία (ποικιλία ζωικών μορφών) **deforestation** (n) - (U) the act of cutting down huge areas of trees to make room for industrial development • *D*~ in the Amazon basin has endangered hundreds of species in the area.

καταστροφή δασών, αποψίλωση

staggering (adj) - astonishing, alarming • *His credit* card bill was ~ last month; he doesn't know where he'll find the money to pay it. > stagger (v), staggeringly (adv) ❖ συγκλονιστικός, καταπληκτικός

toll (n) → **take a ~ on** (idm) - (C) have a harmful effect on • *Too much work and too little sleep will eventually take a ~ on your health.* ❖ κτ έχει βαριές επιπτώσεις πάνω μου

stake (n) → be at ~ (v phr) - be at risk, be in danger (e.g., of being lost or damaged) • If sales continue to decline, the future of the company is at ~. ❖ είμαι σε κίνδυνο, διακυβεύομαι. 🚇: e.g., have a ~ in sth, burn at the ~ river basin (n phr) - (C) area of land drained by a river • the Amazon ~ ❖ λεκάνη (ποταμού)

arid (adj) - so dry that few plants can grow on it • *an* ~ *desert* > aridity (n) ***** ξηρός

pasture (n) - (C) grassy area of land where animals graze (i.e., feed on grass) • On his grandfather's farm, the cows and horses always grazed together in the \sim . \Rightarrow pasture (v), pastoral (adj) \Leftrightarrow βοσκοτόπι, λιβάδι

Questions

- B. devastating (adj) 1. (affecting things) causing great damage and destruction The ~ earthquake leveled all the houses in the village. 2. (affecting people) extremely upsetting, emotionally overwhelming I can't imagine how upset she will be when she hears the ~ news. ➤ devastation (n), devastate (v), devastated (adj) ❖ 1. καταστρεπτικός, ολέθριος 2. που προκαλεί συντριβή
- A. slaughter (n) (U) cruel and unnecessary killing of people/animals in large numbers; similar to carnage (see para. 2 on p. 31) the ~ of innocent civilians
 * σφαγή, μακελειό
 - D. unprecedented (adj) without prior example, occurring for the first time ever (i.e., without precedent) The Great Depression of the 1930s was an economic crisis that caused ~ levels of poverty and unemployment in the U.S.A. > precedent (n), precede (v) ❖ πρωτοφανής, χωρίς προηγούμενο

intervention (n) - (C/U) act of act of becoming involved in a situation to try and change it • If your cough doesn't go away soon, medical ~ may be necessary. ➤ intervene (v), intervening (adj) ❖ παρέμβαση, μεσολάβηση

THIRD PASSAGE (page 53)

Paragraph 1

awash (adj) \rightarrow be ~ with sth (v phr) - (fig) be flooded with sth, be full of sth • The roads were ~ with cars last Friday, as thousands of people left the capital for the long weekend. \clubsuit πλημμυρισμένος, γεμάτος από cascade (n) - (C) (used figuratively in text) a dramatic, flowing stream of sth • The model had long flowing blonde hair that fell down her back in an attractive ~. \clubsuit (μετ) μικρός καταρράκτης blush (of sth) (n) - (C) (used poetically in the text) intense burst or glow of sth (as if sth is blushing, or suddenly going bright red because of embarrassment) • When she realized that she was the object of their whispers, a ~ of pink suddenly crossed her face. \clubsuit (μετ) έντονο ξέσπασμα, κοκκίνισμα

crimson (n) - (C/U) deep red color • a ~ and white Santa Claus suit ❖ κατακόκκινος, πορφυρός **intense** (adj) - strong, concentrated • The furnace produces heat that is so ~ it can easily melt metal. > intensity (n), intensify (v), intensely (adv) ❖ έντονος

glorious (adj) - beautiful, splendid, magnificent
• The opera star has a ~ voice that thrilled the audience. > glory (n, v), gloriously (adv) ❖ έξοχος, υπέροχος, λαμπρός, δοξασμένος ripple (v) - move in a way that resembles waves • The stiff breeze caused the flag to ~ and flap about. > ripple (n), rippled (adj) ❖ κυματίζω ελαφρά, σχηματίζω κυματάκια, ρυτιδώνω/-ομαι

Paragraph 2

peak (v) - reach a high point/level • Temperatures ~ in the summer. / Retail sales ~ before Christmas. ❖ κορυφώνω, ανυψώνω στον ανώτερο βαθμό linger (v) - remain, stay on in a place • The smell of the forest fire ~ed in the air for weeks after it was put out. / Most guests left at midnight, but a few of the hosts' close friends ~ed until two in the morning. ➤ lingering (adj) ❖ (παρα)μένω, δείχνω απροθυμία να φύγω particle (n) - (C) a very small piece of sth • The police found ~s of soil on the suspect's shoes that matched up exactly with soil samples from the victim's garden. ❖ μόριο, κόκκος

Paragraph 4

fiery (adj) - like or consisting of fire • *Temperatures* on the sun's ~ surface exceed 9,300° F.

φλογισμένος

tint (n) - (C) tone, shade, or variation on a color • The monochromatic painting was executed in ~s of light and dark blue. \succ tint (v), tinted (adj) \diamondsuit τόνος, απόχρωση

- ★ power grid (n phr) (C) system of electrical cables that evenly distribute electricity over a large area
 ❖ ηλεκτρικό δίκτυο
- navigation system (n phr) (C) system (e.g., radio, radar) that enables ships and aircraft to get from one place to another * σύστημα διακυβέρνησης πλοίου, σύστημα πλοήγησης
 discust (v) prevent from functioning normally

disrupt (v) - prevent from functioning normally by causing problems • *A divorce* ~*s the lives of children. / A war* ~*s a country's economy.* ❖ διασπώ, αναστατώνω

information feed (n phr) - (C) (broadcasting) network signal that transmits information from one source to another. * πληροφοριακή τροφοδότηση indication (n) - (C) sign or symbol that shows or indicates sth • Their divorce was a surprise to everyone; they had given us no ~ that their marriage was unhappy. * ένδειξη

hone (v) - (fig) sharpen, improve • (fig) *The surgeon has ~d his skills over the course of three decades.* ❖ ακονίζω. □: e.g., (lit) ~ *an ax*

VOCABULARY ENHANCEMENT (pages 56-57)

If You Snooze, You Lose

Exercises A-C

Following is an alphabetical list of some of the items used in exercises A-C on pages 56-57.

dormant (adj) - inactive; not active or growing, but able to become or do so at any time • *Residents* fear that the ~ volcano may one day become active again. >> dormancy (n) ❖ σε λανθάνουσα κατάσταση, ανενεργός

fall asleep (v phr) - (of feet, arms) go numb • *Your legs will* ~ *if you don't get up and move around.* ❖ μουδιάζω (στα άκρα)

get some shut-eye (idm) - (informal) close one's eyes and get some sleep • *What an exhausting day! I think I'll turn in early and ~.* ❖ κλείνω τα μάτια μου και κοιμάμαι

hibernate (v) - (animal) spend the winter sleeping; enter or be in a state of deep, coma-like sleep • Animals like bears and squirrels ~ in the winter, when food is scarce. ➤ hibernation (n), hibernating (adj)

πέφτω σε χειμερία νάρκη

lay (sth) to rest (idm) - put an end to sth, prove sth isn't true • *John did not steal the money. Can't we ~ that rumor ~?* ❖ αποδεικνύω ότι κτ δεν είναι αλήθεια, τερματίζω

let sleeping dogs lie (idm) - don't make waves, avoid saying sth that will cause trouble • *I knew she didn't know the truth about her husband, but things were already so bad between them that I decided to ~.* ❖ μη θίγεις τα κακώς κείμενα, μην πας γυρεύοντας μπελάδες

nod off (idm) - fall asleep, doze off (often with a jerky, downward movement of the head) • When I felt myself ~ding ~, I knew I'd better pull off the road and find a place to have some coffee. ❖ αποκοιμιέμαι, γλαρώνω



oversleep - overslept - overslept (irreg v) - fail to get up on time • On the day of the big interview, he set two alarm clocks to make sure he didn't ~. ❖ παρακοιμάμαι

put (sb) to sleep (idm) - bore (sb) to death • *The lecturer was so boring that he ~ half the class ~.* ❖ κάνω κπ να πλήξει, κοιμίζω. □: e.g., (lit) ~ *a baby ~*, (fig) ~ *an animal ~*

put (one's) head down (idm) - lie down (briefly) • *If* you're feeling sleepy, why don't you just stretch out on the couch and ~ your ~ for a few minutes? \diamondsuit ξαπλώνω για λίγο

sleep a wink (idm) → can't ~ (idm) not be able to sleep at all • The sirens kept me awake all night long. I couldn't ~! ❖ δεν μπορώ να κοιμηθώ, δεν μπορώ να κλείσω μάτι

sleep in (phr v) - stay in bed longer than usual • *I like* to ~ on Sunday morning and then have a late morning breakfast. ❖ μένω στο κρεβάτι

sleep like a log (idm) - sleep heavily • The children ~ You could set off a siren in their room, and they wouldn't wake up! ❖ κοιμάμαι σαν κούτσουρο sleep on it (idm) - delay a decision till the next day • I've read your proposal, but I'm not ready to give you my comments yet. I prefer to ~ and get back to you in the morning. ❖ αναβάλλω απόφαση μέχρι την επόμενη μέρα

sleep through (sth) (phr v) - keep sleeping (without being disturbed), not wake up (although sth is happening) • Mothers with young babies know what a luxury it is to be able to ~ the night. / Her husband is such a sound sleeper that he could ~ an earthquake! ❖ κοιμάμαι χωρίς διακοπή, δεν ξυπνώ ενώ γίνεται κτ

slumber party (n phr) - sleep-over, pajama party • *Myra's going to her friend Suzie's house for a ~, so she won't be home till tomorrow morning.* ❖ πιτζάμα πάρτι

snooze (n) → have a ~(idm) - have a short, quick sleep, take a nap • Shh! Grandpa's inside having a ~. Don't wake him. ❖ κοιμάμαι, παίρνω έναν υπνάκο take a nap (v phr) - have a short, quick sleep • If you're not feeling well, why don't you ~ for an hour or so. ❖ παίρνω έναν υπνάκο

D What's the difference?

sleeplessness (n) - (U) the state of not being able to sleep (i.e., insomnia) • *He's exhausted but he can't fall asleep. It's got to be problems at work that are causing such* ~. \gg sleepless (adj) \diamondsuit $\alpha \ddot{u} \pi \nu \dot{u} \alpha$

restlessness (n) - (U) a tense, nervous state caused by boredom or anxiety • *The children are showing signs of ~. Why don't we take them to a movie?* ❖ ανησυχία, αναβρασμός

- insomniac (n) (C) sb who suffers from insomnia (i.e., the inability to sleep) * αυτός που υποφέρει από αϋπνίες
- * somnambulist (n) (C) sb who walks in their sleep (same as sleepwalker) * υπνοβάτης sleep over (phr v) go to sb's house and sleep there I went to Amy's house for dinner and a chat. When we finally finished talking, it was 2 a.m., so I decided to ~. * διανυκτερεύω/κοιμάμαι (στο σπίτι κπ) oversleep overslept overslept (irreg v) fail to get up on time On the day of the big interview, he set two alarm clocks to make sure he didn't ~. * παρακοιμάμαι catch some sleep (v phr) take a nap or go to sleep for a few hours If I don't ~ before we go to the party, I won't be much fun when we get there! * πέφτω για ύπνο, την πέφτω για ύπνο

be caught sleeping (idm) - (fig) be caught unprepared or off guard; passive form of "catch sb sleeping" • We'd better study tonight. We don't want to ~ if Mr. Jones gives us a surprise quiz. ❖ (μετ) με έπιασαν στον ύπνο



LISTENING (pages 61-67)

PART 1 (pages 61-62)

Transcript

- **extraction** (n) (C) (dentistry) the removal of a tooth

 The dentists said Grandmother needed two more
 s. If this keeps up, she won't have any teeth left. >
 extract (n, v) ❖ εξαγωγή. □: e.g., the ~ of minerals from a mine, a man of Russian ~
- 7 lease (n) (C) rental agreement *I've decided to take the apartment! Tomorrow I'll sign a two-year* ~. > lessor (n), lessee (n), lease (v), leased (adj) ❖ μίσθωση. □: e.g., *a new* ~ *on life*
- 8 steep (adj) (fig) (of prices) unreasonable or excessive (i.e., extremely expensive) I had to turn down the apartment as the rent was much too ~ for me. > steepness (n), steeply (adv) ❖ υπερβολικός, παράλογος, εξωφρενικός. □: e.g., a ~ hill
- 9 pull out all the stops (idm) (informal) make the greatest effort possible (in order to achieve a certain goal) Wanting to make a good impression, he promised himself he would ~ the day his fiancée introduced him to her parents. ❖ βάζω τα δυνατά μου, υπερβάλλω εαυτόν
- jog (sb's) memory (idm) cause or help sb to suddenly remember sth • She spent the morning looking through old photos, hoping that it would ~ her ~ of happier times. ❖ βοηθώ τη μνήμη κάποιου, θυμίζω κτ σε κπ
 - sharp as a tack (idm) extremely clever, intelligent, having all your wits about you Her grandfather is over 80, but he is still ~. ❖ πανέξυπνος, οξυδερκής
- **12 bumper** (n) (C) protective piece of metal, rubber, or hard plastic at the front or back of a car *The* ~ *was badly damaged in the crash; other than that, the car was unharmed.* > bump (n, v) ❖ προφυλακτήρας
- in a heartbeat (idm) (fig) in a flash, in no time at all
 She told me she'd marry him ~, if only he would ask her! ❖ (μετ) σε μηδέν χρόνο, πολύ γρήγορα
- 19 recital (n) (C) a performance given by a solo musician or dancer, or a series of solo performances by a group of musicians or dancers Are you coming to Maria's piano ~ on Saturday? It's the first time she's ever played in public. > recite (v) ❖ ρεσιτάλ. □: e.g., the ~ of a poem

virtuoso (n) - (C) a highly skilled musician • *Einstein was not only a genius, he was also a ~ on the violin.* > virtuosity (n) ❖ βιρτουόζος, δεξιοτέχνης. **Note:** the plural form is **virtuosi** or **virtosos**.

PART 3 (pages 66-67)

FIRST SEGMENT (page 66)

Transcript

settler (n) - (C) person who comes to live in a new place, especially a place that is unpopulated or

populated by people of a different race or civilization • After President Thomas Jefferson acquired the Louisiana Purchase, ~s began to migrate westwards, across the country. >> settlement (n), settle (v), settled (adj) ❖ έποικος

fragment (n) - (C) small broken-off piece of sth • The museum display pieced together the ~s of pottery and animal bone that had been found at the ancient site. > fragmentation (n), fragment (v), fragmented (adj), fragmentary (adj) • θραύσμα, κομματάκι decline (n) - (C/U) a decrease, drop, or fall in quantity or quality • Many people say that there has been a general ~ in the quality of schools in recent years. > decline (v), declining (adj) • μείωση, πτώση perilous (adj) - dangerous, hazardous • Extreme winter weather can create ~ driving conditions. > peril (n), imperil (v) • επικίνδυνος

game (n) - (U) wild animals hunted for sport or food • The famous writer Ernest Hemingway was fond of going on safari to hunt lions, tigers, and other big ~. ❖ θήραμα, κυνήγι

banning (ger) \rightarrow **ban** (v) - forbid, disallow, prohibit • *Many cities have ~ned smoking in government office, hospitals, and other public places.* \rightarrow ban (n), banned (adj) \diamondsuit απαγορεύω

advocate (n) - (C) sb who is strongly in favor of sth, supporter • Given the opportunity, most students would be enthusiastic ~s of a 'no homework' policy. > advocacy (n), advocation (n), advocate (v) * υπερασπιστής, υπέρμαχος, συνήγορος. □: e.g., judge ~, ~ in a court of law

ammunition (n) - (U) bullets, gunpowder, or other things that can explode or be fired from a gun • The gun was useless without ~. ❖ πολεμοφόδια, πυρομαχικά

enforcement (n) - (U) the act of making sure sth is obeyed or carried out • The government is committed to the strict ~ of its environmental policies. >> enforcer (n), enforce (v), enforced (adj) ❖ εφαρμογή warden (n) - (C) person responsible for taking care of a place and making sure that the rules related to using it are obeyed • The ~s of the famous African nature reserve are tasked with the difficulty responsibility of protecting the animals from illegal hunters. ❖ φύλακας, επιστάτης

★ CAT scan (n phr) - (C) (same as CT scan) type of x-ray done by Computerized Axial Tomography
 ♦ υπολογιστική αξονική τομογραφία ingest (v) - take into the body (e.g., by swallowing)
 • If someone in your family ~s poison, call the local poison center immediately. > ingestion (n), ingested (adj)
 ♦ καταπίνω, λαμβάνω (τροφή κλπ)
 lethal (adj) - deadly, able to kill • a ~ weapon, a ~ dose of poison > lethality (n), lethally (adv)
 ♦ φονικός, θανατηφόρος impairment (n) - (U) the state of being damaged,

impairment (n) - (U) the state of being damaged, injured, or weakened; (C) a specific condition or injury that prevents the proper functioning of one's eyes, ears, or brain • (U) *People who are partially blind*



SECOND SEGMENT (page 67)

Transcript

arson (n) - (U) the crime of setting fire to buildings, property, etc. • *The police have determined that the cause of the fire was* ~, *not an explosion.* \succ arsonist (n) \diamondsuit εμπρησμός

rule out (phr v) - decide not to consider sth as a possibility, exclude, eliminate • Despite the suicide note found near the body, the police are not yet willing to ~ the possibility of murder. ❖ αποκλείω, εξαλείφω scorch (v) - burn the surface of sth • Lost in thought, she wasn't paying attention to her ironing and ~ed her favorite silk blouse. / The lava poured out of the mouth of the volcano and ~ed everything in its path. ➤ scorch (n), scorching (adj), scorchingly (adv) ❖ καίω επιφανειακά, καψαλίζω, τσουρουφλίζω

* accelerant (n) - (C) substance used to speed up the spread of fire > acceleration (n), accelerate (v)
 * επιταχυντικό

blaze (n) - (C) very large, dangerous fire • *The* firefighters worked all night to put out the ~ at the chemical factory. > blaze (v), ablaze (pred adj), blazing (adj) ❖ φωτιά, πυρκαγιά

READING: CLOZE (page 70)

FIRST PASSAGE

Paragraph 1

rumble (v) - make long, low sounds • *thunder ~s* in the distance, large trucks ~ down the road, your stomach ~s when you are hungry >> rumble (n), rumbling (n, adj) ❖ (βροντή) βροντώ, μπουμπουνίζω, (μεγάλα οχήματα) προχωρώ μουγκρίζοντας, μουγκρίζω, (κοιλιά) γουργουρίζω

trumpet (v) - make a loud noise (like that of a trumpet) • *Elephants* ~ *when they are afraid*. > trumpet (n) ❖ σαλπίζω, φωνάζω

chorused (adj) - (rare) in chorus, as a group, all together • *The night Greece won the championship, the* ~ *chants of the fans echoed in the streets.* >

chorus (n) 💠 εν χορώ, ομαδικά

deafening (adj) - unpleasantly loud • *The* ~ *noise* of the explosion caused her ears to hurt for days afterwards. > deafen (v), deaf (adj), deafeningly (adv)

♦ εκκωφαντικός **there's a lot more (happening) than meets the ear** → playful pun on the expression there's a lot more (happening) than meets the

eye (idm) - sth is more complex than it seems to be • Don't be fooled by the boss's optimism. There's a lot more happening here than meets the eye. The company is in serious danger of going bankrupt. ❖ κτ είναι πιο περίπλοκο απ΄ ό,τι φαίνεται

squeal (v) - make a long, high-pitched sound • *He*

slammed on the brakes and the car ~ed to a stop. / The children ~ed with delight when they saw their new puppy. >> squeal (n), squealing (adj) ❖ στριγκλίζω, σκούζω, τσιρίζω

snort (v) - make a loud, rough sound by forcing air through the nose (e.g., like a pig) • *The clowns were so funny that the children ~ed with laughter.* > snort (n) \diamond ρουθουνίζω, ξεφυσώ

groan (v) - make a low, deep sound expressing pain, suffering, or disapproval • *The injured athlete ~ed in pain as he fell to the ground.* \succ groan (n), groaning (adj) • βογγώ, στενάζω

low-pitched (adj) - (of sound) having a low, bass quality • *Basses and tenors have* ~ *voices, while the voices of sopranos and altos are higher-pitched.* ❖ (για ήχο) βαρύς, χαμηλός

Paragraph 2

elaborate (adj) - detailed, complex, or highly decorated • It took months to work out the ~ plans for the big event. / The inventor's new creation is an ~ piece of machinery. / It always seems a shame to cut into an ~ wedding cake when so much work has gone into it. > elaboration (n), elaborate (v), elaborately (adv) ❖ λεπτομερής, περίτεχνος

drawn-out (adj) - long-lasting, lengthy • Just give me the facts; I don't have time for one of your long, ~ explanations. > draw out (phr v) ❖ παρατεταμένος reverberating (adj) - echoing • The tenor's lovely, ~ voice filled the concert hall. > reverberation (n), reverberate (v) ❖ που αντηχεί, που αντανακλάται signify (v) - be a sign of, mean • Everyone knew that the boss's silence ~ied his disapproval of the suggestion. > significance (n), significant (adj), significantly (adv) ❖ σημαίνω, υποδηλώνω

Choices

- 68 A. dispensable (adj) unnecessary, able to be done away with • In preparation for the company's downsizing, the managers made a list of workers whose services were ~. > dispensability (n), dispense (v). Opp: indispensable ❖ περιττός
 - B. audible (adj) loud enough to be heard The speaker's voice was barely ~ above the noisy crowd.
 >> audibility (n), audibly (adv). Opp: inaudible
 ❖ ακουστός, ευκρινής, ευδιάκριτος
 - C. sensible (adj) 1. having or showing good sense, reasonable, logical The boss is more than willing to accept suggestions, especially when they are ~ and will save the company money. 2. (clothing) practical Wear ~ shoes as we'll be walking all day. >> sensibility (n), sensibly (adv) ❖ 1. λογικός 2. πρακτικός
 - D. eligible (for sth / to do sth) (adj) qualified, having the right qualifications A laid-off worker is ~ for unemployment benefits. / If you have prior experience, you are ~ to apply for the job.
 ⇒ eligibility (n) ❖ κατάλληλος, που διαθέτει τα κατάλληλα προσόντα

- **74 B. emit** (v) send out (e.g., a gas or liquid) *The sun* ~s heat and light. / A factory ~s toxic fumes. >> emission (n) ❖ εκπέμπω, αναδίνω
 - **C. exhale** (v) breathe out *If you must smoke, please don't* ~ *in my direction!* > exhalation (n), exhaled (adj). Opp: inhale ❖ εκπνέω

SECOND PASSAGE

Paragraph 1

- **chronic** (adj) (of illnesses) lasting for a long time or constantly recurring *Sooner or later most smokers develop a* ~ *cough.* > chronically (adv) χρόνιος **suffer (from)** (v) be affected by sth (e.g., an illness or loss) *He* ~ *s from a rare blood disease.* > suffering (n, adj) υποφέρω από, πάσχω. \square : e.g., ~ *in silence disorder* (n) (C) (medical) a disturbance of the normal processes of the body or mind *The patient is suffering from a rare blood* ~. διαταραχή. \square : e.g., *public* ~
- * obstructive sleep apnea (n phr) * αποφρακτική υπνική άπνοια, αποφρακτική διαταραχή ύπνου snort (n) (C) loud, rough sound made by forcing air through the nose The pig gave out a loud ~ when the farmer approached him. > snort (v) * ρουθούνισμα, φρίμασμα, ξεφύσημα
- gasp (v) take a sudden, sharp breath of air He ~ed in amazement when he opened the door and found that the house had been turned upside-down by burglars. / The firefighter emerged from the smoky building, ~ing for air. \gt gasp (n), gasping (adj) ασθμαίνω, κόβεται η ανάσα μου
- * cardiovascular (adj) (medical) related to the heart and blood vessels * καρδιαγγειακός
- * **stroke** (n) (C) (medical) sudden, sometimes fatal or paralyzing attack caused by a broken blood vessel in the brain * εγκεφαλικό επεισόδιο. : e.g., a tennis ~, a ~ of luck

Paragraph 2

sleep deprived (adj phr) → be ~ (v phr) - suffer from a lack of sleep • Students tend to be ~ at the end of the term when they are studying hard to get ready for final exams. > sleep deprivation (n phr) ❖ στερούμαι ύπνο, μου λείπει ύπνος

READING: VOCABULARY (pages 71-72)

- A. stem (from sth) (v) come from, happen as a result of Your composition problems ~ from the fact that you insist on translating word for word from Greek.
 * προέρχομαι, κατάγομαι
 - B. flee fled fled (irreg v) escape, run away When they heard the invading army was headed their way, the villagers had no choice but to ~ their homes. > fleeing (adj) ❖ τρέπομαι σε φυγή
 - C. trickle (v) flow in a thin stream A single tear ~d down her cheek. / Blood began to ~ down his leg from the tiny cut on his knee. > trickle (n), trickling (adj) ❖ στάζω, σταλάζω, κυλώ

- **D. spew** (v) come out in a strong stream *a volcano ~s lava, a deep cut ~s blood* ❖ ξερνώ
- 88 A. shrink shrank shrunk (irreg v) become/cause to become smaller in size or amount Old age tends to ~ a person; my grandmother is several inches shorter than she used to be. / If you wash that T-shirt in hot water, it will ~. > shrinkage (n), shrinking (adj), shrunken (adj) ❖ συρρικνούμαι, μικραίνω, μαζεύω
 - B. stain (v) 1. leave a mark on sth that is difficult to remove (e.g., from oil, dirt, food) ~ a shirt with tomato sauce 2. become marked in such a way
 White carpets ~ easily. > stain (n), stained (adj)
 1. λεκιάζω 2. κηλιδώνω
 - C. scorch (v) burn the surface of sth Lost in thought, she wasn't paying attention to her ironing and ~ed her favorite silk blouse. / The lava poured out of the mouth of the volcano and ~ed everything in its path. >> scorch (n), scorching (n), scorchingly (adv) ** καίω επιφανειακά, καψαλίζω, τσουρουφλίζω
 - **D. rip** (v) tear *She fell and ~ped a hole in the knee of her favorite jeans.* > rip (n), ripped (adj) ❖ σκίζω
- A. minority (n) → be in the ~ (v phr) be in a subgroup that represents under 50% of a total group 90% of the class voted to go to Rhodes; unfortunately, those of us who preferred Crete were in the ~.
 ❖ μειοψηφώ
 - **B. quandary** (n) → **be in a** ~ (v phr) be in a state of not being able to decide what to do *She's in a* ~ *as to whether or not she should marry someone her parents dislike so much.* ❖ βρίσκομαι σε δίλημμα
 - C. violation (n) → be in ~ (of sth) (v phr) break or go against sth (e.g., a law, rule, or principle) The police fined him for being in ~ of the speed limit.
 ❖ παραβιάζω
 - D. transition (n) → be in ~ (v phr) be in a state of changing from one thing into another thing
 Adolescents are in ~ between childhood and adulthood. ❖ είμαι σε μεταβατική περίοδο
- A. underhanded (adj) done in a secret or dishonest way It was just a matter of time before his ~ business tactics would land him in jail. > underhandedness (n), underhandedly (adv)
 ὑπουλος, δόλιος
 - B. offhand (adj) (same as offhanded) (of remarks or behavior) so casual or unconcerned as to appear rude or cold The sales assistant has a bad habit of treating customers in an ~ way, which makes shopping in the boutique very unpleasant. / I was insulted by his ~ remark. ➤ offhandedly (adv) ❖ απότομος, κοφτός
 - **C. second-hand** (adj) used, previously owned by sb else *She saves a lot of money by buying ~ clothes from the local thrift shop.* ❖ μεταχειρισμένος
 - D. hand-picked (adj) carefully chosen, one by one
 The professor allows only a small number of ~ students to attend his advanced seminar.
 \$ επίλεκτος



- **91 A. subordinate** (n) (C) person who is lower in rank or position than sb else *A good manager knows how to pass on (or delegate) work to his ~s.* >> subordination (n), subordinate (v, adj) ❖ υφιστάμενος
 - B. peer (n) (C) sb who is equal in age, class, or position to sb else Many teenagers begin to smoke because of pressure from their ~s. > peer (adj)
 ❖ συνομήλικος, ισάξιος, ομότιμος. □: e.g., the House of P~s
 - C. superior (n) (C) person who is higher in rank than sb else • When the sales clerk couldn't help me with my problem, I demanded to talk to her ~ . > superior (adj) ❖ ανώτερος
 - D. executive (n) (C) sb who holds a high, decision-making position within a company or organization
 Hired as a secretary, she has worked her way up in the company and is now a well-paid ~ with a staff of twenty. > execute (v), executive (adj) ❖ ανώτερο στέλεχος επιχείρησης
- **92 A. accentuate** (v) emphasize, stress *The tight-fitting dress ~d the curves of her lovely figure.* >> accentuation (n) ❖ τονίζω, επιτείνω
 - B. pronounce (v) announce formally or officially
 The victim was ~d dead at the scene of the accident. >> pronouncement (n), pronounced (adj)
 ❖ ανακηρύσσω, δηλώνω. □: e.g., ~ a word
 - C. formulate (v) develop sth clearly and precisely (e.g., an idea, theory, or plan) Faced with so many places to choose from, the couple found it difficult to ~ their vacation plans. > formulation (n)
 ❖ διατυπώνω, σχηματίζω
 - D. renounce (v) reject or stop following sth that sb once believed in After Stalin's misuse of power became public knowledge in the 1950s, many Communists outside of Russia ~d their ties with the Communist Party. > renouncement (n) ❖ αποκηρύσσω, απαρνούμαι
- 93 incompatible (adj) (of people) unable to live together in harmony Realizing they were totally ~, the couple decided to break off their engagement. > incompatibility (n), incompatibly (adv) ❖ αταίριαστος
 - A. on firm ground (prep phr) → be ~ (idm) be well prepared and sure about what one is going to say
 I spent a week researching all the possibilities to insure that I would be ~ when I presented the proposal to my manager. ❖ είμαι καλά προετοιμασμένος και σίγουρος για αυτά που θα πω, πατάω γερά στα πόδια μου
 - **B. on edge** (prep phr) → **be** ~ (idm) be nervous or anxious *It's natural for first-time job applicants to be* ~ *when they go for an interview.* ❖ είμαι εκνευρισμένος, είμαι σε έξαψη
 - C. on the rocks (prep phr) → be ~ (idm) be in a state of crisis (i.e., in danger of failing) It's not surprising they're getting a divorce. Their marriage has been ~ for years. ❖ (για γάμο ή σχέση) στον γκρεμό, σε κρίση

- D. on all fours (prep phr) → be (down) ~ (idm) be down on one's hands and knees (usually on the floor) When the children came home, their mother was down ~ washing the kitchen floor.
 ❖ είμαι πεσμένος με τα τέσσερα
- 94 A. dislocated (adj) (of bones) out of position The doctor snapped his ~ finger right back into place.
 > dislocation (n), dislocate (v) ❖ εξαρθρωμένος
 - B. disoriented (adj) lost and confused, unable to regain one's sense of direction When he regained consciousness after surgery, he was totally ~. > disorientation (n), disorient (v)
 ❖ αποπροσανατολισμένος
 - C. disposed (adj) → be favorably/ill-~ to sb/sth (v phr) - be inclined to approve/disapprove of sb/ sth • She's had a lot of extra expenses lately, so she's always favorably ~ to working overtime whenever the boss asks her. > disposition (n), dispose (v) ❖ είμαι ευνοϊκά/άσχημα διατεθειμένος απέναντι σε κπ/κτ
 - D. displaced (adj) forced to move from one's usual place As a result of the civil war, thousands of ~ families have sought shelter in refugee camps.
 ➤ displacement (n), displace (v) ❖ εκτοπισμένος, προσφυγικός, διωγμένος
- 95 A. memorabilia (pl n) objects connected to a person or event, often used as collector's items; also personal souvenirs of important personal events or experiences Several of my friends have collections of ~ from the 2004 Olympics in Athens.
 Φ αξιομνημόνευτα αντικείμενα, αναμνηστικά/ συλλεκτικά αντικείμενα
 - B. memorial (n) (C) monument, plaque, or ceremony that reminds people of an event or a person •

 The names of over 50,000 soldiers who lost their lives in the Vietnam War are inscribed on a huge black-marble ~ in Washington, D.C. >> memory (n), memorial (adj) ❖ μνημείο
 - C. reminiscence (n) (C) spoken or written account of one's experiences The two old friends spent the day exchanging ~s of their childhood. >> reminisce (v), reminiscent (of) (adj) ❖ ανάμνηση, αναπόληση
 - D. reminder (n) (C) sth (e.g., said, done, or rewritten)
 that reminds sb to do sth I sent him an e-mail as a ~
 that we have opera tickets for tonight's performance.
 remind (v) ❖ υπενθύμιση, υπόμνηση
- 96 A. lend (sb) a hand (idm) help sb Can I ~ you ~ with those heavy packages? ❖ δίνω ένα χέρι βοηθείας σε κπ
 - B. hand it to (sb) (idm) (usually preceded by have to) give credit to sb I've got to ~ Al. His ideas have really saved the company a lot of money. He deserved the promotion the boss gave him. ❖ το αναγνωρίζω σε κπ, αναγνωρίζω (την αξία κλπ κάποιου)
 - **C. wash one's hands (of sb/sth)** (idm) ignore or abandon sb/sth *I cannot support your plan as I*

- feel it will be a disaster. I'm sorry to do this, but I need to ~ my ~ of the whole thing. ❖ νίπτω τας χείρας μου από κπ/κτ, απεκδύομαι πάσης ευθύνης
- **D. put one's life in (sb's) hands** (idm) trust sb with your life. *She knew she was putting her life in the surgeon's hands when she agreed to go ahead with the surgery.* ❖ εμπιστεύομαι τη ζωή μου στα χέρια κάποιου
- 97 **A. tap** (v) hit lightly with a short, quick movement (e.g., to attract attention) He has a bad habit of ~ping his pen on the desk while the teacher is talking. / Who just ~ped me on the shoulder? >> tap (n) ❖ χτυπώ ελαφρά
 - **B. point** (v) use one's finger (or an object) to direct sb's attention to sth "There goes the robber! Follow him!" said the witness, ~ing at the masked man running down the street. > point (n), pointy (adj), pointed (adj), pointedly (adv) ❖ δείχνω
 - C. drum (v) (fig) hit repeatedly and rhythmically, as if playing a drum As the massage therapist ~med his fists up and down her back, she felt herself relaxing despite the pain. > drum (n), drumming (n) ❖ παίζω ταμπούρλο (με τα δάκτυλα ή τις γροθιές)
 - D. snap (v) make a sudden loud clicking sound "I did it, just like that!" she said, ~ping her thumb and middle finger together. "It was a piece of cake!" / The king ~ped his fingers and his servant hurried to him. * κάνω στράκες (με τα δάκτυλά μου)
- **98 hybrid** (adj) that combines two different elements into sth unique *H*~ *cars of the future combine a battery-driven engine with a conventional gasoline engine.* >> hybrid (n) ❖ υβριδικός
 - **gas-guzzling** (adj) consuming a lot of gasoline *Green consumers prefer fuel-efficient small models to* ~ *vehicles like SUVs and minivans.* ❖ που καταναλώνει πολύ βενζίνη
 - A. sufficient (adj) enough, adequate If he had ~ money in the bank, he'd buy a new car. > sufficiency (n), suffice (v), sufficiently (adv). Opp: insufficient (adj)
 ❖ αρκετός, επαρκής
 - B. efficient (adj) effective, high-performing, able to work well with a minimum of waste The ~ secretary is not only fast but accurate as well. / Her new hybrid car gets more than 40 miles to the gallon; it's one of the most ~ cars on the road today. > efficiency (n), efficiently (adv). Opp: inefficient (adj) ❖ αποτελεσματικός, αποδοτικός
 - C. proficient (adj) able to do or use sth in a skilled or expert way as a result of training and practice It takes years of hard work to become ~ in a foreign language. > proficiency (n), proficiently (adv)
 * ικανός, έμπειρος, γνώστης
 - D. deficient (adj) lacking, not having enough of sth that is necessary The doctor said I must eat more fresh fruit and vegetables as my diet is ~ in vitamins.
 > deficiency (n) ❖ ελλιπής

- 99 A. have (one's) hands full (idm) be so busy with sth that you can't deal with anything else With a full-time teaching schedule and a book to write, she really ~ her ~. ❖ είμαι φορτωμένος
 - **B. live hand to mouth** (idm) live poorly, barely be able to make ends meet or satisfy one's basic needs for food and shelter *His job pays so poorly that he's forced to* ~. ❖ ζω μεροδούλι-μεροφάι
 - **C. change hands** (idm) go from one owner to another *The restaurant has much better food now that it has ~d ~.* ❖ αλλάζω χέρια
 - D. gain the upper hand (idm) gain an advantage over sb The team was ahead 4 goals to 1 going into the final quarter. They had ~ed ~; now they had to keep it. * έχω το πάνω χέρι, βρίσκομαι σε πλεονεκτική θέση
- 100 A. upstart (n) (C) sb who suddenly rises to a position of importance and thinks he/she is more important than he/she really is The older employees regarded the new manager as a know-it-all ~, but in fact he was just doing his job and a good one at that. τυχάρπαστος
 - **B. upset** (n) (C) unexpected outcome (e.g., of a sporting event or an election) *Everyone* expected last year's champ to win the tennis tournament, but she lost in the finals in three straight sets. What an ~! > upset (v), upsetting (adj) ❖ απροσδόκητο αποτέλεσμα, ανατροπή των προγνωστικών
 - C. upsurge (n) (C) sudden rise or increase
 Shopkeepers always expect an ~ in sales in December, so they have plenty of stock on hand.
 * ξαφνική αύξηση
 - D. uprising (n) (C) rebellion (i.e., sudden violent attempt by a large group of people to overthrow the government) In the late 1980s the government used force to put down an ~ led by student dissidents. > rise up (phr v) ❖ στάση, εξέγερση, ανταρσία
- **101 A. balance** (n) (C) amount of money that is in one's account or that remains to be paid When the ~ in his checking account runs low, he transfers money from his savings account. / Her credit card bill came to \$500. She paid \$300, so the ~ is now \$200. ➤ balance (v), balanced (adj), balancing (adj)
 - 💠 υπόλοιπο (λογαριασμού). 🕮: e.g., *lose your* ~
 - **B. account** (n) (C) (banking) written record showing the total amount of money that a bank customer has in the bank She telephoned the bank to see how much money she had in her ~. > accounting (n), account (for) (v) ❖ λογαριασμός. □: e.g., a factual ~
 - C. deposit (n) (C) amount of money that is put into a bank account • She makes a ~ of \$50 into her savings account every time she receives a pay check. >> deposit (v) ❖ κατάθεση



- D. statement (n) (C) written record of money that has been put into and/or taken out of sb's account over a stated period of time (e.g., every month) Her bank ~ shows that she made two deposits and four withdrawals last month. > state (v), stated (adj)
 ★ κατάσταση κίνησης τραπεζικού λογαριασμού
- 102 slum (n) (C often plural) poor area of a city, characterized by overcrowding and old or badly constructed buildings Her dream is to go to college and move her family out of the ~s that she grew up in.
 φτωχογειτονιά
 - A. incredulous (adj) unable or unwilling to believe The ~ audience watched on as the magician's assistant seemed to float in mid-air. > incredulousness (n), incredulity (n), incredulously (adv) ❖ δύσπιστος
 - B. indigenous (adj) belonging naturally to a place
 ~ plants and animals; Aborigines, Maoris, and other ~ peoples of the world * γηγενής, ιθαγενής, ντόπιος
 - C. inconspicuous (adj) not easily seen or noticed, not attracting attention Hoping to make himself ~, the actor wears a disguise whenever he leaves the house. > inconspicuousness (n), inconspicuously (adv) ❖ απαρατήρητος
 - **D. incongruous** (adj) out of place, inappropriate *A fifty-story skyscraper would be totally* ~ *in the middle of the village square.* > incongruity (n), incongruously (adv) ❖ αταίριαστος, άτοπος

READING (pages 73-75)

FIRST PASSAGE (page 73)

Note: In the passage, the words *string, cord,* and *twine* have roughly the same meaning: strong thread-like material made by twisting several strands (or lengths) of sth together • σπάγκος.

Paragraph 1

strip (v) - remove, take away one or more layers until sth is completely bare or uncovered • *The first step in restoring a wooden floor is to ~ the old layers of polish from it.* > stripped (adj) ❖ αφαιρώ, ξεγυμνώνω soak (v) - allow sth to sit in water or other liquid • *If you want to make bean soup, ~ the beans in cold water overnight.* > soaked (adj), soaking (adj) ❖ μουλιάζω, μουσκεύω

pliability (n) - (U) ability to bend or be bent easily
• *Rubber has a high degree of* ~. > pliable (adj), pliably (adv) ❖ ελαστικότητα, ευλυγισία

spin - spun - spun (irreg v) - (used passively in text) form thread, yarn, string, etc., by pulling and twisting fibers (e.g., of wool, cotton, palm leaf) • ~ *sheep's wool into yarn,* ~ *palm fiber into string, spiders* ~ *webs* > spinner (n), spun (adj) • γνέθω, κλώθω, υφαίνω. \square : e.g., ~ *in a circle*

weave - wove - woven (irreg v) - make sth (e.g., a piece of fabric, a rug, or an article of clothing) by crossing

threads or strands in a pattern • After the wool is spun, the women use it to ~ rugs and clothing. > weaver (n), weaving (n), woven (adj) • $\upsilon \varphi \alpha i \nu \omega$

hammock (n) - (C) hanging bed made of strong cloth or netting • If you need to talk to John, you'll find him sleeping on the ~ between the two trees in the garden. • αιώρα

myriad (of sth) (n) - (C) very large number of sth • The Milky Way is made up of a ~ of stars. ❖ μυριάδα sinew (n) - (C) (anatomy) tough cord of tissue joining a muscle to a bone, tendon • Look at that weightlifter's arms. His muscles are so well-developed that you can see the ~s. ➤ sinewy (adj) ❖ τένοντας, νεύρο dweller (n) - (C) person who lives in a particular place or environment • Many city ~s dream of having a house in the country to escape the stress of city life. ➤ dwelling (n), dwell (v) ❖ κάτοικος

vegetation (n) - (U) all the plant life of an area • *She* was amazed at how dense the ~ was in the tropical rain forest shown in the TV documentary. \Rightarrow vegetate (v) \diamondsuit βλάστηση

abundant (adj) - plentiful, existing in large quantities • South Africa is a country with an ~ supply of gold and other natural resources. > abundance (n), abound (v), abundantly (adv) ❖ άφθονος

serviceable (adj) - suitable for ordinary use and hard wear, practical • She does a lot of walking at work so she needs shoes that are ~ rather than stylish and uncomfortable. > serviceability (n), service (v), serviceably (adv) ❖ εξυπηρετικός, χρήσιμος, πρακτικός

altitude (n) - (C) height above sea level • The plane flew over the Alps at an ~ of 10,000 feet. ❖ υψόμετρο incorporate (v) - contain or include as part of a whole • Musicals ~ a dramatic story line with a generous dose of song and dance. ➤ incorporation (n), incorporated (adj) ❖ ενσωματώνω/-ομαι. Δ: e.g., ~ one element into another, ~ a new business

Paragraph 2

antiquity (n) - (U) the distant past, especially of Greece, Rome, and Egypt; (C) an object that dates from ancient times • (U) The museum's curator is a world-renowned expert on Greek and Roman ~. / (C) The museum's Classical Greek collection contains many valuable ~ies. • αρχαιότητα

perishable (adj) - likely to rot or decay quickly • *Foods* such as meat, fruit, and dairy products are ~ items. > perish (v). Opp: non-perishable ❖ αλλοιώσιμος, φθαρτός

Paragraph 3

bundle (of sth) (n) - (C) objects wrapped or tied together to make them easy to carry • He piled up the old newspapers, tied them in a ~, and took them to the local recycling bin. >> bundle (v) • μπόγος, δέσμη, δεμάτι **set (sb/sth) apart** (phr v) - (used passively in text) make sb/sth appear different or distinct from sb/sth else • Tim and Rose received promotions because their enthusiasm and dedication to the job ~ them ~ from the

other workers. ❖ ξεχωρίζω **Note:** the verb is irregular: set - set - set.

Questions

104 D. pliable (adj) - easily bent, shaped, or twisted; flexible
• Before he began work, the sculptor moistened the clay to make it ~. ❖ ελαστικός, εύπλαστος, ευλύγιστος

versatile (adj) - (of things) having a number of uses • Word-processing programs are extremely ~. They can be used to format text in many ways: from running text in paragraph form to sophisticated charts and tables. ➤ versatility (n) ❖ πολλαπλών χρήσεων ή εφαρμογών

SECOND PASSAGE (page 74)

Paragraph 1

 immune system (n phr) - (U) system that protects the body from disease and infection * ανοσοποιητικό σύστημα

detect (v) - discover, sense • *Police ~ed traces of gunpowder on the suspect's clothing.* >> detection (n), detectable (adj) ❖ ανακαλύπτω, διακρίνω, ανιχνεύω, εντοπίζω

- bacterial (adj) related to or caused by bacteria
 (i.e., small, often disease-carrying organisms)
 βακτηριακός, βακτηριδιακός
- ★ circulatory system (n phr) (U) system that moves blood through the body (heart, lungs, veins, arteries, etc.)
 ★ κυκλοφορικό σύστημα

tissue (n) - (C) (anatomy) group of similar cells that perform the same function • *If the cancer cells spread, they will affect healthy* ~ *elsewhere in the body.* ❖ ιστός.
: e.g., ~ *paper, a box of* ~*s*

crawl (v) - 1. move or progress slowly • *insects* ~, *traffic* ~s 2. (babies) move forward on hands and knees • *It's* natural for babies to ~ before they walk. \Rightarrow crawl (n), crawling (adj) • 1. έρπω, σέρνομαι 2. μπουσουλώ **invader** (n) - (C) sb/sth that **invades** (i.e., enters in large numbers, esp. to attack, cause damage, etc.) • *The well-trained* ~s crossed the border and easily gained control of the capital of the tiny nation. \Rightarrow invasion (n), invading (adj), invasive (adj) • εισβολέας

engulf (v) - surround sth so it is completely covered or hidden • *flames* ~ *a building, reporters* ~ *a movie star* ❖ τυλίγω, καταποντίζω, καταπίνω

Paragraph 2

roam (v) - wander, go from place with no fixed purpose • *They spent their first evening on the island* ~ing around the shops in the harbor. >> roaming (adj) •> περιπλανιέμαι, τριγυρίζω

* cancerous (adj) - affected by cancer > cancer (n)
 * καρκινωματώδης

prey (n) - (U) (always singular) animal that is hunted for food • *The eagle flew overhead, hunting for field mice and other small* ~. \Rightarrow prey on (phr v) \diamondsuit λεία, βορά, θήραμα

exude (v) - give out a liquid or smell • *glands* ~ *hormones* > exudation (n) ❖ εκκρίνω

proliferate (v) - grow rapidly in number, spread by multiplying • *Mosquitoes* ~ *in summertime. Our town is near a lake, and it seems like they're everywhere!* > proliferation (n), proliferating (adj) ❖ εξαπλώνομαι, αυξάνομαι

tumor (n) - (in U.K., tumour) (C) excess mass of cells in the body, a growth • Luckily, the ~ was benign and not malignant (i.e., cancerous). ❖ όγκος defective (adj) - not perfect, flawed, faulty • The company will give you a full refund if the equipment is ~. ➤ defect (n), defectively (adv) ❖ ελαττωματικός boost (v) - increase the strength, value, or number of sth • The president's visit ~ed the morale of the soldiers. ➤ booster (n), boost (n) ❖ αυξάνω, ενισχύω, ανεβάζω

Paragraph 3

fracture (n) - (C) a crack or break in a hard object or material, esp. in a bone • *People with osteoporosis run the risk of bone* $\sim s$. \rightarrow fracture (v), fractured (adj) \rightarrow κάταγμα, θλάση, σπάσιμο

hollow (adj) - empty, having nothing inside • *The* old tree had a ~ space in its trunk where a bird had made its nest. \gt hollow (n), hollowness (n), hollow out (v phr), hollowly (adv) \diamondsuit κούφιος, κοίλος. \square : e.g., a ~ promise, a ~ victory

slime (n) - (U) slippery, thick liquid substance • As it made its way across the floor, the snail left a trail of ~ behind it. > sliminess (n), slimy (adj), slimily (adv) ❖ γλίτσα

dissolve (v) - cause sth solid to become mixed with a liquid and disappear • Over the years the groundwater in the cave began to ~ the limestone walls. \gt dissolution (n), dissolved (adj), dissolvable (adj) • διαλύω

in concert (prep phr) - together, in cooperation
• The children play well ~ as they were taught to share from an early age. ❖ από κοινού

spur (v) - encourage to go forward or develop • Foreign investment ~s economic growth in an underdeveloped country. / Praise ~s a child to try harder. ❖ κεντρίζω, παρακινώ. □: e.g., ~ a horse in its sides

knit (v) - (for pieces of broken bone) grow together again • The bones of elderly people ~ more slowly after a fracture. ❖ θρέφω, συγκολλούμαι. □: e.g., ~ a sweater/scarf

fragment (n) - (C) small broken-off piece of sth • The museum display pieced together the ~s of pottery and animal bone that had been found at the ancient site. ➤ fragmentation (n), fragment (v), fragmented (adj), fragmentary (adj) ❖ θραύσμα, κομματάκι

crooked (adj) - twisted, bent, not straight • *The* boxer has had his nose broken several times, which is why it is so ~. > crookedness (n), crookedly (adv) ❖ στραβός. □: e.g., a ~ salesman/policeman



Paragraph 4

scraped (adj) - with the top layer of skin rubbed off
• Young children frequently come home with ~ elbows and knees. > scrape (n, v) ❖ γδαρμένος
exposed (adj) - open, unprotected • During a thunder and lightning storm you should avoid ~ positions such as out in the middle of a field. > exposure (n), expose (v) ❖ εκτεθειμένος

multi-layered (adj) - made up of more than one layer • *Elaborate wedding cakes are usually ~.* ❖ με παραπάνω από μία στρώση

Questions

- **113 C. primitive** (adj) (life forms) simple, crude, of or at an early stage of development *Imagine going back in time and living as a ~ caveman.* >> primitive (n), primitively (adv)
 - πρωτόγονος, αρχέγονος
 - **D. simultaneously** (adv) at the same time *The bombs went off* ~ *at three different locations.* >> simultaneity (n), simultaneous (adj) ❖ ταυτόχρονα
- 112 secrete (v) (body parts, plants) produce a liquid substance (e.g., hormones, sweat) The pancreas ~s insulin into the blood. / A tree ~s sap. ➤ secretion (n) ❖ εκκρίνω. □: e.g., ~ money in a secret hiding place

THIRD PASSAGE (page 75)

Paragraph 1

* nuclear overarmament (n phr) - (U) the state of having more nuclear weapons than is absolutely necessary * υπερβολικός πυρηνικός εξοπλισμός degradation (n) - (U) the state of becoming or making sth become damaged and poorer (e.g., because of the effects of pollution) • Over-industrialization has led to the ~ of the environment. >> degrade (v), degrading (adj), degraded (adj) * υποβάθμιση, εξαχρείωση.

□: e.g., the ~ of the human spirit

highlight (v) - emphasize, give special attention to • Our speaker tonight will ~ the changes that are being made in the school curriculum. >> highlight (n), highlighted (adj) ❖ τονίζω

potentially (adv) - possibly, having the capability of being or becoming in the future • *Simple household items like soap and bleach are* ~ *hazardous in the hands of children.* \succ potential (n, adj) • πιθανά, ενδεγομένως

absurd (adj) - illogical, ridiculous, nonsensical • *It's* ~ of him to think he will pass the exam without having opened a book the entire year. > absurdity (n), absurdly (adv) \diamond παράλογος, γελοίος

essence (n) - (U) the basic nature or character of sth • The artist has perfectly captured the ~ of the tranquil landscape. \gt essential (adj), essentially (adv) * ουσία complexity (n) - (U) the state of being complex (i.e., having many parts connected together in a particular way) • the ~ of a problem, the ~ of the structure of DNA \gt complex (adj), complexly (adv) * πολυπλοκότητα

efficiency (n) - (U) ability to perform well/effectively with a minimum of waste • His new secretary is a model of ~; she is quick and rarely makes mistakes. / The car is remarkable for its excellent fuel ~. > efficient (adj), efficiently (adv). Opp: inefficiency * αποτελεσματικότητα, αποδοτικότητα

Paragraph 2

prodigious (adj) - so great (in size, amount, or degree) as to cause admiration or surprise • the ~ appetite of a hungry teenager, the ~ dimensions of the Great Pyramids > prodigy (n), prodigiously (adv) εκπληκτικός, θαυμαστός, τεράστιος intellectual (adj) - related to the mind and its ability to understand and reason • A well-rounded education involves both moral and ~ training. > intellectual (n), intellect (n), intellectualize (v), intellectually (adv) 💠 διανοητικός, πνευματικός **faculty** (n) - (C) power, ability (e.g., of the mind or body) • Sadly, the 90-year-old man is losing his ~ies; his memory is failing as is his ability to walk. **◊** ικανότητα, δύναμη. 🕮: e.g., the ~ of a school/university **probe** (v) - explore or examine a place that is difficult to reach • The surgeon ~d the wound to see how deep the bullet had penetrated. / The president has asked the committee to ~ the scandal. > probe (n) ❖ ερευνώ βαθιά, εξερευνώ

finite (adj) - definite and limited in size or extent, not infinite • Our supply of fossil fuel is ~ and is quickly being used up. / The distance from here to the sun is ~ and measurable. > finiteness (n), finitely (adv). Opp: infinite (adj) ❖ πεπερασμένος, περιορισμένος

resource (n) - (C - usually plural) sth that can be used as a means of help or support • the earth's natural \sim s, a person's financial/mental \sim s \diamond πόροι

ancestor (n) - (C) relative from a past generation, forefather • His parents were born in the U.S.A., but his great grandparents and other ~s were Russian. > ancestral (adj) • πρόγονος onus (n) - (U) serious or weighty responsibility • The ~ of supporting a family is something that not everyone handles well. > onerous (adj) • ευθύνη, (μετ) βάρος

awesome (adj) - inspiring awe (i.e., a sense of wonder mixed with fear) • I shiver every time I think of the ~ devastation that a nuclear explosion can cause. > awe (n, v) ❖ επιβλητικός, που προκαλεί δέος concession (n) - (C) special right, privilege, or allowance, sometimes given to sb to end an argument or conflict • a government refuses to make ~s to terrorist demands, a foreign company is granted a ~ to drill for oil in another company > concede (v) ❖ παραχώρηση, δικαίωμα εκμετάλλευσης destined (pp) - determined/arranged in advance (e.g., by nature or fate) • Everyone said the beautiful child was ~ to become a model or actress. > destiny (n) ❖ προορισμένος

Paragraph 3

context (n) - (C) the general situation or circumstances that relates to an idea, event, etc. • *His poor grades* are understandable when seen in the ~ of his parents' recent divorce. ➤ contextual (adj), contextually (adv) ❖ γενικό πλαίσιο

hostile (adj) - threatening, harsh, unfavorable to life, health, or development • *The desert is a ~ environment in which only the sturdiest of life forms can survive.* \Rightarrow hostility (n), hostilely (adv) \diamondsuit εχθρικός. \square : e.g., $a \sim look$, $a \sim co-worker$

advent (of) (n) - (U) arrival of sth important, the act of coming into existence for the first time • the ~ of spring, the ~ of a cure for cancer, the ~ of the computer \div έλευση, ερχομός

formidable (adj) - powerful, impressive and somewhat frightening • *The* ~ *team has won 20 games in a row.* > formidability (n), formidably (adv) ❖ τρομερός

call (sth) into question (v phr) - raise or make people have doubts about sth • *The accusations in the press have* ~ *the politician's honesty* ~. ❖ θέτω κτ υπό αμφισβήτηση

viability (n) - (U) the possibility of succeeding or of continuing to survive • *the* ~ *of a plan or a business, the* ~ *of a fetus* ≫ viable (adj), viably (adv)

βιωσιμότητα, ικανότητα

fundamental (adj) - basic, essential • *Honesty and openness are the* ~ *elements of a good marriage.* >> fundamental (n), fundamentally (adv) ❖ θεμελιώδης, βασικός

doomed (pp) → be ~ (to do sth) (v phr) - be certain to experience or suffer sth unpleasant • The quickly conceived plan was ~ to failure. / The murderer was ~ to spend the rest of his life in prison. >> doom (n, v) ❖ είμαι καταδικασμένος

Paragraph 4

implication (n) - (C) a likely result or consequence • He failed to consider the wider ~s of his actions. >> implicate (v) ❖ συνέπεια, επίπτωση. □: e.g., ~ in a crime, ~ that sb is lying

dimensions (pl n) - size, extent • *The carpenter measured the ~s of the room so he knew how big to make the cabinet.* > dimensional (adj) • μέγεθος, διαστάσεις

harbor (v) - shelter and protect • *It is a crime to ~ a known criminal from law officers.* > harbor (n) **⋄** προστατεύω, δίνω άσυλο

radioactive (adj) - sending out powerful and dangerous rays • ~ fallout from a nuclear explosion > radioactivity (n) ❖ ραδιενεργός

debris (n) - (U - (singular, but plural in meaning) scattered pieces of sth that has been destroyed • After the World Trade Center was destroyed, wrecking crews took several months to remove all the ~ from the area. ❖ συντρίμματα, χαλάσματα

VOCABULARY ENHANCEMENT (pages 78-79)

Let There Be Light

A Shedding Light on "Light" Words (page 76)

Send out a steady stream of light

shine - shone - shone (irreg v) - give off light • *The sun ~s brightly. / Her eyes are ~ing with joy.* > shine (n), shining (adj) • (έv ς .1-2) λάμπω. \square : e.g., ~ *your shoes, ~ in conversation*

beam (v) - 1. send out light and warmth, often in rays (or **beams**) • *The sun* ~*s down*. 2. smile broadly • *The child's face* ~*s with joy whenever her father comes home.* • 1. ακτινοβολώ 2. λάμπω

radiate (v) - 1. (lit) send out or come out in rays (e.g., heat or light) • The sun ~s heat and light. / Heat and light ~ from the sun. 2. (fig) give forth a feeling of something (usually positive) • The job candidate ~d confidence as she walked into the room. >> radiation (n), radiator (n), radiant (adj), radiantly (adv)

 1. (θερμότητα) εκπέμπω/-ομαι, (φως) ακτινοβολώ/ούμαι 2. (μετ) εκπέμπω, ακτινοβολώ

glow - (v) (lit/fig) shine with a soft, steady, warm light • (lit) *Coals* ~ *in a fire.* / (fig) A person ~s with health or pride. > glow (n), glowing (adj), aglow (pred adj), glowingly (adv) ❖ λάμπω (με μαλακό, σταθερό φως), πυρακτώνομαι (σαν αναμμένα κάρβουνα) **phosphoresce** (v) - (formal, technical, rarer than

phosphoresce (v) - (formal, technical, rarer than other "light" verbs) glow faintly, coolly without emitting a flame or noticeable heat • *The full moon* ~*d on the horizon, giving off a ghostly glow.* >> phosphorescence (n), phosphorescent (adj) ❖ φωσφορίζω

illuminate (v) - 1. shine light on something; light something up • A single, bare light bulb ~d the room.

2. (fig) shed light on sth; explain so sth is easier to understand. • His lecture really ~d the dangers of global warming for me. ➤ illumination (n), (un) illuminating (adj), (un)illuminated (adj) ❖ 1. φωτίζω

2. διασαφηνίζω, διευκρινίζω

Shine suddenly and briefly

flash (v) - give off a sudden, brief, bright light • Lightning ~ed and then the sky went dark. / (fig) An idea ~ed through his mind. » flash (n), flashing (adj) ❖ αστράφτω

flare (v) - burst into sudden bright light that soon dims • (lit) A match \sim d in the dark. / (fig) His eyes \sim d with anger. \succ flare (n), flaring (adj) • (κυρ) τρεμοκαίω, αστράφτω, (μετ) φουντώνω. \square : e.g., \sim up in anger, (n) have a \sim for music

glint (v) - give off a short, bright reflection of light • The knife blade ~ed in the strong sunlight. / The rippled surface of the river ~ed in the strong sunlight. > glint (n) ❖ σπιθίζω, αστράφτω

Shine brightly with reflected light

gleam (v) - reflect light steadily and brightly (usually off a smooth, clean surface) • *The new, freshly*



washed car ~ed in the sun. / Her teeth were ~ing after a routine trip to the dentist. > gleam (n), gleaming (adj), gleamingly (adv) \diamondsuit λάμπω, ακτινοβολώ, αστράφτω

sparkle (v) - shine with short, bright flashes of light • Her eyes ~ with happiness whenever she looks at the sparkling diamond ring he gave her. \succ sparkle (n), sparkling (adj) * σπινθηροβολώ, σπιθίζω **glitter** (v) - shine with a sparkling, flashing light • The sequined gowns of the actresses ~ed as they walked down the red carpet. / "All that ~s is not gold' is one of Shakespeare's most well-known lines. \succ glitter (n), glittering (adj) * λάμπω, ακτινοβολώ **glisten** (v) - reflect light (usually off a wet surface)

• The wet grass \sim ed in the sun. > glistening (adj)

λαμποκοπώ, γυαλίζω

Shine softly and unsteadily

twinkle (v) - shine with a light that changes constantly from bright to faint • The lights of the city ~d in the distance. / On a clear night, you can see stars ~ing in the sky. / The old man's eyes ~d with joy. >> twinkle (n), twinkling (adj) • τρεμολάμπω, λαμπυρίζω, τρεμοπαίζω

shimmer (v) - (similar to glimmer) shine with a faint unsteady light • The surface of the lake ~ed in the moonlight. ➤ shimmer (n), shimmering (adj) ❖ λαμπυρίζω, σπινθηροβολώ. Note: shimmer can also mean "appear to shake slightly"; e.g., a sidewalk may shimmer in the hot summer heat (but it does not alimmer).

flicker (v) - shine on and off, weakly and unsteadily
• A candle ~s in the wind. / Lights ~ before a blackout. / Shadows ~ on a wall. ≫ flicker (n), flickering (adj)
• τρεμοσβήνω, τρεμοπαίζω

Shine with a light that is hard to look at

dazzle (v) -1. (lit) shine brightly, confusing sb and making it hard for them to see • *The car headlights* ~*d us.* 2. (fig) impress, surprise or delight sb greatly (e.g., with one's talents, abilities) • *The magician* ~*d the children with his amazing tricks.* \succ dazzled (adj), dazzling (adj) • 1. (κυρ) θαμπώνω 2. (μετ) θαμπώνω, καταπλήσσω

glare (v) - shine with a harsh, unpleasant light • *The desert sun ~d in the mid-day sky.* \Rightarrow glare (n), glaring (adj), glaringly (adv) • λάμπω εκτυφλωτικά \square : e.g., ~ at sb in anger

C Enlighten Me, Please

elucidate (v) - explain, make clear • If you don't understand, I'll be happy to ~ with examples. > elucidation (n) ❖ διασαφηνίζω, φωτίζω, διευκρινίζω illustrate (v) - 1. draw pictures for or include pictures, photographs, charts, etc., in a book or magazine • The famous artist has been asked to ~ a series of children's books. 2. explain or make clear by using examples (similar to elucidate) • Sometimes a simple picture or diagram can ~ a point better than words can. > illustration (n), illustrative (adj) ❖ 1. εικονογραφώ 2. επεξηγώ, διευκρινίζω

highlight (v) - emphasize, give special attention to • Our speaker tonight will ~ the changes that are being made in the school curriculum. > highlight (n), highlighted (adj) ❖ τονίζω

highlighted (adj) - (hair) with light streaks of color dyed into it • *If you ask me,* ~ *hair looks great for a while, but then it looks awful when the streaks begin to grow out and your natural color starts to show through.* ❖ (μαλλιά) με ανταύγειες

lustrous (adj) - smooth and shiny • ~ hair, ~ pearls, a cat with a ~ coat > luster (n), lustrously (adv) ❖ στιλπνός, λαμπερός

luminous (adj) - that glows in the dark, phosphorescent • a wristwatch with a ~ dial > luminosity (n), luminously (adv) ❖ φωσφορίζων **illustrated** (adj) - containing illustrations (e.g., drawings, photographs) • Most children believe that ~ textbooks are more interesting than books with no drawings or photos. > illustration (n), illustrate (v), illustrative (adj), illustratively (adv) ❖ εικονογραφημένος

illustrious (adj) - well-known, respected, distinguished • The graduation speech was given by an ~ Nobel Prize winner. > illustriousness (n), illustriously (adv) ❖ επιφανής, διάσημος illuminating (adj) - revealing, helping us see things in a new light • Thanks to the professor's ~ lecture, I

in a new light • Thanks to the professor's ~ lecture, I now understand what's really behind global warming. ⇒ illumination (n), illuminate (v), illuminated (adj).

Opp: unilluminating ❖ διαφωτιστικός

lucid (adj) - 1. (of people) clear-headed, rational

• Surgical patients are always groggy when they come out of the anesthetic; it takes an hour or so for them to become ~ again. 2. (of ideas, thoughts, etc.) clear, well-thought-out, easily understood • To be useful, a science textbook must contain ~ explanations that non-expert readers can understand. ➤ lucidity (n), lucidly (adv) ❖ 1. με καθαρή σκέψη, λογικός, διαυγής 2. καθαρός, ευκολονόητος, σαφής, ευνόητος

D "Light" Idioms

light of (sb's) life (idm) - be (somebody's) most special person • Her grandfather was the ~ her ~. ❖ το φως (μου), το φως της ζωής (μου) go out like a light (idm) - fall asleep immediately • I'm so exhausted I'm sure I'll ~ as soon as my head hits the pillow. ❖ αποκοιμιέμαι μονομιάς give the green light (to sb/sth) (idm) - (also give sb the green light) give permission for sb to do sth, say that sth can begin • If the managers ~ to my plan, we can start work tomorrow. ❖ δίνω το πράσινο φως σε

light years (pl n) → **be ~ away (from sth)** (idm) - be a very long way from something • *The world still seems like it's ~ away from becoming a peaceful place.* ❖ έτη φωτός μακριά

come to light (idm) - become known, be made public • *If his involvement in the scandal should ~, his political career is over.* ❖ έρχομαι στο φως

see light at the end of the tunnel (idm) - feel relief that something is about to end • I'm almost finished with the annual report! After two months of hard work, I can finally ~. ❖ βλέπω φως στην άκρη του τούνελ

see the light (idm) - understand the truth • After he told me the full story, I finally began to ~. • βλέπω το φως

trip the light fantastic (idm) - (rather dated, old-fashioned) go dancing in high style • *My grandparents* are going to ~ for their anniversary. They're going dancing at the ballroom where Grandpa proposed to her 49 years ago! ❖ χορεύω σε αίθουσα χορού κοινωνικούς χορούς (όπως βαλς, τανγκό, φοξ-τροτ κλπ)



Practice Test 4

LISTENING (pages 83-89)

PART 1 (pages 83-84)

Transcript

- standstill (n) → be at/come to a (total) ~ (idm) be or come to a complete stop • Without further money, the project will come to a ~; we cannot proceed. είμαι ακινητοποιημένος, είμαι σταματημένος
- **gloomy** (adj) dark, depressing, dismal The economic outlook for the next few years is ~, to say the least. / It was such a ~ day that we decided to postpone our excursion. > gloom (n), gloomily (adv) ♦ θλιβερός

bottom line (n phr) - (C) (corporate accounting) total amount of money a company has made or lost over a particular period of time • Difficult economic conditions have had a negative effect on the company's ~ this year. � η τελική οικονομική απόδοση

cutback (n) - (C) reduction in the amount of sth • The boss says he's going to have to make ~s. That means projects will be canceled and some of us will lose our jobs. > cut back (phr v) ❖ μείωση, περικοπή bankruptcy (n) → declare ~ (v phr) - (similar to go **bankrupt**) be forced to go out of business because of inability to pay one's debts • I'm shocked. Last year the company made a huge profit. Today, the boss is saying he may have to declare ~. > bankrupt (adj) 💠 πτωχεύω, χρεοκοπώ

- **10 hold water** (idm) (informal often in the negative) seem to be valid, true, or logical • We've studied his findings but his recommendations don't seem to ~. The boss wants us to hire another consultant. στέκει, ισχύει, είναι λογικό ή αληθινό
- 15 shop (n) (C) (cars: short for workshop) place where cars are repaired • I'm taking the car into the ~ today to have it inspected. Let me know if the mechanic calls. συνεργείο, γκαράζ

PART 3 (pages 88-89)

FIRST SEGMENT (page 88)

Transcript

emission (n) - (C) sth emitted or sent out into the air (e.g., gas, light, heat, matter) • Strict clean-air laws have been passed to reduce the toxic ~s from cars and factories. \Rightarrow emit (v) \diamondsuit εκπομπή (αερίου, φωτός κλπ) coin (v) - (of words, phrases, expressions) invent or devise • Our teacher likes to ~ phrases to help us learn new vocabulary: for example, a well-educated, culture*loving farmer is a "cultivated cultivator."* > coin (n) πλάθω νέα λέξη, έκφραση κλπ curb (v) - control, restrain • Eating plenty of fruits and salads helps ~ your appetite when you're dieting.

💠 συγκρατώ, χαλιναγωγώ

dairy (adj) - (C) 1. product containing or made from milk • Cheese is a ~ product. 2. concerned or related to the production of milk • a ~ farm/farmer > dairy (n) ♦ (ένς.1-2) γαλακτοκομικός

assessment (n) - (C/U) evaluation or judgment about the quality, value, or worth of sth • *The teacher's* ~ was that the class had made excellent progress. ➤ assessor (n), assess (v), assessed (adj) & αξιολόγηση consume (v) - eat or drink • It's amazing that he's so thin given the huge amounts of food he ~s. >> consumption (n), consumer (n), consumable (adj) ❖ καταναλώνω, καταβροχθίζω. 🕮: e.g., ~ energy, goods, or a service

perspective (n) - 1. (C/U) way of looking at sth, point of view, attitude, outlook • Westerners who experience the difficulties of life in a developing country often return home with a different ~. 2. put (sth) in ~ (v phr) - to show things in a way that helps sb better understand the significance of sth • *I know you think* losing your job is the end of the world, but let's put things in ~: you're healthy, and you have a roof over your head and money in the bank. ❖ 1. άποψη 2. βάζω (κτ) στη σωστή όψη/στο σωστό αλληλοσυσχετισμό

eve-opening (adj) - surprising and unexpected, revealing • If you still have doubts about global warming, you should see the new documentary. *It's quite ~.* > eye-opener (n) ❖ αποκαλυπτικός, διαφωτιστικός, που (μου) ανοίγει τα μάτια shift (n) - (C) change in direction, movement from one place or position to another • a ~ in the wind, a ~ in political power (from one party to another) > shift (v), shifting (adj) 💠 αλλαγή, μεταβολή, μετατόπιση discredit (v) - show that sb/sth (e.g., a theory or evidence) is wrong or untrue • The lawyer did his best to ~ the witness and her testimony. > discredited (adj), discrediting (adj) 💠 αμφισβητώ, θέτω υπό αμφισβήτηση

comprehensive (adj) - complete, wide-ranging, including all or nearly all elements of sth • She preferred that particular newspaper for its ~ coverage of world affairs. ➤ comprehensiveness (n), comprehensively (adv) ❖ περιεκτικός impact (n) - (C) strong effect or influence • Renewed terrorism in the area is bound to have a negative ~ on tourism. > impact (v) ❖ επίδραση, αντίκτυπος. : e.g., the ~ of a crash, a meteorite ~

fossil fuel (n phr) - (C) fuel produced by the very slow decaying of animals or plants over millions of years • Examples of ~s include coal, petroleum, and natural gas. ❖ ορυκτό καύσιμο

fertilizer (n) - (C) substance that enriches the soil and helps plants grow • Organic vegetables are grown without pesticides and artificial ~s. > fertilization (n), fertilize (v), fertilized (adj) ❖ λίπασμα

SECOND SEGMENT (page 89)

Transcript

* glacial (adj) - related to or resulting from a glacier (i.e., a large mass of ice that moves slowly down a mountain valley) * παγετώδης

chunk (n) - (C) thick, large piece that has been cut or broken off of sth larger • *The recipe says to cut the meat into 8 large ~s.* > chunky (adj) ❖ μεγάλο κομμάτι

remote (adj) - (of places) far away from cities or other centers of population, difficult to get to • *The young boy dreamed of being an explorer and traveling to the ~ corners of the planet.* \Rightarrow remoteness (n), remotely (adv) • απομακρυσμένος. \square : e.g., ~ *control, a ~ smile*

- fissure (n) (C) deep crack, esp. in the rock or ground
 ρωγμή, σχισμή, χαραμάδα
- *** tremor** (n) (C) (of the ground) moving or shaking > tremble (v) ***** (σεισμική) δόνηση
- ★ **outlet** (n) (C) means by which sth (e.g., gas or water) escapes ❖ έξοδος. □: e.g., an ~ for one's emotions, an electrical ~, a shopping ~
- * dam (n) (C) large wall built across a river to keep back water > dam (v) * φράγμα
- ★ **sediment** (n) (C/U) solid material that settles to the bottom of a liquid ❖ κατακάθι, ίζημα
- * **moraine** (n) (C) mass of ice, rock, and sediment carried by a glacier and left at its edges as it moves down a mountain * κορήματα από παγετώνα, έρμαξ
- avalanche (n) (C) large amount of snow, rock, or ice that suddenly slides down a mountain
 χιονοστιβάδα, κατολίσθηση
 burst burst (irreg v) break or explode

burst - burst (irreg v) - break or explode because of pressure from the inside • *We all jumped when the balloon* ~ *without warning.* • σπάζω, σκάω **capacity** (n) - (U) ability to hold or contain sth

• The seating ~ of the new stadium is 10,000.

χωρητικότητα.
 : e.g., a child's ~ for love, an adult's intellectual ~

READING: CLOZE (page 92)

FIRST PASSAGE

Lead-in and Paragraph 1

hybrid (n) - (C) sth that results from combining two different species or elements into sth unique; similar to **cross** or **crossbreed** • When you mate a horse and a donkey, you get a common ~ known as the mule. / She loves her new car. It's a ~ that combines a battery-driven engine with a conventional gasoline engine. > hybrid (adj) \diamondsuit υβρίδιο

mating (ger) - (animals) the act of a male and female animal coming together to produce young; similar to breeding and reproducing • Some animals precede ~ with a complex series of gestures, sounds, and movements resembling a strange dance. ➤ mate (n, v), mating (adj) ❖ ζευγάρωμα, αναπαραγωγή

mane (n) - (C) long line of hair around the face of a lion or running down the neck of a horse • The aging symphony conductor's hair was so long that it looked like a horse's flowing white ~. ❖ χαίτη sleek (adj) - smooth and shiny; also, long and slim • Cats lick themselves to keep their fur clean and ~. / The cheetah's ~ body is perfectly adapted for speed. > sleekness (n), sleekly (adv) ❖ στιλπνός, λείος heft (n) - (U) great weight or bulk • A full-grown hippo can weigh between 1,000 and 3,600 kilos, but it's hard to imagine the animal's ~ until you've seen one up

Paragraph 2

βάρος

agility (n) - (U) ability to move quickly and easily
• The young gymnast displayed amazing ~ as he performed the difficult routine. > agile (adj), agilely (adv) ❖ ευκινησία, σβελτάδα

close. > heft (v), hefty (adj) ❖ όγκος, πολύ μεγάλο

sterile (adj) - (of animals, humans, and plants) unable to reproduce • *If a horse and a donkey mate, the resulting mule is* ~ *and will not be able to produce young.* \Rightarrow sterility (n) \diamondsuit στείρος. \square : e.g., $a \sim syringe$, $a \sim atmosphere$

cross (n) - (C) a breed that is produced by mixing two or more different breeds of plant or animal • *A mule is a* ~ between a horse and a donkey. \diamondsuit διασταύρωση. \square : e.g., $a \sim$ to bear, sign your name with $a \sim$

breeding (ger) - same as **mating** (see second entry under **Lead-in and Paragraph 1**)

elite (adj) - choice, select • *Harvard, Yale, and*Princeton are among the most ~ universities in the United States. ❖ εκλεκτός, επίλεκτος

Paragraph 3

evolution (n) - (U) (biology) the slow development of plants and animals over many generations • human ~, Darwin's theory of ~ > evolve (v), evolving (adj), evolved (adj) ❖ εξέλιξη. □: e.g., the ~ of an idea maintain (that) (v) - claim, assert, argue • The president and his supporters ~ that it is time to change the tax laws. > maintenance (n) ❖ ισχυρίζομαι, υποστηρίζω (με επιχείρημα). □: e.g., ~ a car, ~ prices at the same level

unleash (v) - (used passively in text) release sth powerful or destructive • A nuclear reaction ~es huge amounts of energy. / A politician's speech ~es strong feeling. ❖ αποδεσμεύω, απελευθερώνω. □: e.g., ~ a dog

integrity (n) - (U) the state of being whole and undamaged • *the* ~ *of scientific inquiry, the* ~ *of a species* ❖ ακεραιότητα, αρτιότητα

Choices

- **A. mate** (n) (C) animal with which another animal produces young *The swan's* ~ *died last year, and he's been alone ever since.* ➤ mate (v) ❖ ταίρι
 - **B. offspring** (n) (C, but does not add -s in the plural) the young of an animal or human a mother cat protects her ~; a couple without ~ leaves their money to charity ❖ απόγονος/-οι, βλαστάρι/-ια



- **C. sibling** (n) (C) brother or sister *As an only child,* he has always wondered what it would have been like to have grown up with a ~. ❖ αδελφός /αδελφή
- D. ancestor (n) (C) family member of a past generation; sb from whom a person is descended He claims that one of his ~s came to the New World in the early 1700s. ➤ ancestry (n), ancestral (adj) ❖ πρόγονος
- A. successively (adv) consecutively, one after the other The team has won ten games ~, without a single loss. > succession (n), successive (adj)
 ❖ διαδοχικά
 - B. subsequently (adv) at a later time, afterwards
 Originally published in English, the popular novel was ~ translated into five other languages.
 ❖ κατόπιν, αργότερα, στη συνέχεια
 - C. alternatively (adv) as an alternative, instead
 We can drive to Florida or, ~, we can go by train.
 * εναλλακτικά

SECOND PASSAGE

Paragraph 1

conventional wisdom (n phr) - (U) ideas and beliefs that are generally accepted by a large number of people • *The interesting thing about* ~ *is that, according to the experts, it frequently turns out to be wrong!* ❖ συμβατική σοφία, συμβατική άποψη, θυμοσοφία

dictate (v) - influence the outcome of sth, determine sth • The amount of money we have in the bank will ~ the type of car we buy. \clubsuit καθορίζω. \square : e.g., ~ a letter to a secretary

Paragraph 3

maximize (v) - (in UK: maximise) increase (sth) as much as possible • If you want to ~ your chances of getting a good grade on the final exam, I suggest you start reviewing several weeks before. ➤ maximum (n, adj), maximally (adv) ❖ μεγιστοποιώ, αυξάνω στο μέγιστο βαθμό

subjective (adj) - based on personal taste or opinion
• The editor instructed the reporter to write a factual article free of ~ observations. > subjectivity (n), subjectively (adv). Opp: objective ❖ υποκειμενικός well-being (n) - (U) feeling of being healthy, happy, and comfortable • As a mother, her main concern was the physical and emotional ~ of her children. ❖ ευημερία

dip (v) - drop, fall, become lower • *Stock values are* expected to ~ over the next month, but analysts believe that the decline will be temporary. > dip (in sth) (n) • πέφτω, κατεβαίνω

overall (adv) - on the whole, generally • *O*~, the class has made excellent progress, though a few of you could have worked harder. ❖ γενικά

crucial (adj) - extremely important, critical, urgent • The president is faced with making a ~ decision that affects national security. / Tomorrow's game is a ~ match that will determine which team enters the finals. \gt crucially (adv) & κρίσιμος, αποφασιστικός

aspect (n) - (C) part, feature, characteristic • *The best* ~ *of the job is that it is well paid.* ❖ πλευρά, χαρακτηριστικό γνώρισμα

Choices

- 78 D. bottom (n) → get to the ~ of sth (idm) (informal) figure sth out The police chief has sworn that he will get to the ~ of the horrible crime. ❖ βρίσκω άκρη
- 79 A. at random (prep phr) by chance, without any plan, system, or pattern Not knowing anything about cell phones, he bought one ~. ❖ στα τυφλά, στην τύχη, στα κουτουρού

READING: VOCABULARY (pages 93-94)

- **87 expansion** (n) (U/C) the action or an act of becoming or making sth become greater in size, number, or importance *the* ~ *of a business, the* ~ *of England's colonial empire, the* ~ *of metals/gases when heated* ❖ επέκταση, διαστολή
 - A. contingent (adj) → be ~ on (v phr) be dependent on sth else that may or may not happen Our plans are ~ on the weather. > contingency (n)
 ❖ εξαρτώμαι από

 - C. conspicuous (adj) easily seen or noticed, attracting attention • a shoplifter's ~ behavior, a ~ nose/scar > conspicuously (adj) ❖ περίβλεπτος, καταφανής
 - **D. conceivable** (adj) believable, able to be imagined or thought of *It is* ~ *that the peace mission will succeed; at least that's what everyone hopes.* > conceive (v), conceivably (adv). Opp: inconceivable ❖ νοητός, πιθανός, δυνατός
- A. setback (n) (C) a delay in or obstacle to progress
 The scandal proved to be a major ~ in his career.
 He was forced to resign and has not been able to find a new position. ❖ αναποδιά
 - B. backdrop (n) (C) (fig) the background or setting of an event, which helps to explain its origins The rise of terrorism in Europe must be viewed against the ~ of political developments in the Middle East over the past twenty or thirty years. ❖ (μετ) φόντο
 - C. comeback (n) (C) recovery, return to full strength or activity after a period of being out of fashion or inactive The actor's new hit proves that his ~ has been successful. / The patient almost died, but thanks to the doctors, he has made a miraculous ~. ❖ επάνοδος (π.χ., στην δημοτικότητα, στην υγεία)
 - D. downfall (n) (C) sth (e.g., an event or circumstance) that causes sb to fall from a position of wealth, advantage, power Alcoholism was his ~. He lost everything because of it: family, job, and friends. * πτώση, καταστροφή

- A. chuckle (v) laugh quietly What are you two ~ing about? Did I miss something funny? >> chuckle (n)
 ❖ γελώ από μέσα μου, καγχάζω
 - **B. pant** (v) take short, quick breaths of air *As the marathon runners crossed the finish line, they were ~ing for air.* > pant (n), panting (adj) ❖ λαχανιάζω
 - **C. sob** (v) cry noisily, as if gasping for air When her puppy died, the little girl ~bed so uncontrollably that we couldn't tell if she was crying or having trouble breathing. > sob (n) ❖ κλαίω με λυγμούς
 - D. exaggerate (v) overstate, make sth seem larger or more important than it really is The media have a tendency to ~ the importance of every small event. > exaggeration (n), exaggerated (adj)
 ❖ υπερβάλλω
- 90 A. unfaltering (adj) untiring, determined After
 35 years of ~ dedication to the education of her
 students, the teacher has decided to retire.
 > unfalteringly (adv) ❖ σταθερός, ακλόνητος
 - **B. uneasy** (adj) anxious, troubled, nervous *It* always makes her feel ~ when the phone rings at 3 a.m. > uneasiness (n), uneasily (adv) ❖ ανήσυχος, ταραγμένος
 - C. unfathomable (adj) that cannot be understood or explained (i.e., incomprehensible, inexplicable)
 For some ~ reason, he believes that he is always right even when he is clearly wrong! > unfathomably (adv) ❖ ακατανόητος, αδιανόητος, μυστηριώδης
 - **D. unattended** (adj) (of things) with the owner not present *If you see an* ~ *backpack or suitcase, report it to the security guards immediately. It might be a bomb!* > Opp: attended ❖ ασυνόδευτος
- **91 A. carry out** (phr v) perform, execute, put into practice *The plan will succeed if you* ~ *his orders to the letter.* ❖ εκτελώ
 - D. speak out (phr v) express one's opinion clearly and boldly At the Town Hall meeting this week concerned residents plan to ~ against the building of a nuclear reactor in the area. μιλώ καθαρά και ξάστερα. Note: the verb speak is irregular: speak spoke spoken.
 - **B. measure out** (phr v) prepare a portion of sth (e.g., by weighing it or otherwise figuring out how much to give or use) *I find it easier to* ~ *the flour and other ingredients before I begin making the cake.* ❖ μετρώ
 - C. spell out (phr v) (fig) explain carefully or simply
 The baby-sitter asked the parents to ~ exactly what the children were allowed and not allowed to do.
 ★ εξηγώ καθαρά ή λεπτομερώς. : e.g., (lit) ~ one's name
- 92 A. comply (with sth) (v) obey or act in accordance with, meet or fulfill sth (e.g., standards, conditions)
 Employees who do not ~ with the company's rules will be dismissed. / The factory's outdated equipment does not ~ with current clean-air

- standards. >> compliance (n), compliant (adj), compliantly (adv) ❖ συμμορφώνομαι, πληρώ
- **B. wrestle (with sth/sb)** (v) fight, struggle, come to grips with sb/sth ~ with an attacker, ~ with a difficult problem > wrestling (n) ❖ παλεύω, βασανίζομαι (π.χ., με προβλήματα)
- C. experiment (with sth) (v) conduct a test (or experiment) in order to study what happens In the early 1750s the American inventor Benjamin Franklin ~ed with kites to study electricity in the atmosphere. ➤ experiment (n), experimentation (n), experimental (adj), experimentally (adv) ❖ πειραματίζομαι
- D. collaborate (with sb) (on sth) (v) work together
 The two scientists work well together and have ~d on several research projects. > collaboration (n), collaborator (n), collaborative (adj), collaboratively (adv) ❖ συνεργάζομαι
- **93 A. convene** (v) come/bring together for a meeting The conference will ~ promptly at 9 a.m, so please be here on time. > convention (n) ❖ (για συνέλευση κλπ) συνέρχομαι, συγκαλώ/-ούμαι
 - B. apportion (v) divide or share sth among several people, give a share of sth to sb When the rich man died, his land was ~ed between his two sons.
 διανέμω, κατανέμω, μοιράζω
 - **C. donate** (v) give sth, esp. money, to a person or organization in order to help them ~ money for breast cancer research, ~ time to a volunteer organization > donor (n), donation (n) ❖ δωρίζω, γαρίζω
 - **D. distribute** (v) give or pass sth out to a number of people *To earn extra money, the teenagers* ~d supermarket fliers in their neighborhood. >> distribution (n) ❖ μοιράζω, διανέμω
- 94 A. detour (n) (C) road or longer route that is used when the main or direct road cannot be traveled (e.g., due to a traffic jam or road works) or because you want to see or do sth along the way take a ~ due to road construction, make a ~ to see a famous sight >> detour (v) ❖ παράκαμψη
 - B. standstill (n) → be at/come to a (total) ~ (idm) be or come to a complete stop Without further money, the project will come to a ~; we cannot proceed.
 ❖ είμαι ακινητοποιημένος, είμαι σταματημένος
 - **C. roadblock** (n) (C) temporary wall or wooden barrier that police put across a road to stop traffic so they can search cars as they pass by. *Police have put up* ~s in the area, so the bank robbers won't be able to escape by car. ❖ οδόφραγμα
 - D. bottleneck (n) (C) place where traffic or progress is forced to slow down or stop Construction on the highway means that only 3 out of 6 lanes are open; this creates a ~ that will delay traffic indefinitely until the work is finished.
 ψμποτιλιάρισμα



- **95 Note:** the verb **take** in the following entries is irregular: **take took taken**.
 - A. take in (sth) (phr v) (information, knowledge) absorb, comprehend, allow to enter one's mind We saw so many things on the sight-seeing tour that it was hard to ~ everything ~. * αντιλαμβάνομαι, κατανοώ, πιάνω, αφομοιώνω. : e.g., ~ sb ~
 - B. take to (phr v) 1. take to (sth) like sth/sb right away He's never played golf before, but I'm sure he'll ~ the game quickly as he's good at sports.
 2. has/have taken to (doing sth) begin doing sth as a habit I'm worried about him. He ~ staying out late and not doing his homework. ❖ 1. μου αρέσει κτ/κπ αμέσως 2. το ρίχνω σε κτ
 - C. take up (sth) (phr v) 1. start to play sth (e.g., a sport or a musical instrument), start to do sth new (e.g., a new hobby or activity) Now that all her children are in school, she's decided to ~ photography in her spare time. 2. (time, space) occupy Big pieces of furniture ~ too much space. / Children ~ a lot of their parents' time. 3. (for subjects, topics) raise for discussion If you think you've been treated unfairly, you'll have to ~ the matter with the director.
 \$ 1. (αρχίζω να) απασχολούμαι με κτ 2. παίρνω (χρόνο), καταλαμβάνω (χώρο) 3. θέτω (ένα ζήτημα) υπό συζήτηση
 - D. take on (sth) (phr v) accept/agree to do sth (e.g., work, responsibility) They're under a lot of stress at work as they always ~ more responsibility than one company can possibly handle. ❖ αναλαμβάνω, παίρνω κτ επάνω μου
- A. stagnant (adj) (of water) not flowing or moving and usually unpleasant smelling The farmer decided to drain the ~ pond on his property. >> stagnation (n)
 ❖ στάσιμος, που λιμνάζει
 - B. oppressive (adj) 1. cruel or unfair an ~ military regime, ~ laws/measures 2. hard to bear or tolerate
 The heat was so ~ today that we stayed inside.
 > oppression (n), oppress (v), oppressed (adj)
 ❖ 1. καταπιεστικός 2. αποπνικτικός, καταθλιπτικός
 - C. discernible (adj) able to be seen or recognized ships that are barely ~ in the distance, ~ wrinkles on an old woman's face > discern (v), discernibly (adv).
 Opp: indiscernible ❖ ευδιάκριτος, ορατός
 - D. muggy (adj) (weather) unpleasantly warm and humid • It's such a ~ day that you can almost feel the water vapor in the air. > mugginess (n) ❖ ζεστός και υγρός, αποπνικτικός
- 97 jargon (n) (C/U) (often derogatory) specialized language that can only be understood by people trained in a particular field Back in the 1980s computer manuals were full of ~; now they're written in user-friendly language that everyone can understand. επαγγελματική γλώσσα, ειδική φρασεολογία, αλαμπουρνέζικα
 - **A. incoherent** (adj) (of talking or writing) difficult to understand or follow *The old man is ~; what he says is either difficult to understand or doesn't*

- make sense! > incoherence (n), incoherently (adv)
 ♦ ασυνάρτητος
- B. disadvantaged (adj) poor, deprived, lacking an adequate standard of living Crime and drug abuse go hand in hand with poverty in ~ neighborhoods.
 ➤ disadvantage (n) ❖ υποβαθμισμένος
- C. misshapen (adj) wrongly formed, twisted, or bent out of shape, deformed One look at his swollen, ~ arm told us that he had broken it when he fell. ❖ παραμορφωμένος
- **D. unfounded** (adj) illogical, unsupported by facts or evidence *The rumors about the company being in financial trouble are totally ~. In fact, they had a very profitable year.* ❖ αβάσιμος
- 98 A. stand up to (sth/sb) (phr v) 1. ~ sth remain unharmed, undamaged or unaffected blue jeans ~ wear and tear, logical arguments ~ close examination 2. ~ sb/sth resist, defend oneself against attack or demands Don't let those bullies scare you; you must ~ them. ❖ 1. αντέχω 2. αντιστέκομαι
 - B. stand up for (sth/sb) (phr v) defend, support
 He was an environmental scientist before becoming a senator, so you can depend on him to ~ environmental laws. / I appreciate your ~ing ~ me when the boss accused me unfairly.
 ❖ υπερασπίζω, υποστηρίζω
 - C. stand in for (sth/sb) (phr v) take the place of, substitute for Our English teacher was sick today so another teacher had to ~ her.
 ❖ αντικαθιστώ κπ
 - D. stand out against (sth) (phr v) be easily seen or noticed She wears light clothing when she cycles at night so her clothes ~ the darkness.
 \$ ξεχωρίζω, κάνω μπαμ από μακριά
- 99 A. fraction (n) (C) tiny part, amount, or proportion of sth The bullet missed him by just a ~ of an inch. > fractional (adj) ❖ μικρό μέρος, κλάσμα. □: e.g., ½, ¼ and other common ~s
 - **B. fracture** (n) (C) a crack or break in a hard object or material *People with osteoporosis run the risk of bone ~s.* > fracture (v), fractured (adj) ❖ κάταγμα, θλάση, σπάσιμο
 - C. infraction (n) (C) the action/an act of breaking a law or rule Parking illegally is a minor ~ of the law.
 ❖ παράβαση, παραβίαση
 - D. fragment (n) (C) small broken-off piece of sth
 The museum display pieced together the ~s of pottery and animal bone that had been found at the ancient site. > fragmentation (n), fragment (v), fragmented (adj), fragmentary (adj) ❖ θραύσμα, κομματάκι
- **100 A. coincidence** (n) (C/U) an instance of things happening by chance at the same time (C) *It was a* ~ that the two old friends were staying at the same hotel. / (U) *They ran into each other by* ~. > coincide (v), coincidental (adj), coincidentally (adv) ❖ σύμπτωση

- B. conclusion (n) 1. (C) opinion or decision based on logical thought Now that we've got all the facts, it will be easy to reach a ~. 2. (C/U) end There is plenty of evidence against the defendant, so the trial should come to a speedy ~. ➤ conclude (v), conclusive (adj), conclusively (adv)
 ♦ 1. συμπέρασμα 2. τέλος, λήξη
- C. consequence (n) 1. (C) result He's a conscientious worker who always considers the ~s of his actions. 2.
 (U) meaning, importance Whether you go or stay is of no ~ to me! >> consequential (adj), consequentially (adv) ❖ 1. συνέπεια 2. σημασία, σπουδαιότητα
- D. constraint (n) (C/U) sth that limits or controls one's freedom to act (U) Low profits have put a great ~ on the company's desire to expand. / (C) It's dangerous when a company spends without ~.
 > constrain (v), constraining (adj), constrained (adj)
 * περιορισμός
- **101 A. inscribe** (v) write words, one's name in/on sth as a permanent, formal record ~ a book, ~ words on a monument (επι)γράφω, χαράζω
 - B. seal (v) close tightly to prevent from opening You should ~ that package with tape so it doesn't open up in the mail. > seal (n), sealed (adj), sealing (adj) ❖ σφραγίζω
 - C. enclose (v) 1. put sth inside ~ a letter in an envelope, ~ an animal in a pen 2. surround completely How much wood would you need to ~ your house with a fence? > enclosure (n), enclosed (adj) ❖ 1. εσωκλείω 2. περικλείω, περιβάλλω
 - **D. weld** (v) (metal) join together by using heat and pressure *The mechanic ~ed two pieces of metal together with a blowtorch.* → welding (n), welded (adj) ❖ συγκολλώ (μέταλλα), οξυγονοκολλώ
- 102 A. back out (of sth) (phr v) 1. decide not to do sth previously promised or agreed on *I know Tom and Mary have other plans this weekend, so don't be surprised if they* ~ *on you.* 2. (drivers/vehicles) drive backwards and away from sth ~ *of a garage* 1. υπαναχωρώ, (μετ) κάνω πίσω 2. βγαίνω με την όπισθεν
 - **B. back away (from sth)** (phr v) move backwards and away from sth, often because of fear or disgust *If* you see a snake, slowly ~ from it. ❖ (κυρ) κάνω πίσω
 - **C. pass up (sth)** (phr v) not take advantage of sth *I can't believe he would ~ the opportunity to go on a free trip to Paris!* ❖ αφήνω να μου ξεφύγει
 - **D. pass away** (phr v) die He's planning to sell the old family house when his parents ~. π εθαίνω

READING (pages 95-97) FIRST PASSAGE (page 95)

Paragraph 1

attribute (sth to sth else) (v) - say that a situation or event is caused by (sth else), ascribe • He ~d his success to luck rather than to hard work. \Rightarrow attribution (n), attribute (n) \diamondsuit αποδίδω

toxic (adj) - poisonous • *The decision was made* to bury the ~ waste in a lead container deep underground. > toxin (n), toxicity (n), toxically (adv) • τοξικός

substance (n) - (C) solid, powder, liquid, or gas with particular characteristics • Glue is a sticky ~; heroin is an illegal ~. > substantial (adj), substantive (adj), substantially (adv), substantively (adv) ❖ ουσία material (n) - (C - often plural) substance or thing(s) from which sth else can be made • building ~s (glass, steel, brick); raw ~s (oil, water, iron); art ~s (paint, canvas, paper, brushes), clothing ~s (cotton, wool, rayon) ❖ ὑλη, υλικό, ὑφασμα

dabbler (n) - (C) sb who dabbles (i.e., is interested or involved in a subject or hobby in a superficial, not very serious way) • The local art exhibit was disappointing; most of the paintings were done by weekend ~s rather than artists of serious merit. ➤ dabble (v) ❖ κπ που ασχολείται ερασιτεχνικά με κτ

Paragraph 2

hazardous (adj) - dangerous • Driving on icy mountain roads can be ~, so be careful. > hazard (n, v), hazardously (adv) ❖ επικίνδυνος art supplies (pl n phr) - (usually plural) materials and tools that are used to paint, draw, sketch, sculpt, etc. · He loves to paint while he's on vacation, so he always brings along plenty of brushes, watercolors, canvas, and other ~. ❖ είδη ή εφόδια καλλιτεχνικών foolproof (adj) - without any possibility of sth going wrong or failing • The art thieves were sure they had found a ~ way of getting the painting out of the museum. 🌣 σίγουρος, ασφαλής, αλάνθαστος advocacy group (n phr) - (C) group or organization that gives support to a particular cause • The abortion issue in the Unites States is still very controversial, with highly vocal ~s split between "pro-choice" (those in favor of abortion) and "pro-life" (those who want to ban abortion). ❖ ομάδα υποστηριχτών charge (v) - accuse or make a claim against sb

• When the police had enough evidence, the suspect was arrested and ~d with murder. ❖ κατηγορώ, ισχυρίζομαι. 🖾: e.g., ~ sth with a credit card, ~ for shipping

influence (n) - (U) the power to affect sb's actions, character, or beliefs • *His parents no longer have any* ~ *on what the rebellious teenager does.* > influence (v), influential (adj), influentially (adv) ❖ επιρροή

Paragraph 3

lead (n) - (U) soft, heavy gray metal (Pb) • *Many cars today use gas that does not contain air-polluting* ~. \gg lead (n/adj), leaden (adj) \diamondsuit μόλυβδος

glaze (n) - (C) liquid or powdered mixture that forms a hard, shiny surface when heated; the hard shiny surface that is formed by such a liquid/mixture • the ~ on a piece of pottery, the ~ on a cake \succ glaze (v), glazed (adj) \diamondsuit (πήλινα, κεραμικά) σμάλτο, λούστρο, (κέικ) γλασάρισμα



stained-glass (n/adj) - made of decorative colored glass • The Cathedral of Notre Dame is world-famous for its beautiful ~ windows. ❖ βιτρώ, υαλογράφημα exempt (adj) → be ~ (from sth) (v phr) - not be affected by sth (e.g., a rule, tax, duty) • People who earn under a specified amount of money are ~ from paying income taxes. ➤ exemption (n), exempt (v) ❖ είμαι απαλλαγμένος

justify (v) - show that there is a good reason or logical explanation for sth • Nothing you say will ~ his rude behavior; there was just no excuse for it! >> justification (n), justified (adj), justifiable (adj), justifiably (adv) ❖ δικαιολογώ, αιτιολογώ

Paragraph 4

solvent (n) - (C) substance, usually a liquid, that can dissolve another substance (e.g., paint, oil) • The clean-up crew sprayed ~s on the oil spill to break up the oil. > dissolve (v) ❖ διαλυτικό by-product (n) - (C) substance produced during the making or manufacturing of sth else • Carbon monoxide is a ~ of burning oil and petroleum products. ❖ υποπροϊόν, παράγωγο dizziness (n) - (U) light-headedness, feeling that the room is spinning around • A wave of ~ suddenly swept over, and she felt as if the room were spinning around her. > dizzy (v, adi), dizzying (adi) ❖ ζαλάδα

- * respiratory irritation (n phr) (U) soreness, pain, or discomfort in breathing or in the organs and structures related to breathing * ερεθισμός του αναπνευστικού συστήματος exposure (n) (U) the state of being exposed to sth (i.e., open to being influenced by sth) Repeated ~ to the sun's ultraviolet rays may lead to skin cancer. / Most children have little or no ~ to classical music when they are growing up. > expose (v), exposed (adj) * έκθεση
- * rubber cement (n phr) (U) type of glue ❖ είδος κόλλας
 inhale (v) (used passively in text) breathe in The

doctor told him to ~ deeply and then hold his breath. > inhalation (n), inhaled (adj) & εισπνέω well-ventilated (adj) - with plenty of fresh air circulating throughout an area • Bars and restaurants need to be ~ to insure customers a fresh atmosphere free of smoke and cooking smells. > ventilation (n), ventilate (v) & καλά αερισμένος

discard (v) - (used passively in text) (of useless or unwanted things) get rid of, throw away • *Don't* ~ *those empty bottles; put them in the recycling bin.* > discarded (adj) • απορρίπτω, πετώ

aquatic (adj) - living, growing, or taking place in water • seaweed, kelp, and other ~ plants / ~ sports like waterskiing and surfing ❖ υδρόβιος

SECOND PASSAGE (page 96)

Paragraph 1

 * respiratory (adj) - related to breathing > respire (v), respiration (n) * αναπνευστικός

- * inflammatory (adj) causing part of the body to become inflamed (i.e., painful and swollen)
 > inflammation (n), inflame (v) ❖ φλεγμονώδης
- * blood vessel (n phr) (C) any of the tubes through which blood flows in the body (e.g., a vein, artery, or capillary) * αιμοφόρο αγγείο

Paragraph 2

- * immune cell (n phr) (C) cell that helps the body resist (i.e., fight off) disease * ανοσοποιητικό κύτταρο mobilize (v) organize and set sb/sth into motion ~ troops to go to war, ~ citizens to protest > mobilization (n) * κινητοποιώ/-ούμαι, επιστρατεύω/-ομαι
- ★ irritant (n) (C) substance that causes part of the body to feel pain or discomfort > irritation (n), irritate (v), irritating (ad), irritated (adi) 💠 ερεθιστική ουσία **burrow** (v) - (usually of animals) dig a tunnel or hole in sth • Large piles of soil marked the places where the rabbits had ~ed into the farmer's field. >> burrow (n), burrowing (adj) 💠 ανοίγω λαγούμι ή τρύπα, τρυπώνω, σκάβω, ανοίγω τρύπα gobble up (phr v) - eat fast, greedily, and noisily • Hungry teenagers can ~ a pizza in no time! καταβροχθίζω, τρώω λαίμαργα vicious cycle (n phr) - (C) (in U.K., vicious circle) ongoing situation in which one problem leads to another, making everything worse • Fighting terrorism leads to more and more people becoming terrorists; it's *a* ~. ❖ φαύλος κύκλος

scarring (n) - (U) the action of leaving a **scar** (e.g., mark on the skin or surface of sth) • *The* ~ *on his skin was a constant reminder of the acne he suffered in his teenage years.* \gg scar (n, v), scarred (adj) \diamondsuit σημάδεμα (με ουλή)

scabby (adj) - having a **scab** (i.e., a hard, dry covering that forms over the surface of a wound • *a* ~ *knee* ❖ με κακάδι, τραχύς

- * lesion (n) (C) wound, sore, injury * κάκωση, πληγή impede (v) block, hinder; make movement, development, or progress difficult Civil war has severely ~d the country's economic development for several decades. * (παρ)εμποδίζω, παρακωλύω circulation (n) (U) (medical) blood flow Smoking narrows one's veins and arteries leading to poor ~. > circulate (v), circulatory (adj) * κυκλοφορία (αίματος)
- ★ blood clot (n phr) (C) a mass of thick, hardened blood ❖ θρόμβος αίματος

Paragraph 3

stall (v) - slow or delay the progress or development of sth • As a result of the budget crisis, the government has decided to ~ the project until 2015. ❖ καθυστερώ. □: e.g., ~ an engine, ~ for time

Paragraph 4

mortality (n) - 1. (U) the number of deaths in a certain period of time • *Infant* ~ *decreased significantly thanks to medical advances in the 20th century.* 2. (U) the state of being mortal • *Soldiers in combat come face to face with their own* ~. \Rightarrow mortal (adj), mortally (adv). Opp: immortality • 1. θνησιμότητα 2. θνητότητα

decline (n) - (C/U) a decrease, drop, or fall in quantity or quality • Many people say that there has been a general ~ in the quality of schools in recent years. > decline (v), declining (adj) ❖ μείωση, πτώση, παρακμή, επιδείνωση coincide (with) (v) - (events) happen at the same time or during the same time as sth else • Luckily, the two birthday parties don't ~, so we can go to both of them! > coincidence (n), coincidental (adj), coincidentally (adv) ❖ συμπίπτω

remedy (n) - (C) way of curing, treating, or correcting sth • *My grandmother was a strong believer in herbal teas and other old-fashioned ~ies. / Raising taxes is a temporary ~ for the problem.* ❖ (αρρώστια) γιατρικό, (πρόβλημα) τρόπος αντιμετώπισης

Ouestions

- **109 B. ailment** (n) (C) minor illness *The common cold* is an ~ that does not compare in seriousness to diseases like cancer and haemophilia. > ail (v), ailing (adj) ❖ αδιαθεσία, αρρώστια
- **111 A. deploy** (v) (fig) put into battle position *police* ~ *new* techniques to combat crime, a general ~s troops to the front lines of a battle > deployment (n), deployed (adj) ❖ παρατάσσω/-ομαι, αναπτύσσω/-ομαι (σε στρατιωτική παράταξη)

THIRD PASSAGE (page 97)

Paragraph 1

manipulate (v) - control or handle with skill • She had trouble with the new software at first, but with a bit of practice she was able to ~ it like a pro. > manipulation (n), manipulated (adj), manipulative (adj), manipulatively (adv) ❖ χειρίζομαι

innovative (adj) - 1. (things) based on imaginative new ideas • In 1982 the Jarvik-7 artificial heart was an ~ device that quickly caught on. 2. (people, ideas) imaginative • The ~ sales manager suggested a brilliant new way to market the product. > innovation (n), innovator (n), innovate (v), innovatively (adv) ❖ 1. καινοτόμος 2. νεωτεριστικός, νεωτεριστής, καινοτόμος

concrete (adj) - 1. made of **concrete** (i.e., a building material made from cement, sand, stone, etc.) 2. real and solid, existing in a form that can be touched or seen • ~ *evidence/facts* > concreteness (n), concretely (adv) ❖ 1. από μπετόν, τσιμεντένιος 2. συγκεκριμένος, χειροπιαστός

Paragraph 2

* **urine** (n) - (U) liquid waste product that is passed from the body * ούρα

precipitate out (of sth) (v phr) - (chemical reaction) become solid and separate out of a liquid • *crystals* ~ *of the solution and fall to the bottom of a test tube* > precipitation (n) ❖ (στερεά ουσία) κατακρημνίζω, διαχωρίζω από μια διάλυση

* **limestone** (n) - (U) white-colored rock used for building and making cement * ασβεστόλιθος

Paragraph 3

nutrient (n/adj) - (C) any substance that helps a plant or animal grow and maintain life • *Protein, carbohydrates, vitamins, and minerals are essential* ~s. > nutrition (n), nutritional (adj), nutritionally (adv) ❖ θρεπτική ουσία

★ broth (n) - (C) (microbiology) liquid medium in which bacteria are grown ❖ υγρό για την καλλιέργεια βακτηριδίων, μυκήτων κλπ grain (n) - (C) tiny hard piece of sth (e.g., salt, sand, gold, rice) • My eye is irritated. I must have a ~ of sand in it. ➤ granular (adj) ❖ κόκκος, ψήγμα (χρυσού), σπυρί (ρυζιού)

solidify (v) - become firm/solid and unlikely to change • When the temperature drops below 0°C, liquid water ~ies into ice. / The party's easy victory in the last general election helped ~ the prime minister's position of leadership. > solidification (n), solidified (adj) * στερεοποιώ/-ούμαι, σταθεροποιώ/-ούμαι

Paragraph 4

conventional (adj) - according to accepted standards
• ~ medicine (i.e., not alternative), a car with a ~ design (i.e., not ultra-modern), ~ warfare (i.e., with guns and bombs, not nuclear weapons) > convention (n), conventionally (adv). Opp: unconventional
• συμβατικός

agent (n) - (C) (chemistry) chemical that performs a specific job • *sealing* ~, *blood-clotting* ~ ❖ ενεργό αίτιο, παράγων. □: e.g., *a real estate* ~

- fissure (n) (C) deep crack, esp. in the rock or ground
 ρωγμή, σχισμή, χαραμάδα
- * mesh (v) fit or blend together, interlock (like pieces of a puzzle) * συνδέομαι, εμπλέκομαι seal (up/off) (v) close tightly to prevent from opening You should ~ that package with tape so it doesn't open up in the mail. / The rock slide ~ed up the entrance to the tunnel, blocking traffic for hours. > seal (n), sealed (adj), sealing (adj) * σφραγίζω, κλείνω ερμητικά scale up (phr v) (fig) increase Scientists plan to ~ their efforts to find a cure for the deadly cancer. * (μετ) αυξάνω

encase (in) (v) - surround or cover sth completely • What a beautiful piece of amber. Can you see the tiny insect ~d in it? >> encasement (n) ❖ εγκλείω, περικλείω/-ομαι

bead (n) - (C) (liquid) small drop • *The runner's* forehead was covered with ~ s of sweat. ❖ σταγόνα. □: e.g., a necklace made of glass ~s

application (n) - (U/C) the act of putting or spreading sth onto a surface • *the* ~ *of a cream or ointment to the skin* • εφαρμογή, χρήση (π.χ., αλοιφής στο δέρμα)



Questions

- 115 A. component (n) (C) part of sth (e.g., of a chemical compound, a system, etc.) Hydrogen and oxygen are the main ~s of water. / Speakers and amplifiers are ~s of a music system > composition (n), compose (v), component (n/adj), composite (adj) ❖ συστατικό μέρος, εξάρτημα
- 118 D. bond (to) (v) (things) stick/become joined to, adhere If you're not careful, that glue will ~ to your skin and your fingers will stick together!
 ⇒ bond (n), bonded (adj), bonding (adj) ❖ συνδέω, δένω, ενώνω

VOCABULARY ENHANCEMENT (pages 100-101)

Impish Imp-words

B Using Context Clues to Predict Meaning

impertinent (adj) - rude, disrespectful • The child was punished for being ~ to his parents. > impertinence (n), impertinently (adv) ❖ αναιδής, αυθάδης. Note: pertinent (adj) is not the opposite of impertinent; it means "related, relevant" (e.g., If your question is not ~ to what we're discussing, please save it for after class.) ❖ σχετικός, συναφής. implausible (adj) - unconvincing, unlikely to be real or true • Many scientists believe that it is ~ for Earth to be the only planet with intelligent life in the entire universe. > implausibility (n), implausibly (adv) ❖ απίστευτος, μη πειστικός

imprudent (adj) - unwise and reckless, unconcerned about negative consequences • It was ~ of him to drive up the mountain road in such icy weather. The car could have slipped right off the edge of the mountain! > imprudence (n), imprudently (adv). Opp: prudent ❖ απερίσκεπτος, ασύνετος

impending (adj) - about to happen, imminent • *The* closer it got to exam time, the greater his sense of ~ disaster. >> impend (v) ❖ επικείμενος

impervious (pred adj with to) - unaffected or uninfluenced, resistant • Talented writers need to be sure of themselves and ~ to the unkind words of critics. >> imperviousness (n), imperviously (adv) ❖ ανεπηρέαστος

impeccable (adj) - excellent, without flaw • Everyone complimented the child on his ~ manners. / The critics hailed the new translation as an ~ piece of work. > impeccability (n), impeccably (adv) ❖ άμεμπτος, άψογος, αψεγάδιαστος

imploring (adj) - begging, pleading • Don't use that ~ tone on me! I said you couldn't go to the concert and I meant it! >> implore (v), imploringly (adv)
❖ ικετευτικός

imposing (adj) - impressive in appearance • an ~ castle/fortress, a distinguished actor's ~ presence > impose (v), imposingly (adv) ❖ εντυπωσιακός, επιβλητικός

impressionable (adj) - easily influenced, naive, gullible
Try not to use bad language in front of the children; they're at an ~ age and will mimic anything you say.
> impressionability (n), impressionably (adv)
♦ ευκολοεπηρέαστος
impromptu (adj) - spontaneous, done without planning • The weather was unexpectedly beautiful

on Sunday so we had an ~ picnic in the backyard.

Double Exposures

αυτοσχέδιος, της στιγμής

C Imagine this!

arm in arm (adv phr) - (of two or more people) with arms linked together • *The two friends walked along the seafront* ~. ❖ αγκαζέ

cheek to cheek (adv phr) - with the cheek of one person touching the cheek of another • When couples dance the tango, they do so ~. ❖ μάγουλο με μάγουλο ear to ear (adv phr) → smile/grin from ~ (idm) - smile/grin broadly • When she saw all the presents under the Christmas tree, she couldn't help smiling from ~. ❖ γελούν και τα αυτιά μου

eye to eye (adv phr) → see ~ (with sb) (about sth) (idm) - agree, have the same opinion or ideas • Married women rarely see ~ with their mothers-in-law.

συμφωνώ με κπ, βλέπω τα πράγματα με το ίδιο μάτι hand in hand (adv phr) - while holding hands • The couple were see walking ~ as they strolled along the beach.
 πιασμένος χέρι χέρι

hand-to-hand (adj phr) → ~combat (n phr) - (U) combat done at close quarters • Judo and karate are forms of ~ combat. ❖ μάχη σώμα με σώμα head to head (adv phr) - opposite each other, in a combative position • The two teams will go ~ with each other for the championship. ❖ κατά μέτωπο heart-to-heart (adj phr) → ~conversation/chat/talk (n phr) - (C) open conversation where both parties open their hearts • Something's bothering you. I think

it's time we had a ~ conversation to clear the air. ❖ εγκάρδια/ειλικρινής συζήτηση

mouth-to-mouth (adj phr) → resuscitation (n phr) - (same as kiss of life) method of artificial respiration in which sb breathes into sb's mouth to force air into the lungs • give sb ~ resuscitation • τεχνητή αναπνοή στόμα-με-στόμα, το φιλί της ζωής neck and neck (adv phr) - (of two or more people or groups in a race or competition) exactly even, with no person or group ahead of the other • The two runners crossed the finished line ~; the race ended in a dead heat (i.e., an exact tie). • ισόπαλος, στήθος με στήθος shoulder to shoulder (adv phr) - (of two or more people) standing or working side by side, in a cooperative effort • We work well together, so I'm sure we can solve this problem ~. • πλάι-πλάι, ενωμένοι

Practice Test 5



LISTENING (pages 105-111)

PART 1 (pages 105-106)

Transcript

- 2 play havoc (with sb/sth) (idm) disrupt, prevent from functioning as normal Transatlantic travel can ~ with your body clock. It takes some people at least a week to recover from jet lag. ❖ προκαλώ μεγάλη ζημιά, καταστρέφω
- 5 let the cat out of the bag (idm) reveal a secret
 I want this to be a surprise party so please don't ~.
 * μου ξεφεύγει ένα μυστικό
- **follow suit** (idm) do what sb/sth else has just done When his friend bought a digital camera, he wanted to ~, but his parents made him wait till his next birthday. ❖ κάνω το ίδιο, μιμούμαι
- 7 sleep on it (idm) delay a decision till the next day I've read your proposal, but I'm not ready to give you my comments yet. I prefer to ~ and get back to you in the morning. αναβάλλω απόφαση μέχρι την επόμενη μέρα
- **feel the pinch** (idm) experience financial hardship

 Now that he's lost his job, his savings are quickly disappearing and he's really starting to ~. I don't envy him.
 έχω οικονομικό πρόβλημα, νιώθω την οικονομική στέρηση.
 e.g., pinch and scrape, pinch one's pennies
- devastated (adj) 1. (fig people) emotionally overwhelmed, greatly disturbed and distressed After the death of her son, the ~ mother cried for days on end; no one could comfort her. 2. (lit) (things) in ruins, completely destroyed After the explosion, rescue crews searched through the rubble of the ~ factory looking for survivors. ➤ devastation (n), devastate (v), devastating (adj) ❖ 1. συντετριμμένος 2. κατεστραμμένος, ρημαγμένος, σε ερείπια relieved (adj) no longer worried or anxious The ~ parents thanked the doctor for saving the life of their son. ➤ relief (n), relieve (v) ❖ ανακουφισμένος, καθησυχασμένος
- doom and gloom (idm) → be all ~ (idm) have an extremely pessimistic and hopeless outlook or atmosphere The boss has been all ~since he saw the disappointing sales report. ❖ έχω πολύ απαισιόδοξη αντίληψη ή ατμόσφαιρα accentuate the positive (v phr) (formal) look on the bright side (of life) and ignore the dark side, be optimistic It's just a matter of learning how to ~. Now that you're unemployed, you can take a long summer holiday. ❖ τονίζω τη θετική πλευρά, βλέπω τα πράγματα ρόδινα
- **14 bottleneck** (n) (C) place where traffic or progress is forced to slow down or stop *Construction on the highway means that only 3 out of 6 lanes are open; this creates a ~ that will delay traffic indefinitely until the work is finished. ❖ μποτιλιάρισμα*

frustrating (adj) - disappointing in a way that makes you feel annoyed or angry • *The teenager found his parents' old-fashioned ways* ~. > frustration (n), frustrate (v), frustratingly (adv) ❖ απογοητευτικός, εκγευριστικός

astronomical (adj) - (informal - of prices) very high, (fig) out of this world • *The prices in that trendy Fifth Avenue boutique are ~; I can't afford to shop there.* >> astronomically (adv) ❖ (καθομ.) αστρονομικός

PART 3 (pages 110-111)

FIRST SEGMENT (page 110)

Transcript

plentiful (adj) - existing in large amounts or numbers • The earth's supplies of petroleum are no longer as ~ as they once were. > plenty (n, adj, adv), plentifully (adv) ❖ ἀφθονος

wade (v) - walk or proceed slowly (sometimes with effort) through water, high grass, etc. • They ~d through the high undergrowth, hoping they wouldn't come across any snakes. > wading (n) ❖ προχωρώ με δυσκολία (π.χ., σε νερό ή υψηλή βλάστηση) bowl over (phr v) → be ~ed over (phr v - passive) be surprised and highly impressed by sb • Everyone was ~ed ~ when the new sales manager increased the company's sales by 50% in his first year. εντυπωσιάζομαι από κπ/κτ, μένω άναυδος alter (v) - change, make sth/sb become different • Her new hairstyle is beautiful; it totally ~s her appearance. > alteration (n), altered (adj) 💠 μετατρέπω, αλλάζω, τροποποιώ free-for-all (n) - (C) an uncontrolled situation where everyone is trying to get or do sth for himself • The children's Christmas party turned into a ~ when Santa arrived with a sack full of hamburgers for everybody in the room; luckily, nobody was hurt! συμπλοκή, γενικός καυγάς peak (v) - reach a high point/level • Temperatures ~

* συμπλοκή, γενικός καυγάς

peak (v) - reach a high point/level • Temperatures ~

in the summer. / Retail sales ~ before Christmas.

* κορυφώνω, ανυψώνω στον ανώτερο βαθμό

decline (v) - decrease, become less in number or
quality • Stock market prices may ~ dramatically in
response to world crises, such as the attack on the

World Trade Center on September 11th, 2001.

> decline (n), declining (adj) * μειώνω/-ομαι

stock (n) - (C) supply or quantity of sth which is
available for future use • As a result of overfishing,
the world's fish ~s have declined dramatically in
recent years. > stock (v), stocked (adj) * απόθεμα.

□: e.g., ~s and bonds, in ~, out of ~

prosperity (n) - (U) the state of being wealthy or
enjoying financial or economic success • Tourism has
brought ~ to the formerly poverty-stricken island.

> prosper (v), prosperous (adj), prosperously (adv)

❖ ευημερία



diminished (adj) - lessened, reduced • He was left with ~ energy after a month-long bout of the flu, but his energy level is slowly returning to normal. > diminish (v), diminishing (adj) ❖ μειωμένος subsidy (n) - (C) money paid by the government to help business, industry, etc. • The budget crisis means the government will reduce ~ies for medical research. > subsidize (v), subsidized (adj) ❖ επιδότηση, επιχορήγηση

plunder (v) - steal, usually with force or violence (as during a riot or a war) • *The invading army ~ed the village, taking whatever they could lay their hands on.* → plunder (n), plunderer (n), plundering (adj), plundered (adj) ❖ λεηλατώ, λαφυραγωγώ, κατακλέβω

bleak (adj) - hopeless, gloomy, grim • *He never* finished high school, so his chances of getting a good job are extremely ~. ➤ bleakness (n), bleakly (adv) ❖ ζοφερός, σκοτεινός

collapse (v) - fall in, give way • *If there's a heavy snowstorm, the roof of that old house will surely* ~. > collapse (n), collapsible (adj) ❖ καταρρέω, σωριάζομαι **bounty** (n) - (U) rich supply of something, abundance • *There was once a* ~ *of fish in the sea.* ❖ αφθονία. □: e.g., *a* ~ *on sb's head,* ~-*hunters*

advent (of) (n) - (U) arrival of sth important, the act of coming into existence for the first time • the ~ of spring, the ~ of a cure for cancer, the ~ of the computer \Leftrightarrow έλευση, ερχομός

trawler (n) - (C) a large fishing boat from which fishermen **trawl** (i.e., drag) large nets to catch fish while the boat is in motion • *Commercial* ~s are the reason the sea in this area is seriously overfished. ❖ μηχανότρατα, αλιευτικό πλοίο

global positioning system (n phr) - (C) (often abbreviated as GPS) a navigational system using satellite signals to fix the location of a radio receiver on or above the earth's surface; also, the radio receiver so used * Παγκόσμιο Σύστημα Εντοπισμού Θέσης (δηλ., GPS-σύστημα πλοήγησης) pristine (adj) - pure, unspoiled, in its original condition • Thirty years ago the island was still ~; now it has become a popular tourist resort.
 * πρωτόγονος, παρθένος

replenish (v) - fill again, get a new supply of sth • ~ sb's glass at a party, ~ the gas in a car, go shopping to ~ food supplies > replenishment (n), replenished (adj) ❖ ανανεώνω (προμήθειες), συμπληρώνω fleet (n) - (C) group of sth (e.g., ships, trucks, fishing boats) moving or traveling together • The ~ of warships anchored in the bay has just returned from a heated naval battle. ❖ στόλος

conceal (v) - hide • *Increased security measures now make it difficult for people to ~ weapons in public places like airports and embassies.* \gt concealment (n), concealed (adj) • κρύβω, αποκρύπτω

SECOND SEGMENT (page 111)

Transcript

obesity (n) - (U) the state of being **obese** (i.e., extremely overweight) • $O \sim runs$ in his family; both of his parents and all of his siblings are extremely overweight. \succ obese (adj) • παχυσαρκία **outlet** (n) - (C) a place from which goods are sold or distributed (sometimes at a discounted price) • *The*

outlet (n) - (C) a place from which goods are sold or distributed (sometimes at a discounted price) • The huge shopping mall is noted for its wide selection of clothing and furniture ~s. / The city is full of fast-food ~s. It seems like there's at least one on every block. ❖ υποκατάστημα/παράρτημα

premises (pl n) - (singular meaning) building (e.g., a house, shop, or office) together with any land or other facilities surrounding it that are owned by the same person or organization • *The owner of the restaurant insisted that the drunken customer leave the ~s. / The hotel has a swimming pool and golf course on its 100-acre ~s. ❖ κτίριο μαζί με τις κτιριακές εγκαταστάσεις*

access (n) - (U) ability or right to use or enter sth • *The information is top secret; only high-level government officials have ~ to it.* > access (v), (in) accessible (adj) ❖ πρόσβαση, δικαίωμα χρήσης ή εισόδου. □: e.g., wheelchair ~, ~ to a mountain village

set (sb/sth) apart (phr v) - make sb/sth appear different or distinct from sb/sth else • Tim and Rose received promotions because their enthusiasm and dedication to the job ~ them ~ from the other workers. • ξεχωρίζω. Note: the verb is irregular: set - set - set. proximity (n) - (U) nearness (e.g., in space or time) • He rented the house because of its ~ to his office. / The two brothers have always been close, perhaps because of the ~ of their ages. • εγγύτητα, αμεσότητα

cluster (v) - (used passively in text) come together in a tight group • *The children ~ed round the toy shop window.* ➤ cluster (n), clustered (adj)

συγκεντρώνομαι σε ομάδα

disproportionately (adv) - not at the same rate
• The judge has a reputation for giving convicted criminals ~ long sentences. > disproportionate (adj)
• δυσανάλογα

undermine (v) - (used passively in text) (fig) damage, spoil, or weaken the foundation or basis of sth

- The continuing economic crisis has seriously ~d the people's faith in the government. / Drinking, smoking, and overeating can ~ your health.
- υποσκάπτω, υπονομεύω

availability (n) - (U) the state of being **available** (i.e., able to be used, on hand) • *I'm waiting for the warehouse to report on the ~ of the sofa. If it's not in stock, we can't deliver it to you for at least 4 weeks.* > available (adi) • διαθεσιμότητα

vending machine (n phr) - (C) machine that dispenses small articles (e.g., soft drinks and snacks) when money is inserted into a special slot
 αυτόματος πωλητής

campus (n) - (C) (in context) the grounds of a school, hospital, or other institution • *a college* ~, *live off* ~ *in an apartment* • περίβολος

READING: CLOZE (page 114)

FIRST PASSAGE

Paragraph 1

cognitive (adj) - (psychology) related to **cognition** (i.e., the brain's ability to acquire knowledge and understanding through thought, experience, and the senses) • ~ *psychology, a child's* ~ *development* > cognition (n), cognitively (adj) ❖ γνωστικός, γνωσιακός, νοητικός

capacity (n) - (U) ability • *The noisy work environment affected his* ~ *to concentrate.* > Opp: incapacity ❖ ικανότητα. □: e.g., the seating ~ of a stadium, the ~ of a container

concept (n) - (C) general idea, principle, or notion
• The advertising director has come up with a brilliant
~ for the spring ad campaign. > conceptualize (n),
conceptual (adj), conceptually (adv) ❖ έννοια, γενική ιδέα

Paragraph 2

infant (n) - (C) (of a child from birth to about two years old) very young child, baby • The ~ was born two months prematurely. / As the mother of a newborn ~, she got very little sleep for the first few months of her baby's life. ➤ infantile (adj) ❖ βρέφος initial (adj) - first, beginning • On the morning of the performance, his ~ feeling had been one of anxiety, but once he was on stage, he performed perfectly. ➤ initial (n), initialize (v), initially (adv) ❖ αρχικός respond (to sb/sth) (v) - answer (sb/sth), act in response (to sb/sth), react • She was so shocked by the news that she couldn't ~. / The child ~ed to the bully's insult by kicking him in the leg. ➤ response (n), responsive (adj), responsively (adv) ❖ απαντώ, ανταποκρίνομαι

Paragraph 3

verbal (adj) - related to speech and the ability to use words • *The child's* ~ *development was slower than most children's, but by age 4 he was speaking beautifully.* > verbalization (n), verbalize (v), verbally (adv) ❖ λεκτικός, προφορικός.

(adv) ❖ λεκτικός, προφορικός. **promote** (v) - encourage, help the progress of sth
• The teacher conducts one class a week in the school library in hopes of ~ing her students' love of reading.

> promoter (n), promotion (n), promotional (adj)
• προωθώ. : e.g., ~ sb to a higher position **randomly** (adv) - by chance, without a specific plan or pattern in mind • The subjects of the experiments were ~ chosen from a pool of 100 volunteers. >

randomize (v), random (adj) • τυχαία, στην τύχη **stimulation** (n) - (U) the act or process of making sth work or function better or more actively • Her new work environment provided her with plenty of intellectual ~. / Massage aids in the ~ of blood circulation. > stimulated (adj) • διέγερση, ώθηση, τόνωση

Choices

- 70 B. verbalize (v) (in UK: verbalise) express in words, esp. by speaking out loud It's hard to know why babies are crying, especially since they can't ~ their needs. > verbalization (n), verbal (adj), verbally (adv) ❖ εκφράζω με λόγια
 - D. interpret (v) try to understand and explain the meaning of sth Many people dislike modern art because they find it impossible to ~. > interpretation (n), interpreter (n), interpretative (adj) ❖ ερμηνεύω, εξηγώ
- 71 B. check up (on sb/sth) (phr v) monitor, watch or listen to carefully His mother is 85 years old, so he calls her once or twice a day to ~ on her.
 * παρακολουθώ, ελέγχω
 - C. follow up (on sb/sth) (phr v) continue to investigate or take further action This job listing in the newspaper sounds like it's exactly the kind of job you're looking for. Why don't you ~ on it by visiting the company and filling out an application? > follow-up (n) ❖ δίνω συνέχεια σε κτ, έχω συμπληρωματική επικοινωνία
 - D. give up (on sb/sth) (phr v) stop trying to accomplish sth because one has lost hope He's doing his best to improve his grades, so please don't ~ on him. / The injury isn't serious so he refuses to ~ on training for the race.
 παρατάω, απελπίζομαι με κτ, εγκαταλείπω

SECOND PASSAGE

Paragraph 1

landfill (n/adj) - (C) garbage dump (i.e., a large deep hole in which large quantities of garbage are disposed of) • The citizens were not happy about the council's plans to put a ~ on the outskirts of town. > landfill (v) * χωματερή

excursion (n) - (C) day trip, outing • The children are looking forward to their ~ to the zoo. ❖ εκδρομή veritable (adj) - real, true, absolute (used to emphasize the size, amount, or nature of sth) • Getting home in that traffic jam yesterday was a ~ nightmare! > veritably (adv) ❖ πραγματικός, αληθινός scavenging (adj) - (of birds/animals) that feed(s) on rotting food and garbage • Seagulls and vultures are examples of ~ birds. > scavenger (n), scavenge (v) ❖ που τρώει ψοφίμια, που ψάχνει σε σκουπίδια. □: e.g., ~ the streets for old, discarded furniture stench (n) - (C, but usually singular) terrible smell • the ~ of rotting garbage. ❖ απαίσια βρώμα, δυσωδία glare (v) - glaring (adj), glaringly (adv) ❖ λάμπω εκτυφλωτικά. □: e.g., (people) ~ at sb

Paragraph 2

fraught (with sth) (pred adj) → be ~ (with sth) (v phr) - be filled with sth unpleasant or undesirable • The business deal was ~ with risks. / The climb to the top of Mount Everest was ~ with danger. ❖ είμαι κατάφορτος/γεμάτος από κτ



leak (v) - let liquid/gas escape • *The faucet is ~ing again. We'll have to call the plumber.* \succ leak (n), leaky (adj), leaking (adj) ❖ διαρρέω. \square : e.g., (fig) ~ *information to the press*

factor (n) - (C) sth that influences or causes a result
• The boss based his decision on purely financial
~s, but he neglected to consider its impact on the
environment. ➤ factor in (phr v) ❖ παράγοντας
ominous (adj) - threatening, menacing • The sky was
full of ~ black clouds, signaling that a terrible storm
was about to hit. ➤ omen (n), ominously (adv)
❖ δυσοίωνος, απειλητικός
dump (v) - (garbage, waste) dispose of, get rid of,
often in a careless or hurried way • The garbage truck
~ed its load at the landfill and returned to the city.

> dump (n) ❖ πετάω κάτω, αδειάζω unprecedented (adj) -without prior example, occurring for the first time ever (i.e., without precedent) • The Great Depression of the 1930s was an economic crisis that caused ~ levels of poverty and unemployment in the USA. > precedent (n), precede (v) ❖ πρωτοφανής, χωρίς προηγούμενο incinerate (v) - reduce to ashes by burning • Years ago it was common to ~ garbage in large ovens

known as incinerators or furnaces; now trash is more commonly crushed and taken to landfills. > incineration (n), incinerator (n), incinerated (adj) ❖ αποτεφρώνω

incineration (n) - (U) the act of reducing sth to ashes by burning • *I*~ *is no longer the favored method of getting rid of garbage, as it produces to many toxins.* > see incinerate above ❖ αποτέφρωση, καύση toxin (n) - (C) harmful substance (e.g., poison, venom, or any substance that pollutes or contaminates the environment) • *The water in our area is regularly tested to make sure it is free of* ~*s.* ❖ τοξίνη incinerator waste-burning oven/furnace > see incinerate (v) above ❖ αποτεφρωτήρας, κλίβανος fit (v) - (used passively in text) equip with, provide with • *The murder weapon was a gun that had been* ~*ted with a silencer.* > fitting (n), fitted (adj) ❖ εξοπλίζω, εφοδιάζω, εφαρμόζω, τοποθετώ residue (n) - small, left-over amount of sth • *The*

residue (n) - small, left-over amount of sth • *The* chemical reaction resulted in the formation of a white ~ at the bottom of the test tube. >> residual (adj) ❖ υπόλειμμα, κατάλοιπο, κατακάθι

Choices

- A. emit (v) send out (e.g., a gas or liquid) The sun ~s heat and light. / A factory ~s toxic fumes.
 ⇒ emission (n) ❖ εκπέμπω, αναδίνω
 - **B. permit** (v) allow *The city no longer ~s people to smoke in public places.* >> permit (n), permission (n), permitted (adj), permissible (adj) ❖ επιτρέπω
 - C. omit (v) leave out; also, fail or neglect (to do sth) We forgot to invite her last time, so please don't ~ her name from the list this time. / I ~ted to mention yesterday that Mike called me. > omission (n) ❖ παραλείπω

D. submit (v) - 1. ~ sth - give sth to sb/sth so that it may be formally considered • Don't forgot to ~ the application today; it's your last chance.
ψ υποβάλλω 2. ~ (to sb/sth) - surrender, yield to sb/sth's control • The villagers had no choice but to ~ to the invading army. ❖ υποτάσσομαι, παραδίνομαι

READING: VOCABULARY (pages 115-116)

- 87. A. extend (v) 1. make sth bigger or longer ~ a road/a building/a deadline 2. continue or stretch
 It's a long, narrow lake that ~s for several miles.
 3. ~ sth to sb (formal) offer or hold out sth to sb
 ~ a warm welcome to sb, ~ an invitation to sb
 > extension (n), extensive (adj), extensively (adv)
 1. επεκτείνω 2. απλώνομαι, εκτείνομαι 3. προσφέρω (καλωσόρισμα, υποδοχή, πρόσκληση)
 - B. exclude (v) not include, keep out It wasn't too long ago that large corporations discriminated against women and racial minorities by ~ing them from the highest levels of employment.
 Exclusion (n), exclusive (adj), exclusively (adv)
 αποκλείω
 - C. skip (v) jump over one item or stage in a series and go on to the next *I had to* ~ *breakfast today because I was late for work.* ❖ πηδώ, παραλείπω.
 □: e.g., ~ *happily down the street*
 - **D. revoke** (v) officially take sth back and declare it no longer valid a judge ~s sb's driver's license for too many offenses, a politician publicly ~s a statement when he discovers he's made a mistake > revocation (n), revoked (adj) ❖ ανακαλώ, αποσύρω
- 88 A. magnify (v) 1. make sth appear larger Telescopes and microscopes have special lenses that ~ objects to many times their normal size. 2. exaggerate, blow out of proportion She has a bad habit of ~ing problems and making them seem much worse than they really are. > magnification (n), magnified (adj), magnifying (adj) ❖ 1. μεγεθύνω 2. μεγαλοποιώ
 - **B. enhance** (v) improve the quality, value, or strength of sth *Many women feel that black clothing ~s their appearance by making them look slimmer* > enhancement (n), enhanced (adj) ❖ βελτιώνω, ενισχύω
 - C. inflate (v) 1. (lit) make bigger by filling with gas or air ~ a balloon/a tire 2. (fig) make sth/sb seem more important, impressive, or greater than it/he/she actually is ~ sb's ego, ~ the importance of an event > inflation (n), inflated (adj) ❖ 1. φουσκώνω, 2. υπερβάλλω
 - D. elaborate (v) describe or explain in greater detail, make more detailed and complex The teacher ~d on her explanation until everyone understood. ➤ elaboration (n), elaborate (adj), elaborately (adv) ❖ περιγράφω λεπτομερώς, αναπτύσσω

- A. limp (adj) wilted, droopy, floppy (as opposed to hard, rigid, firm) Before the old woman fainted, we saw her sway from side to side; then suddenly her body went ~ and she sank to the ground.
 > limpness (n), limply (adv) ❖ άτονος, χαλαρός
 - B. lame (adj) unable to walk smoothly, usually as a result of injury or deformity Tim has been ~ ever since he broke his leg in a football accident last year; he still isn't able to run or walk properly.

 > lameness (n), lame (v), lamely (adv) ❖ κουτσός.

 □: e.g., a ~ excuse
 - C. flabby (adj) (of people who are overweight) with soft, fatty, hanging flesh (as opposed to firm and toned flesh) Exercising has really toned up his arms, legs, and stomach, but as soon as he stops, he knows he'll go all ~ again. > flabbiness (n), flabbily (adv) ❖ πλαδαρός
 - D. willowy (adj) attractively long/tall and thin; like the branches/leaves of a willow tree • a ~, longlimbed ballerina, a ~ young tree > willow (n), willowiness (n) ❖ λεπτός, λυγερός
- 90 A. shrivel (v) become/cause to become shrunken and totally dried out (e.g., from too much heat)
 plants ~ in the hot sun, people ~ with age > shriveled (adj) ♦ ξεραίνω/-ομαι, μαραίνω/-ομαι
 - **B. shred** (v) cut or tear into long, thin pieces (e.g., cheese, cabbage, paper) *Before I bought a food processor, I was never able to ~ cabbage thin enough to make a good salad; now it's no work at all! >> shred (n), shredded (adj) ❖ κομματιάζω, κόβω*
 - **C. shed shed shed** (irreg v) lose, throw, or cast off a dieter ~s pounds, a cat ~s hair, a tire ~s particles of rubber > shedding (adj) ❖ χάνω, ρίχνω
 - D. shrug (v) move one's shoulders up and down (e.g., to show one doesn't know or doesn't care)
 When she asked her husband what time he'd be home, he simply ~ged and said, "Whenever I get here." > shrug (n) ❖ σηκώνω τους ώμους (δείχνοντας άγνοια ή αδιαφορία)
- 91 A. fantasy (n) (C/U) product of the imagination; strange, dreamy idea Until he won the lottery, he never dreamed that his ~ of sailing around the world in his own boat would ever come true.
 > fantasize (v), fantastic (adj), fantastically (adj)
 Φαντασία, φαντασίωση
 - B. hunch (n) (C) intuition, assumption based on instinct I have nothing specific to base this on, but I have a ~ he's not telling us the truth.
 \$ διαίσθηση
 - C. hint (n) 1. (C) indirect suggestion If you don't know what to give her for her birthday, I'll give you a ~: it's something she can wear on her finger.
 2. (C) piece of advice, tip Here's an article with helpful ~s on how to care for your garden.
 3. (C) trace, small amount of sth There was a ~ of anger in her voice. > hint (v) ❖ 1. νύξη, υπαινιγμός 2. συμβουλή 3. ίχνος, ελάχιστη ποσότητα

- D. omen (n) (C) an object or event that is interpreted as a sign that sth good or bad will happen in the future Black cats are said to be ~s of bad luck. / She interpreted the rainbow as a good ~.
 οιωνός
- **92 collapse** (n) (U/C) sudden failure or breakdown of sth *physical* ~, *the* ~ *of peace talks* > collapse (v), collapsed (adj), collapsing (adj) ❖ κατάρρευση
 - A. foreground (n) 1. (C) the part of a picture or photograph that appears closest to the viewer
 John's face was the clearest as he was in the ~ of the photo. * πρώτο πλάνο 2. in the ~ (prep phr) (fig) in an important or noticeable position
 The president's political opponents have done their best to keep the scandal in the ~. * (μετ) στο προσκήνιο, στην πρώτη γραμμή
 - **B. prelude (to sth)** (n) (C) (fig) sth (e.g., an action or event) that happens before a more important event and that serves as an introduction to it *It is feared that the recent breakdown of diplomatic negotiations is a* ~ *to war.* ❖ (μετ) πρελούντιο, προοίμιο
 - **C. debut** (n) (C) first public appearance or publication *The famous actor made his* ~ *more than thirty years ago.* ❖ πρώτη εμφάνιση, ντεμπούτο
 - **D. matinée** (n) (C) afternoon performance of a movie or play We took advantage of our trip to London by seeing two plays a day: a discounted ~ in the afternoon and a regular full-priced performance in the evening. ❖ απογευματινή παράσταση
- 93 A. make waves (idm) (informal) cause trouble, disturb a peaceful situation If you disagree with the boss, it's best if you don't let him know. He doesn't like people who ~. ❖ ανακατεύω τα πράγματα, προκαλώ αναταραχή
 - B. keep pace (with sb/sth) (idm) move or change as fast as sb or sth else, keep up with sb/sth He's such a fast runner it's impossible to ~ with him. / Doctors read medical journals to ~ with new developments.
 ❖ συμβαδίζω με κπ/κτ
 - C. hold water (idm) (informal) seem to be valid, true, or logical We've studied his findings and his recommendations seem to ~; let's do what he suggests. ❖ ισχύω, είμαι αληθινός ή λογικός
 - D. stay afloat (idm) (of people or companies) manage to stay profitable and avoid financial difficulties Thanks to a loan from his parents, the young man managed to ~ until he found a new job. ❖ (μετ) μένω στην επιφάνεια και δεν βουλιάζω (οικονομικά)
- **94 charity** (n) (U) help for people with special needs *The profits from the rock concert will be donated to ~.* > charitable (adj), charitably (adv) ❖ φιλανθρωπία
 - A. dispatch (v) 1. send sth somewhere/to sb for a specific purpose ~ a letter by messenger, ~ troops to defend the border 2. deal with sth quickly ~ a job/task/an opponent > dispatch (n) ❖ 1. αποστέλλω 2. τελειώνω στα γρήγορα, ξεμπερδεύω



- **B. dispel** (v) make sth go away, get rid of sth *When her 3-year-old son is afraid, she sings to him to ~ his fears. ❖ (δια)σκορπίζω, διαλύω*
- **C. discard** (v) (of useless or unwanted things) get rid of, throw away *Don't* ~ *those empty bottles; put them in the recycling bin.* > discarded (adj) ❖ απορρίπτω, πετώ
- D. dismantle (v) carefully take sth apart piece by piece Mechanics are taught to ~ engines part by part and then carefully reassemble them. > dismantled (adj) ❖ διαλύω, λύνω, αποσυναρμολογώ
- 95 soft (adj) → be ~ (on sb/sth) (idm) deal with sb in a lenient (as opposed to strict) manner If parents are too ~ on their children, they may spoil them; every child needs a bit of discipline. ❖ είμαι επιεικής με κπ first-time offender (n phr) (C) person who breaks or violates the law for the first time As the thief was a ~, the judge let him off with a fine and a warning that the next time he would be put in jail. ❖ παραβάτης για πρώτη φορά
 - A. slap on the wrist (n phr) → give sb a ~ (idm)

 give sb a very mild punishment (e.g., as a warning) The principal was determined to teach the boys a lesson this time; last time he had given them a ~, but this time the punishment had to be stronger. ❖ τιμωρώ κπ πολύ ελαφρά
 - B. pat on the back (idm) → give sb a ~/ deserve a ~ (idm) congratulate sb, give sb credit for sth The group did a great job on the sales report. The boss should give them a ~. / What a great job! You deserve a ~. ❖ συγχαίρω, επιδοκιμάζω κπ
 - C. pain in the neck (idm) → be a ~ (idm) be a nuisance The teacher hated to admit it, but the rowdy students were a ~; she hoped they wouldn't be in her class next year. ❖ είμαι ενόχληση, είμαι μπελάς
 - D. peck on the cheek (n phr) → give sb a ~ (idm) give sb a quick, light kiss on the cheek She gave her parents a ~ and went to bed. ❖ φιλώ κπ στα πεταχτά στο μάγουλο
- 96 A. unsightly (adj) ugly, unattractive The accident left him with an ~ scar on his face. > unsightliness (n) ❖ άσχημος
 - B. unseen (adj) not seen, hidden, invisible The children were as good as gold during their parents' party; they remained ~, though they did leave the door of their room open so they could see and hear what was going on. ❖ αόρατος, απαρατήρητος
 - C. unforeseen (adj) unexpected, unpredictable
 The book was meant to be published in September, but the company ran into ~ difficulties when the employees of the printing plant went out on strike. * απρόβλεπτος
 - **D. untold** (adj) too many or too much to be measured, indescribable *Humanity has wreaked* ~ *damage on the environment*. ❖ αναρίθμητος, απερίγραπτος

- **97 A. misty** (adj) full of or partly covered in **mist** (i.e., light fog) *It was so* ~ *that we couldn't see the other side of the river.* > mist (n, v) ❖ ομιχλώδης, θαμπός
 - **B. stuffy** (adj) -1. (of a room or atmosphere) not having enough fresh air *It's* ~ *in here; let's open the window and let in some fresh air* 2. (fig, e.g., of a person, place, atmosphere, etc.) dull, formal, snobbish *I hope that* ~ *lawyer friend of yours isn't coming to the party. What a bore he is!* > stuffiness (n), stuffily (adv) ❖ 1. αποπνικτικός, χωρίς αερισμό 2. φαντασμένος και υπερβολικά τυπικός
 - **C. sticky** (adj) that sticks or tends to stick to sth which touches it *Careful: the paint is still wet and* ~ *so don't touch the walls. / The counter is all* ~. Who's been eating honey? >> stickiness (n), stick (v) stickily (adv) ❖ κολλώδης, γλοιώδης
 - D. moist (adj) damp, wet The cake has a lovely, ~ texture; it's not at all dry. / The grass was still ~ from last night's rain. ➤ moisture (n), moistness (n), moisten (v) ❖ υγρός
- 98 compromise (v) settle a dispute or argument by agreeing to accept less than what you/sb originally wanted; meet sb halfway Neither of them wanted to travel the 50 miles to the other's home, so they ~d and met at a restaurant in the middle. ➤ compromise (n), compromising (adj), compromised (adj) ❖ συμβιβάζομαι
 - A. standoff (n) (C) deadlock (i.e., a situation in which no result or conclusion can be reached because neither side will change their beliefs or position)
 The negotiations have reached a ~; neither the union nor the management will compromise so it looks like the strike will occur after all. ❖ αδιέξοδο
 - **B. stand-in** (n) (C) sb who takes the place of sb else, substitute, replacement Our English teacher was sick today so Mrs. Trudeau, the French teacher, acted as her ~. ❖ αντικαταστάτης
 - C. standard (n) (C) level of quality or excellence, especially one that is used as a measure for judging others They have a low ~ of living because they are both unemployed and live in a poor area. > standardize (v), standard (adj)
 ❖ επίπεδο, πρότυπο, προδιαγραφή
 - D. standpoint (n) (C) point of view, perspective
 From a legal ~, photocopying a book without the permission of the publisher is against the law.
 άποψη
- 99 full of (oneself) (idm) → be ~ (oneself) (idm) have an exaggerated opinion of one's worth or abilities
 The boss's wife is so ~ herself that she orders everyone around as if she were a manager. Who does she think she is? ❖ είμαι γεμάτος εγωισμό, είμαι φαντασμένος

Note: the verb **take** in the following expressions is irregular: **take - took - taken**.

- A. take (sb) down a peg or two (idm) put sb in his place, humble sb who has an exaggerated opinion of himself You should have seen the look on the boss's face when I told him it wasn't part of my job to run his personal errands all the time. I enjoyed ~ing him ~. ❖ βάζω κπ στη θέση του, ταπεινώνω
- **B. take (sb) up on (sth)** (idm) accept an offer from sb "It's really nice of you to invite us to visit you. We'd love to ~ you ~ that. Is sometime next month convenient?" ❖ δέχομαι μια προσφορά
- C. take (sb) for granted (idm) assume sb will be there to help or support you without fully appreciating what they do for you It wasn't until his parents died in a car crash that he realized how much he had ~n them ~. ❖ παίρνω κπ σαν δεδομένο. □: e.g., ~ sth ~
- D. take (sb) at (sb's) word (idm) believe that sb will do exactly as he/she promises He's an honest and trustworthy person. If he said he'd lend you the money, then you should ~ him ~ his ~. I doubt he'll let you down. ❖ παίρνω κπ τοις μετρητοίς, δίνω βάση στα λεγόμενά του
- **100 A. lick** (n) (C) light movement of the tongue over the surface of sth *The child giggled with delight when the puppy gave her a* ~ *on the face. / Can I have a* ~ *of your ice cream cone?* > lick (v) ❖ γλείψιμο
 - B. puff (n) (C) sudden outgoing rush of air, smoke, etc. If you blow one more ~ of cigarette smoke in this direction, it will be your last! >> puff (v)
 ❖ ρουφηξιά, τολύπη (καπνού), φύσημα
 - C. whiff (n) (C) small amount of sth that is breathed in, a smell or scent of sth that is inhaled Once you get a ~ of the skunk that just passed by, you won't want to go outside for a while. ❖ μυρωδιά
 - d. sip (n) (C) small amount of liquid taken in through the mouth • Have a ~ of this herbal tea. It's really relaxing. > sip (v) ❖ γουλιά, ρουφηξιά
- **101 A. distinctive** (adj) having a special quality or characteristic that makes sth/sb different a rock band with a ~ sound, a face with ~ features > distinction (n), distinctively (adv) ❖ διακριτικός, χαρακτηριστικός
 - **B. dismissive** (adj) indifferent, unconcerned, not caring at all "You say you've seen my ex-husband recently? Hmph! I could care less!" she said, with a ~ flip of her head. ➤ dismissal (n), dismiss (v), dismissively (adv) ❖ αδιάφορος, που δείχνει έλλειψη ενδιαφέροντος
 - C. diminutive (adj) extremely small The new-born kittens were so ~ that both of them could fit in the palm of her hand. ❖ μικροκαμωμένος
 - D. disruptive (adj) causing disorder, behaving in a way that interrupts or disturbs others • The teacher sent the boy to the principal's office because of his ~ behavior. ➤ disruption (n), disrupt (v), disruptively (adv) ❖ διασπαστικός, διαλυτικός

- **102 A. danger** (n) → **be in** ~ (v phr) be at risk, be exposed to harm or injury *If I thought my life would be in* ~, *I never would have gone skiing.* ❖ διακινδυνεύω
 - **B. jeopardy** (n) → **be in** ~ (v phr) same as **be in** danger see above ❖ διακινδυνεύω
 - C. loss (n) → be at a ~ (to do sth) (v phr) not know what to do in a particular situation When he heard the bad news, he was at a ~ to know how to advise her. ❖ δεν ξέρω τί να κάνω, τα έχω χαμένα
 - D. stake (n) → be at ~ (v phr) be at risk/in danger of being lost or damaged He had to find a way to help them. His family's safety was at ~.
 ❖ διακυβεύομαι

READING (pages 117-119)

FIRST PASSAGE (page 117)

Paragraph 1

balance the budget (idm) - (financial term, used figuratively in text) make sure that the amount of money that is spent does not exceed the amount of money that is taken in • The priority of the new government is to cut down on spending and ~. ❖ ισοσκελίζω τον προϋπολογισμό

staked out (pp) → be ~ (idm) - (fig - U.S. police slang) - be obliged to stay somewhere, watching sb/sth or waiting for sth to happen (e.g., like undercover policemen who watch a suspect's house 24 hours a day) • It's clear he likes her a lot. He's always ~ at her favorite coffee shop hoping for a chance to talk to her. ❖ (μετ) αναγκάζομαι να παραμένω κάπου, περιμένοντας

absorb (v) - take in, soak up • *The roots of a plant* are designed to ~ water. \Rightarrow absorption (n), absorbent (adj) \diamondsuit απορροφώ

evaporate (v) - change from a liquid to a gas • If you leave a small amount of water on a surface, it will gradually ~ until the surface becomes completely dry. > evaporation (n), evaporated (adj) ❖ εξατμίζω/-ομαι radiate (v) - 1. come out in rays, be emitted • Heat and light ~ from the sun. 2. send out rays of light or heat • The sun ~s heat and light. ➤ radiation (n), radiator (n), radiant (adj), radiantly (adv) ❖ 1. (θερμότητα) εκπέμπομαι, (φως) ακτινοβολούμαι 2. (θερμότητα) εκπέμπω, (φως) ακτινοβολώ reaches (pl n) - the most distant or outer parts of a place or area • the far ~ of the universe, the ~ of the imagination > reach (n, v) ❖ απόμακρες περιοχές tolerable (adj) - bearable, able to be stood or endured • When the pain in his back was no longer ~, he asked the doctor to give him a prescription for pain-killers. > toleration (n), tolerance (n), tolerate (v), tolerably (adv). Opp: intolerable 🌣 ανεκτός, υποφερτός

Paragraph 2

tundra (n) - (U) large, flat, treeless area with a thin layer of soil covering permanently frozen ground
 τούνδρα



cling - clung - clung (irreg v) - stick to, stay pressed against • She prefers to be comfortable so she avoids tight clothes that ~ to the body. \gg cling (n), clinging (adj) • προσκολλώμαι

still (adj) - unmoving, calm • The ocean was so ~ that the surface looked like glass. >> stillness (n) ❖ ακίνητος, γαλήνιος

streaming (adj) - moving or flowing continuously
• The ~ rain quickly filled the streets with water.
> stream (n, v) ❖ που κυματίζει , που κυλάει σαν ποτάμι

Paragraph 3

★ dehydrate (v) - lose a large amount of water due to extreme heat, illness, etc. > dehydration (n), dehydrated (adj) ❖ αφυδατώνομαι
 scorching (adj) - extremely hot • Elderly people should avoid the ~ summer sun. > scorcher (n), scorch (v) ❖ καυτός, ζεματιστός
 sufficient (adj) - enough, adequate • If he had ~ money in the bank, he'd buy a new car. > sufficiency (n), suffice (v), sufficiently (adv). Opp: insufficient (adj) ❖ αρκετός, επαρκής

SECOND PASSAGE (page 118)

Paragraph 1

fusion (n/adj) - (physics) reaction in which the nuclei (or centers) of certain light atoms combine (or **fuse**), releasing a huge amount of energy in the form of heat and light • *The enormous heat and light that stars radiate is the result of* \sim . \gg fuse (v) \diamondsuit πυρηνική σύντηξη

reactor (n) - (C) place where nuclear energy is produced • Even before the terrifying accident at Chernobyl, nuclear ~s were looked upon with great fear and suspicion. / The sun is a giant nuclear ~. > reaction (n), react (v), reactive (adj), reactively (adv) ❖ (πυρηνικός) αντιδραστήρας

gravity (n) - (U) the force that pulls things towards the center of the earth • *Objects fall towards the ground due to the effect of* \sim . \rightarrow gravitate (v), gravitational (adj) • $\beta\alpha\rho\dot{\nu}$

interior (n) - (C) the inside of sth • New furniture and a fresh coat of paint will improve the ~ of any home. > interior (adj) ❖ εσωτερικό

radiate (v) - 1. send out rays of light or heat
• The sun ~s heat and light 2. come out in rays, be
emitted • Heat and light ~ from the sun. > radiation
(n), radiator (n), radiant (adj), radiantly (adv)
• 1. (θερμότητα) εκπέμπω, (φως) ακτινοβολώ 2.
(θερμότητα) εκπέμπομαι, (φως) ακτινοβολούμαι
incandescent (adj) - glowing or shining when heated
• The ~ light bulb produces light by means of a
filament (or thin wire) that glows when heated by
electricity. > incandescence (n), incandescently (adv)
• λευκόπυρος, πυρακτωμένος

dynamic (n) - (C) (usually plural) one of several forces that cause sth to keep changing and developing • *the* ~*s of a relationship, the* ~*s of global economics* >> dynamic (adj), dynamically (adv) ❖ δυναμική

clarity (n) - (U) the state or quality of being clear • *His new contact lenses greatly improve the* ~ *of his vision.* ❖ καθαρότητα, διαύγεια

thanks to (idm) - because of sb/sth, owing to, due to • The fund-raiser was a great success, ~ the community's generous support. • χάρη σε κπ/κτ

Paragraph 2

- * oscillation (n) (C) (technical) the action of sth moving repeatedly and regularly between two points
 > oscillate (v) * ταλάντευση, ταλάντωση
- * pulsate (v) expand and contract in a regular rhythm, throb > pulsation (n) * πάλλω/-ομαι, σφύζω refining (ger) → refine (v) improve by making small changes an editor helps a writer ~ his work, an engineer ~s a design after testing a working model > refinement (n), refinery (n), refined (adj), refining (adj) * βελτιώνω
- * ambient (adj) (technical term) surrounding, on all sides > ambience (n) * περιβάλλων

Paragraph 3

insight (n) - 1. (U) deep or clear understanding of sth • Living in a foreign country is the only way to gain ~ into a foreign culture; a two-week package tour is no substitute. 2. (C) an observation that shows deep or clear understanding of sth • The article contains several interesting ~s about global warming. > insightful (adj), insightfully (adv) • 1. βαθειά αντίληψη, επίγνωση, οξυδέρκεια 2. οξυδερκής παρατήρηση

core (n) - (C) central part of sth • *She removed the* ~ *of the apple before slicing it.* / *At the* ~ *of the novel is the main character's desire for self-fulfillment.* / *The sun's* ~ *is a vast nuclear reactor.* ❖ πυρήνας

pattern (n) - (C) arrangement of lines, shapes, colors, and other markings or decorative elements • *The zebra's stripes form a zigzag* ~ . � σχέδιο, μοτίβο, σχήμα

114 D. advent (of) (n) - (U) arrival of sth important, the act of coming into existence for the first time • *the* ~ *of spring, the* ~ *of a cure for cancer, the* ~ *of the computer* ❖ έλευση, ερχομός

THIRD PASSAGE (page 119)

Paragraph 1

surface (v) - rise/come up to the surface • *ducks dive* under the water and then ~ again \gg surface (n) \Leftrightarrow αναδύομαι

stagnant (adj) - (of water) not flowing or moving and usually unpleasant smelling • *The farmer decided to drain the ~ pond on his property.* \gt stagnation (n), stagnate (v), stagnantly (adv) • στάσιμος, που λιμνάζει. \square : e.g., $a \sim career$

decay (n) - (U) rot, decomposition • *After years* of neglect, all of his teeth were showing signs of ~. > decay (v), decayed (adj), decaying (adj) ❖ αποσύνθεση, σάπισμα

suffocation (n) - (U) the state of not having enough oxygen to breathe • *I'll die of* ~ *if you don't open the window!* \succ suffocate (v), suffocating (adj), suffocated (adj) \diamondsuit ασφυξία

trigger (v) - start, be the cause of sth • *The noisy students* ~*ed the teacher's anger.* \Rightarrow trigger (n) \spadesuit προκαλώ

culprit (n) - 1. (things) (C) the cause of sth bad • *If* you want to know what's behind global warming, excessive burning of carbon products is now believed to be the main ~. 2. (people) (C) sb who has done sth wrong • *Police are still looking for the ~s responsible for the robbery.* ❖ 1. αιτία κακού 2. δράστης, φταίχτης

by-product (n) - (C) substance produced during the making or manufacturing of sth else • *Carbon monoxide is a ~ of burning oil and petroleum products.* • υποπροϊόν, παράγωγο

Paragraph 2

concentration (n) - (C) (chemistry) the relative amount of one substance that is dissolved or contained in another substance • Ozone accumulates in dangerous ~s in the smog of big cities. ➤ concentrate (n, v), concentrated (adj) ❖ συγκέντρωση. □: e.g., (U) powers of ~, (C) ~s of foreigners in a big city unleash (v) - 1. release sth powerful or destructive • Her cruelty ~ed a wave of anger in him. ❖ 2. (animals) let loose, untie • We ~ed the dog so he could run free in the field. ➤ unleashed (adj). Opp: leash ❖ 1. αποδεσμεύω, απελευθερώνω 2. αμολάω subsequent (adj) - later, following • S~ experiments confirmed the scientists' original findings. ➤ subsequently (adv) ❖ επόμενος, μεταγενέστερος,

επακόλουθος glacier (n) - (C) large mass of ice that moves slowly down a mountain valley • Europe was covered with ~s during the last ice age. > glacial (adj) ❖ παγετώνας course (v) - (liquids) move or flow freely (i.e., unimpeded) • After the dam broke, flood waters ~d through the streets and into the houses. > course (n), coursing (adj) 💠 ρέω, κυλώ γρήγορα και ανεμπόδιστα noxious (adj) - harmful, very unpleasant • When the wind blew eastward, you could smell the ~ fumes of the plastics factory to the west. 💠 επιβλαβής laden (suffix) - loaded or weighed down with sth, full of • The mourners at the funeral were grief-~. γεμάτος από, φορτωμένος με marine (adj) - of or related to the sea • Sharks and dolphins are ~ animals; they cannot survive in lakes or rivers. > marine (n), mariner (n) ❖ θαλάσσιος **decimate** (v) - kill or destroy a large part or amount of sth • The Black Plaque ~d close to 25% of Europe's population from 1337 to 1341. > decimation (n), decimated (adj), decimating (adj) 💠 αποδεκατίζω **swing** (n) - (C) significant change in sth • *The boss* is prone to mood ~s; sometimes he's cheerful, but at other times he can bite your head off. / Global warming is behind the climatic ~s that are being experienced around the planet. > swing (v) ♦ μεταστροφή. □: e.g., a playground ~, ~ and jazz

eliminate (v) - get rid of, remove • *The new law will help reduce prejudice in the workplace, but it will not* ~ *it completely.* ≫ elimination (n), eliminated (adj) ❖ εξαλείφω

take out (phr v) - (informal) destroy, kill, put out of action • *The gangster gave the order for a hit man to* ~ *his enemy.* ❖ σκοτώνω, βγάζω απ΄ τη μέση. \square : e.g., ~ *your girlfriend/boyfriend*, ~ *your anger on sb* **mere** (adj) \rightarrow **a** ~ (+ noun) (n phr) - only, just • *There's no need for me to see the doctor. I just have a* ~ *cold.* ❖ μόνος, απλός

Questions

- **118 C. perish** (v) die, be destroyed *Everyone on board* ~*ed in the tragic plane crash.* > perishable (n, adj) πεθαίνω, χάνομαι
- 120 B. depletion (n) (U) great reduction in sth; the act of seriously reducing or lessening a supply or quantity By the end of the war, the citizens were suffering from a severe ~ of food and medical supplies. ➤ deplete (v), depleted (adj) ❖ εξάντληση, μείωση
 - **D. undergo underwent undergone** (irreg v) experience, be subject to *Medical students must* ~ *extensive training before they can be licensed to practice as doctors.* ❖ υφίσταμαι

VOCABULARY ENHANCEMENT (pages 122-123)

Watery States and Stages

A Water Magic: Now You See It, Now You Don't Liquid to Gas

evaporate (v) - change from a liquid to a gas • If you leave a small amount of water on a surface, it will gradually ~ until the surface becomes completely dry. > evaporation (n), evaporated (adj) ❖ εξατμίζω/-ομαι steam (v) - 1. (food) cook by exposing to steam • It's healthier to ~ vegetables than boil them as ~ing preserves the vitamins and minerals better.

2. (boats, trains) move with the aid of steam power • The boat ~ed up the river. 3. ~ open/off (phr v) - open or remove sth with the aid of steam • ~ open an envelope, ~ stamps off an envelope > steam (n), steamer (n), steamed (adj), steaming (adj) ❖ 1. μαγειρεύω στον ατμό 2. κινούμαι με ατμό 3. ανοίγω με ατμό

let off steam (idm) - release energy, relieve stress, or express strong emotion by behaving actively or noisily • *Playing noisily is a natural way for children to* ~. ❖ ξεθυμαίνω, χαλαρώνω, ξοδεύω την παραπανίσια ενέργειά μου

run out of steam (idm) - lose one's energy, enthusiasm, or momentum • *The writer's novels are excellent for the most part, but he always seems to ~ before the last chapter.* ❖ ξεθυμαίνω, χάνω την ορμή μου



Gas to Liquid

condense (v) - (of water vapor) become liquid again
• The moisture in the warm air ~d on the cold window pane. Can you see those little water droplets?

> condensation (n), condensed (adj) ❖ υγροποιώ

: e.g., ~ a report, ~ milk

Liquid to Solid

liquefy (v) - make or became liquid • *You can* ~ *butter by heating it in a pan.* > liquefaction (n), liquefied (adj) • υγροποιώ/-ούμαι

liquidate (v) - close down a business and sell whatever is possible to pay off its debts • *Before the company closed, it ~d its assets (e.g., by selling equipment and the building the company occupied). ➤ liquidation (n), liquidated (adj) ❖ (εταιρείες κλπ) εκκαθαρίζω, διαλύω, ρευστοποιώ*

defrost (v) - 1. remove ice from sth (e.g., a refrigerator)
• When was the last time you ~ed the freezer? It's
covered with ice! 2. allow frozen food to come back
to room temperature • If you leave frozen food in
the refrigerator overnight, it will ~ by morning.

> defrosted (adj) ❖ 1. κάνω απόψυξη 2. ξεπαγώνω
thaw (v) - 1. become or make sth liquid or soft after it
has been frozen • Snow ~s. / The ground ~s in spring. /
Frozen food ~s when taken from the freezer. 2. (fig)
(of relations) become friendlier and warmer • The two
countries have been at war for years, but diplomatic
relations are finally beginning to ~. > thaw (n), thawed
(adj) ❖ 1. λιώνω, ξεπαγώνω 2. θερμαίνω/βελτιώνω
(σχέσεις)

B Beware, Water Shortage

wilt (v) - 1. (plants, flowers) bend or droop over weakly (e.g., from lack of water) • After five days without water, all of her plants had ~ed. 2. (people fig) become weak and tired • It was so hot and humid outside that I thought I was going to ~. >> wilting (adj), wilted (adj) ❖ 1. μαραίνω/-ομαι 2. μαραζώνω droop (v) - hang or bend downwards • Plants ~ when you don't water them. / The ears of some dogs ~. / The boy ~ed his head and began to cry. >> droop (n), drooping (adj) ❖ κρέμομαι, γέρνω, μαραίνομαι shrivel (v) - become/cause to become shrunken and

totally dried out (e.g., from too much heat) • *plants* ~ *in the hot sun, people* ~ *with age* > shriveled (adj) **♦** ξεραίνω/-ομαι, μαραίνω/-ομαι

wither (v) - shrink, dry up, become weak and then die (e.g., like plants or old people) • *If it doesn't rain soon, all the plants will* ~ *and die.* ❖ μαραίνω/-ομαι, ξεραίνω/-ουαι

parched (adj) - dry, completely without water • After a year without rain, the ~ soil was hardened and cracked. / The shipwreck survivors were ~ with thirst after a week at sea with no fresh water. > parch (v) ❖ ξεραμένος, καψαλισμένος (λόγω ζέστης ή ανομβρίας), άνυδρος, (μετ) διψασμένος slaked (adj) - quenched, satisfied, no longer thirsty • She loves the smell of the ~ earth after a heavy summer rain. > slake (v) ❖ ικανοποιημένος, ξεδιψασμένος, σβησμένος (από τη δίψα) drought (n) - (C/U) a long, dry period without rain • (C) Crops wither and die during a long ~. / (U) Years of ~ have led to famine and starvation. ❖ ξηρασία

C Water from the Sky

drizzle (n) - (U) fine light rain > drizzle (v), drizzly (adj) **♦** ψιχάλα

sleet (n) - (U) frozen rain ❖ χιονόνερο

fog (n) - (U/C) thick, low cloud of water drops > fog (v), foggy (adj), foggily (adv) \diamond o μ ($\chi\lambda\eta$

mist (n) - (U/C) thinner, less dense version of **fog** > mist (v), misty (adj) ❖ ελαφριά ομίχλη, υδρονέφωση, αχλή

haze (n) - (U/C) light, warm-weather form of **mist** > haze (v), hazy (adj), hazily (adv) ❖ αχλή, ελαφριά ομίχλη, καταχνιά

hail (n) - (U) balls of ice that fall from the sky > hail (v) \diamondsuit χαλάζι

precipitation (n) - (U) general term for rain, snow, etc. > precipitate (v, adj) ❖ βροχόπτωση, ατμοσφαιρικό κατακρήμνισμα

blizzard (n) - (C) severe snowstorm ***** χιονοθύελλα **smog** (n) - (U) polluted mix of smoke and fog > smoggy (adj) ***** αιθαλομίχλη, το νέφος **dew** (n) - (U) drops appearing on grass at night > dewy (adj) ***** δρόσος, δροσιά

Practice Test 6



LISTENING (pages 127-133)

PART 1 (pages 127-128)

Transcript

- outlook (n) (U) what is expected to happen in the future the economic ~ for the next 5 years, the weather ~ for the weekend ❖ προοπτική bleak (adj) hopeless, gloomy, grim He never finished high school, so his chances of getting a good job are extremely ~. > bleakness (n), bleakly (adv) ❖ ζοφερός, σκοτεινός
- 9 real estate (n phr) (U) property consisting of land, buildings, apartments, etc. *Until recently, she wasn't interested in owning* ~. *Now she has a beautiful home in the suburbs.* ❖ ακίνητη περιουσία
- follow through (on sth) (phr v) continue (sth) to the end, (in context) do what you said you intended to do She told me she'd clean up her room this morning, but I know she won't ~ without an argument! συνεχίζω κτ μέχρι τέλους, φέρνω σε πέρας pull (one's) weight (idm) do your fair share of the work Everyone at the office brought food to the Christmas party, except Alan. He never helps out so no one expected that he would ~ his ~. καταβάλλω τις απαιτούμενες προσπάθειες, κάνω το κατά δύναμη

PART 3 (pages 132-133)

FIRST SEGMENT (page 132)

Transcript

procedure (n) - (C) set way of doing sth • *If you need* surgery, you must call your health insurance provider and find out what ~s they require you to follow. / A liver transplant is a difficult surgical ~. \gg proceed (v), procedural (adj) \diamondsuit διαδικασία

implement (v) - (used passively in text) put sth into practice, carry out • *If police would* ~ *stricter controls on drunken drivers, there would be fewer traffic accidents.* > implementation (n) ❖ θέτω σε εφαρμογή, εφαρμόζω

precaution (n) - (C/U) action taken in advance to avoid sth dangerous or unpleasant • Always make sure the doors and windows are locked as a ~ against burglars. > precautionary (adj) ❖ προφύλαξη confirm (v) - establish the truth or correctness of sth • She called the airline to ~ her return flight reservation. > confirmation (n), confirmed (adj) ❖ επιβεβαιώνω

- * amputate (v) cut off an arm or leg in a surgical operation > amputation (n), amputated (adj)
 * ακρωτηριάζω
- surgical swab (n phr) (C) (medical) absorbent pad or piece of material used for cleaning wounds, applying medication, or taking specimens (e.g., DNA)
 (ιατρική) χειρουργικό τολύπιο (από γάζα, βαμβάκι κλπ)

oversight (n) - (C) failure to notice or do sth (e.g., because of forgetfulness or carelessness) • Not inviting him to the party was an ~, not a personal insult. I simply forgot to put his name on the list. ❖ αβλεψία, παράλειψη

lethal (adj) - deadly, able to kill • $a \sim weapon$, $a \sim dose \ of \ poison >$ lethality (n), lethally (adv) • φονικός, θανατηφόρος

priority (n) - (C) major concern, sth that needs attention before all other things • *Studying for exams is his number-one* ~ *right now; everything else is of secondary importance.* ❖ προτεραιότητα **universal** (adj) - overall, related to or shared by everyone • *Reducing carbon emissions is now a* ~ *problem.* > universe (n), universally (adv). ❖ παγκόσμιος

inquiry (n) - (C) a request for help or information about sb/sth or a formal investigation into sth • *The government has called for an* ~ *into the scandal.* > inquisition (n), inquire (v), inquisitive (adj), inquisitively (adv) ❖ έρευνα

pilot (v) - be among the first to test an idea that sb hopes to carry out on a larger scale • Our school was asked by a publisher to ~ a history course that they will bring out in a few years. > pilot (n, adj) ❖ εφαρμόζω πιλοτικά, θέτω σε εφαρμογή πιλοτικά complication (n) - (C) (often plural) (medical) new problem that occurs as a result of treating a disease or injury and that makes the situation harder to deal with • The surgery was successful, but the patient died of ~s. ❖ επιπλοκή

quantify (v) - attempt to calculate or measure the exact quantity of sth • *Frequent tests are one way to* ~ *a student's progress.* \Rightarrow quantification (n), quantified (adj), quantifiable (adj) quantifiably (adv) \Rightarrow καθορίζω την ποσότητα, μετρώ

live up to (sth) (idm) - be as good as/perform as well as expected • ~ *one's reputation,* ~ *sb's expectations* ❖ φαίνομαι αντάξιος

prospect (n) - (C) (often plural) chance for success • Your ~s for future employment will be better if you have a university education. ⇒ prospective (adj), prospectively (adv) ❖ προοπτική

awe-inspiring (adj) - inspiring awe (i.e., a sense of wonder mixed with fear); similar to awesome • The dramatic colors of the sunsets in the western part of the island are nothing short of ~. > awe (n, v) ❖ επιβλητικός, που προκαλεί δέος

SECOND SEGMENT (page 133)

Transcript

crave (v) - have an extreme, often uncontrollable desire for sth • *Pregnant women sometimes* ~ *strange combinations of food, like pickles and ice cream.* > craving (n) • λαχταρώ

norm (n) - (C) standard, typical pattern of behavior • *Violent criminals do not behave according to the* ~*s of society.* ❖ νόρμα, κανόνας

statute (n) - (C) written law passed by a legislative body; any rule of an organization or institution • *The government is reforming its tax ~s. / Any student caught cheating will be punished according to the ~s of the university.* \Rightarrow statutory (adj) • θέσπισμα, ψήφισμα, νόμος

pension (n) - (C) monthly payment made to people who reach retirement age • *Many elderly people find it hard to make ends meet on the small ~s they receive.* \Rightarrow pensioner (n) \div σύνταξη

get the ax (idm) - (informal) get fired, be let go • *If* you continue to be late for work, don't be surprised when you \sim . \diamond απολύομαι.

deprive (sb) (of sth) (v) - deny or cheat sb out of sth they should be able to use, enjoy, or possess • No parent intentionally wants to ~ their children of a good education. > deprivation (n), deprived (adj) * στερώ, αποστερώ

launch (v) - put into action, start • *The general is* planning to ~ the attack at sunrise. / The company is ~ing its new website next month. > launch (n) ❖ εξαπολύω (π.χ., επίθεση), ξεκινώ

advocate (n) - (C) sb who is strongly in favor of sth, supporter • Given the opportunity, most students would be enthusiastic ~s of a "no homework" policy. >> advocacy (n), advocation (n), advocate (v)

υπερασπιστής, υπέρμαχος, συνήγορος.
: e.g., judge ~, an ~ in a court of law

values (pl n) - ethical standards, principles • He was attracted to her because they had the same ~ about work, money, and family life. >> value (v), valuable (adj) \diamondsuit ηθικές αξίες

READING: CLOZE (page 136)

FIRST PASSAGE

Paragraph 1

lethal (adj) - deadly, able to kill • *a* ~ *weapon, a* ~ *dose of poison* > lethality (n), lethally (adv) ❖ φονικός, θανατηφόρος

consequence (n) - (C) result • *He's a conscientious* worker who always considers the ~s of his actions. >> consequential (adj), consequentially (adv)

❖ συνέπεια. □: e.g., (U) be of ~ to sb

migrating (adj) - (of animals) that migrate (i.e., move from one place to another, often according to the seasons in search of suitable living conditions); similar to migratory • The beaches of North and South Carolina are a stopover point for ~ birds as they travel north and south in search of suitable climates. > migration (n), migrant (n), migrate (v), migratory (adj) ❖ αποδημητικός

confused (adj) - mixed up • *The old woman is losing her memory. Sometimes she gets so* ~ *that she doesn't know where she is or who her friends are.* > confusion (n), confuse (v), confusing (adj)

❖ σαστισμένος, μπερδεμένος

slam (v) - hit against sth with great force • The driver lost control of his car and ~med it into a telephone pole. / Every year monsoon rains ~ the area, causing flooding, power outages, and hundreds of deaths. >> slam (n) ❖ χτυπώ με μεγάλη δύναμη, βροντάω, κλείνω με πάταγο

conservation (n) - (U) the care and management of the environment • *Environmentalist organizations like* the World Wide Fund for Nature and the Sierra Society are active supporters of \sim . \Rightarrow conservationist (n), conserve (v) • προστασία του περιβάλλοντος. \implies : e.g., \sim of energy/water

quantify (v) - attempt to calculate or measure the exact quantity of sth • *It will be months before experts can accurately* ~ *the financial impact of the horrible storm. / Frequent tests are a good way to* ~ *a student's progress.* > quantification (n), quantified (adj), quantifiable (adj), quantifiably (adv) ❖ καθορίζω την ποσότητα, μετρώ, ποσοτικοποιώ

perish (v) - (formal) die, be destroyed • *Sadly,* everyone on board ~ed in the tragic plane crash. > perishable (n, adj) ❖ πεθαίνω, χάνομαι

Paragraph 2

strain (n) - (C/U) severe demand on one's physical or mental strength, abilities, or other resources; stress or excessive effort • (C) Walking even short distances puts an enormous ~ on the elderly man's heart. / (U) Unlike many people, he seems to work well when he's under ~. ❖ ζόρισμα, υπερκόπωση, υπερένταση, δοκιμασία

collision (n) - (C) crash, an instance of one thing hitting violently into another • *The driver swerved out of the way to avoid a head-on* ~. ➤ collide (v) ❖ σύγκρουση

peak (adj) - at the point of highest value, intensity, demand, or achievement • ~ production, ~ hours of traffic, a runner in ~ condition \succ peak (n, v) \clubsuit μέγιστος, αιχμής

migratory (adj) - similar to **migrating** (adj) - *see* Paragraph 1 (third entry) on previous page

Choices

- **68 A. illustrative** (adj) explanatory *To ensure that we understood, the teacher gave us several* ~ *examples.*
 - > illustration (n), illustrate (v), illustratively (adv)
 - ερμηνευτικός, επεξηγηματικός
 - B. illuminated (adj) lit up with bright lights Thieves avoid ~ streets as the presence of bright lights makes it more likely that someone will see them.

 ⇒ illumination (n), illuminate (v), illuminating (adj) ❖ φωτισμένος. □: e.g., an ~ mind, an ~ manuscript from the Middle Ages
 - C. illustrated (adj) containing illustrations (e.g., drawings, photographs) Textbooks are more interesting when they contain maps, photos, and other ~ material. / Young children enjoy being read to from ~ books so they can talk about the pictures.
 illustration (n), illustrate (v), illustrative (adj), illustratively (adv) * εικονογραφημένος

- D. illustrious (adj) extremely well-known, distinguished The graduation speech was given by an ~ Nobel Prize winner. > illustriousness (n), illustriously (adv) ❖ επιφανής, διάσημος
- A. declining (adj) decreasing, falling, in decline
 Worried about the company's ~ profits, the director called a strategy meeting in hopes of improving sales. > decline (n, v) ❖ που φθίνει, που εξασθενεί, που παρακμάζει
 - **B. extinct** (adj) that no longer exists *Dinosaurs*have been ~ for millions of years. > extinction (n)
 ❖ που έχει εξαφανιστεί, εξαφανισμένος
 - C. deadly (adj) likely or able to cause death A pistol is a ~ weapon. / The policeman is said to be a good shot with ~ aim. > death (n), dead (adj)
 θανατηφόρος, φονικός
 - D. threatening (adj) frightening, hostile After receiving a number of ~ letters, the journalist decided to go to the police to see if they would protect him. ➤ threat (n), threaten (v), threatened (adj), threateningly (adv) ❖ απειλητικός
- A. subtract (v) (arithmetic) take (a number or a quantity) away from (another number or quantity)
 If you ~ 20 from 80, the remainder is 60. >> subtraction (n) ❖ αφαιρώ
 - **B. reduce** (v) make sth smaller in size, quantity, number, or degree *During the winter sales, shopkeepers* ~ *their prices.* >> reduction (n), reduced (adj) ❖ μειώνω
 - C. deduct (v) take away (an amount or part of sth)
 The company ~s taxes from my paycheck every month. > deduction (n) ❖ αφαιρώ, κρατώ (ποσό)
 - **D. downgrade** (v) reduce sth/sb in importance The doctors ~d the patient's condition from critical to stable. / Unhappy with the manager's performance, the director ~d him to assistant manager. \gt downgrade (n) \diamondsuit υποβαθμίζω

SECOND PASSAGE

Paragraph 1

- **reside** (v) live, inhabit, make one's home in a place *He ~s in Rome, where his children also live.* >> resident (n), residence (n), residential (adj) ❖ κατοικώ, διαμένω
- * larva (n) (C) wormlike, immature form of a butterfly or moth; same as grub > larvae (pl n), larval (adj)
 * προνύμφη, κάμπια
- ★ **fern** (n) (C) type of plant with large "feathery" leaves and no flowers ❖ φτέρη
- * **frond** (n) (C) large, feathery leaf of a fern (see previous entry) * φύλλο φτέρης
- * swamp (n) (C) area of land that is full of water

 > swamp (v), swampy (adj) * έλος, βάλτος
 deposit (v) lay or put down in a specified place The
 female insect ~s her eggs on the bottom of a leaf.

 > deposit (n) * αποθέτω. : e.g., ~ money in a bank
 account

hatch (v) - (newborn birds, etc.) break out of the eggshell; also, (mother hens and other birds) provide heat and warmth for the egg so the baby creature inside can eventually emerge • The children watched in fascination as the baby chicks slowly ~ed out of their eggs. / Birds need patience to sit on their eggs and ~ their young ones. ➤ hatchery (n), hatchling (n) ❖ εκκολάπτω/-ομαι, κλωσσώ

nutritious (adj) - (food) containing substances (e.g., proteins, vitamins) that keep the body healthy
• We had a ~ spinach and mushroom salad topped with grilled chicken and a light dressing of olive oil and vinegar. ➤ nutrition (n), nutritionally (adv)
• θρεπτικός

host (n) - (C) (biology) an animal or plant on which a parasite lives • *In the relationship between the sawfly and ferns, the fern is the* ~ *and the sawfly is the benefit-seeking parasite.* > host (v) � ξενιστής

Paragraph 2

hallmark (n) - (C) distinctive feature or characteristic
• Honesty, loyalty, and a great sense of humor are the
~s of a good friend. ❖ χαρακτηριστικό γνώρισμα
fossilized (adj) - (in UK: fossilised) decayed and
hardened, like a fossil (i.e., the ancient remains of
an animal or plant which have hardened or been
pressed into rock) • The young boy dreamed that
he found the ~ remains of a huge dinosaur in his
backyard. ➤ fossil (n), fossilization (n), fossilize (v)
❖ απολιθωμένος

★ **resin** (n) - (U) sticky, thick liquid produced by certain trees ❖ ρετσίνι

READING: VOCABULARY (pages 137-138)

- **87 Note:** *Pay careful attention to the structures/ prepositions used with the verbs below.*
 - A. devote (v) → ~ oneself to sth (v phr) give or commit yourself (or your time, energy, effort, etc.) to sth She gave up her career in order to ~ herself to raising her children. > devotion (n), devoted (adj) ❖ αφιερώνομαι, αφοσιώνομαι
 - **B. throw threw thrown** (irreg v) → ~ **oneself into sth** (idm) do sth energetically (e.g., with body and soul) *You can tell that she loves her work* passionately. She really ~s herself into it. ❖ κάνω κτ με μεγάλη ενεργητικότητα, ρίχνομαι με τα μούτρα σε κτ
 - C. immerse (v) → ~ oneself in sth (v phr) (fig) allow oneself to be completely involved or absorbed in sth After the death of her husband, she ~d herself in her work, leaving herself little time for friends or family. ➤ immersion (n), immersed (adj), immersible (adj) ❖ είμαι βυθισμένος ή απορροφημένος σε κτ. 🚇: e.g., (lit) ~ a sponge in water
 - D. pursue (sth) (v) occupy or busy oneself with, engage in After medical school, he's hoping to ~ a career in medical research. >> pursuit (n)
 ❖ ακολουθώ

- A. exuberantly (adv) happily and cheerfully, with great energy and excitement The children laughed ~ all through the clown act. > exuberance (n), exuberant (adj) ❖ διαχυτικά, ενθουσιωδώς
 - B. extravagantly (adv) 1. in a way that is wasteful and in bad taste spend ~ on expensive cars and luxury cruises. ❖ σπαταλά 2. unreasonably, unnecessarily praise sb ~ for work that is barely acceptable, spend ~ large sums of money at a luxury hotel. ➤ extravagance (n), extravagant (adj) ❖ υπερβολικά
 - C. voraciously (adv) 1. (lit) hungrily, greedily, with an appetite that is hard to satisfy They ate ~, as if they hadn't eaten in days. 2. (fig) avidly, with an enthusiasm that is hard to satisfy The novel was so good that she read it ~. > voracity (n), voracious (adj) ❖ (ένς. 1-2) αχόρταγα, ακόρεστα
 - D. vehemently (adv) forcefully, passionately
 speak out ~ against racism, ~ deny accusations.
 > vehemence (n), vehement (adj) ❖ φλογερά,
 σφοδρά
- 89 A. conservation (n) 1. (U) the prevention of loss, waste, damage, or destruction It hasn't rained all summer, so the government has asked everyone to practice ~ (e.g., by watering their gardens only at night and not washing their cars). 2. (U) the care and management of the environment Organizations like the World Wide Fund for Nature are active supporters of ~. > conservationist (n), conserve (v) ❖ 1. εξοικονόμηση 2. προστασία του περιβάλλοντος
 - B. diversity (n) (U) variety, wide range of things
 Tropical rainforests have a vast ~ of plant and animal life. >> diverse (adj), diversely (adv)
 * ποικιλία
 - C. pollution (n) (U) the state of being impure or harmful because of dirt, chemicals, radiation, etc.
 Clean-air and clean-water legislation has greatly reduced air and water ~ in our country. > pollute (v), polluted (adj) ❖ μόλυνση, ρύπανση
 - D. ecology (n) (U) the study of how plants and animals relate to each other and their surroundings; also, the relationship between plants and animals in an environment The environmentalist majored in ~ in college.
 / Urbanization has greatly changed the ~ of the greater New York area. > ecological (adj), ecologically (adv) ❖ οικολογία
- **90 A. heartwarming** (adj) uplifting, inspiring joy or happiness *Watching the parents with their new-born baby was a* ~ *experience.* ❖ εγκάρδιος, ευχάριστος
 - B. back-breaking (adj) involving hard work, exhausting, strenuous • Moving a piano up three flights of stairs is ~ work. ❖ εξαντλητικός, επίπονος

- C. eye-catching (adj) striking, impressive, attention-getting The children found the storybook's colorful illustrations quite ~.
 * εντυπωσιακός, που τραβάει το μάτι ή την προσοχή
- D. blood-curdling (adj) frightening, terrifying
 Suddenly, the peaceful silence was broken by a ~ scream. ❖ τρομακτικός, που παγώνει το αίμα
- 91 A. dabble (in sth) (v) be interested or involved in a subject or hobby in a superficial, not very serious way She ~d in painting when she was in college, but her interest turned out to be a passing fancy.
 > dabbler (n) ❖ ασχολούμαι ερασιτεχνικά με κτ
 - B. speculate (about sth) (v) make guesses, form an opinion without having all the facts It's impossible to ~ about the long-term future of the stock market, but right now it's a difficult climate for investors. > speculation (n), speculative (adj), speculatively (adv) ❖ υποθέτω, εικάζω
 - **C. tinker (with sth)** (v) make small adjustments to repair or improve sth *The mechanic spends his weekends ~ing with his motorcycle.* > tinker (n), tinkerer (n) ❖ μαστορεύω, σκαλίζω. □: e.g., ~ *with an idea*
 - D. probe (into sth) (v) examine or explore a place that is difficult to reach (often with special tools or equipment) The Hubble Space Telescope continues to ~ the far corners of the universe.
 ➤ probe (n), probing (adj) ❖ εξετάζω, εξερευνώ
- 92 A. transfusion (n) (C/U) an act or the process of removing blood from sb and putting it into sb else
 The gunshot victim had lost a lot of blood and had to be given a ~. > transfuse (v) ❖ μετάγγιση
 - B. hemorrhage (n) (C) an occurrence of sudden and excessive bleeding The head injury caused a ~ in the brain; surgeons have not been able to stop the bleeding. ➤ hemorrhage (v) ❖ αιμορραγία
 - C. seizure (n) (C) (same as fit, but more formal) a sudden attack of illness, often involving violent movements and/or loss of consciousness an epileptic ~, a ~ of coughing >> seize (v) ❖ κρίση, παροξυσμός. □: e.g., the ~ of stolen property
 - D. laceration (n) (C) rip or tear in the skin The driver was thrown forward into the windshield; it's a miracle he suffered only a few cuts and ~s.
 ➤ lacerate (v) ❖ σκίσιμο, πληγή
- **A. gangly** (adj) awkwardly long and thin The once

 teenager had grown into a tall, handsome young
 man. ψηλόλιγνος, ψηλολέλεκας
 - **B. stout** (adj) -1. (people) rather fat *Wrestlers tend* to be ~ rather than thin. 2. (things) strong and thick a ~ stick, ~ walking shoes > stoutness (n), stoutly (adv) ❖ 1. εύσωμος, παχύς 2. γερός, χοντρός
 - C. slender (adj) attractively long and thin a ~ ballerina, ~ palm trees swaying in the wind
 ⇒ slenderness (n) ❖ λεπτός, λυγερός

- **D. plump** (adj) pleasantly fat *As a child, she was short, ~, and rosy-cheeked a bit like an overripe tomato.* >> plumpness (n) ❖ παχουλός
- 94 A. relatively (adv) in relation, comparison or proportion to sth/sb else a ~ cheap book, a machine which uses ~ little energy. >> relativity (n), relatively (adj) ❖ σχετικά
 - **B. superficially** (adv) on the surface, without much depth or detail a poor student studies quickly and ~, a lazy housewife cleans ~ > superficiality (n), superficial (adj) ❖ επιφανειακά
 - C. vainly (adv) 1. unsuccessfully, despite great effort The pilot was killed on impact after ~ struggling to open his parachute. ❖ μάταια 2. with too high an opinion of oneself She ~ admired her reflection in the mirror. ➤ vanity (n), vain (adj) ❖ ματαιόδοξα
 - D. adroitly (adv) cleverly and/or skillfully a clever businessman ~ negotiates a deal, a graceful dancer moves ~ ❖ επιδέξια, έξυπνα
- **95 A. dearth (of sth)** (n) (U) insufficient amount, lack, shortage, scarcity *The current* ~ *of jobs in the nation is a worrying prospect for young people wanting to start their careers.* ❖ έλλειψη, ανεπάρκεια
 - B. profusion (of sth) (n) (C/U) large quantity (of sth)
 Their well-tended garden is a ~ of color in spring.
 / Roses grow in ~ in the well-tended garden. >> profuse (adj), profusely (adv) ❖ αφθονία
 - C. deficit (in sth) (n) (C/U) amount that is less than the amount required or expected The government plans to raise taxes and cut spending on education and welfare to reduce the budget ~.
 > deficient (adj) έλλειμμα
 - D. deficiency (of sth) (n) 1. (U) the state of lacking sth necessary Scurvy is a disease that results from a ~ of vitamin C in one's diet. 2. (C) a fault or imperfection Disloyalty and dishonesty are two of his greatest ~ies. / The newspaper ran a highly critical article about the city's ~ies. > deficient (adj) ❖ 1. ἑλλειψη 2. ατέλεια, ελάττωμα
- 96 A. mundane (adj) ordinary, uninteresting, without excitement While her sister was out interviewing a famous actor, she spent a ~ morning cleaning the house. > mundanely (adv) ❖ συνηθισμένος, εγκόσμιος
 - **B. translucent** (adj) allowing light to pass through but not clear enough to see through *They installed* ~ *windows in the bathroom to ensure their privacy.* > translucence (n) ❖ ημιδιαφανής
 - C. murky (adj) dark, unclear, hard to see through
 By morning a thick, ~ fog had descended over the area, reducing visibility to almost nothing.
 / Compared to the crystal clear water of the Aegean, the ~ lake water was uninviting. > murk (n), murkiness (n) ❖ σκοτεινός, ζοφερός

- D. unruffled (adj) calm, at ease, serene Panic was all around them, but the well-trained rescue crew remained ~ as they arrived at the accident scene.
 > Opp: ruffled * ατάραχος, ήρεμος
- **97 A. formerly** (adv) previously, in the past *Now retired, he was* ~ *the heavyweight boxing champion of the world.* > former (adj) ❖ άλλοτε, παλιότερα, προηγούμενα
 - B. formally (adv) 1. officially The suspect is being held but has not been ~ charged with the burglary. ❖ επίσημα 2. in a way that is correct or suitable for official or important occasions Everyone at the Embassy reception was ~ dressed in tuxedoes and long gowns. / He's a stiff person who always behaves very ~, even in casual social encounters. ➤ formality (n), formal (adj) ❖ επίσημα, τυπικά
 - C. typically (adv) characteristic (e.g., of a particular person, thing or type) There's no such thing as a ~ American or English accent. / T~, he forgot to call her to say he'd be late. > typicality (n), typical (adj) ❖ χαρακτηριστικά
 - D. subsequently (adv) at a later time, afterwards
 Originally published in English, the book was
 translated into five other languages. >> subsequent (adj) ❖ κατόπιν, αργότερα, στη συνέχεια
- 98 A. border (n) 1. (C) the imaginary line dividing two countries; the land on either side of this line
 The ~ between the USA and Mexico, a ~ town 2.
 (C) band or strip around or along the edge of sth
 the muddy ~s of a lake, a dress with a lace ~, a computer graphics program with thousands of pictures and ~s, flowers planted along the ~ of a lawn ❖ 1. σύνορα, μεθόριος 2. άκρη, μπορντούρα
 - B. line (n) → 1. be on the ~ (idm) be at risk, be in danger (e.g., a job, one's reputation, one's career)
 Your career is on the ~, so you'd better do a good job on the report. 2. lay it on the ~ (idm) talk frankly and openly Let me lay it on the ~. If your work doesn't improve, you'll be fired. ❖ 1. εκτίθεμαι σε κίνδυνο 2. μιλώ ειλικρινά και ανοιχτά
 - C. limit (n) → to the ~ (idm) to the maximum degree possible The crisis tested the mayor's leadership abilities to the ~. > limitation (n), limit (v), limited (adj) ❖ στο ανώτατο όριο, στο μέγιστο βαθμό
 - D. margin (n) → in the ~ (prep phr) in the extra space at the top, bottom, or sides of a page of writing or print Leave plenty of room at the left and right of your composition so the teacher can make notes in the ~. > marginalize (v), marginal (adj), marginally (adv) ❖ στο περιθώριο
- A. dissolve (v) cause sth solid to become mixed with a liquid and disappear Over the years the groundwater in the cave began to ~ the limestone walls. > dissolution (n), dissolved (adj), dissolvable (adj) διαλύω

- B. reflect (v) cause light, heat, or sound to bounce back Mirrors ~ light. / The mountain was ~ed on the surface of the lake. > reflection (n), reflected (adj), reflective (adj), reflectively (adv) ❖ καθρεφτίζω, αντανακλώ. □: e.g., ~ on a problem
- C. hover (v) 1. remain in the air without moving forwards or backwards bees ~ over flowers, a helicopter ~s over an accident scene 2. remain near sth or in an uncertain state nations ~ on the brink of war, a patient ~s between life and death 3. (of temperatures) stay at a certain (usually high) level I hope this heat wave breaks soon! Temperatures have been ~ing around 43° C for over a week now! >> hovering (adj) ❖ 1. (πουλιά κλπ) ζυγιάζομαι (ακίνητα), (ελικόπτερα) αιωρούμαι 2. ταλαντεύομαι 3. ταλαντεύομαι
- D. plummet (v) fall suddenly and/or dramatically
 Prices of desk-top computers have ~ed in recent years; they are now much cheaper than they used to be. > plummeting (adj) ❖ πέφτω κατακόρυφα
- **100 A. mediocre** (adj) of only moderate quality, adequate but not very good *He's a ~ language student who will probably not pass the ECPE on his first try.* ➤ mediocrity (n) ❖ μέτριος, παρακατιανός
 - B. average (adj) typical, normal, ordinary There's nothing special about Irene's fiancé. He's just an ~ sort of guy, except that he's kind, open, and obviously head over heels in love with her.
 > average (n, v) ❖ μέσος, συνηθισμένος
 - C. characteristic (adj) typical The enthusiasm he has displayed for this project is absolutely ~ of the way he works; he really throws himself into everything he does. > characteristic (n), characterize (v), characteristically (adv)
 * χαρακτηριστικός
 - D. compact (adj) small and neatly packed What she likes about lap-top computers is that they're so ~ and portable; the one she has hardly takes up any space at all in her tiny apartment. ➤ compact (n, v), compactly (adv) ❖ μικρός και συμπαγής
- **101 A. dispel** (v) make sth go away, get rid of sth *When her 3-year-old son is afraid, she sings to him to ~ his fears. ❖ (δια)σκορπίζω, διαλύω*
 - B. expel (v) 1. force to leave permanently due to bad conduct ~ a student from school 2. send/drive out by force ~ water/gas from a pipe > expulsion (n) ❖ 1. αποβάλλω (μόνιμα) 2. αποβάλλω
 - C. repel (v) 1. drive or push sb/sth away or back
 an army ~s an invasion, insect sprays ~ insects, water-proof raincoats ~ water 2. cause a feeling of horror or disgust The sight of blood ~s many people, as do insects, snakes, and spiders. > repulsion (n), repulsive (adj), repulsively (adv)
 1. αποκρούω, απωθώ 2. προκαλώ αποτροπιασμό/αηδία

- **D. compel** (v) force sb to do sth *A guilty conscience* ~*led the murderer to confess.* >> compulsion (n), compulsive (adj), compulsively (adv) ❖ αναγκάζω, υποχρεώνω
- 102 A. appreciably (adv) noticeably, considerably, to a much greater degree His promotion to managing editor involves ~ more responsibility.
 ⇒ appreciable (adj) ❖ αισθητά
 - **B. indefinitely** (adv) for a period of time that has no specified end *The meeting had to be postponed* ~ *as the boss was not sure when he would return from his business trip.* > indefinite (adj) ❖ αόριστα
 - C. considerately (adv) thoughtfully, kindly, in a way in which sb is careful not to hurt or trouble others He treats her ~ and is never cruel to her.
 Consideration (n), considerate (adj) * ευγενικά, διακριτικά
 - **D. grudgingly** (adv) unwillingly, reluctantly *A* conservative man, her father ~ allows her to stay out late on special occasions. > grudge (n), begrudge (v), grudging (adj) ❖ απρόθυμα, με το ζόρι

READING (pages 139-141) FIRST PASSAGE (page 139)

Paragraph 1

put to rest (idm) - prove that sth is not true; same as **lay to rest** • *His promotion to chief executive officer* ~ *the rumors that his job was in danger.* ❖ αποδεικνύω ότι κτ δεν είναι αλήθεια

entrepreneur (n) - (C) sb who starts or invests in a business, esp. one involving financial risk • *The successful* ~ *now owns 70% of the well-known software company.* ➤ entrepreneurial (adj)

❖ επιχειρηματίας

donate (v) - give sth, esp. money, to a person or organization in order to help them • ~ money for breast cancer research, ~ time to a volunteer organization > donation (n), donor (v), donated (adj) • δωρίζω, χαρίζω

Paragraph 2

trim (v) - (used passively in the text) use a cutting tool (e.g., scissors or a knife) to cut away excess material • ~ *the lawn with a lawn mower,* ~ *sb's hair,* ~ *fat from a piece of meat* > trim (n), trimmed (adj) ❖ κουρεύω, ψαλιδίζω

cast-off (adj) - no longer wanted or useful, discarded, thrown away • *If you're willing to wear* ~ *clothes, the flea market and thrift shop in our area has some great bargains.* ❖ πεταμένος

oversee - oversaw - overseen (irreg v) - supervise, manage, have responsibility for • The chief accountant ~s the financial dealings of the multibillion-dollar corporation, so talk to him if you have questions about the budget. >> overseer (n) ❖ επιστατώ, επιβλέπω

collaborate (with sb) (on sth) (v) - work together • The two scientists work well together and have ~d on several major research projects. > collaboration (n), collaborator (n), collaborative (adj), collaboratively (adv) 💠 συνεργάζομαι facsimile (n) - (C) exact replica or reproduction of sth • The artist was such a good copyist that you couldn't tell the real Rembrandt from the ~ he painted. πανομοιότυπο, πιστό αντίγραφο mold (n) - (C) (in U.K., mould) hollow container into which a soft or liquid substance is poured so that, when hardened, the substance takes the shape of the container • An ice cube tray is a good example of a ~: when the water freezes, it takes the form of the open cube into which it was originally poured. > molding (n), mold (v), molded (adj) & καλούπι

Paragraph 3

crude (adj) - simple, rough, primitive, unskillfully made • *The* ~ *drawing on the refrigerator was the child's first attempt at using a pencil.* >> crudeness (n), crudely (adv) ❖ πρόχειρος, πρωτόγονος, άτεχνα φτιαγμένος

SECOND PASSAGE (page 140)

Paragraph 1

blockage (n) - (C) sth that blocks or obstructs movement or flow, obstruction; (U) the state of being blocked or obstructed • (C) *High cholesterol may lead to* ~s in the veins and arteries. I (U) Cholesterol in the arteries leads to ~, which can cause a heart attack. \Rightarrow block (v), blocked (adj) \clubsuit μπλοκάρισμα, φράξιμο, απόφραξη

disorder (n) - (C) (medical) a disturbance of the normal processes of the body or mind • *The patient is suffering from a rare blood* ~. ❖ διαταραχή.

□: e.g., *public* ~

wispy (adj) - thin and delicate, like a thread or loose strand of hair • ~ clouds, a ~ head of hair (i.e., with thin tufts or bunches of hair flying out in different directions) > wisp (n), wispiness (n), wispily (adv) λ λεπτός

fragile (adj) - delicate, easily damaged or broken
• The sea is a ~ ecosystem. / The porcelain vase was so ~ that it shattered into thousands of tiny pieces.
> fragility (n) ❖ εύθραυστος

- blood vessel (n phr) (C) any of the tubes through which blood flows in the body (e.g., a vein, artery, or capillary) * αιμοφόρο αγγείο

seizure (n) - see Vocabulary 92C
numbness (n) - (U) the state of not having physical feeling in part of the body • The old woman experiences ~ in her fingers and toes on a cold winter day. >> numb (v, adj), numbly (adv)

❖ μούδιασμα

limb (n) - (C) an arm or leg • *He lost a leg in the accident, but he now walks with the aid of an artificial ~. ❖ άκρο*

transient (adj) - lasting only for a short time, temporary, fleeting • The sense of total relaxation she achieved on vacation was, unfortunately, ~; the feeling disappeared as soon as she returned to work. >> transient (n), transience (n), transiently (adv)

εφήμερος, φευγαλέος

mild (adj) - gentle, not strong or severe • Winter in Greece is very ~ compared to winter in Germany or Switzerland. / She suffered a ~ heart attack, but she'll soon be back on her feet. ➤ mildness (n), mildly (adv) ❖ ήπιος, μαλακός, ελαφρός

Paragraph 2

deposit (n) - (C) layer of matter (e.g., metal, oil, plaque) that has been laid down by natural processes (e.g., in the earth, in a river/lake, or in the bones or blood vessels) • a mine with rich ~s of gold, ~s of mud at the bottom of a lake, ~s of plaque on the walls of the arteries ❖ κοίτασμα, ίζημα, στρώμα, απόθεμα. See PT 3, Vocabulary, 101C for alternative meaning. atherosclerosis (n) - (U) medical condition in which deposits of fat and cholesterol build up on the inner walls of the coronary arteries • A~ can lead to arteriosclerosis, when the fatty deposits on the walls of the arteries become so thick that the walls begin to harden. ❖ αθηροσκλήρωση

vessel (n) - (C) same as **blood vessel** (see first column on this page)

vital (adj) - very important, crucial • *It is* ~ *that the company make a profit this year; if it loses money again, it may be forced to close.* ❖ ζωτικός. ຝ: e.g., ~ *organs/body functions*

loop (n) - (C) a curved shape • *The number "8" is composed of two continuous* ~*s, one on top of the other.* > loop (v), looped (adj) \diamondsuit βρόχος, θηλιά

Paragraph 3

sever (v) - cut off or cut through completely • ~ *a* finger in an accident, ~ a rope into two pieces \Leftrightarrow αποκόπτω, κόβω/-ομαι. \square : e.g., (fig) ~ diplomatic ties, ~ a relationship

splice (v) - join together • *The surgeon ~d together* the two ends of the severed nerve in the patient's hand. ❖ ενώνω, συγκολλώ

scalp (n/adj) - (C) the skin at the top and back of the head • *If your* ~ *is very dry, you should use a special shampoo for dandruff.* > scalp (v) • τριχωτό δέρμα της κεφαλής

Paragraph 4

devastating (adj) - 1. (affecting things) causing great damage and destruction • The ~ earthquake leveled all the houses in the village. 2. (affecting people) extremely upsetting, emotionally overwhelming • I can't imagine how she will react when she hears the ~ news. ➤ devastation (n), devastate (v), devastated (adj) ❖ 1. καταστρεπτικός, ολέθριος 2. που προκαλεί συντριβή

majority (n) - (U) most of sth, more than 50% of sth • *The* ~ *of students passed the test; only two out of fifty failed.* \Rightarrow Opp: minority \diamondsuit πλειονότητα, πλειοψηφία

Questions

110 D. clog (v) - block/become blocked with sth thick or sticky • *dead leaves* ~ *a drain pipe, mucus* ~*s the lungs, plaque deposits* ~ *arteries* >> clog (n), clogged (adj) ❖ βουλώνω

THIRD PASSAGE (page 141)

Paragraph 1

span (n) - (C) period of time, duration, same as time span • Within a ~ of a few years the awkward teenager had become a handsome young man.

> span (v) ❖ διάστημα χρόνου, διάρκεια culprit (n) - 1. (things) (C) the cause of sth bad • If you want to know what's behind global warming, excessive burning of carbon products is now believed to be the main ~. 2. (people) (C) sb who has done sth wrong • Police are still looking for the ~s responsible for the robbery. ❖ 1. αιτία κακού 2. δράστης, φταίχτης

- * pulmonary (adj) related to or affecting the lungs

 > pulmonology (n), pulmonologist (n) * πνευμονικός
 ailment (n) (C) minor illness The common cold
 is an ~ that does not compare in seriousness to
 diseases like cancer and hemophilia. > ail (v), ailing
 (adj) * αδιαθεσία, αρρώστια
- * gastrointestinal (adj) related to or affecting the stomach and intestines * γαστρεντερικός disorder (n) see Reading, Second passage, Paragraph 1
- * immunologically (adv) having to do with the body's immunological system (i.e., the system that allows the body to resist or fight off disease) > immunology (n), immunologist (n), immunity (n), immunological (adj) * ανοσολογικά

vulnerable (to) (adj) - liable to be hurt or damaged, unprotected against attack • *Young animals are* ~ *to predators. / An unconfident young woman is* ~ *to criticism. / Children are* ~ *to colds.* > vulnerability (n), vulnerably (adv). Opp: invulnerable ❖ ευάλωτος, τοωτός

conqueror (n) - (C) sb/sth that defeats an enemy
• The Spanish ~s of the New World defeated the
Incan, Aztec and Mayan civilizations. >> conquest (n),
conquer (v), conquering (adj), conquered (adj)
❖ κατακτητής

Paragraph 2

susceptible (to sth) (adj) - easily influenced or harmed by sth; similar to vulnerable (see two entries above) • A sickly child is ~ to respiratory infections. / A lonely woman is ~ to the charms of a handsome man. > susceptibility (n) ❖ ευαίσθητος, ευπαθής, ευεπηρέαστος, ευάλωτος

congregate (v) - come together in a crowd • a crowd ~s outside City Hall, students ~ in a school yard >> congregation (n), congregated (adj) ❖ συναθροίζομαι

innumerable (adj) - too many to be counted • Teachers find it hard to keep up with the ~ textbooks that are published every year. ❖ αναρίθμητος, αμέτρητος

indigenous (adj) - belonging naturally to a place
• ~ plants and animals; Aborigines, Maoris, and other
~ peoples of the world ❖ γηγενής, ιθαγενής, ντόπιος
plummet (v) - fall suddenly and/or dramatically
• Prices of desk-top computers have ~ed in recent

years; they are now much cheaper than they used to be. > plummeting (adj) ❖ πέφτω κατακόρυφα resort (to sth/to doing sth) (v phr) - do sth (often unpleasant or extreme) because nothing else will bring about the desired result • Unable to control the angry crowd, the police officers were forced to ~ to violence. / Finding a gun in her son's room, she panicked and ~ed to calling the police.

καταφεύγω σε

mainland (n) - (U) large mass of continental land (in contrast to one or more islands) • *Volos is a town on the* ~ *of Greece.* \succ mainland (adj) • ηπειρωτική χώρα

bolster (v) - strengthen or give support to sth • *On* the day of the exam, the teacher's encouraging words ~ed the students' confidence. ❖ (υπο)στηρίζω

 ★ cane (n/adj) → sugar ~ (n) - (U) tropical plant with tall jointed stems from which sugar is extracted
 ❖ ζαχαροκάλαμο

Paragraph 3

assign (sb to sb) (v) - (used passively in text) put a person under sb's authority or control • The new employee was ~ed to work with the boss's secretary for a few days so she could get familiar with the company. \gg assignment (n), assigned (adj) • oρίζω/ομαι

amount to (phr v) - be the same as, be equal to • *Your actions ~ breaking the law. What were you thinking? ❖ ισοδυναμώ*

virtual (adj) - almost or nearly the same (as the thing described) • *The country's border is so poorly guarded that most people agree that there is a ~ absence of security.* ➤ virtually (adv) ❖ εικονικός, στην ουσία

Paragraph 4

migratory (adj) - moving from place to place, that migrates • *The beaches of North and South Carolina are a stop-over point for ~ birds as they travel north and south in search of suitable climates.*

μεταναστευτικός (για ανθρώπους), αποδημητικός (για ζώα/πουλιά)

trigger (v) - (used passively in text) start, be the cause of sth • *The noisy students ~ed the teacher's anger.* > trigger (n) ❖ προκαλώ

* lay (adj) - (church) involved with the church (but without being a priest, nun, or monk) > laity (n)
 * λαϊκός, μη κληρικός

mission (n) - (C) building or group of buildings built and/or used by religious people who have been sent abroad to teach others about Christianity
 missionary (n) * κτίριο/συγκρότημα της ιεραποστολής

VOCABULARY ENHANCEMENT (pages 144-145)

The Matter at Hand

A Setting the Scene

be out of (sb's) hands (idm) - be beyond sb's control • We've made our recommendations, but the final decision lies with the boss. It's out of our hands. ❖ δεν είναι στο χέρι μου

be/get out of hand (idm) - be/get out of control • fans are/get out of hand when their team wins; situations are/get out of hand when people make unreasonable demands ❖ ξεφεύγω από κάθε έλεγχο, γίνομαι ασύδοτος

change hands (idm) - change owners, go from one owner to another • *The restaurant has much better food now that it has* $\sim d \sim \sim \Delta \lambda \Delta \Delta \Delta \omega \chi$ (phr v) - pass sth down by tradition or

hand down (phr v) - pass sth down by tradition or inheritance • *Before she dies, my grandmother is planning to* ~ *a piece of her favorite jewelry to each of her grand-daughters.* \Leftrightarrow κληροδοτώ. \square : e.g., ~ *a decision*

hand over (phr v) - give, deliver sth to sb • *The bank robber was surrounded by police and was forced to ~ his gun.* ❖ παραδίνω, δίνω

have time on one's hands (idm) - have spare time
• Now that her children are grown, she has a lot of time on her hands. ❖ έχω χρόνο στη διάθεσή μου take matters into one's hands (idm) - take action by oneself, take control of a situation (rather than letting others do so) • It was not unusual in the American Wild West for ordinary citizens to take matters into their own hands and punish outlaws as they saw fit, without waiting for the district judge to bring the case to trial. ❖ παίρνω την κατάσταση στα χέρια μου

take (sth) in hand (idm) - take control of sth • When the new owners took the company in hand, the business finally began to make a profit. \clubsuit παίρνω τον έλεγχω

wash one's hands of sth (idm) - ignore or abandon sb/sth • *I cannot support your plan as I feel it will be a disaster. I'm sorry to do this, but I need to wash my hands of the whole thing.* ❖ νίπτω τας χείρας μου από κπ/κτ, απεκδύομαι πάσης ευθύνης

wring one's hands (v phr) - twist one's hands to show anxiety or despair • When she heard there had been an accident, all she could do was rock back and forth and wring her hands. ❖ τρίβω νευρικά τα χέρια μου. Note: the verb is irregular: wring - wrung - wrung.

B Once Upon a Time

become putty in (sb's) hands (idm) - (fig) be easily influenced or controlled by sb • Despite the feminist revolution, some women are still easily influenced by a man with money; give one of them diamonds or fur and she becomes putty in your hands. ❖ (μετ) είμαι ευεπηρέαστος, γίνομαι εύπλαστος σαν πηλός.

Note: putty (n) - (U) a soft, whitish substance that is often used to hold glass in windows ❖ στόκος know (sb) like the back of (one's) hand (idm) - know sb extremely well • I know you like the back of my hand, so I can see that you're lying. ❖ ξέρω κπ πολύ καλά, ξέρω κπ σαν την παλάμη μου live hand to mouth (idm) - barely make ends

meet; live poorly, barely being able to satisfy one's basic needs for food and shelter • His job pays so poorly that he's forced to live hand to mouth. ❖ ζω μεροδούλι-μεροφάι play into (sb's) hands (idm) - do exactly what sb bened • The diamond marchant know that the king

play into (sb's) hands (idm) - do exactly what sb hoped • The diamond merchant knew that the king had a weakness for beautiful things. When the king saw the diamond, he knew he had to have it. In short, he played right into the merchant's hands. • παίζω το παιχνίδι του άλλου

sit on (one's) hands (idm) - do nothing • You need to take action. You can't expect the problem to be solved if you just sit on your hands. ❖ κάθομαι με σταυρωμένα χέρια

with (sth) in hand (idm) - holding sth, with sth in one's possession • *Tina says Mike showed up at her door last night with a wedding ring in hand.* ❖ με κτ στα χέρια μου, με κτ στην κατοχή μου

you have to hand it to sb (idm) - sb deserves credit for sth • You have to hand it to Al; he's worked hard all his life, and that's why he's so successful. ❖ το αναγνωρίζω σε κπ, (του) το αναγνωρίζω

(have sb) in the palm of your hand (idm) - (have sb) completely in one's control • She knows his secrets so she has him completely in the palm of her hand. • τον έχω στο χέρι

C A Handy Look at Hand Actions

GROUP 1

Most of the verbs in this exercise are known to you. Here are a few that might not be.

clench (v) - squeeze tightly (e.g., fist, teeth) • He ~ed his fists in pain as the dentist began to drill a hole in his tooth. \Rightarrow clench (n), clenched (adj) • σφίγγω pat (v) - use the open flat part of the hand to touch sth lightly and quickly • She ~ted him on the back to congratulate him. \Rightarrow pat (n) • χτυπώ ελαφρά με την παλάμη

punch (v) - strike/hit with the fist • *He clenched his hand into a tight fist and ~ed the wall so hard that he broke his hand.* \succ punch (n), punch-drunk (adj) \diamondsuit δίνω γροθιά

tickle (v) - cause a sometimes pleasant, sometimes irritating sensation by gently touching the skin • ~ a baby's toes/belly > tickle (n), ticklish (adj) γαργαλάω

GROUP 2

applaud (v) - clap, show approval by hitting your open hands together • *The audience ~ed as the actors came out on stage for their final bows.* > applause (n) ❖ χειροκροτώ

beckon (v) - make a gesture (e.g., with your finger, hand, or head) for sb to come nearer or to follow you • She ~ed me with a flick of her finger to follow her into the kitchen. >> beckoning (adj), beckoningly (adv) ❖ κάνω νόημα σε κπ να πλησιάσει

clap (v) - same as **applaud** (see first entry in this group)

clutch (v) - hold tightly • *The little boy anxiously ~ed his father's hand as they crossed the busy street.* > clutch (n) • σφίγγω, πιάνω, αρπάζω **thumb** (v) - 1. use your thumb to press, move, or touch sth • *She ~ed through the pages of the gift*

catalogue, but saw nothing she wanted to order.

2. ~ a ride (v phr) - stick out your thumb and hitchhike • She tried to ~ a ride, but no one would stop for her. ❖ 1. φυλλομετρώ, ξεφυλλίζω 2. κάνω ώτοστοπ

pet (v) - stroke or pet affectionately • *The cat scratched her when she tried to* ~ *it.* \rightarrow pet (n) \diamondsuit χαϊδολογώ

pinch (v) - cause pain by pressing sb's skin together with your thumb and finger • When she heard that she had won the lottery, she ~ed herself to make sure she wasn't dreaming. >> pinch (n) ❖ τσιμπώ **sign** (v) - use the hands to make gestures recognized by people who understand sign language • Deaf from birth, she learned to ~ when she was only a year old. ❖ γνωρίζω/χρησιμοποιώ τη νοηματική γλώσσα **slap** (v) - hit sb with the palm of your hand • She ~ped him so hard it left a mark on his face. ❖ χτυπώ με την παλάμη, χαστουκίζω

wave (v) - (for people) move one's hand or an object (e.g., a handkerchief) to attract sb's attention or to signal to them • Sticking his hand out the car window, he \sim d goodbye to us and drove off. \gg wave (n), wavy (adj) * κουνώ, γνέφω

Practice Test 7



LISTENING (pages 149-155)

PART 1 (pages 149-150)

Transcript

- worried sick (idm) → be ~ (about sb/sth) (idm) be extremely worried • I'm ~ about him. It's 2 a.m. and he's still not home! ❖ ανησυχώ πολύ
- drag (one's) feet (idm) (informal) delay doing sth (e.g., making a decision) • I thought he was going to ask her to marry him. I wonder what's causing him to ~ his ~. (μετ) σέρνω τα πόδια (δηλ., καθυστερώ)
- confirm (v) establish the truth or correctness of sth • She called the airline to ~ her return flight reservation. > confirmation (n), confirmed (adj) 💠 επιβεβαιώνω
- kick (oneself) (for doing/not doing sth) (idm) -(informal) regret doing sth foolish or missing an opportunity • *I could* ~ *myself for not listening to her* advice. What was I thinking? ❖ μετανοιώνω back (v) - (in context) give financial support to, fund • The company has decided to ~ John's new invention. They're investing \$1 million in research and development. > backing (n) • υποστηρίζω οικονομικά
- **budding** (adj) (fig) just beginning to develop The ~ author is trying to find a publisher for his new novel. > bud (n, v) ❖ πρωτοεμφανιζόμενος, που κάνει τα πρώτα του βήματα
- extension (on sth) (n) (C) additional period of time to finish or do sth beyond a deadline • If you can't meet the deadline, you should request an ~. > extend (v) παράταση

PART 3 (pages 154-155)

FIRST SEGMENT (page 154)

Transcript

splash (n) → make a ~ (idm) - (fig) do sth in a way that attracts public attention and causes great excitement • The new play made a huge ~ with the critics when it opened on Broadway last week. 💠 κάνω εντύπωση, κανω μπαμ

revenue (n/adj) - (C/U) income, esp. that earned by a business, government or other organization • a newspaper has ~ from advertising, governments collect ~ via taxation ❖ έσοδο/-α

generate (v) - produce • *It's possible to ~ electricity* from the power of moving water. > generation (n), generator (n), generative (adj) 💠 γεννώ, παράγω **controversy** (n) - (U) public disagreement or argument • C~ still exists as to whether or not abortion should be legal. > (un)controversial (adj) ❖ διαμάχη, σφοδρή συζήτηση

sidetracked (adj) → get ~ (idm) - discuss sth that is unrelated to the main topic • The writer had hoped to discuss his new book, but he got ~ when the the talkshow host asked him questions about his childhood. ❖ παραμερίζω (θέμα), ξεστρατίζω (από το σκοπό μου)

municipal (adj) - related to city or town government • The town mayor is hoping to be re-elected in the ~ elections next year. > municipality (n) ❖ δημοτικός misleading (adj) - intended to create a false impression, deceiving • When the truth about the scandal came out, the government was criticized for releasing ~ information. > mislead - misled - misled (irreg v) 🌣 παραπλανητικός

★ crude oil (n phr) - (U) oil that has not yet been refined or processed 💠 αργό πετρέλαιο degrade (v) - ruin the quality of • On the one hand, humans have made great technological progress; on the other, we have dangerously ~d the environment.

> degradation (n), degraded (adj), degrading (adj)

❖ υποβιβάζω, εξευτελίζω. ᠍: e.g., ~ sb with rude comments

contaminate (v) - pollute, make impure • Dumping toxic waste into a lake or river will ~ it. > contamination (n), contaminant (n), contaminated (adj) ❖ μιαίνω, μολύνω

touch off (phr v) - (fig) cause to happen • I didn't want to ~ an argument, which is why I decided not to tell him. ❖ προκαλώ. Ш: e.g., (lit) ~ an explosion concerted (adj) → make a ~ effort (n phr) - go all-out, do whatever it takes to accomplish sth • He promised his parents that he would make a ~ effort to improve his grades. 🌣 κάνω υπέρτατη προσπάθεια, βάζω τα δυνατά μου

★ compost pile (n phr) - (C) (same as compost heap) pile of garden and organic kitchen waste (e.g., vegetable and fruit skins) that decomposes to produce compost (i.e., decayed organic matter that can be used as fertilizer) 💠 σωρός από κομπόστ (οργανικό λίπασμα, κοπριά)

SECOND SEGMENT (page 155)

Transcript

- ★ gruel (n) (U) liquid food made by boiling ground oats (similar to **porridge**) **◊** χυλός
- ★ calcium (n) (U) a soft gray metal (symbol: Ca) ❖ ασβέστιο
- ★ plaque (n) (U) hard substance that forms at various places in the body (e.g., arteries, brain, teeth) 💠 (για αρτηρίες ή εγκέφαλο) πλάκα, (για δόντια) οδοντική πλάκα, πέτρα accumulate (v) - increase in number or quantity, build up • Dust and dirt ~ if a house is not cleaned regularly. / Interest ~s on a bank account. > accumulation (n), accumulated (adj), cumulative (adj), cumulatively (adv) 💠 συσσωρεύομαι
- ★ blood vessel (n phr) (C) any of the tubes through which blood flows in the body (e.g., a vein, artery, or capillary) 💠 αιμοφόρο αγγείο
- ★ blood clot (n phr) (C) a mass of thick, hardened blood � θρόμβος αίματος
- ★ stroke (n) (C) sudden, sometimes fatal or paralyzing attack caused by a broken blood vessel in the brain εγκεφαλική συμφόρηση.



Practice Test 7

- circulatory system (n phr) (C) system that moves blood through the body (heart, lungs, veins, arteries, etc.) κυκλοφορικό σύστημα
- flush out (phr v) to clean sth by making a sudden flow of water or other liquid pass through it
 καθαρίζω με άφθονο νερό/υγρό, ξεπλένω contaminant (n) (C) sth that contaminates (i.e., pollutes) the environment Acid rain is caused by ~s in the air. > contamination (n), contaminate (v), contaminated (adj), contaminating (adj) ρυπαντική ουσία

correlation (n) - (C) relationship • *Medical research has* shown there is a clear ~ between smoking and lung cancer. ❖ συσχετισμός

fund (v) - provide money for sth, finance • His parents agreed to ~ his university education, but after that he would be on his own. > fund (n), funding (n), funded (adj) ❖ χρηματοδοτώ grant (n) - (C) money provided by the government or other large organization in support of sth (e.g., research into a certain subject) • The well-known scientist has received a government ~ for his work on genetics. ❖ επιχορήγηση (για έρευνες)

clogged (adj) - blocked so that nothing can get through • $a \sim drain\ pipe \gg \operatorname{clog}(n, v) & \beta \operatorname{ou}\lambda \omega \mu \acute{\epsilon} \operatorname{voc}$ **appreciable** (adj) - significant, noticeable • John has been studying really hard the last few months; I am happy to say that he has made an \sim improvement since the last time we spoke. \gg appreciably (adv) $\alpha \operatorname{cuo} \theta \operatorname{ho} \zeta$, $\alpha \operatorname{cuo} \theta \operatorname{ho} \zeta$

READING: CLOZE (page 158)

FIRST PASSAGE

Paragraph 1

foremost (adj) - most important, leading, best • *The brilliant nuclear physicist is widely regarded as the ~ expert in his field. ❖ πρώτος,* κύριος

Paragraph 2

predecessor (n) - (C) sb who held a job or position before sb else • *She was glad that her* ~ *had decided to retire and make room for someone younger like herself.* ❖ προκάτοχος

specimen (n) - (C) an example, piece, or sample of sth to be displayed, tested, or examined • *The entomologist*

has many rare ~s in his butterfly collection. / The patient's blood ~ was carefully tested by the lab staff. ❖ αντιπροσωπευτικό δείγμα

arsenic (n) - (U) type of chemical used as a preservative;
 also, a poison that derives from this chemical
 αρσενικό, ποντικοφάρμακο

frayed (adj) - worn-out, especially with loose threads around the edges • You could see from the ~ collar and sleeves that the shirt was several years old. \gt fray (v), fraying (adj) • ξεφτισμένος

stiff (adj) - not easily bent or able to change shape • In the old days, school notebooks had very ~ covers which lasted a long time and rarely got bent out of shape. > stiffness (n), stiffen (v), stiffly (adv) ❖ αλύγιστος, άκαμπτος, σκληρός. □: e.g., feel ~ after a workout at the gym

mount (v) - put/fix sth firmly in place for use, display, or study • ~ photos or stamps in an album, ~ a bird specimen on wires set into a board \gt mount (n), mounting (n), mounted (adj) • τοποθετώ, μοντάρω. \square : e.g., ~ a horse, ~ a campaign

cork (n) - (C) bottle-stopper made of the light spongy material of the same name • *open a wine bottle by removing the* ~ *with a corkscrew* > cork (v), corked (adj) Φελλός

cast (n) - (C) (in context) general suggestion of a certain color, tinge, hint • *Her usually brown hair had a red* ~ *in the bright sunlight. / The bird's feathers had a silvery metallic* ~ *to them.* • τόνος, απόχρωση. \square : e.g., the ~ of a movie or play, a plaster ~, sb's ~of mind

Choices

- A. conclusive (adj) convincing, which puts an end to doubt Unless ~ evidence is presented, the jury must find the defendant innocent.
 > conclusion (n), conclude (v), conclusively (adv)
 * αδιαμφισβήτητος, πειστικός
 - B. preceding (adj) coming or appearing before, earlier, prior The fourth letter of the English alphabet is "d." The ~ letters are "a," "b," and "c."
 > precede (v) ❖ προηγούμενος
 - C. successive (adj) consecutive, occurring one after the other without a break, in succession
 After three ~ attempts to solve the problem, the committee finally gave up. > succession (n), succeed (v), successively (adv) ❖ διαδοχικός, αλλεπάλληλος
 - D. resulting (adj) happening as a result or consequence of sth; similar to resultant The scholar spent ten years researching the poet's life. The ~ biography was a brilliant in-depth portrait of a tortured soul. ➤ result (n, v) ❖ επακόλουθος, προκύπτων
- A. revive (v) (of a living thing) bring back to a conscious state; (of things) provide with a new life or use (e.g., a play, an old custom) throw water on a woman to ~ her after she has fainted, come up with a plan to ~ a depressed local economy > revival (n) συνεφέρω, επαναφέρω (στη δημοσιότητα κτλ), αναβιώνω

- B. rejuvenate (v) (of people) make (sb) feel young or more energetic again A two-week vacation will help ~ you. > rejuvenation (n), rejuvenating (adj)
 ξανανιώνω, αναζωογονώ
- C. revitalize (v) (in UK: revitalise) (of living things and things) give new life and energy to, make (sb/sth) appear fresh and lively again A hot shower always ~s me. / The museum expert was right. A good cleaning did a lot to ~ the 400-year-old painting. > revitalization (n), revitalized (adj), revitalizing (adj) ❖ αναζωογονώ
- **D. relive** (v) live through or experience sth in one's imagination or memory *It's normal for accident victims to* ~ *the tragic events in their dreams.* ξαναζώ

SECOND PASSAGE

Lead-in and Paragraph 1

- ★ wolverine (n) (C) heavily built, short-legged carnivorous mammal native found in arctic and subarctic regions ❖ (σαρκοφάγο ζώο του βορρά) αδηφάγος
- * weasel (n) (C) small, fierce animal with reddish fur, a long body, and short legs * κουνάβι, νυφίτσα
- **★ vocal cords** (pl n) long, string-like organs that produce sound in the throat **♦** φωνητικές χορδές
- * grizzly bear (n) (C) huge bear found in parts of North America and Russia * φαιά αρκούδα handy (adj) useful, convenient, practical Vegetable peelers are ~, time-saving kitchen utensils.

 > handiness (n), handily (adv) * χρήσιμος, βολικός, πρόχειρος. : e.g., have an excuse ~ predator (n) (C) bird/animal that hunts and kills others for food Lions and cheetahs are among the great ~s of the African savanna. > predation (n), predatory (adj) * αρπακτικό ζώο
 - **primarily** (adv) chiefly, mainly, basically *The couple's problems were* ~ *financial*. > primary (adj) ❖ πρωταρχικά, βασικά
 - **scavenger** (n) (C) animal or bird that feeds on the decaying meat/flesh of dead animals *Vultures and buzzards are typical examples of ~s.* ❖ ζώο η πουλί που τρέφεται με ψοφίμια
- **★ carrion** (n) (U) decaying meat/flesh of dead animals **♦** ψοφίμι
 - **pack** (n) (C) (used as adjective in text) group of animals that travel and hunt together *Wolves and wild dogs travel in ~s.* αγέλη. **Note**: The term ~ **animal** can also refer to an animal that is used to carry heavy loads (e.g., elephants, horses, camels, etc.); same as **beast of burden**.
 - game (n) (U) (used as part of a compound adjective in text) wild animal(s) hunted for food or sport *The famous writer Ernest Hemingway was fond of going on safari to hunt lions, tigers, and other big* ~. ❖ θήραμα, κυνήγι
 - **herd** (n) (C) group of animals of a single kind that live and feed together (e.g., cattle, elephants) *The*

- safari came across several ~s of elephants, zebras, and giraffes. > herd (v) \diamond κοπάδι
- range (n) (C) area in which an animal or plant lives
 The tiny birds occupy a huge ~, from southern Canada all the way down to the tip of South America. > range
 (v) ❖ περιοχή/ζώνη διαβίωσης ζώου/φυτού. □: e.g., a ~ of scores, a mountain ~, a herd of cattle on the open ~
- solitary (adj) living or existing alone, without a companion Since his wife died, the old man has chosen to live a ~ life, cutting himself off from friends and family. ➤ solitude (n), solitarily (adv) ❖ μοναχικός, ασυντρόφευτος
- **peak** (n) (C) high part of a mountain that sticks up into the air like a finger *The Matterhorn in the Swiss Alps is a mountain with two main ~s.* > peak (v, adj) ❖ κορυφή **ridge** (n) (C) narrow area of high land along the top of a line of hills or mountain range *As we walked along the ~ of the mountain, we could see the ocean on one side and an entire mountain range on the other.* ❖ κορυφογραμμή (λόφων/βουνών)
- * incisor tooth (n phr) (C) sharp cutting tooth at the front of the mouth * (δόντι) κοπτήρας enhance (v) improve or increase the quality, value, or strength of Many women feel that black clothing ~s their appearance by making them look slimmer. > enhancement (n), enhanced (adj) * βελτιώνω, ενισχύω

READING: VOCABULARY (pages 159-160)

- A. strive strove striven (irreg v) try very hard
 a student ~s to be the best in the class, a businessman ~s for success & πασχίζω, αγωνίζομαι
 - B. stagger (v) walk unsteadily and off balance, as if about to fall The drunk man ~ed out of the bar and bumped into a police officer. >> staggering (adj), staggeringly (adv) ❖ τρικλίζω, παραπατώ
 - C. stride strode stridden (irreg v) walk with long, confident steps That young man is full of confidence. Just look at the way he's ~ing down the street! ❖ βαδίζω με μεγάλα βήματα, δρασκελίζω
 - D. strike struck struck (irreg v) 1. hit or attack with sudden force She grabbed the plastic bat out of her tiny son's hands when she realized he was about to ~ the dog with it. 2. make a strong impression Taking a month off ~s me as a good idea. 3. refuse to work as a protest The workers will ~ if management does not offer them more money. > strike (n), striking (adj), strikingly (adv) ❖ 1. χτυπώ 2. εντυπωσιάζω 3. απεργώ
- 88 A. meticulously (adv) thoroughly and carefully, with great attention to detail a historian spends years ~ researching a biography / a biography is ~ researched > meticulous (adj) ❖ σχολαστικά
 - **B. justly** (adv) fairly and in the right way *Criminals* must be dealt with ~, no matter how serious their crimes. ❖ δίκαια

- C. imperceptibly (adv) so slightly or gradually that it cannot be seen or felt Day changes ~ into night. / The accident victim was breathing so ~ that rescuers thought he was dead. > imperceptible (adj) ❖ ανεπαίσθητα
- D. respectively (adv) in the same order of people/ things already mentioned • He introduced us to his children Mary and Sue, aged 5 and 10 ~. >> respective (adj) ❖ αντίστοιχα
- A. frantic (adj) (people) anxious, hysterical Police did everything they could to calm the ~ mother of the lost child. > franticness (n), frantically (adj)
 ❖ έξαλλος, υστερικός
 - B. erratic (adj) unpredictable, inconsistent It's hard to say whether he'll pass or fail. His test scores have been very ~ lately. >> erratically (adv)
 ❖ αλλοπρόσαλλος
 - C. hectic (adj) very busy, full of activity and excitement the ~ life of a busy executive, the ~ atmosphere of shops at Christmastime > hectically (adv) ❖ πυρετώδης, γεμάτος υπερένταση ή δραστηριότητα
 - D. chaotic (adj) in a state of chaos (i.e., complete disorder or confusion) The boss's secretary quit yesterday, so things are a bit ~ around here. > chaos (n), chaotically (adv) ❖ χαώδης
- **90 A. aloofness** (n) (U) the quality of being distant and uncommunicative *He's a loner whose* ~ *gets in the way of his making close friends.* > aloof (adj), aloofly (adv) ❖ επιφυλακτικότητα
 - B. negligence (n) (U) lack of care and attention to things you should have done The accident was a result of sheer ~; the company should have repaired the machinery months ago. > negligent (adj), negligently (adv) ❖ αμέλεια
 - C. prudence (n) (U) the quality of being cautious and exercising good judgment It's wise to exercise ~ if you live in a big city with a high crime rate.
 ⇒ prudent (adj), prudently (adv). Opp: imprudence ❖ σύνεση, προνοητικότητα, φρονιμάδα
 - D. intolerance (n) (U) narrow-mindedness, unwillingness to accept ideas, opinions, or behavior different from one's own Many countries now have equal opportunity laws that protect employees against racial, sexual, and religious ~ in the workplace. > intolerant (adj), intolerantly (adv) ❖ έλλειψη ανοχής
- **91 A. fierce** (adj) 1. intense, strong *Competition is* ~ *in today's job market.* 2. angry and likely to attack, ferocious *The dog seems* ~ *at first, but he's got a gentle personality.* ❖ 1. σφοδρός 2. άγριος
 - B. vindictive (adj) unforgiving, showing a strong desire for revenge I can understand why you're feeling ~, but is it worth going to jail to get your revenge? > vindictiveness (n), vindictively (adv)
 ❖ εκδικητικός
 - **C. innovative** (adj) 1. (things) based on imaginative new ideas *In 1982 the Jarvik-7 artificial heart*

- was an ~ device that quickly caught on. 2. (people, ideas) imaginative The ~ sales manager suggested a brilliant new way to market the product. ➤ innovation (n), innovator (n), innovate (v), innovatively (adv) ❖ 1. καινοτόμος 2. νεωτεριστικός, νεωτεριστής, καινοτόμος
- D. inhibited (adj) unable to express one's feelings openly or naturally The ~ young woman feels uncomfortable when she goes to parties.
 inhibition (n), inhibit (v), inhibiting (adj)
 κλειστός, γεμάτος από αναστολές
- **92 A. integrity** (n) (U) the quality of having high moral standards *The politician proved he had* ~ *when he refused to accept the bribe.* > integruous (adj rare) ❖ (ηθική) ακεραιότητα
 - B. humiliation (n) (U) the state of being made to feel ashamed, stripped of pride Imagine his parents' ~ when their 10-year-old son was caught shoplifting. >> humiliate (v), humiliating (adj), humiliated (adj), humiliatingly (adv) ❖ ταπείνωση, εξευτελισμός
 - **C. humility** (n) (U) a modest or low opinion of one's own importance, modesty *People who always brag about how smart and rich they are could use a lesson in ~. ❖ ταπεινοφροσύνη*, μετριοφροσύνη
 - D. impertinence (n) (U) rudeness, lack of respect
 Imagine him asking my age! What ~! > impertinent (adj), impertinently (adv) ❖ αναίδεια
- 93 A. explode (v) 1. blow up with a loud noise Luckily the police were able to deactivate the bomb before it ~d. 2. show sudden strong feeling The audience ~d with laughter when the clown roared at the lions.
 > explosion (n), explosive (n, adj), explosively (adv)
 \$ 1. εκρήγνυμαι, (ανα)τινάζω/-ομαι 2. ξεσπώ
 - **B. gasp** (v) take a sudden, sharp breath of air He ~ed in amazement when he opened the door and found that the house had been turned upside-down by burglars. >> gasp (n), gasping (adj) ❖ ασθμαίνω, κόβεται η ανάσα μου
 - C. shiver (v) shake violently, tremble (e.g., from cold or fear) Look at you! You're ~ing! Come in and warm yourself by the fire. > shiver (n), shivering (n, adj) ❖ τρέμω, τουρτουρίζω
 - D. burst burst burst (irreg v) 1. (lit) break or explode because of pressure from the inside We all jumped when the balloon ~ without warning! 2. ~ with sth (fig) be so filled with a strong emotion that you feel you might explode The couple were ~ing with joy as they held their newborn twins. ❖ 1. σπάζω, σκάω 2. (μετ) ξεχειλίζω, είμαι γεμάτος από
- **94 A. sparingly** (adv) in small amounts *Cayenne pepper is very hot so it needs to be used ~.* >> spare (v), sparing (adj) ❖ με φειδώ
 - B. convincingly (adv) persuasively, in a way that makes sb believe or want to change their mind about sth The lawyer defended his client so ~ that the jury returned an immediate acquittal. > convince (v), convincing (adj) πειστικά

- C. irreverently (adv) without respect, disrespectfully
 The children laughed ~ when the teacher fell off his chair. > irreverence (n), irreverent (adj) ❖ με ασέβεια
- D. defensively (adv) 1. in a way that is meant to protect or defend a team plays ~ to protect their lead 2. in a way that shows sb is unsure and thus feeling anxious or threatened "I am not stupid," she answered ~. > defense (n), defensive (adj) (ένς. 1-2) αμυντικά
- **95 A. uninhibited** (adj) behaving openly and naturally, without worrying about what others think *She loves to hear the ~ laughter of young children at play.* ➤ Opp: inhibited ❖ απελευθερωμένος, χωρίς αναστολές
 - B. unpalatable (adj) 1. not tasty or fit to eat; not pleasing to the palate (i.e., the upper part or roof of the mouth) We'll never go back to that restaurant as the service was awful and the food totally ~ 2. (ideas, facts) unpleasant, not easy to accept She likes to be comfortable, so the idea of gong camping is something that she would find most ~. > palate (n). Opp: palatable (adj) ❖ 1. με ἀσχημη/ δυσάρεστη γεύση 2. δυσάρεστος, δυσκολοχώνευτος
 - C. uninhabitable (adj) not fit to live in The house was ~ as it had a leaking roof and was full of rats.
 > Opp: habitable * μη κατοικήσιμος. Note: Don't confuse this with uninhabited (adj) with no people living in it * ακατοίκητος.
 - D. unimpressive (adj) not creating a good or strong impression The gymnast received low marks for her ~ performance. > Opp: impressive ❖ μη εντυπωσιακός
- A. character (n) (C) the group of qualities that makes sb/sth distinct and different from everything else
 The twins may look alike but they have totally different ~s. > characteristic (n, adj), characterize (v), characteristically (adv) ❖ χαρακτήρας. Note: Don't confuse this with characteristic (n) (C) typical quality (i.e., a part of one's character)
 ❖ χαρακτηριστικό. □: e.g., a ~ in a play/movie, a 19-century house full of ~.
 - **B. trait** (n) (C) personal characteristic or quality, attribute *Among his many admirable ~s are honesty, patience, and loyalty.* ❖ χαρακτηριστικό γνώρισμα
 - C. property (n) 1. (C) quality of a substance One of the ~ies of water is that it freezes at 32° F. 2. (U) sth a person owns You can't walk across this field. It's private ~. 3. (C/U) land or buildings that a person owns Mike owns several ~ies in the center of town. / She inherited a fortune in ~ from her father. ❖ 1. ιδιότητα 2. ιδιοκτησία 3. ακίνητο, ακίνητη περιουσία
 - D. tendency (n) (C) natural leaning or inclination to be or behave in a certain way • He has a ~ to put things off and do them at the last minute. > tend (v) ❖ τάση

- 97 A. contention (n) 1. (C) claim, statement of what sb believes According to some people, Darwin's theory of evolution is still a debatable ~ . 2. (U) angry disagreement, dispute Environmental policy is a matter of great ~ around the world.
 > contend (v), contentious (adj), contentiously (adv)
 1. ισχυρισμός 2. διαμάχη
 - B. convention (n) 1. (C) meeting of many people, esp. to discuss professional matters We don't have to go to school today because the teachers are all at a teachers' ~. 2. (C/U) custom, the way sth is usually done (C) A gentleman does his best to respect the ~s of polite society. I (U) My friend Jonathan loves to shock people, so he always dresses to defy ~. >> convene (v), conventional (adj), conventionally (adv) ❖ 1. συνέλευση, συνέδριο 2. κοινωνική συμβατικότητα
 - C. conviction (n) 1. (C/U) strong belief or opinion
 (C) It's hard to discuss politics with people who have strong political ~s. / (U) John is a man of strong ~, so don't expect to change his mind. 2. (U) the act of finding sb guilty in court; (C) an instance of this (U) C~ could mean life in prison for the defendant. / (C) The defendant has five previous ~s. > convict (n, v), convicted (adj) ❖ 1. πεποίθηση 2. καταδίκη
 - **D. consensus** (n) (U) general agreement *After hours* of discussion, the committee had still not reached a ~. ❖ συναίνεση, ομοφωνία
- 98 A. conceivably (adv) possibly, in a way that can be imagined or believed Einstein is ~ the greatest physicist who ever lived. > conception (n), conceive (v), conceivable (adj) Opp: inconceivably (adv)
 ❖ πιθανά, κατανοητά
 - B. consistently (adv) in a way that never changes, always following the same pattern or style a student with a ~ negative attitude, a worker who is ~ late > consistency (n), consist (v), consistent (adj) Opp: inconsistently (adv) ❖ σταθερά, συνεπώς
 - C. consciously (adv) deliberately, knowingly, on purpose • He ~ does his best to insult her every time he sees her. > consciousness (n), conscious (adj) Opp: unconsciously (adv) ❖ συνειδητά, επίτηδες
 - D. confidentially (adv) 1. in private Can you step into my office, please? I'd like to discuss something with you ~. > confidentiality (n), confide (v), confidential (adj) ❖ εμπιστευτικά 2. (informal) just between us C~, what do you think of Ellen's new boyfriend? I promise not to tell anyone. ❖ μεταξύ μας
- 99 A. accumulate (v) 1. get or gather together a gradually increasing quantity or number of sth
 College students tend to ~ a growing collection of books. / A financially irresponsible person ~s debts. 2. increase in number or quantity, build up
 Dust and dirt ~ if a house is not cleaned regularly. /

- Interest ~s on a bank account if you leave the money in the bank. >> accumulation (n), cumulative (adj), cumulatively (adv) ❖ 1. συσσωρεύω 2. συσσωρεύομαι
- B. cultivate (v) 1. prepare and use land for growing crops; grow crops He owns a small piece of land in southern California where he ~s grapes. 2. make (sth/sb) more educated and sensitive Thanks to her musician uncle, she ~d a love of classical music early in life. 3. develop sth (e.g., an attitude, relationship, friendship) Moving to a new city forces you to ~ new relationships. >> cultivation (n), cultivated (adj) ❖ (ένς.1-3) καλλιεργώ
- C. supplement (v) add to (usually in order to complete or improve sth) The doctor told her to ~ her diet with a multivitamin pill. >> supplement (n), supplementary (adj), supplemental (adj)
 ❖ συμπληρώνω
- D. implement (v) put sth into practice, carry out
 If police would ~ stricter controls on drunken drivers, there would be fewer traffic accidents.
 > implementation (n) ❖ θέτω σε εφαρμογή, εφαρμόζω
- 100 A. diverse (adj) varied, composed of different kinds
 Big cities are often populated by people of ~ ethnic backgrounds. / People with ~ interests are rarely bored. >> diversity (n), diversify (v), diversified (adj) ❖ ποικίλος, διαφορετικός
 - B. vacillating (adj) indecisive, constantly changing, going back and forth between two opinions, emotions, courses of action He's still in ~ mode; he can't decide whether he wants to marry her or not! >> vacillation (n), vacillate (v) ❖ που αμφιταλαντεύεται
 - C. variable (adj) (usually of things or actions) likely to change or vary • The weather has been so ~ lately that I don't know what to wear. > variability (n), vary (v), variably (adv). Opp: invariable ❖ μεταβλητός, ασταθής
 - D. adaptable (adj) able to make changes (or be changed) to suit new circumstances (e.g., people, machines) She'll do well living away from home as she's very ~ to new circumstances. > adaptability (n), adapt (v) ❖ ευπροσάρμοστος, προσαρμοστικός
- 101 A. sprinkle (v) throw water, sand, salt, etc., over a small area Mom always ~s powdered sugar on top of her almond cookies. / She ~s her plants with water from a watering can at least once a day. >> sprinkle (n), sprinkler (n), sprinkled (adj) ❖ ρίχνω, πασπαλίζω, ραντίζω
 - B. spatter (v) 1. scatter drops of sth (e.g., water, mud, oil) Be careful or you'll ~ yourself with tomato sauce! 2. fall noisily and messily in big drops She forgot to cover the pot, and the thick tomato sauce ~ed everywhere. > spatter (n), spattering (adj), spattered (adj) ❖ 1. πιτσιλίζω 2. πέφτω στάλα-στάλα πιτσιλίζοντας

- **C. disperse** (v) spread out over a wide area *The* wind ~s seeds. / Police ~ an angry crowd with tear gas and clubs. > dispersal (n), dispersion (n) ❖ (δια) σκορπίζω/-ομαι, διαλύω/-ομαι (π.χ., πλήθος)
- D. scatter (v) spread (often thinly) over a wide area; similar to disperse (see above), but more informal
 The wind ~ed puddles of oil over the surface of the sea. / The crowd ~ed as soon as the police officers appeared. ❖ διασκορπίζω /-ομαι
- 102 A. ravenously (adv) hungrily, with great appetite
 Hungry after the long hike, they ate ~, as if they hadn't had a bite to eat in days. > ravenous (adj)
 λαίμαργα, λιμασμένα
 - B. callously (adv) coldly, cruelly, heartlessly; without caring how others feel or how much they suffer
 ~ evict a family from an apartment, ~ murder a defenseless old woman > callousness (n), callous (adj) ❖ αναίσθητα, άσπλαχνα
 - C. reluctantly (adv) hesitantly, unenthusiastically, unwillingly To avoid a family argument, he ~ gave his daughter permission to go to the rock concert.
 > reluctance (n), reluctant (adj) ❖ διστακτικά, απρόθυμα
 - D. fervently (adv) passionately, ardently, with great intensity of feeling The mother prayed ~ that her son would recover. > fervor (n), fervent (adj)
 Φλογερά, ένθερμα

READING (pages 161-163)

FIRST PASSAGE (page 161)

Paragraph 1

- spur (v) encourage to go forward or develop
 Foreign investment ~s economic growth in an underdeveloped country. / Praise ~s a child to try harder. ❖ κεντρίζω, παρακινώ. Δ: e.g., ~ a horse in its sides
- papyrus (n) (C) (plural: papyri) document written on paper made of a tall water plant of the same name
 πάπυρος, (πληθ.) πάπυροι
 manuscript (n) (C) document or author's work that
 - manuscript (n) (C) document or author's work that is written by hand or (in modern times) typed, as opposed to sth that is already printed (e.g., in book or newspaper form) The novelist revised the ~ of his latest novel several times before sending it to his publisher. χειρόγραφο
 - scour (v) search a place thoroughly for sth The seaweary sailors ~ed the horizon for signs of land. / The detectives ~ed the crime scene but found no clues to help them identify the murderer. ❖ ψάχνω παντού.
 □: e.g., ~ the kitchen floor, ~ the bottom of a pot strike pay dirt (idm) (fig) suddenly find what you are looking for or achieve what you set out to do Finding an apartment in this town isn't easy, so don't expect to ~ immediately. ❖ (μετ) βρίσκω αυτό που ψάχνω, πετυχαίνω το στόχο μου
 - **settlement** (n) (C) place where people live, usually where few or no people have lived before *The Dutch*

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- and English were the first to build ~s in the New World. >> settler (n), settle (v) ❖ αποικία, οικισμός, συνοικισμός
- * mummified (adj) (of people, animals) preserved by being treated with special chemicals and wrapped in cloth > mummy (n), mummify (v) * ταριχευμένος sacred (adj) holy, associated with God or religion For the Hindus, the Ganges River is a ~ place. > sacredness (n) * ιερός surmise (v) suppose, assume Police ~ that the robbery was an inside job; one of the employees had to be behind it. > surmise (n) * υποθέτω stumble upon (phr v) (same as stumble on) find unexpectedly or by chance I'd like to buy some antique furniture, so let me know if you ~ anything suitable at the flea market. * βρίσκω τυχαία

Paragraph 2

- exhume (v) (formal) take the dead body of a person or animal out of the ground for examination
 exhumation (n), exhumed (adj) * ξεθάβω toss (v) throw lightly or carelessly She walked into the room and ~ed her coat on the nearest chair.
 ρίχνω, πετώ. : e.g., ~ a salad, ~ a coin, ~ and turn in bed
 - **wrapping** (n) (U) material used for covering or packing sth *If you open your gifts carefully, you can reuse the* ~. > wrap (v), wrapped (adj) ❖ περιτύλιγμα
- * reptile (n) (C) animal belonging to a class of coldblooded animals that have scaly skins and lay eggs (e.g., snakes, lizards) > reptilian (adj) * ερπετό preserve (v) - keep sth in its original state or in good condition • We must do our best to ~ wildlife and the wilderness for future generations. > preservative (n, adj), preservation (n), preserved (adj) * προστατεύω, διατηρώ, συντηρώ

fragment (n) - 1. (C) (in context - of written work) surviving part of a work that is lost or no longer exists in its entirety 2. (C) small broken-off piece of sth • *The museum display pieced together the ~s of pottery and animal bone that had been found at the ancient site.* \gg fragmentation (n), fragment (v), fragmented (adj), fragmentary (adj) • 1. απόσπασμα 2. θραύσμα, κομματάκι

dump (v) - throw sth away because it is no longer needed • *They opened the garbage bag and ~ed its contents on the side of the road.* ❖ ρίχνω, πετώ, ξεφορτώνω

Paragraph 3

- ★ conservator (n) (C) specialist who maintains and restores historical objects or works of art > conserve (v)
 ❖ αναστηλωτής, συντηρητής
 - **mount** (v) put or fix sth firmly in place for use, display, or study *Stamp collectors carefully* ~ *their stamps in albums.* > mounting (n), mounted (adj) ❖ τοποθετώ, μοντάρω
 - **flexible** (adj) (of objects) that can bend easily without breaking *Plastic tubing is easy to work with because it is* ~ *and therefore bends easily.* \rightarrow flexibility (n), flex (v), flexibly (adv) εύκαμπτος, ευλύγιστος.

- **transparent** (adj) that can be seen through *The window was so dirty that it seemed no longer ~.* > transparency (n), transparently (adv) ❖ διαφανής
- * vinyl (n) (U) tough flexible plastic ❖ βινύλιο modest (adj) (things) simple, without complexity
 We didn't expect the rich man to live in such a ~ home. ➤ modesty (n), modestly (adv) ❖ απλός, λιτός, απέριττος. □: e.g., a ~ person who doesn't brag or boast

manufacture (n) - (U) the making or production of goods on a large scale • The city of Pittsburgh, Pennsylvania, is a leader in the ~ of steel. > manufacturing (n, adj), manufacture (v), manufactured (adj) ❖ παραγωγή, κατασκευή securely (adv) - tightly, firmly • She always checks to see if the door is ~ closed. > security (n), secure (v, adj) ❖ σταθερά

SECOND PASSAGE (page 162)

Paragraph 1

cut loose (with sth) (v phr) - (informal) release sth, let sth go in an uncontrolled way • *He* ~ *with a string of insulting remarks. / The skunk* ~ *with a foul-smelling spray.* ❖ αμολάω, αφήνω **pungent** (adj) - (of tastes or smells) strong and penetrating, sharp, bitter, acrid • *If you're walking through a forest and suddenly smell something* ~, *it's probably the spray of a skunk.* > pungency (n), pungently (adv) ❖ δυνατός και διαπεραστικός, οξύς, στυφός

captive (adj) - imprisoned, not free • *It's rare that* ~ pandas will breed in zoos. > captivity (n), capture (v) ❖ αιχμάλωτος, δέσμιος. □: e.g., (fig) a ~ audience **douse** (v) - (also **dowse**) throw large quantities of a liquid over sth/sb, drench • *firemen* ~ a *fire with water to stop it from burning, women* ~ *themselves with perfume to smell attractive* ❖ καταβρέχω

Paragraph 2

culprit (n) - 1. (C) (things) the cause of sth bad • *If* you want to know what's behind global warming, excessive burning of carbon products is now believed to be the main ~. 2. (C) (people) sb who has done sth wrong • *Police are still looking for the ~s responsible for the robbery.* ❖ 1. αιτία κακού 2. δράστης, φταίχτης

predator (n) - (C) bird/animal that hunts and kills others for food • *Lions and cheetahs are among the great* ~*s of the African savanna.* >> predation (n), predatory (adj) ❖ αρπακτικό ζώο **prairie** (n/adj) - large open area of grassland • *The*

prairie (n/adj) - large open area of grassland • *The Great Plains in the central United States is a huge expanse of ~ land.* ❖ απέραντο, άδεντρο λιβάδι **decline** (v) - decrease, become less in number or quality • *Stock market prices may ~ dramatically in response to world crises.* ➤ decline (n), declining (adj) ❖ μειώνω/-ομαι

lockstep (n) \rightarrow in \sim (prep phr) - in a way that is closely linked to sth else, in a similar manner \cdot *As prices go up and people's income remains the same, consumer*

confidence goes down in ~. ❖ ταυτόχρονα **tellingly** (adv) - in a way that reveals the true nature of sth • The boy's face reddened ~ when his mother asked if he had taken his brother's skateboard. ❖ αποκαλυπτικά

Paragraph 3

shed light (on sth) (idm) - make sth clearer and more understandable • *Scientists are hoping that further research will* ~ *on the mysterious virus.* ❖ ρίχνω φως, διαφωτίζω. **Note:** The verb **shed** is irregular: **shed** - **shed** - **shed**.

abundance (n) - (U/C - usually singular) large quantity
• With such an ~ of different brands on the market,
she has no idea which digital camera to buy.

> abound (v), abundantly (adv) ❖ αφθονία
litter (n) - (C) (animals) group of animals born to a
female at one time • Our dog Sadie gave birth to a ~ of
three healthy puppies. ❖ νεογνά ζώου από μία γέννα.

□: e.g., a street full of ~

offspring (n) - (C, but does not add -s in the plural) the young of an animal or human • A mother cat protects her ~. / People without ~ may choose to leave their money to charity. ❖ απόγονος/-οι, βλαστάρι/-ια facilitate (v) - make sth happen more easily • The male's bright color ~s mating. / Foreign investment has ~d the development of the island's tourist industry. ⇒ facilitation (n), facility (n), facile (adj), facilely (adv) ❖ διευκολύνω

immobilize (v) - prevent sb/sth from moving or operating as normal • The accident had ~d her, forcing her to spend the rest of her life in a wheelchair. / The strike ~d the country. ❖ ακινητοποιώ

implant (v) - (medical) insert sth into part of the body
 The eye surgeon ~ed a new lens in the patient's eye.
 (ιατρική) εμφυτεύω, εμφυτεύω σε ζώντα ιστό sensor (n) - (C) device used to detect the presence of sth · As protection against fire, the family installed smoke ~s in their new home. >> sense

(n, v) ❖ αισθητήρας, ανιχνευτής **monitor** (v) - watch carefully, check up on (e.g., by watching, listening) • *In an intensive care unit, the staff* ~s critically ill patients around the clock. >> monitor (n) ❖ παρακολουθώ, ελέγχω

* droppings (pl n) - (always plural) pieces of solid waste that pass out of the body of an animal * κουτσουλιές

Paragraph 4

offset - offset (irreg v) - balance out, reduce the negative effect of sth • The company plans to ~ its losses this year by reducing the staff and renting out some of its office space. ❖ αντισταθμίζω trapping (ger) → trap (v) - (animals) catch in a device called a trap • Hunters ~ animals with the use of a trap. > trap (n), trapper (n), trapped (adj) ❖ παγιδεύω lethal (adj) - deadly, able to kill • a ~ weapon, a ~ dose of poison > lethality (n), lethally (adv) ❖ φονικός, θανατηφόρος

Questions

- **109 misconception** (n) (C/U) false or wrong idea *The widespread belief that AIDS is transmitted only through sexual contact is a gross ~. ❖ λανθασμένη αντίληψη*
- **111 A. appreciable** (adj) significant, noticeable *John has been studying really hard the last few months; I am happy to say that he has made an ~ improvement since the last time we spoke.* ➤ appreciate (v), appreciably (adv) ❖ αισθητός, υπολογίσιμος
- **114 C. intervene** (v) become involved to offer help or prevent sth from happening *If foreign diplomats had not ~d, the two countries would be at war right now.* > intervention (n) ❖ παρεμβαίνω, μεσολαβώ

THIRD PASSAGE (page 163)

Paragraph 1

overlook (v) - (used passively in text) forget, fail to do or pay enough attention to sth • *She reread the composition quickly, which is why she ~ed some very obvious spelling errors. ❖ παραβλέπω. □: e.g., ~ <i>a lake, ~ a mistake*

Paragraph 2

address (v) - direct one's attention to, confront • The government has promised to ~ the issue of growing unemployment. > address (n) ❖ αφοσιώνομαι σε κτ (π.χ., δουλειά, ζήτημα), στρέφομαι, εγκύπτω collaborate (v) - work together with sb • The two scientists work well together and have ~d on several major research projects. > collaboration (n), collaborator (n), collaborative (adj), collaboratively (adv) ❖ συνεργάζομαι

aspiring (adj) - wanting or hoping to become sth in the future • *The* ~ *writer has just received a contract from a major publishing house.* \gg aspiration (n), aspire (v) • επίδοξος

subtle (adj) - clever, perceptive, carefully composed to achieve a certain effect • *It took the class a week to explore the meaning and technique behind the* ~ *poem.* > subtlety (n), subtleness (n), subtly (adv) ❖ λεπτός και περίπλοκος

perception (n) - (U/C) 1. (U) ability to see, hear, or understand things, awareness • His powers of ~ were affected by the stroke. 2. (U) deep natural understanding and awareness, insight • The novel demonstrates that she is a writer of great ~. 3. (C) the way we see or understand sth, an opinion • Our ~s about life and death change as we get older. > perceive (v), perceptive (adj), perceptively (adv) 1. αντίληψη, αίσθηση 2. αντίληψη, διαίσθηση, διορατικότητα 3. αντίληψη, άποψη **depict** (v) - show, represent, create a portrait (with pictures or words) • The movie graphically ~s the horrors of the Vietnam War. ➤ depiction (n) απεικονίζω, περιγράφω inventory (n) → take an ~ (of sth) (v phr) - (used figuratively in text) make a list of items, goods,

7/

characteristics, etc. in order to be able to assess what you have • The insurance agent asked the couple to take an \sim of their household possessions. \Rightarrow inventory (v) \diamondsuit κάνω απογραφή

offing (n) → **in the** ~ (prep phr) - ready to be offered in the near future • *The museum says it has several exciting exhibitions in the* ~ *over the next 12 months.* ❖ στα σκαριά, επικείμενος

Paragraph 3

astute (adj) - clever and perceptive, esp. in using certain knowledge to win an advantage • *The* ~ *young man built his local car-rental business into a national chain.* ❖ καπάτσος, τετραπέρατος

assess (v) - consider in order to make a judgment (e.g., about sb/sth's value, character, ability) • *An official from the Tax Office is coming to ~ the value of our house this week.* > assessment (n), assessed (adj) ❖ αξιολογώ, αποτιμώ

honed (adj) \rightarrow **hone** (v) - (fig) sharpen, improve • (fig) The surgeon has ~d his skills over the course of three decades. \diamondsuit ακονίζω. \square : e.g., (lit) ~ an ax

 humanities (pl n) - (always with the) learning connected with human culture (e.g., literature, history, art, music, and philosophy) • ανθρωπιστικές σπουδές

Paragraph 4

counterpart (n) - (C) sb in a similar role or position as sb else • *The manager of our department has a weekly meeting with his* ~*s (i.e., the managers of other departments).* • αντίστοιχος (σε θέση, βαθμό, αρμοδιότητα), ομόλογος

Questions

- **115 D. disservice** (n) (C) act which brings harm, injury, or disgrace to yourself or another person
 - The industrialist's refusal to go along with the government's strict environmental standards was considered a serious ~ to the nation. & κακή υπηρεσία, ζημιά
- 169 C. instill (v) cause sb to acquire a certain characteristic over a period of time His physical therapist had ~ed confidence and pride in him; he was now stronger and more confident of his limited abilities. / The general tried to ~ his troops with courage.

 > instillation (n), instilled (adj) ❖ ενσταλάζω, εμπνέω

VOCABULARY ENHANCEMENT (pages 166-167)

Searching and Throwing

A Ways of Searching

seek - sought - sought (irreg v) - search for sth and try to obtain it • ~ a job, ~ happiness, ~ a new employee with five years' experience > seeker (n) • (ανα)ζητώ **scour** (v) - search a place thoroughly for sth • The seaweary sailors ~ed the horizon for signs of land. / The detectives ~ed the crime scene but found no clues to help them identify the murderer. • ψάχνω παντού. \square : e.g., ~ the kitchen floor, ~ the bottom of a pot with steel wool

comb (v) - search carefully and systematically, as if passing things through the teeth of a fine comb • The police ~ed the house for clues, but the thief had left no traces of his identity behind. >> comb (n) ❖ χτενίζω scan (v) - 1, pass one's eves over an area, looking for sb/sth • ~ the horizon looking for land 2. (written material) read guickly but carefully, looking for specific details • ~ a newspaper article for a certain date 3. pass a beam of light over or through sth with an electronic device known as a **scanner** • ~ *luggage at* an airport, ~ bar codes in a supermarket > scan (n), scanner (n), scanned (adj) 💠 1. εξετάζω με το βλέμμα μου 2. διαβάζω γρήγορα αλλά προσεκτικά (για να βρω συγκεκριμένες λεπτομέρειες) 3. ανιχνεύω **probe** (v) - explore or examine a place that is difficult to reach; investigate • The surgeon ~d the wound to see how deep the bullet had penetrated. / The president has asked the committee to \sim the scandal. \gg probe (n), probing (adj) 💠 ερευνώ βαθιά, εξερευνώ delve (into) (v) - 1. look deeply into sth (e.g., a mystery or a deep place) • A unit of special detectives has been brought in to ~ into the complicated crime. / She ~d her hand into her purse looking for a piece of paper. 💠 ερευνώ, αναδιφώ ransack (v) - search desperately for sth, damaging or messing things up in the process • The police ~ed the suspect's home but found no sign of the murder weapon. > ransacked (adj) ❖ ψάχνω εξονυχιστικά, κάνω άνω-κάτω

rummage (v) - search for sth by moving things around in a careless, hurried way • She ~d through the stacks of paper on her desk in hopes of finding the unpaid phone bill. ❖ ψάχνω, ανασκαλεύω, σκαλίζω forage (v) - search or hunt, esp. for food or supplies • homeless people ~ for food in garbage cans, animals ~ for food in the forest, soldiers ~ for supplies >> forager (n), foraging (adj) ❖ ψάχνω για τροφή η εφόδια

B Ways of Throwing

toss (v) - throw lightly or carelessly • *She walked into* the room and ~ed her coat on the nearest chair. ❖ ρίχνω, πετώ. ጨ: e.g. ~ a salad, ~ a coin, ~ and turn in bed

heave (v) - throw or haul sth heavy with great effort • The murderer ~d the body into a river. / The lazy teenager ~d himself out of bed and got ready for school. ❖ ρίχνω κάτι βαρύ, σηκώνω, ανασύρω/-ομαι. □: e.g., ~ a sigh of relief

fling - flung (irreg v) - 1. throw with force, usually with a sideways movement of the arm because the object is light enough to do so • ~ a cup across the room, ~ a frisby 2. throw or move all or part of the body • ~ your arms around sb you love, ~ your hair back to get it out of your eyes ❖ 1. εκσφενδονίζω, ρίχνω, πετώ 2. τινάζω

sling - slung - slung (irreg v) - throw or hang carelessly or loosely • *She always ~s her coat on the*

Practice Test 7

sofa when she comes in from work. / She carries a shoulder bag, which she ~s over her left shoulder. ❖ κρεμώ (τσάντα, σακάκι κλπ)

dump (v) - throw down carelessly, heavily, or in a mass • *I'd prefer if you* ~*ed the garbage into the bin and not on the street.* ❖ πετάω, ξεφορτώνω, ξεφορτώνομαι **cast - cast** (irreg v) - 1. throw sth in a specified direction • *a fisherman* ~*s his line into the water* 2. throw so as to spread sth in a certain direction • *The sun* ~*s longer and longer shadows as the day goes*

on. / Fishermen ~ a net over a wide area. � (ἑνς.1-2) ρίχνω, πετώ. Δ: e.g., ~ a vote, ~ a glance at sb/sth, ~ a spell, ~ doubt on sth, ~ a statue in silver or bronze, ~ actors in a play

pitch (v) - throw • (baseball) ~ a ball to the batter, ~ horseshoes, ~ a piece of paper into the wastebasket > pitch (n), pitcher (n) ❖ ρίχνω, πετώ (τη μπάλα του μπέιζμπολ). □: e.g., ~ headlong into the darkness, ~ speech at a certain level for a specific audience

Practice Test 8



LISTENING (pages 171-177)

PART 1 (pages 171-172)

Transcript

- 4 fall through (phr v) (of plans) collapse, fail to happen as expected Her vacation plans may ~ due to an unexpected airline strike. αποτυγχάνω
- **6 neck and neck** (adv phr) (of two or more people or groups in a race or competition) exactly even, with no person or group ahead of the other *The two runners crossed the finished line ~; the race ended in a dead heat (i.e., an exact tie). ❖ ισόπαλος, στήθος με στήθος*
- like pulling teeth (idm) (informal) (of tasks that you want sb else to do) extremely difficult to accomplish
 Getting the kids to clean up their room is ~. They'll eventually do what you want, but, just like a dentist, you'll have to put up with a lot of kicking and screaming before they do so! ❖ (μετ) πολύ δύσκολο (σαν να ξεριζώνω δόντια)
- **15 count on (sth/sb)** (phr v) depend on sth/sb, put your trust in sth/sb *Children* ~ *their parents to provide them with food, clothing, and love.* ❖ βασίζομαι σε

PART 3 (pages 176-177) FIRST SEGMENT (page 176)

Transcript

vigorously (adv) - actively and energetically • The candidate campaigned ~, and won the election by a wide margin. > vigor (n), vigorous (adj) ❖ γερά, δυνατά, δραστήρια, με ενεργητικότητα nasal (adj) - of or related to the nose • clogged ~ passages, a ~ spray ❖ ρινικός, της μύτης inhale (v) - breathe in • The doctor told him to ~ deeply and then hold his breath. > inhalation (n), inhaled (adj) ❖ εισπνέω

- placebo (n) (C) (medical) substance that has no medical effect, used as a control substance in testing new drugs * εικονικό φάρμακο, ψευδοφάρμακο, πλασέμπο
- * virus (n) (C) kind of tiny, disease-causing life form; also, a disease caused by such a life form > viral (adj) * ιός
- ★ irritation (n) (U) (medical) soreness, pain, discomfort
 > irritate (v), irritated (adj), irritating (adj), irritatingly (adv) ❖ ερεθισμός

drawback (n) - (C) difficulty, disadvantage • We loved the house that the real estate agent showed us; the only ~ was that we couldn't afford to buy it.

* μειονέκτημα

substantially (adj) - to a great or considerable extent • The students' speaking skills had improved ~ over the course of the past two years. >> substance (n), substantial (adj) ❖ ουσιωδώς, σημαντικά resistance (n) - (U) the power to stand or endure sth without damage or harm • the body's ~ to infection or

disease, armed ~ from local rebels \gg resistor (n), resist (v), resistant (adj) \diamondsuit αντίσταση

fatal (adj) - ending in death or disaster • $a \sim traffic$ accident, $a \sim heart$ attack, $a \sim mistake$ (i.e., one ending in the loss of one's job) > fatality (n), fatally (adv) • θανατηφόρος, μοιραίος

strain (n) - (C) kind, type, breed (e.g., of a germ, plant, or other life form) • *In recent years several new* ~*s* of the virus have appeared that do not respond to antibiotics. \clubsuit είδος, ράτσα. \square : e.g., the ~ of modern life, muscle ~

SECOND SEGMENT (page 177)

Transcript

implication (n) - (C) a likely result or consequence
He failed to consider the wider ~s of his actions.
> implicate (v) ❖ συνέπεια, επίπτωση. □: e.g., ~ in a crime, ~ that sb is lying

debris (n) - (U) (singular, but plural in meaning) scattered pieces, typically of sth that has been destroyed or wrecked or (in context) thrown away • After the World Trade Center was destroyed, wrecking crews took several months to remove all the ~ from the area. ❖ συντρίμμια, χαλάσματα.

Note: the word is pronounced: duh-BREE. swirling (adj) - moving round and round, usually in a fast circle • The ~ wind of the tornado destroyed everything in its path. ➤ swirl (n, v) ❖ που στροβιλίζεται

all told (idm) - in total, all in all • A~, more than 80% of the adult population voted in the election, which was a record turnout for a country where voting isn't compulsory. ❖ συνολικά

resources (pl n) - things (e.g., possessions, money, intelligence) which can be used as a means of help or support • *Unfortunately, the school lacks the financial* ~ *to purchase new computers and lab equipment.* > resource (v), resourceful (adj), resourcefully (adv) • πόροι

cut back (on sth) (phr v) - reduce, limit the quantity or amount of sth • *If you want to lose weight, you'll need to ~ on high-calorie foods. / In times of economic slow-down, companies ~ their work force by reducing the number of people they have on staff. ❖ μειώνω, περιορίζω, περικόπτω*

biodegradable (adj) - able to be broken down or decomposed by bacteria • Plastics and laundry detergents that are not ~ pose a major threat to the environment. > biodegrade (v) ❖ βιοδιασπώμενος compound (n) - (C) (chemistry) combination of two or more substances • Sulfur dioxide is a ~ of sulfur and oxygen. > compound (v) ❖ (χημεία) ένωση wind up (phr v) - (informal)) end up, finish up somewhere after a series of events • If you keep spending your money like that, you'll ~ in the poor house! ❖ καταλήγω. Note: the verb is irregular: wind - wound - wound.



READING: CLOZE (page 180)

FIRST PASSAGE

Paragraph 1

decade (n) - (C) period of ten years • She just turned 20, so she's been alive for two full ~s. ❖ δεκαετία waterfront (n) - (C) part of a town, city, etc. located along the edge of a body of water (e.g., the sea, a lake, or a river) • The ~of the tiny island's main village is lined with seaside cafés and restaurants. ❖ προκυμαία, παραλία πόλης

tilting (adj) - slanting, angled to one side • From the photo you can see that the ~ disk of the Bibliotheca Alexandrina projects from the ground at roughly a 45° angle. \Rightarrow tilt (n, v), tilted (adj) • π ou yέρνει

scale (of sth) (n) - (C) relative size or extent of sth • *Before the bombing of Hiroshima, the world had never dreamed of destruction on such a large* ~.

κλίμακα. ⁽¹⁾: e.g., a bathroom ~

minimize (v) - (in UK: minimise) (used passively in text) lessen or reduce to the least possible amount • Wearing a seat belt will ~ the risk of your being seriously injured in a car accident. ➤ minimization (n), minimal (adj), minimally (adv). Opp: maximize ❖ ελαχιστοποιώ quarters (pl n) → at close ~ (prep phr) - up close, from very close by • She didn't really know what a good friend Mary was until they decided to share an apartment and live with each other at close ~. ❖ πολύ κοντά

overwhelm (v) - overpower, overshadow • At her husband's funeral, the widow was so ~ed with grief that she could hardly say a word to the friends who had come to comfort her. > overwhelmed (adj), overwhelming (adj), overwhelmingly (adv) ❖ καταβάλλω, κατακλύζω, τσακίζω, συντρίβω bold (adj) - daring, striking, impressive • Some people fear that the ~ new skyscraper will become a terrorist target. > boldness (n), embolden (v), boldly (adv) ❖ τολμηρός, εντυπωσιακός

Paragraph 2

sound (adj) - valid, reasonable, and therefore worthy of approval • *The report convinced everyone that the decision was a* ~ *one.* \Rightarrow soundness (n), soundly (adv) \diamondsuit ορθός, βάσιμος

Choices

- **A. public** (n) → **the** ~ (n phr) people in general *The new museum will open to the* ~ *on May 1st. / The campaign is over. It's now up to the* ~ *to choose the best candidate.* > public (adj), publically (adv) ❖ το κοινό
- **74 C. proximity (to)** (n) (C) nearness (e.g., in space, time, or relationship) *They decided to buy their current home because of its* ~ *to the best school in the area.* ❖ εγγύτητα

SECOND PASSAGE

Paragraph 1

encounter (n) - (C) unexpected meeting • *She had an uncomfortable* ~ *at the supermarket with her*

full of mice and other \sim s. > pesticide (n), pester (v) \diamond επιβλαβές φυτό ή ζώο, παράσιτο, ζιζάνιο

- * mosquito (n) (C) type of insect * κουνούπι
- * malaria (n) (U) disease resulting from the bite of certain mosquitoes * ελονοσία nausea (n) (U) feeling of being nauseous (i.e., sick to one's stomach) A sudden wave of ~ swept over her

one's stomach) • A sudden wave of \sim swept over her when she smelled the sour milk. \succ nauseous (adj)

ναυτία, αναγούλα

eradicate (v) - (used passively in text) get rid of completely, put an end to • *Modern medicine has* ~ *d a number of major diseases.* > eradication (n) ❖ ξεριζώνω, εξαλείφω

Paragraph 2

impede (v) - block, hinder; make movement, development, or progress difficult • Years of civil war have severely ~d the country's development. ❖ (παρ) εμποδίζω, παρακωλύω

struggle (n) - (C/U) great effort made to overcome difficulty or achieve a victory; also, prolonged fight • After suffering with cancer for five long years, she finally lost her ~ against the disease. \Rightarrow struggle (v), struggling (adj) \diamondsuit αγώνας

resistance (to sth) (n) - (U) the power to stand or endure sth without damage or harm • Chemotherapy lowers the body's ~ to infection and disease. \succ resist (v), resistant (adj), resistantly (adv) \diamondsuit αντίσταση, ανθεκτικότητα

treat (v) - give medical care to (sb) • *After the fire, the doctors* ~*ed several burn victims.* >> treatment (n) • υποβάλλω σε θεραπεία, περιθάλπω, νοσηλεύω. □: e.g., ~ sb to a meal, ~ a stain

alternative (n) - (C) choice, option • When Mrs. Smith discovered a bag with money under her son's bed, she felt that her only ~ was to call the police. \Rightarrow alternate (v), alternative (adj), alternatively (adv) \diamondsuit εναλλακτική λύση, επιλογή

resurgence (n) - (C/U) a fresh, strong reappearance of sth (e.g., after a period of inactivity or unpopularity) • The world is, unfortunately, seeing a ~ of the deadly disease. / The actor has made some bad movies over the last decade, but he is currently enjoying a ~ of popularity. > resurge (v), resurgent (adj) ❖ ξαναζωντάνεμα, επαναδραστηριοποίηση

READING: VOCABULARY (pages 181-182)

- A. frothy (adj) full of froth (i.e., a layer of small, foamy bubbles that forms at the top of sth) He likes to relax with an ice-cold, ~ glass of beer.
 ⇒ froth (n, v) ❖ αφρώδης, αφρισμένος
 - **B. crunchy** (adj) (of food) making a loud, hard sound when bit into *Apples, carrots, potato chips, and French fries are all* ~ *foods.* >> crunch (n, v), crunchily (adv) ❖ τραγανιστός

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- C. chewy (adj) tough and rubbery, requiring effort to chew and swallow The steak I ordered came out tender and perfect, but my friend's was so ~ that it was hard to cut and even more difficult to chew.
 ➤ chewiness (n), chew (v) ❖ δύσκολος στο μάσημα, σκληρός σαν λάστιχο
- **D. soggy** (adj) unpleasantly wet and/or soft *The ground is* ~ *from all the rain we've had lately. / The potato chips from last night's party are* ~ *from being left out all night.* > sogginess (n) ❖ υγρός και λασπερός, λασπωμένος
- **88 A. measure up** (phr v) come up to or meet a desired standard *If the new secretary doesn't* ~ *soon, the boss will have to fire her.* ❖ ανταποκρίνομαι σε κτ
 - B. sprout up (phr v) grow, develop Children tend to grow in spurts; they seem like they're the same height for months, then suddenly they ~ and they're several inches taller. / If you plant the seeds now, green shoots should begin to ~ from them in a few weeks. > sprout (n), sprouted (adj) ❖ ξεπετώ, πετιέμαι, βλαστάνω
 - **C. show up** (phr v) appear *Let me know as soon as Ed and Sue ~. The boss would like to talk to them.* ❖ εμφανίζομαι. □: e.g., ~ *sb ~ in a contest*
 - D. stand up (phr v) take an upright position, rise to one's feet The teacher asked the boy seated in the front row to ~ and come to the front of the room.
 Φ σηκώνομαι. : e.g., ~ for sb, ~ to sb
- **89 A. surmise** (v) suppose, assume *Police* ~ *that the robbery was an inside job; one of the employees had to be behind it.* > surmise (n) ❖ υποθέτω, εικάζω
 - B. topple (v) cause to fall over or collapse; move unsteadily and fall a hurricane ~s houses; a pile of books can ~ onto the floor, (fig) a scandal may ~ a government > toppled (adj) γκρεμίζω/-ομαι, ανατρέπω/-ομαι, σωριάζομαι
 - C. persevere (v) continue trying to do sth, despite difficulty or opposition Mastering a language is difficult, but if you ~, you'll make steady progress.
 ⇒ perseverance (n), persevering (adj) ❖ εμμένω, επιμένω
 - D. unravel (v) (fig) make clear, explain Scientists ~ the mysteries of the universe, detectives ~ a murder case, parents ~ their children's lies > unraveled (adj)
 ♦ λύνω, βρίσκω
- **90 A. collision** (n) (C) crash, an instance of one car hitting violently into another *The driver swerved out of the way to avoid a head-on* ~. >> collide (v) ❖ σύγκρουση
 - B. exuberance (n) (U) liveliness, cheerful excitement, joy The middle-aged woman has such a youthful ~ about her that you would never suspect she's over fifty. >> exuberant (adj), exuberantly (adv)
 ❖ ζωντάνια, διαχυτικότητα
 - C. abundance (n) (U/C usually singular) large quantity With such an ~ of different brands on the market, she has no idea which digital camera to buy.

 > abound (v), abundantly (adv) ❖ αφθονία
 - D. quantity (n) (C/U) amount or number of sth; also, a

- large number or amount of things The company is, unfortunately, more interested in ~ than quality. / If you buy in ~, you will get a better price per item. > quantitative (adj), quantitatively (adv) ❖ ποσότητα
- **91 pit** (n) (C) (fig in text) large deep hole in the ground, such as one used for mining rock or metal *Several miners were killed as a result of a fire in the* ~.
 - λάκκος, σκάμμα, ορυχείο
 - A. buoyant (adj) lively and cheerful, light-hearted
 The atmosphere is always ~ on the last day of school; you can feel the happy excitement in the air. > buoyancy (n), buoyantly (adv) ❖ ζωηρός, κεφάτος
 - B. overflowing (adj) plentiful, abundant, existing in large quantity She couldn't express the ~ happiness she felt on the day of her wedding.
 ⇒ overflow (n, v) ❖ άφθονος, που ξεχειλίζει από.
 □: e.g., an ~ sink/river
 - C. bottomless (adj) unlimited, never-ending The birth of their first child has given the proud parents ~ joy! ❖ ατελείωτος, απύθμενος
 - D. irrepressible (adj) uncontrollable, that cannot be repressed (i.e., limited or held back) When he insulted her in front of all her friends, she felt an ~ urge to punch him in the nose. > irrepressibly (adv) ❖ ασυγκράτητος
- 92 A. hand down (phr v) pass sth down by tradition or inheritance Before she dies, my grandmother is planning to ~ a piece of her favorite jewelry to each of her grand-daughters. ❖ κληροδοτώ.
 □: e.g., ~ a decision
 - **B. hand in** (phr v) submit sth, give sth to sb/sth so that it may be formally considered *When the scandal came to light, the politician was forced to* ~ *his resignation.* ❖ υποβάλλω, παραδίνω
 - C. hand out (phr v) distribute, pass out The class fell silent as the teacher began to ~ the test booklets.
 * μοιράζω, διανέμω
 - D. hand over (phr v) give, deliver sth to sb The bank robber was surrounded by police and was forced to ~ his gun. * παραδίνω, δίνω
- 93 A. smolder (v) (in U.K., smoulder) burn slowly and gently, usually with smoke but no flame After several days, the ruins of the burnt house were still ~ing. > smoldering (adj) ❖ σιγοκαίω
 - **B. spew** (v) come out in a strong stream *a volcano* ~ *s lava, a deep cut* ~ *s blood* > spewing (adj) ξερνώ
 - C. billow (v) spread or flow out in clouds or waves
 Smoke ~ed from the burning building in great black clouds. / The sails of the boat ~ed in the wind. >> billowing (adj) ❖ απλώνομαι σε κύματα
 - D. incinerate (v) reduce to ashes by burning Years ago it was common to ~ garbage in large ovens known as incinerators or furnaces; now trash is more commonly crushed and taken to landfills.

 > incineration (n), incinerator (n), incinerated (adj)
 αποτεφρώνω



- 94 A. conjecture (v) guess, speculate, form an opinion without having firm evidence No one is sure how the accident happened, but police experts ~ that the driver fell asleep at the wheel. > conjecture (n), conjectural (adj) ❖ εικάζω, συμπεραίνω, υποθέτω
 - B. decipher (v) figure out the meaning of sth that is difficult to understand ~ a code,
 ~ illegible handwriting >> decipherable (adj)
 αποκρυπτογραφώ, (μετ) βγάζω νόημα
 - **C. deduce** (v) work out a problem by examining the facts and drawing logical conclusions *Given his deep tan, wrinkled skin, and the fishing rod in his hands, it was not difficult to ~ that the man was a professional fisherman.* ➤ deduction (n), deductive (adj), deductively (adv) ❖ συμπεραίνω
 - D. compile (v) collect, put together to produce sth (e.g., a list, report, or book) The editor spent the summer ~ing stories for a new anthology.
 ➤ compilation (n), compiled (adj) ❖ συντάσσω, συλλέγω
- **95 A. blow down** (phr v) (without object) be pushed down by the force of the wind *They were afraid that that chimney would* ~ *in the hurricane*.
 * πέφτω, καταρρέω

 - C. blow up (phr v) (without object) explode, be destroyed by explosion The chemical factory will ~ if the fire is not put out soon. ❖ εκρήγνυμαι
 - **D. blow over** (phr v) go away or pass without having a serious effect *storms* ~, *scandals* ~, *arguments* ~ ❖ ξεθυμαίνω
- **96 A. soot** (n) (U) black powder left after the burning sth (e.g., wood, coal) *The inside of the chimney was covered in* ~. ➤ sooty (adj) ❖ καπνιά
 - B. fumes (pl n) unpleasant and often unhealthy smoke and gases produced by the burning of chemicals, fuel, etc. The horrible car ~ make it impossible for her to cycle in the city's heavy traffic. ❖ καυσαέρια, αναθυμιάσεις
 - C. smog (n) (U) mixture of fog, smoke, and toxic chemicals that hangs over big cities or industrial areas As they looked down onto the city from the top of the mountain, they could see a layer of yellow ~ covering the valley. >> smoggy (adj)
 ❖ αιθαλομίχλη, το νέφος
 - **D. grease** (n) (U) thick, oily substance used to help machines run smoothly *The floor of the mechanic's garage was covered with slippery* ~. >> grease (v), greasy (adj) ❖ γράσο, λιπαντικό
- 97 A. fragile (adj) delicate, easily damaged or broken
 The sea is a ~ ecosystem. / The porcelain vase was so ~ that it shattered into thousands of tiny pieces.
 > fragility (n) ❖ εύθραυστος
 - **B. abashed** (adj) embarrassed and ashamed *She* was ~ when the boss criticized her work in front of

- the entire staff. > abashment (n) ❖ αμήχανος και ντροπιασμένος
- C. intimidating (adj) frightening, threatening
 Despite his ~ appearance, the wrestler is quite a gentle man when he's not competing. > intimidation (n), intimidate (v), intimidated (adj), intimidatingly (adv) ❖ εκφοβιστικός
- D. reticent (adj) silent, unwilling to speak or act She's such a ~ young woman that it's difficult to have a conversation with her. / It's obvious he's upset about something, but he's ~ to talk about it. ➤ reticence (n), reticently (adv) ❖ λιγόλογος, επιφυλακτικός
- 98 A. temperament (n) (C) one's basic nature, how one is inclined to think and behave People with artistic ~s are said to be self-centered and difficult to please. > temperamental (adj), temperamentally (adv) ❖ ψυχοσύνθεση, ταμπεραμέντο
 - **B. beneficiary** (n) (C) sb who gains or benefits from sth As you might have expected, the old man's children were the ~ies of his will. ❖ δικαιούχος
 - **C. mentality** (n) (C) the characteristic way a person or group thinks *Given her father's old-fashioned* ~, *I* doubt whether she'll be allowed to go to the concert with us on Friday night. ❖ νοοτροπία
 - D. mediocrity (n) (U) the state of being ordinary, commonplace or of fairly low quality His goal was to distinguish himself and somehow rise above the ~ that he saw around him. > mediocre (adj)
 ❖ μετριότητα
- 99 A. lenient (adj) not strict or severe, esp. in punishing people He's a ~ judge who does not believe in imprisoning first-time offenders. > leniency (n), leniently (adv) ❖ επιεικής
 - B. austere (adj) 1. (people) serious, self-controlled
 She's a rather ~, closed person who rarely laughs or shows any emotion. 2. (objects, places, lifestyle) plain, simple, lacking in luxury The Spartans of ancient Greece were known for their ~ lifestyle.
 >> austerity (n), austerely (adv) ❖ 1. αυστηρός, σοβαρός 2. λιτός, αυστηρός (στο ήθος)
 - C. sober (adj) 1. not drunk If you've been drinking and are not ~, don't drive. 2. serious and sensible
 The boss is a ~ man whose judgment I thoroughly respect. > sobriety (n), soberly (adv) ❖ 1. ξεμέθυστος 2. νηφάλιος, σοβαρός
 - D. malicious (adj) (words, actions) intended to harm, embarrass, or upset No wonder she's upset. Have you heard the ~ gossip about her that someone is spreading around the office? >> malice (n), maliciously (adv) ❖ κακόβουλος
- **100 A. lurch** (v) move forward or to the side suddenly and clumsily *The car ~ed forward as the inexperienced driver tried to change gears.* > lurch (n) ❖ κλυδωνίζω/-ομαι, κινούμαι απότομα μπροστά
 - **B. lumber** (v) move heavily or awkwardly *Tired after a hard day at work, he ~ed up the stairs with heavy*

- footsteps. >> lumbering (adj) ❖ κινούμαι βαριά και με θόρυβο
- **C. scamper** (v) run with quick light steps (usually out of fear or excitement) *Her mother screamed when she saw a mouse* ~ *across the kitchen.* > scampering (adj) ❖ τρέχω με γρήγορα ελαφρά βήματα
- D. stumble (v) 1. walk unsteadily (like a drunk)
 Overcome by smoke, the firefighter ~d out of the burning building. 2. strike the foot against sth and lose one's balance, trip He broke his leg when he ~d and fell to the pavement. >> stumble (n), stumbling (adj) ❖ 1. σκουντουφλώ, παραπατώ 2. σκοντάφτω
- **101 A. step up (sth)** (phr v) increase the amount, speed or intensity of sth *manufacturers* ~ *production to meet demand, runners* ~ *their pace as they near the finish line, governments* ~ *efforts to control terrorism* ❖ αυξάνω, επιτυγχάνω, ζωηρεύω
 - **B. count on (sth/sb)** (phr v) depend on sth/sb, put your trust in sth/sb *charities* ~ *private donations, children* ~ *their parents to provide them with food, clothing, and love* ❖ βασίζομαι σε κτ/κπ
 - C. put up with (sth/sb) (phr v) accept without really liking sth/sb; bear, tolerate, stand injured runners ~ pain and finish the race, employees ~ poor working conditions until they find better jobs & ανέχομαι
 - D. crack down on (sth/sb) (phr v) take strong measures to limit or stop an illegal activity The new government has promised to ~ illegal drugs.
 * παίρνω μέτρα εναντίον κπ/κτ
- **102 A. valor** (n) (U) courage, bravery (esp. in battle) *The soldier was given a medal for ~ in combat. >>* valiant (adj), valiantly (adv) ❖ γενναιότητα, ανδρεία
 - **B. conduct** (n) (U) behavior *Your son's* ~ *has been* excellent this year; he is the most well-behaved child in the class. > conduct (v) ❖ συμπεριφορά, διαγωγή
 - C. virtue (n) 1. (C) a good moral quality Honesty and modesty are his most attractive ~s. 2. (U) goodness of character, moral goodness Tom is a man of unquestionable ~; he's the most ethical person I know. > virtuous (adj), virtuously (adv) ❖ 1. προτέρημα, προσόν 2. αρετή
 - D. ardor (n) (U) (in U.K., ardour) passion, enthusiasm
 Her ~ for tennis is obvious; I've never seen anyone so enthusiastic about the sport! >> ardent (adj), ardently (adv) * πάθος, ενθουσιασμός, φλόγα

READING (pages 183-185)

FIRST PASSSAGE (page 183)

Paragraph 1

alumni (pl n) → alumnus (n) - (C) graduate of a school or university, esp. a male graduate. • A proud ~ of his university, he loves going back to his school for class reunions. ❖ απόφοιτος. Note: a female graduate is sometimes referred to as an alumna (plural, alumnae).

network (n) - (C) (of people) closely linked group of people that keep in touch to exchange information,

contacts, and support • Don't worry! I'm sure my ~ of friends in the industry will help you find a job. > network (v) ❖ δίκτυο

résumé (n) - (C) (U.S.) short, written account of sb's education and job experience that is sent to employers when looking for a job; same as **curriculum vitae** (CV) • She's not at all happy with her present job, so she's revising her ~ so she can begin job-hunting.

post (v) - display or put up sth in public (e.g., on the Internet or on a bulletin board) • *The teachers will ~ our examination results on the bulletin board in the entrance hall.* > posting (n), posted (adj) ❖ αναρτώ, τοιχοκολλώ. □: e.g., ~ *a letter, ~ a soldier overseas, keep sb ~ed*

βιογραφικό σημείωμα

resource (n) - (C) sb/sth that can be used as a means of help or support (e.g., a reference book or a person) • An up-to-date encyclopedia is an invaluable ~ for checking facts. / Use Bob as a ~ if you have any computer questions; he's very knowledgeable. > resourceful (adj), resourcefully (adv) ❖ πηγή βοήθειας ή υποστήριξης internship (n) - (C) short-term, low-level job appointment created for the purposes of providing practical job experience • The young woman is hoping to do an ~ at a big-name law firm this summer as a prelude to her going to Harvard Law School next year. > intern (n, v) ❖ πρακτική (εξάσκηση)

give (sb) the edge (idm) - give sb a distinct advantage (over sb else), put sb in an advantageous position • None of the applicants has any experience, but the fact that Juan speaks Spanish should ~ him ~, as the firm does a lot of business in Latin America. ❖ δίνω το πλεονέκτημα

land (v) - (in context) manage to acquire or find sth, esp. when sb is up against a lot of competition • After months of being unemployed, she finally ~ed a job with a local employment agency. ❖ αποκτώ, πετυχαίνω, βρίσκω

competitive (adj) - (in context - of a job) more attractive or desirable than others (e.g., because it offers better pay or experience) • He doesn't want just any job; he wants a ~ job, where he can gain valuable experience. > competition (n), compete (v), competitively (adv) ❖ ανταγωνιστικός

Paragraph 2

grunt work (n phr) - (C) (informal - American English) unexciting, boring work that only a low-level, poorly-paid, unskilled employee would be asked to do • *It didn't take long for her to realize that without even a high school education, she would have to do ~ for the rest of her working life. ❖ βαρετή δουλειά που δεν απαιτεί ειδικές γνώσεις, άχαρη απασχόληση χωρίς πολλές αξιώσεις*

fed up (pp/adj) \rightarrow be ~ (with sb/sth) (idm) - be bored or dissatisfied because sb/sth is annoying, uninteresting, or a waste of time • She had every right to be angry at him. She's ~ with him for never helping her around the house. \clubsuit έχω βαρεθεί, έχω μπουχτίσει



Paragraph 3

essential (adj) - necessary, most important, crucial • *It is* ~ *that doctors keep themselves informed of the latest advances in their field.* \succ essence (n), essentially (adv) \diamondsuit ουσιώδης, βασικός

ambitious (adj) - desiring success, riches, or power • The ~ businessman will do whatever is necessary to succeed. > ambition (n), ambitiously (adv) ❖ φιλόδοξος

pay off (phr v) - (of sth that is risky or requires hard work) bring good results, be successful • *Don't give up; all your hard work is bound to ~ soon. I hear the boss is considering you for promotion.* ➤ pay-off (n) ❖ αποφέρω κέρδος, φέρνω αποτέλεσμα

rate (v) - estimate the worth or value of sth, put things in order of preference • R~ the following cuisines in order of your personal preference, with 1 being the one you like best: Chinese, Mexican, Greek. ➤ rating (n), rate (n), rated (adj) ❖ αξιολογώ, κατατάσσω, εκτιμώ

SECOND PASSAGE (page 184)

Paragraph 1

elusive (adj) - difficult to describe, find, capture, or understand • *Criminals are* ~ *when police have a hard time catching them. / Dreams are* ~ *because they are hard to remember and harder to understand.* ≽ elusion (n), elude (v), elusively (adv) ❖ φευγαλέος, ακαθόριστος, απροσδιόριστος, ασύλληπτος

molecule (n) - (C) smallest unit of a chemical substance
• A ~ of water is made up of two parts hydrogen and
one part water. > molecular (adj) ❖ μόριο
hereditary (adj) - related to heredity (i.e., the passing

on of characteristics from parent to child) • A child's \sim characteristics are determined by the genes he gets from both his parents. > heredity (n) • κληρονομικός

helical (adj) - shaped like a helix (i.e., a spiral or coil)
 ελικοειδής

crucial (adj) - very important • *The president is faced* with making a ~ decision that affects national security. / Tomorrow's game is a ~ match that will determine which team enters the finals. ➤ crucially (adv)

κρίσιμος, αποφασιστικός

decipher (v) - figure out the meaning of sth that is difficult to understand • *John's handwriting is so illegible that it's* impossible for me to ~. / *During the war, he worked on a Navy ship ~ing coded radio messages.* > (in)decipherable (adj) ❖ αποκρυπτογραφώ, (μετ) βγάζω νόημα

feat (n) - (C) impressive and difficult achievement • *Climbing Mount Everest is an impressive* ~.

κατόρθωμα, άθλος

Paragraph 2

research associate (n phr) - (C) member of a research team • *The professor coauthored the article with several of his ~s.* ❖ μέλος ερευνητικής ομάδας

vital (adj) - 1. very important, crucial • *This message is* ~, so please make sure the boss sees it as soon as he comes in. 2. exhibited by living things • *Our body's* ~

functions include breathing and digestion. / The heart and liver are just two of the body's ~ organs. \succ vitals (pl n), vitally (adv) \diamondsuit (ένς.1-2) ζωτικός

depict (v) - show, represent, create a portrait (with pictures or words) • *The movie graphically* ~s the horrors of the Vietnam War. > depiction (n)

απεικονίζω, περιγράφω

peer (n) - (C) sb who is equal in age, class or position to sb else • *Many teenagers begin to smoke because of pressure from their ~s.* > peer (adj) ❖ συνομήλικος, ισάξιος, ομότιμος. □: e.g., *the*

House of P~s elucidate (v) - explain, make clear • If you don't understand, I'll be happy to ~ with a few examples.

with a rew examples.
> elucidation (n) * διασαφηνίζω, φωτίζω, διευκρινίζω

Paragraph 3

ultimately (adv) - in the end, after everything has been done or taken into consideration • *The decision to perform the risky surgery was ~ in the hands of the boy's parents.* > ultimatum (n), ultimate (adj) ❖ τελικά, σε τελευταία ανάλυση

corroborating (adj) - (also **corroborative**) that which **corroborates** (i.e., confirms or gives support to a statement, theory or belief) • *Unless* ~ *evidence is found, the detectives will be unable to arrest the suspect.* > corroboration (n), corroborate (v)

❖ επιβεβαιωτικός, ενισχυτικός

concur (v) - agree • *Everyone ~red that the documentary was a real eye-opener.* ➤ concurrence (n) ❖ συμφωνώ

untimely (adj) - happening sooner than normal or at the wrong time • *His father's* ~ *death at the age of 50 meant that he had to drop out of college to take over the family business.* \gt untimeliness (n) • πρόωρος, άκαιρος

THIRD PASSAGE (page 185)

Paragraph 1

 ★ methane (n) - (U) colorless, odorless gas that burns easily ❖ μεθάνιο

massive (adj) - enormous, huge • There was no hope of him surviving such a ~ heart attack. / You need to see the Great Pyramids in person to appreciate just how ~ they are. \gt mass (n), massively (adv) \diamondsuit πολύ ισχυρός, ογκώδης

store (n) - (C) quantity or supply of sth kept for future use • Mom always has ~s of canned goods in her cupboard in case she gets snowed in during the cold winter months. \gt storage (n), store (v), stored (adj) \diamondsuit απόθεμα

permafrost (n) - (U) permanently frozen ground
 μονίμως παγωμένο έδαφος (ή υπέδαφος), πέρμαφροστ decay (n) - (U) rot, decomposition • After years of neglect, all of his teeth were showing signs of ~. >> decay (v), decayed (adj), decaying (adj)
 αποσύνθεση, σάπισμα

waterlogged (adj) - soaked with or full of water • Be sure to wear your rubber boots. It rained last night and the fields where we'll be hiking are totally ~. ❖ πλημμυρισμένος, διαποτισμένος

accumulate (v) - 1. increase in number or quantity, build up • Dust and dirt ~ if a house is not cleaned regularly. / Interest ~s on a bank account. 2. get or gather together a gradually increasing quantity or number of sth • a student ~s a growing collection of books, a financially irresponsible person ~s debts > accumulation (n), accumulated (adj), cumulative (adj), cumulatively (adv) ❖ 1. συσσωρεύομαι 2. συσσωρεύω

* impermeable (adj) - (technical) not allowing liquid or gas to pass through it > impermeability (n)
 * στεγανός, αδιάβροχος
 leak (v) - let liquid or gas escape • The sink is ~ing again. We'll have to call the plumber. > leak (n), leaky (adj), leaking (adj) * διαρρέω. □: e.g., (fig) ~

Paragraph 2

information to the press

concentration (n) - (C) (chemistry) the relative amount of one substance that is dissolved or contained in another substance • *Ozone accumulates in dangerous* ~*s in the smog of big cities.* \rightarrow concentrate (n, v), concentrated (adj) • συγκέντρωση. \square : e.g., (U) powers of ~, (C) ~*s of foreigners in a big city* **spike** (n) - (C) (fig) a sharp, sudden increase in sth • *an international* ~ *in oil prices* \rightarrow spike (v), spiking (adj) • ξαφνική, απότομη αύξηση. \square : e.g., *a railroad* ~, *the* ~*s on the bottom of football shoes*

on (one's) toes (idm) - alert, ready for anything • *After the recent terrorist attack, the government is asking everyone to be ~ their ~s.* ❖ είμαι επί ποδός, είμαι έτοιμος για δράση

deposit (n) - (C) layer of matter (e.g., metal, oil, plaque) that has been laid down by natural processes (e.g., in the earth, in a river/lake, or in the bones or blood vessels) • a mine with rich ~s of gold, ~s of mud at the bottom of a lake, ~s of plaque on the walls of the arteries ❖ κοίτασμα, ίζημα, στρώμα, απόθεμα. See PT3, Vocabulary, 101C for alternative meaning.

Paragraph 3

accelerate (v) - cause sth to go faster or happen sooner; also, speed up, go faster • Industrialization has ~d the destruction of the environment. / Cars ~ when more gas is pumped into the engine. \gg acceleration (n), accelerated (adj). Opp: decelerate (v) \diamondsuit επιταχύνω, επισπεύδω

thawing (ger) \rightarrow thaw (v) - 1. become or make sth liquid or soft after it has been frozen • snow ~s, the ground ~s in spring, frozen food ~s when taken from the freezer 2. (fig) (of relations) become friendlier and warmer • The two countries have been at war for years, but diplomatic relations are finally beginning to ~: \rightarrow thaw (n), thawed (adj) • 1. λιώνω, ξεπαγώνω 2. θερμαίνω/βελτιώνω (σχέσεις)

devastating (adj) - 1. (affecting things) causing great damage and destruction • *The* ~ *earthquake leveled all the houses in the village*. 2. (affecting people) extremely upsetting, emotionally overwhelming • *I can't imagine how upset she will be when she hears the* ~ *news.* > devastation (n), devastate (v), devastated (adj) ❖ 1. καταστρεπτικός, ολέθριος 2. που προκαλεί συντριβή

consequence (n) - 1. (C) result • He's a conscientious worker who always considers the ~s of his actions. 2. (U) meaning, importance • Whether you go or stay is of no ~ to me! >> consequential (adj), consequentially (adv) ❖ 1. συνέπεια 2. σημασία, σπουδαιότητα

Paragraph 4

degrade (v) - ruin the quality of • On the one hand, humans have made great technological progress; on the other, we have dangerously ~d the environment. > degradation (n), degraded (adj), degrading (adj) ❖ υποβιβάζω, εξευτελίζω. □: e.g., ~ sb with rude comments

Questions

- **115 B. by-product** (n) (C) substance produced during the making or manufacturing of sth else *Carbon monoxide is a ~ of burning oil and petroleum products.* ❖ υποπροϊόν, παράγωγο
- **116 A. seep** (v) flow or leak out slowly *Blood ~ed out of the wound and through the bandage. / Oil ~s out of vents on the sea floor.* > seepage (n), seeping (adj) ❖ διαρρέω, διαποτίζω
 - D. level off (phr v) become even or level (after a sharp rise or fall) The price of oil has been up and down this summer. Experts predict that it will soon ~ again and stay more or less steady through the winter.

 / After climbing steadily for fifteen minutes, the plane finally began to ~. ❖ εξομαλύνω/-ομαι, (για αεροπλάνο) οριζοντιώνω/-ομαι

VOCABULARY ENHANCEMENT (pages 188-189)

Edges, Limits, and Other Fine Lines

A Basic Distinctions

edge (n) - 1. (C) sharp cutting part of the blade • the ~ of a knife, the ~ of a sword, the ~ of an ax or razor 2. (C) outer boundary • the ~ of a cliff, the ~ of a table, the ~ of a forest > edge (v), edged (adj), edgy (adj), edgily (adv) 💠 1. κόψη 2. χείλος, άκρη, παρυφή **limit** (n) - 1. (C) point or level beyond which sth may not extend or go beyond • The speed ~ in town is 30 mph. 2. (C) point or series of points beyond which sth does not extend • John lives on the outskirts of town a few minutes beyond the city ~. / The poor teacher was *quickly reaching the ~ of her patience.* ❖ (ἑνς.1-2) όριο line (n) - 1. (C) long, straight, narrow mark connecting two or more points • Draw a ~ from A to B. / Sign your name on the dotted ~. 2. (C) a continuous row of people, one behind or next to the other; same as queue in British English • The ~ at the bank is too long. Let's come back later. 3. (C) length of rope, wire, or cord that is used for a particular purpose • a clothes ~, a fishing ~ ❖ 1. γραμμή 2. ουρά 3. σκοινί, σύρμα, (για ψάρεμα) πετονιά. 🕮: e.g., a ~ of business, a phone ~

B Power of Suggestion

Here are some of the collocations in the task that you may not be familiar with.



production line (n phr) - (in a factory, same as assembly line) (C) line of workers or machinery along which sth passes on a moving belt as it is being put together • work on a ~ in a factory ❖ γραμμή παρανωνής

speed limit (n phr) - (C) maximum speed at which a vehicle may legally travel on a particular stretch of road • When the school was built, the ~ in the area was reduced to 20 miles an hour. 🌣 όριο ταχύτητας competitive edge (n phr) → give sb a ~ (idm) - give sb a distinct advantage, put sb in an advantageous position • None of the applicants has any experience, but the fact that Juan speaks Spanish should give him a ~. That's because the firm does a lot of business in Latin America. 💠 δίνω το πλεονέκτημα σε κπ, δίνω ανταγωνιστικό πλεονέκτημα σε κπ

cutting edge (n phr) \rightarrow at the ~ (of sth) (prep phr) - at the forefront of research and development; likely to be among the first to make important and exciting new discoveries • Microsoft has been at the ~ of software development since the mid-1970s. 💠 είμαι στην αιχμή (της τεχνολογίας), είμαι στην πρώτη γραμμή **skyline** (n) - (C) outline of a city's buildings against the sky · New York City has a dramatic ~, especially at night when all the skyscrapers are lit up. ❖ (για μεγαλούπολη) γραμμή του ορίζοντα, ορίζοντας credit limit (n phr) - (C) maximum amount of money that one can charge on a credit card • Sorry. We can't accept this credit card for payment, as you've exceeded your ~. ❖ πιστωτικό όριο

lifeline (n) - 1. (C) (lit) rope or line used to rescue sb in the water • The swimmer would have drowned if the life guard hadn't thrown him a ~. 2. (C) (fig) sth given to a person that helps them through a difficult situation • The company would have had to close if the bank manager hadn't given them a loan. It proved to be a real ~. ❖ (ένς.1-2) (κυρ/μετ) σχοινί/σανίδα σωτηρίας

product line (n phr) - (C) a range of commercial goods • The company hopes it will become more profitable by expanding its ~. ❖ σειρά προϊόντων serrated edge (n phr) - (C) an edge or blade (e.g., of a knife) that is jagged, rather than smooth • Steak knives and bread knives usually have a ~, which makes them look like a knife with teeth! ❖ πριονωτή

bottom line (n phr) - (C) (corporate accounting) total amount of money a company has made or lost over a particular period of time • *Difficult* economic conditions have had a negative effect on the company's ~ this year. ❖ η τελική οικονομική απόδοση

Expressions with Edge

GROUP 1

on edge (prep phr) → be ~ (prep phr) - be nervous or anxious • It's natural for first-time job applicants to be ~ when they go for an interview. ❖ είμαι εκνευρισμένος, είμαι ανήσυχος/νευρικός

on the edge (of sth) (prep phr) → be ~ (of sth) (idm) be just about to experience (sth), be on the verge (of sth) • It's unhealthy for anyone to work so hard; if you ask me, she's ~ of a nervous breakdown. ❖ είμαι στο χείλος, στα πρόθυρα

on/at the cutting edge (of sth) (prep phr) - at the forefront, among the first to be involved in important and exciting new developments • The research firm has been ~ of cancer research for almost a decade. ❖ στην πρώτη γραμμή, στην αιχμή

over the edge (prep phr) - past sb's breaking point • Inever would have guessed he'd be capable of murder. What do you think pushed him ~? ❖ πέρα από τα όρια (του)

GROUP 2

be edged out (idm) - be pushed out little by little • Just because Mary was nearing retirement was no reason for her to ~ of the company. She still had a number of good years in her. ***** εκτοπίζομαι, παραγκωνίζομαι

be edged with (idm) - be tinged or colored with • If she stole the money, you'll see it from the look in her eye and her voice will ~ quilt. ❖ είμαι χρωματισμένος με, χρωματίζομαι

have an edge (over sb) (idm) - have an/the advantage over somebody • Being able to speak Spanish and French means Juan will ~ over most of the other candidates. ❖ πλεονεκτώ, υπερτερώ ελαφρά **take the edge off** (idm) - reduce, lessen • *Dinner isn't* for a few hours. Why don't you have an apple to ~ your appetite? ❖ κόβω (π.χ., την όρεξη), μετριάζω, αμβλύνω

Expressions with Line and Limit

GROUP 1

out of line (prep phr) → be ~ (idm) - act inappropriately • I hope I didn't offend her when I said I liked the other dress better. I didn't want to be ~. 💠 φέρομαι ακατάλληλα ή με αγένεια, παρεκτρέπομαι on the line (prep phr) → be ~ (idm) - be at risk, be in danger (e.g., a job, one's reputation, one's career) • Your

career is ~, so you'd better do a good job on the report. ❖ εκτίθεμαι σε κίνδυνο

draw the line (idm) - refuse to tolerate sth (beyond a certain point) • I don't mind if you criticize my work in the privacy of my own office, but when you do it publicly, that's where I ~. ❖ θέτω σαν όριο (της ανοχής

lay it on the line (idm) - talk frankly and openly • Let me ~ for you. If your performance doesn't improve, I'll be forced to fire you. 💠 μιλώ έξω από τα δόντια, μιλώ

toe the line (idm) - obey orders, do what is expected of you • The children are used to being disciplined; if they don't ~, they will be punished. ❖ υπακούω, συμμορφώνομαι

GROUP 2

off limits (prep phr) - not allowed • She's on a strict diet, so foods like chocolate cake and ice cream are strictly ~ to her. ❖ μη επιτρεπτός, απαγορευμένος The sky's the limit! (idm) - There is no limit! • It's your birthday, so we're going to go all out today and not worry about how much money we spend. ~! ❖ δεν υπάρχουν όρια

to the limit (prep phr) - to the maximum degree possible • *The disobedient student pushed her patience* ~. ❖ στα όρια, στα άκρα

within limits (idm) - in moderation • The doctor told him it was OK to drink wine, ~ of course; he shouldn't exceed more than a small glass or two a day. ❖ μέσα στα όρια

Following is an alphabetical listing of all the headwords that appear in the Glossary. The number and letter that follow each headword refer to the page and column (A or B) where the word is defined for the first time: A is for the left-hand column, and B is for the right-hand column.

```
abashed (adj) - 80A
absorb (v) - 53B
absurd (adj) - 34A
  abundance (n) - 47B
  abundant (adj) - 7B
accelerant (n) - 28A
accelerate (v) - 83A
  accentuate (v) - 30A
accentuate the positive (v phr) - 47A
access (n) - 48B
  accessible (adj) - 11B
account (n) - 31B
accumulate (v) - 67B
  acid rain (n phr) - 15B
acquisitive (adj) - 8B
acquitted (adj) - 8B
  adaptable (adj) - 72A
  address (v) - 74B
adept (at) (adj) - 5B
adjacent (to sth) (adj) - 23A
adjacent (to sth) (adj) - 23A
admission (n) - 10A
adroitly (adv) - 61A
advent (of) (n) - 35A
advocacy group (n phr) - 43B
advocate (n) - 27B
afflict (v) - 7A
agent (n) - 45B
agility (n) - 39B
agroforestry (n/adj) - 12B
ail ment (n) - 45A
air resistance (n phr) - 17A
  air resistance (n phr) - 17A
 all told (idm) - 77B
alleviate (v) -7A
  aloofness (n) - 70A
  alter (v) - 47B
alternative (n) - 78B
 alternative (n) - 78B
alternatively (adv) - 40A
altitude (n) - 32B
alumni (pl n) → alumnus (n) - 81A
ambient (adj) - 54B
 ambiguous (adj) - 548
ambiguous (adj) - 58
ambitious (adj) - 82A
ambivalent (adj) - 198
ammunition (n) - 278
ammunition (n) - 27B
amount to (phr v) - 64B
amputate (v) - 57A
ancestor (n) - 34B
antiquity (n) - 32B
applaud (v) - 66A
application (n) - 18A
apportion (v) - 41B
  appreciable (adj) - 68A
appreciably (adv) - 62B
appreciation (n) - 18B
 appreciation (n) - 9A
apprehend (v) - 9A
aquatic (adj) - 24B
ardor (n) - 81A
arid (adj) - 24B
 arm in arm (adv phr) - 46B
arsenic (n) - 68B
  arson (n) - 28A
arson (n) - 28A
art supplies (pl n phr) - 43B
aspect (n) - 40B
aspiring (adj) - 74B
assault (n) - 24A
assess (v) - 75A
assessment (n) - 38B
assign (sb to sb) (v) - 64B
  assume (v) - 11B
assumption (n) - 20A
  astronomical (adj) - 47B
  astute (adj) - 75A
at random (prep phr) - 10A
atherosclerosis (n) - 63B
 attribute (sth to sth else) (v) - 43A
audible (adj) - 28B
austere (adj) - 80B
  availability (n) - 48B
 avalanche (n) - 14B
average (adj) - 62A
awash (adj) -> be ~ with sth (v phr) -
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awe-inspiring (adj) - 57B
  awesome (adj) - 34B
B
back (v) - 67A
back away (from sth) (phr v) - 43A
back out (of sth) (phr v) - 43A
back-breaking (adj) - 60A
backdrop (n) - 40B
bacterial (adj) - 33A
balance (n) - 16A
balance the budget (idm) - 53B
bankruptcy (n) → declare ~ (v phr) - 38A
banning (ner) → han (v) - 27B
 banning (ger) → ban (v) - 27B
bay (n) → keep (sth) at ~ (idm) - 12B
be caught sleeping (idm) - 26B
be edged out (idm) - 84B
 be edged with (idm) - 84B
be my guest (idm) - 16B
be out of (sb's) hands (idm) - 65A
  be/get out of hand (idm) - 65A
bead (n) - 45B
  beam (v) - 35B
  beckon (v) - 66A
  become putty in (sb's) hands (idm) - 65B
 bedrock (n) - 23A
beneficiary (n) - 80B
billow (v) - 79B
binoculars (pl n) - 68A
biodegradable (adj) - 77B
biodiversity (n) - 24B
biosphere (n) - 14B
  birth control (n phr) - 14B
  blast (sth) open (phr v) - 22B
blaze (n) - 28A
 bleak (adj) - 48A
blend into the background (v phr) -
  blizzard (n) - 14B
  blockage (n) - 63A
blood clot (n phr) - 44B
blood vessel (n phr) - 44B
blood vessel (n phr) - 44B
blood-curdling (adj) - 60B
blow down (phr v) - 80A
blow out (phr v) - 80A
blow over (phr v)) - 80A
blow up (phr v) - 80A
blush (of sth) (n) - 25A
bold (adj) - 78A
bolster (v) - 64B
bolt (n) - 17A
bond (to) (v) - 46A
hoost (v) - 33B
bond (to) (v) - 46A

boost (v) - 33B

border (n) - 61B

bottleneck (n) - 41B

bottom (n) → get to the ~ of sth

(idm) - 40B

bottom line (n phr) - 38A

bottomless (adj) - 79B
  bounty (n) - 48A
bowl over (phr v) → be ~ed over
(phr v) - 47B
 breeding (n) - 13B
brittle (adj) - 13B
broth (n) - 45B
broth (n) - 45B
bruising (n) - 7A
budding (adj) - 67A
buffer (n) - 12B
bulldozer (n) - 24A
bumper (n) - 27A
bundle (of sth) (n) - 32B
buoyant (adj) - 79B
burrow (v) - 44B
burst - burst - burst (irreg v) - 39A
butcher (v) - 24A
by accident (prep phr) - 10A
  by accident (prep phr) - 10A
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by-product (n) - 44A

cache (n) - 11B

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calcium (n) - 67B
 call (sth) into question (v phr) - 35A callously (adv) - 72B
 campus (n) - 49A
 cancerous (adj) - 33A
cane (n/adj) → sugar ~ (n) - 64B
canopy tree (n phr) - 12A
 canyon (n) - 14A
capacity (n) - 39A
cape (n) - 14A
captive (adj) - 73B
 cardiovascular (adj) - 29A
carnage (n) - 24A
carrion (n) - 69A
 carry out (phr v) - 41A
cascade (n) - 25A
cast - cast - cast (irreg v) - 76A
 cast (n) - 68B
 cast a pall (on/over sth/sb) (idm) - 9A
cast a spell (over/on sth) (idm) - 9A
 cast a spell (over/on stri) (ldm) - gA
cast an eye (over sth) (idm) - 9A
cast doubt (on sth) (idm) - 9A
cast-off (adj) - 62B
casually (adv) - 23A
 CAT scan (n phr) - 27B
 catch some sleep (v phr) - 26B cautious (adj) - 6A
 cavern (n) - 14A
 chainsaw (n) - 24A
chamber (n) - 23A
 change hands (idm) - 31B
 chaotic (adj) - 70A
character (n) - 71A
characteristic (adj) - 62A
 charge (v) - 43B
charity (n) - 51B
charred (adj) - 11A
check up (on sb/sth) (phr v) - 49B
 cheek to cheek (adv phr) - 46B
chewy (adj) - 79A
choked with (pp/adj) - 22B
 chorused (adj) - 28A
chronic (adj) - 29A
chuckle (v) - 11B
chunk (n) - 39A
 circulation (n) - 44B
circulatory system (n phr) - 33A
clap (v) - 66A
 clarity (n) - 54B
clench (v) - 65B
cling - clung - clung (irreg v) - 54A
cling - clung - clung (irre
clog (v) - 64A
clogged (adj) - 68A
cluster (v) - 48B
clutch (v) - 66A
cognitive (adj) - 49A
coin (v) - 38A
coincide (with) (v) - 45A
coincide (with) (v) - 45A
coincidence (n) - 42B
collaborate (with sb) (on sth) (v) - 41B
collapse (n) - 51B
collapse (v) - 48A
collision (n) - 58B
colloquial (adj) - 18B
comb (v) - 75B
come to light (idm) - 36B
comeback (n) - 40B
compact (adj) - 62A
compel (v) - 62B
 compact (adj) - 62A
compel (v) - 62B
competitive (adj) - 81B
competitive edge (n phr) → give sb a
~ (idm) - 84A
compile (v) - 80A
complexion (n) - 20B
 complexity (n) - 34A
complication (n) - 20A
comply (with sth) (v) - 41A
 component (n) - 7A
 compost pile (n phr) - 67B
compound (n) - 77B
comprehensive (adj) - 38B
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compromise (v) - 52B

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computer-aided tomography
(n phr) - 68A
conceal (v) - 48A
conceivable (adj) - 40B
conclude (v) - 9B
conclusion (n) - 43A
conclusive (adj) - 68B
concrete (adj) - 45A
concur (v) - 82B
condense (v) - 56A
conduct (n) - 81A
confidentially (adv) - 71B
conflict (n) - 19A
conflict (v) - 7B
confluct (v) - 78
confused (adj) - 58A
congregate (v) - 64A
conjecture (v) - 23A
conqueror (n) - 64A
consensus (n) - 71B
consequence (n) - 43A
consequence (n) - 45A
conservation (n) - 58B
conservator (n) - 73A
considerately (adv) - 62B
consistently (adv) - 71B
conspicuous (adj) - 40B
constraint (n) - 43A
consume (v) - 38B
contagious (adj) - 40B
contain (v) - 22A
contaminant (n) - 68A
contaminate (v) - 67B
contention (n) - 71B
context (n) - 35A
contingent (adj) - 40B
contribute (to sth) (v) - 6B
controversy (n) - 67A
convene (v) - 41B
convention (n) - 19A
conventional (adj) - 45B
conventional wisdom (n phr) - 40A
convict (v) - 16A
conviction (n) - 71B
convincingly (adv) - 70B
cordial (adj) - 21A
core (n) - 11A
cork (n) - 68B
correlation (n) - 68A
corroborating (adj) - 82B
count on (sth/sb) (phr v) - 77A
counter (n) - 16A
counterpart (n) - 75A
course (v) - 55A
crack down on (sth/sb) - 81A
crave (v) - 57B
crawl (v) - 33A
credentials (pl n) - 5B
credit limit (n phr) - 84A
crimson (n) - 25A
crooked (adj) - 33B
cross (n) - 39B
crucial (adj) - 40A
crude (adj) - 63A
crude oil (n phr) - 67B
crunchy (adj) - 78B
culprit (n) -24A
cultivate (v) - 72A
curate (v) - 10B
curb (v) - 38A
current (n) - 9B
custody (n) - 20B
cut back (on 5th) (phr v) - 77B
cut loose (with sth) - 73B
cutback (n) - 38A
cutting edge (n phr) → at the ~ (of
            sth) (prep phr) - 84A
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D	disproportionately (adv) - 48B	exempt (adj) → be ~ (from sth)	frantic (adj) - 70A
dabble (in sth) (v) - 60B	disrupt (v) - 25B	(v phr) - 44A	fraught (pp) -> be ~ with (v phr) -
dabbler (n) - 43B	disruptive (adj) - 53A	exhale (v) - 29A	49B
dairy (adj) - 38B dam (n) - 14A	disseminate (v) - 19B disservice (n) - 75A	exhaust (n) - 15B exhume (v) - 73A	frayed (adj) - 68B free-for-all (n) - 47B
damming (ger) - 24A	dissolve (v) - 23B	expansion (n) - 40B	fringe (n) \rightarrow on the \sim of (sth) (prep
danger (n) → be in ~ (v phr) - 53B	distinctive (adj) - 18B	expedite (v) - 22A	phr) - 12B
data (pl n) - 20A	distort (v) - 19B	expel (v) - 62A	frond (n) - 59A
dazzle (v) - 8A deadly (adj) - 59A	distribute (v) - 41B diverse (adj) - 72A	experiment (with sth) (v) - 41B explicit (adj) - 20A	frontier (adj) - 18A frothy (adj) - 78B
deafening (adj) - 28A	diversify (v) - 8A	explode (v) - 70B	frustrating (adj) - 47B
dearth (of sth) (n) - 61A	diversity (n) - 12B	exposed (adj) - 34A	fueling (present participle) → fuel
debate (n) - 6B	dizziness (n) - 44A	exposure (n) - 44A	(v) - 18A
debate (v) - 9B debit card (n phr) - 16A	donate (v) - 41B doom and gloom (idm) → be all ~	exquisite (adj) - 8B extend (v) - 50B	full of (oneself) (idm) - 52B fumes (pl n) - 15B
debris (n) - 35A	(idm) - 47A	extension (on sth) (n) - 67A	fund (v) - 68A
debut (n) - 51B	doomed (pp) \rightarrow be \sim to sth (v phr) -	extinct (adj) - 59A	fundamental (adj) - 20B
decade (n) - 78A decay (n) - 54B	35A dormant (adj) - 25B	extinguish (v) - 10A extraction (n) - 27A	fusion (n/adj) - 54A
decimate (v) - 55A	douse (v) - 73B	extravagantly (adv) - 60A	G
decipher (v) - 11A	downcast (adj) - 9B	exuberance (n) - 60A	gain the upper hand (idm) - 31B
decline (n) - 21A	downfall (n) - 40B	exude (v) - 33A	gale (n) - 14B
decline (v) - 47B declining (adj) - 59A	downgrade (v) - 59A downtrodden (adj) - 9B	eye to eye (adv phr) → see ~ (with sb) (about sth) (idm) - 46B	game (n) - 27B gangly (adj) - 60B
deduce (v) - 80A	drag (one's) feet (idm) - 67A	eye-catching (adj) - 60B	garbage dump (n phr) - 15B
deduct (v) - 59A	draining (ger) - 24A	eye-opening (adj) - 38B	garnish (v) - 20B
defective (adj) - 33B	draw the line (idm) - 84B	_	gas-guzzling (adj) - 31A
defendant (n) - 5A defensively (adv) - 71A	drawback (n) - 77A drawn-out (adj) - 28B	F facilitate (v) - 74A	gasp (v) - 29A gastrointestinal (adj) - 64A
deficiency (of sth) (n) - 61A	drizzle (n) - 56B	facsimile (n) - 63A	generate (v) - 67A
deficient (adj) - 31A	droop (v) - 56A	factor (n) - 13A	genre (n) - 16A
deficit (in sth) (n) - 61A	droppings (pl n) - 74A	faculty (n) - 34B	genuine (adj) - 6A
deforestation (n) - 12A defrost (v) - 56A	drought (n) - 14B drum (v) - 31A	fall asleep (v phr) - 25B fall through (phr v) - 77A	get some shut-eye (idm) - 25B get the ax (idm) - 58A
degradation (n) - 34A	dump (v) - 50A	falsehood (n) - 6A	girth (n) - 22B
degrade (v) - 67B	dweller (n) - 32B	famine (n) - 14B	give rise (to) (idm) - 8A
dehydrate (v) - 54A	dwindling (adj) - 14B	fantasy (n) - 51A	give (sb) pause (idm) - 8B
deluge (n) - 14B delve (into) (v) - 75B	dynamic (n) - 54A	fasten (v) - 22A fatal (adj) - 17A	give (sb) the edge (idm) - 81B give the green light (to sb/sth) (idm) -
den (n) - 17B	E	fault (n) - 14B	36B
deodorant (n) - 5B	ear to ear (adv phr) 🗲 smile/grin	feat (n) - 82A	give up on (sb/sth) (phr v) - 49B
depict (v) - 74B	from ~ (idm) - 46B	fed up (pp/adj) → be ~ (with sb/sth)	give voice (to) (idm) - 8A
depletion (n) - 13A deploy (v) - 45A	ecology (n) - 60A ecosystem (n) - 14B	(idm) - 81B Federal Trade Commission (n phr) -	give way (to) (idm) - 8A glacial (adj) - 39A
deposit (n) - 23B	edge (n) - 83B	6A	glacier (n) - 6B
deposit (v) - 59A	efficiency (n) - 34B	feel the pinch (idm) - 47A	gland (n) - 13B
deprive (sb) (of sth) (v) - 58A	efficient (adj) - 31A	fern (n) - 59A	glare (v) - 36A
derail (v) - 17A derivative (n) - 20A	elaborate (adj) - 28B elaborate (v) - 50B	ferocious (adj) - 16B fertility (n) - 12A	glaze (n) - 43B gleam (v) - 35B
descent (n) - 21A	elegantly (adv) - 18B	fertilizer (n) - 38B	glint (v) - 35B
desertification (n) - 15A	eligible (for sth / to do sth) - 28B	fervently (adv) - 72B	glisten (v) - 36A
despoiled (adj) - 12B	eliminate (v) - 13A	fierce (adj) - 70A	glitter (v) - 36A
destined (pp) - 34B detain (v) - 8A	elite (adj) - 39B elucidate (v) - 36A	fiery (adj) - 25A finite (adj) - 34B	global positioning system (n phr) - 48A
detect (v) - 33A	elusive (adj) - 82A	first-time offender (n phr) - 52A	global warming (phr) - 15A
detest (v) - 8A	embellish (v) - 20B	fissure (n) - 39A	gloomy (adj) - 38A
detour (n) - 41B devastated (adj) - 47A	embrace (v) - 13A	fit (v) - 50A	glorious (adj) - 25A glow (v) - 35B
devastating (adj) - 47A devastating (adj) - 13A	emerge (v) - 17B emission (n) - 6B	fittingly (adv) - 23B flabby (adj) - 51A	gow (v) - 35B go out like a light (idm) - 36B
devise (v) - 11A	emit (v) - 29A	flare (v) - 35B	go to the wall (idm) - 23B
devote (v) \rightarrow ~ oneself to sth (v phr) -	encase (in) (v) - 45B	flash (v) - 35B	gobble up (phr v) - 44B
59B dew (n) - 56B	enclose (v) - 43A encounter (n) - 78A	flee - fled - fled (irreg v) - 29A fleet (n) - 48A	gorge (n) - 14A
dictate (v) - 40A	endure (v) - 22A	flexible (adj) - 73A	grain (n) - 45B grant (n) - 68A
dimensions (pl n) - 35A	enforce (v) - 17A	flicker (v) - 36A	gravity (n) - 54A
diminish (v) - 12A	enforcement (n) - 27B	fling - flung - flung (irreg v) - 75B	grease (n) - 80A
diminished (adj) - 48A diminutive (adj) - 53A	engulf (v) - 33A enhance (v) - 13B	flowery (adj) - 18B fluid (n) - 23A	greenhouse effect (n phr) - 15A grizzly bear (n) - 69A
dip (v) - 40A	enigmatic (adj) - 7B	flush out (phr v) - 68A	groan (n) - 10B
disadvantaged (adj) - 42B	enormity (n) - 23B	fog (n) - 56B	groan (v) - 28B
discard (v) - 44A	entrance (n) - 10A	follicle (n) - 13B	grove (n) - 12A
discernible (adj) - 42A discipline (n) - 11B	entrepreneur (n) - 62B entry (n) - 10A	follow suit (idm) - 47A follow through (on sth) (phr v) - 57A	grudgingly (adv) - 62B gruel (n) - 67B
discredit (v) - 38B	envisage (v) - 13A	follow up (on sb/sth) (phr v) - 49B	grunt work (n phr) - 81B
dislocated (adj) - 30B	equivalent (adj) -19B	foolproof (adj) - 43B	g (p,
dismantle (v) - 52A	eradicate (v) - 10B	forage (v) - 75B	H
dismissive (adj) - 53A	erosion (n) - 15A erratic (adi) - 70A	foreground (n) - 51B	habitat (n) - 14A
disorder (n) - 29A disoriented (adj) - 23A	erratic (adj) - 70A eruption (n) - 23B	foremost (adj) - 68A formally (adv) - 61B	hail (n) - 56B hallmark (n) - 59B
dispatch (v) - 51B	essence (n) - 34A	formerly (adv) - 61B	hammock (n) - 32B
dispel (v) - 52A	essential (adj) - 82A	formidable (adj) - 35A	hamper (v) - 11B
dispensable (adj) - 28B disperse (v) - 12B	evaporate (v) - 53B	formulate (v) - 30A	hand down (phr v) - 65A
displaced (adj) - 30B	evolution (n) - 39B exaggerate (v) - 41A	fossil fuel (n phr) - 38B fossilized (adj) - 59B	hand in (phr v) - 79B hand in hand (adv phr) - 46B
disposed (adj) → be favorably/ill-~ to	excavator (n) - 11A	fraction (n) - 42B	hand it to (sb) (idm) - 30B
sb/sth (v phr) - 30B	exclude (v) - 50B	fracture (n) - 33B	hand out (phr v) - 79B
disposition (n) - 20B	excursion (n) - 49B executive (n) - 30A	fragile (adj) - 16B fragment (n) - 11A	hand over (phr v) - 65A hand-picked (adj) - 29B
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hand-to-hand (adj phr) → ~ combat	in concert (prep phr) - 33B	L	matinée (n) - 51B
(n phr) - 46B	in sequence (prep phr) - 10A	laceration (n) - 60B	mating (ger) - 39A
handy (adj) - 69A	in the bag (idm) - 22B	laden (suffix) - 55A	maximize (v) - 40A
harbor (v) - 35A	incandescent (adj) - 54A	lame (adj) - 51A	measure out (phr v) - 41A
harvest (n) - 8B	incinerate (v) - 50A	land (v) - 81B	measure up (phr v) - 79A
harvest (v) - 12B	incineration (n) - 50A	landfill (n) - 15A	mediocre (adj) - 62A
hatch (v) - 59B	incinerator (n) - 50A	larva (n) - 59A	mediocrity (n) - 80B
have an edge (over sb) (idm) - 84B	incisor tooth (n phr) - 69B	latter (adj) → the ~ - 5A	memorabilia (pl n) - 30B
have (one's) hands full (idm) - 31B	inclination (n) - 21A	launch (v) - 58A	
(have sb) in the palm of your hand			memorial (n) - 30B
	incline (n) - 21A	lay (adj) - 64B	mentality (n) - 80B
(idm) - 65B	incoherent (adj) - 42A	lay it on the line (idm) - 84B	mere (adj) - 55B
have time on one's hands (idm) - 65A	incompatible (adj) - 30A	lay (sth) to rest (idm) - 25B	mesh (v) - 45B
hazardous (adj) - 43B	inconceivable (adj) - 6B	lead (n) - 43B	metabolism (n) - 17B
haze (n) - 56B	incongruous (adj) - 32A	leak (v) - 50A	methane (n) - 82B
head over heels (in love) (with sb)	inconspicuous (adj) - 32A	lease (n) - 27A	meticulously (adv) - 69B
(idm) - 8B	incorporate (v) - 32B	lend (sb) a hand (idm) - 30B	migrating (adj) - 58A
heart-to-heart (adj phr) → ~	incredulous (adj) - 32A	lenient (adj) - 80B	migration (n) - 13B
conversation/chat/talk (n phr) -	indefinite (adj) - 20A	lesion (n) - 44B	migratory (adj) - 58B
46B	indefinitely (adv) - 62B	let alone (idm) - 5A	mild (adj) - 63B
heartwarming (adj) - 60A	indicate (v) - 18B	let off steam (idm) - 55B	mimic (v) - 12B
heave (v) - 75B	indication (n) - 25B	let (sb) down (phr v) - 5A	mind-boggling (adj) - 23B
hectic (adj) - 70A	indigenous (adj) - 32A	let sleeping dogs lie (idm) - 25B	minimize (v) - 78A
heft (n) - 39B	indisputable (adj) - 6B	let the cat out of the bag (idm) - 47A	minority (n) \rightarrow be in the \sim (v phr) -
heighten (v) - 22A	induced (pp) - 18A	let up (phr v) - 5A	29B
helical (adj) - 82A	infant (n) - 49A	lethal (adj) - 27B	misconception (n) - 17A
		level off (phr v) - 83B	
hemorrhage (n) - 60B	inflammatory (adj) - 44B	1 9	misdemeanor (n) - 17A
hemorrhaging (n) - 18A	inflate (v) - 50B	liberating (adj) - 19A	misleading (adj) - 6A
herd (n) - 69A	inflict (sth on sb) (v) - 7A	lick (n) - 53A	misshapen (adj) - 42B
hereditary (adj) - 82A	influence (n) - 43B	lifeline (n) - 84A	missile (n) - 17A
hibernate (v) - 25B	influential (adj) - 13A	light of (sb's) life (idm) - 36B	mission (n) - 65A
hibernation (n) - 17B	information feed (n phr) - 25B	light years (pl n) → be ~ away (from	mist (n) - 56B
highlight (v) - 36B	infraction (n) - 42B	sth) (idm) - 36B	misty (adj) - 52B
highlighted (adj) - 36B	ingest (v) - 27B	like pulling teeth (idm) - 77A	mobilize (v) - 44B
hint (n) - 51A	inĥale (v) - 44A	limb (n) - 63B	modest (adj) - 73A
hold water (idm) - 38A	inhibited (adj) - 70B	limestone (n) - 45B	moist (adj) - 52B
hollow (adj) - 33B	initial (adj) - 49A	limit (n) - 83B	mold (n) - 63A
hone (v) - 25B	inject (v) - 7B	limit (n) → to the ~ (idm) - 61B	molecule (n) - 82A
honed (adj) → hone (v) - 75A	injection (n) - 7A	limp (adj) - 51A	molt (v) - 13B
host (n) - 59B	innovative (adj) - 6A	line (n) - 83B	molten (adj) - 23A
hostile (adj) - 35A	innumerable (adj) - 64B	line (n) → be on the ~ (idm) - 61B	monitor (v) - 5B
hover (v) - 23A	inquiry (n) - 57B	line (n) → lay it on the ~ (idm) - 61B	moonbeam (n) - 22B
humanities (pl n) - 75A	inquisitive (adj) - 8B	linger (v) - 25A	moraine (n) - 39A
humble (adj) - 10B	inscribe (v) - 43A		
		lingering (adj) - 6B	mortality (n) - 45A
humidity (n) - 14B	insect repellent (n phr) - 5B	liquefy (v) - 56A	mosquito (n) - 78B
humiliation (n) - 70B	insertion (n) - 7B	liquidate (v) - 56A	mount (v) - 68B
humility (n) - 70B	insight (n) - 54B	literacy (adj) - 19A	mouth-to-mouth (adj phr) -> ~
hunch (n) - 51A	insomniac (n) - 26B	literal (adj) - 19A	resuscitation (n phr) - 46B
hurricane (n) - 9B	installation (n) - 7B	literary (adj) - 19A	muggy (adj) - 42A
hybrid (n) - 31A	instill (v) - 75A	literate (adj) - 19A	multi-layered (adj) - 34A
	integrity (n) - 39B	litter (n) - 74A	mummified (adj) - 73A
I	intellectual (adj) - 34B	live hand to mouth (idm) - 31B	mundane (adj) - 61A
illuminate (v) - 35B	intense (adj) - 25A	live up to (sth) (idm) - 57B	municipal (adi) - 67B
illuminated (adj) - 58B	intensive logging (n phr) - 15A	lockstep (n) → in ~ (prep phr) - 73B	murky (adj) - 61A
illuminating (adj) - 36B	interior (n) - 18B	loop (n) - 63B	myriad (of sth) - 32B
illustrate (v) - 9B	interjection (n) - 7B	loss (n) \rightarrow be at a \sim (to do sth)	, (, .
illustrated (adj) - 36B	internship (n) - 81B	(v phr) - 53B	N
illustrative (adj) - 58B	interpret (v) - 49B	low-key (adj) - 9B	nasal (adj) - 77A
illustrious (adj) - 36B	interpret (v) - 9A	low-pitched (adj) - 9B	natural resources (n phr) - 14B
immense (adj) - 22B	intervene (v) - 74B	lucid (adj) - 36B	nausea (n) - 5A
immerse (v) → ~ oneself in sth	intervention (n) - 7B	lumber (v) - 80B	navigation system (n phr) - 25B
(v phr) - 59B	intimidate (v) - 13A	luminous (adj) - 36B	
immobilize (v) - 74A		lurch (v) - 80B	neck and neck (adv phr) - 46B
	intimidating (adj) - 80B		negligence (n) - 70A
immune cell (n phr) - 44B	intolerance (n) - 70A	lustrous (adj) - 36B	negligible (adj) - 9A
immune system (n phr) - 33A	invader (n) - 33A		negotiable (adj) - 9A
immunologically (adv) - 64A	invalid (adj) - 6B	M	network (n) - 81A
impact (n) - 38B	inventory (n) \rightarrow take an \sim (of sth)	magnify (v) - 50B	nod off (idm) - 25B
impairment (n) - 27B	(v phr) - 74B	mainland (n) - 64B	norm (n) - 58A
impeccable (adj) - 46A	irrepressible (adj) - 79B	maintain (that) (v) - 39B	notice (n) → at short ~ (idm) - 16A
impede (v) - 44B	irreverent (adj) - 20A	majority (n) - 64A	noxious (adj) - 55A
impending (adj) - 46A	irreverently (adv) - 71A	make do (idm) - 5A	nuclear overarmament (n phr) - 34A
imperceptibly (adv) - 70A	irritant (n) - 44B	make waves (idm) - 51B	numbness (n) - 63A
impermeable (adj) - 83A	irritation (n) - 77	malaria (n) - 78B	nursery (n) - 16B
impertinence (n) - 70B		malevolent (adj) - 19B	nut (n) - 17A
impertinent (adj) - 46A	J	malicious (adj) - 80B	nutrient (n/adj) - 45B
impervious (pred adj) - 46A	jargon (n) - 42A	mane (n) - 39B	nutritious (adj) - 59B
implant (v) - 74A	jeopardy (n) → be in ~ (v phr) - 53B	manipulate (v) - 45A	
implausible (adj) - 46A	jog (sb's) memory (idm) - 27A	manpower (n) - 17A	0
implement (v) - 57A	jotted (pp) → jot (v) - 11A	manufacture (n) - 8B	obesity (n) - 48B
implication (n) - 5B	jury (n) - 16A	manuscript (n) - 72B	obscure (adj) - 7B
imploring (adj) - 46A	justify (v) - 44A	margin (n) → in the ~ (prep phr) -	obstacle (n) - 20A
imposing (adj) - 46A	justly (adv) - 44A justly (adv) - 69B	61B	obstructive sleep apnea (n phr) - 29A
impressionable (adj) - 46A	justry (auv) - 050		
	V	marine (adj) - 55A	odds (pl n) \rightarrow at ~ (with sb/sth) (prep
impromptu (adj) - 46A	K	marsh (n) - 14A	phr) - 19B
imprudent (adj) - 46A	keep pace (with sb/sth) (idm) - 51B	marsh-dwelling (adj) - 13B	off limits (idm) - 85A
in a daze (idm) - 22A	kick (oneself) (for doing/not doing	mask (v) - 5B	offhand (adj) - 29B
in a fix (idm) - 22A	sth) (idm) - 67A	massive (adj) - 82B	offing (n) → in the ~ (prep phr) - 75A
in a flash (idm) - 22A	knit (v) - 33B	mate (n) - 39B	offset - offset - offset (irreg v) - 74A
in a heartbeat (idm) - 27A	know (sb) like the back of (one's)	material (n) - 43B	offspring (n) - 39B
	hand (idm) - 65B		

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oil spill (n phr) - 15B	pins and needles (n phr) → be on ~	quantify (v) - 57B	s
omen (n) - 51B ominous (adj) - 50A	(idm) - 23B pioneer (n/adj) - 11B	quantity (n) - 79A quarters (pl n) → at close ~ (prep	sacred (adj) - 73A
omit (v) - 50A	pit (n) - 79B	phr) - 78A	saliva (n) - 5A scabby (adj) - 44B
on all fours (prep phr) - 30B	pitch (v) - 76B	quicken (v) - 22A	scale (n) - 23B
on edge (prep phr) - 30A on firm ground (idm) - 30A	pitched (pp/adj) - 22B placebo (n) - 77A	R	scale up (phr v) - 45B scalp (n) - 63B
on impact (prep phr) - 10A	plain (n) - 14B	racket (n) - 10B	scamper (v) - 81A
on (one's) toes (idm) - 83A on/at the cutting edge (of sth) (prep	plantation (n) - 12B plague (n) - 67B	radiate (v) - 35B radioactive (adj) - 35A	scan (v) - 75B scarce (adj) - 17B
phr) - 84B	plateau (n) - 14B	randomly (adv) - 49A	scarring (n) - 44B
on the edge (of sth) (prep phr) → be	play havoc (with sb/sth) (idm) - 47A	range (n) - 69B	scatter (v) - 72B
~ (of sth) (idm) - 84B on the line (prep phr) → be ~ (idm) -	play into (sb's) hands (idm) - 65B plentiful (adj) - 47B	ransack (v) - 75B rate (v) - 82A	scavenger (n) - 69A scavenging (adj) - 49B
84B	pliability (n) - 32A	ravenously (adv) - 72B	scent (n) - 5B
on the rocks (prep phr) → - 30A oppressive (adj) - 42A	pliable (adj) - 33A plumage (n) - 13A	ravine (n) - 14A reaches (pl n) - 53B	scholar (n) - 11A scorch (v) - 28A
ornamental (adj) - 13A	plummet (v) - 17B	reactor (n) - 54A	scorching (adj) - 54A
oscillation (n) - 54B	plump (adj) - 61A	real estate (n phr) - 57A	score (n) - 16Å
ostentation (adj) - 18B out of line (prep phr) → be ~ (idm) -	plunder (v) - 48A poacher (n) - 16B	recital (n) - 27A reckless (adj) - 21A	scot-free (adv) → get off ~ - 5A scour (v) - 72B
84B	pod (n) - 12A	reckon (v) - 17B	scrambled (adj) - 11A
outbreak (n) - 10A outlet (n) - 20B	point (v) - 31A pollution (n) - 60A	reconstruct (v) - 11A recover (v) - 9A	scraped (adj) - 34A screen (v) - 16A
outlook (n) - 57A	pond (n) - 14A	recycling bin (n phr) - 15B	scroll (n) - 11A
output (n) - 8B	portray (v) - 6A	redeem (v) - 9A	scrupulous (adj) - 11B
outright (adj) - 7B over the edge (prep phr) - 84B	post (v) - 81B potential (adj) - 12B	reduce (v) - 59A reef (n) - 14A	seal (v) - 43A seal (up/off) (v) - 45B
overall (adv) - 40A	potentially (adv) - 19A	refine (v) - 54B	second-hand (adj) - 29B
overflowing (adj) - 79B	power grid (n phr) - 25B prairie (n/adj) - 73B	reflect (v) - 62A	secrete (v) - 13B
overlook (v) - 74B overpopulation (n) - 14B	precaution (n) - 57A	rehabilitation (n) - 12A rejuvenate (v) - 69A	securely (adv) - 73B sedate (v) - 22A
oversee - oversaw - overseen (irreg	preceding (adj) - 68B	relatively (adv) - 61A	sediment (n) - 39A
v) - 62B oversight (n) - 57B	precipitate out (of sth) (v phr) - 45B precipitation (n) - 56B	relieved (adj) - 47A relinquish (v) - 21A	see light at the end of the tunnel (idm) - 37A
oversimplification (n) - 6A	predator (n) - 24A	relive (v) - 69A	see the light (idm) - 37A
oversleep - overslept - overslept (irreg v) - 26A	predecessor (n) - 11B	reluctantly (adv) - 72B	seek - sought - sought (irreg v) - 75A
overthrow - overthrew - overthrown	prelude (to sth) (n) - 51B premises (pl n) - 48B	remedy (n) - 45A reminder (n) - 30B	seep (v) - 83B seizure (n) - 60B
(irreg v) - 10B	preserve (v) - 73A	reminiscence (n) - 30B	sensible (adj) - 28B
overwhelm (v) - 78A overwhelming (adj) - 6B	prevalent (adj) - 19B prey (n) - 16B	remnant (n) - 10B remote (adj) - 22B	sensor (n) - 74A sentimental (adj) - 18B
overwheiming (day)	primarily (adv) - 69A	renounce (v) - 30A	serrated edge (n phr) - 84A
P	primitive (adj) - 34A	repeal (v) - 10A	serviceable (adj) - 32B
pack (n) - 69A pain in the neck (idm) \rightarrow be a \sim	priority (n) - 16B pristine (adj) - 12B	repel (v) - 62A replenish (v) - 48A	set (sb/sth) apart (phr v) - 32B setback (n) - 40B
(idm) - 52A	probe (into sth) (v) - 60B	reptile (n) - 73A	settlement (n) - 72B
painstaking (adj) - 10B pale (adj) - 23B	probe (v) - 34B procedure (n) - 57A	research associate (n phr) - 82A reservoir (n) - 14A	settler (n) - 27A sever (v) - 63B
pant (v) - 41A	prodigious (adj) - 8B	reside (v) - 59A	shade (v) - 12A
papyrus (n) / papyri (pl n) - 10B	produce (n) - 6A product line (n phr) - 84A	residue (n) - 50A resin (n) - 59B	sharp as a tack (idm) - 27A
parched (adj) - 56B particle (n) - 25A	product line (ii pili) - 84A	resistance (n) - 77A	sharpen (v) - 9B shed - shed - shed (irreg v) - 51A
pass away (phr v) - 43A	proficient (adj) - 31A	resort (to sth/doing sth) (v phr) - 64B	shed light (on sth) (idm) - 74A
pass up (sth) (phr v) - 43A pasture (n) - 24B	profoundly (adv) - 19A profusion (of sth) (n) - 61A	resource (n) - 34B resources (pl n) - 77B	shift (n) - 38B shimmer (v) - 36A
pat (v) - 65B	proliferate (v) - 33B	respectively (adv) - 70A	shine - shone - shone (irreg v) - 35B
pat on the back (idm) → give sb a ~ / deserve a ~ (idm) - 52A	prolong (v) - 22A	respiratory (adj) - 44A respiratory irritation (n phr) - 44A	shiver (v) - 70B
patch (n) - 12A	promontory (n) - 14A promote (v) - 49A	respond (to sb/sth) (v) - 49A	shop (n) - 38A shoulder to shoulder (idm) - 46B
pattern (n) - 54B	pronounce (v) - 30A	restlessness (n) - 26B	show up (phr v) - 79A
pay off (phr v) -82A peak (adj) - 58B	property (n) - 71A prosecution (n) - 16B	restore (v) - 11B restricted (adj) - 18A	shred (v) - 51A shrink - shrank - shrunk (irreg v) -
peak (n) - 69B	prosecutor (n) - 16A	resulting (adj) - 68B	29B
peak (v) - 25A peck on the cheek (idm) → give sb a	prospect (n) - 57B prosperity (n) - 47B	résumé (n) - 81B resurgence (n) - 78B	shrivel (v) - 51A shrub (n) - 12B
~ (idm) - 52A	provoke (v) - 23B	reticent (adj) - 80B	shrug (v) - 51A
pedestrian (n) - 17A	proximity (n) - 48B	retreat (v) - 16B	sibling (n) - 40A
peek (v) - 17B peer (n) - 30A	prudence (n) - 70A public (n) → the ~ (n phr) - 78A	retrieve (v) - 11A revenue (n/adj) - 67A	sidetracked (adj) → get ~ (idm) - 67A sign (v) - 66B
pen name (n phr) - 18A	puff (n) - 53A	reverberating (adj) - 28B	significantly (adv) - 7A
peninsula (n) - 14A pension (n) - 58A	pull (one's) weight (idm) - 57A pull a fast one (on sb) (idm) - 5A	revitalize (v) - 69A revive (v) - 68B	signify (v) - 28B simultaneously (adv) - 34A
perception (n) - 74B	pull out all the stops (idm) - 27A	revoke (v) - 50B	sinew (n) - 32B
perilous (adj) - 27B	pulmonary (adj) - 64A	ridge (n) - 69B	sip (n) - 53A
perish (v) - 32B permafrost (n) - 82B	pulsate (v) - 54B punch (v) - 65B	rip (v) - 29B ripple (v) - 25A	sit on (one's) hands (idm) - 65B skeptic (n) - 6B
permit (n) - 10A	pungent (adj) - 73B	risk (n) → at ~ (of/for sth) (prep phr) -	skip (v) - 50B
permit (v) - 50A persevere (v) - 79A	pursue (sth) (v) - 59B put (sb) to sleep (idm) - 26A	19A river basin (n phr) - 24B	skyline (n) - 84A slaked (adj) - 56B
perspective (n) - 38B	put (one's) head down (idm) - 26A	roadblock (n) - 41B	slam (v) - 58B
pest (n) - 12A	put one's life in (sb's) hands (idm) -	roam (v) - 33A	slang (n) - 18B
pet (v) - 66B phosphoresce (v) - 35B	31A put to rest (idm) - 62B	robust (adj) - 12B rubber cement (n phr) - 44A	slap (v) - 66B slap on the wrist (n phr) → give sb a
physiological (adj) - 17B	put up with (sth/sb) - 81A	rule out (phr v) -28A	~ (idm) - 52A
pick up (phr v) - 5B pilot (v) - 57B	Q	rumble (v) - 28A rummage (v) - 75B	slaughter (n) - 24B sleek (adj) - 39B
pinch (v) - 66B	quandary (n) \rightarrow be in a \sim (v phr) -	run out of steam (idm) - 55B	sleep a wink (idm) → can't ~ (idm)
	29B		- 26A

Seen (phr) - 26 - 27	_			
specify 1-284 and the proof (pt n) - 284 and th				
specify 1-284 and the proof (pt n) - 284 and th		1		1
Seep in the Private 1967 326 366 367 368 369				
skep if no 1907 - 264 seep mit county 264 skep through (14) (ple w) - 264 skep through (14) (p				
seep on te (bm) - 284 seep over (bm - 287 seep on te (bm) - 288 se				
seep through 6th) (pir v) - 28A stemplet (reg v) - 28B stemplet (reg) -	sleep on it (idm) - 26A			
Seeplescomis (n) - 288 Stimulation (n) - 49A State (n) - 58B Stimulation (n) - 58B Store (n) - 58B Sto				
seed (n) - 568 a stock (n) - 478 stort (n) - 478 stort (n) - 478 stort (n) - 588 stort (n) - 5				
Singley (adi) - 20 Starting - 3 start (reg y) - 78 Staging - 3 start (reg y) - 6 stage and a sta				
skiphly (adi) - 128				
sime (n) -388 strong (n) -398 strong (n) -598 strong (n) -598 strong (n) -398				
sudgish (a)) -18A since - sircle - sircle (sircle y) -68 since (y) -31A since - sircle - sircle (sircle y) -68 since (y) -31A since (y) -31A sircle - sircle - sircle (sircle y) -68 since (y) -31A sircle - sircle - sircle (sircle y) -68 since (y) -31A sircle - sircle - sircle (sircle y) -68 since (y) -31A sircle - sircle - sircle - sircle (sircle y) -68 since (y) -31A sircle - sircle - sircle - sircle (sircle y) -68 since (y) -32A sircle - sircle - sircle - sircle (sircle y) -68 since (y) -32A sircle (y) -		strain (n) - 58B	tilting (adj) - 78A	
sum(n) : 32A sumcler party (p phyl - 26A substy (pig phyl - 26B stroke = stroke = stroke (irreg y) - 69B stroke party (p phyl - 26B stroke = stroke = stroke (irreg y) - 69B stroke party (p phyl - 26B substy (pig phyl - 26B stroke = stroke = stroke (irreg y) - 69B stroke party (p phyl - 26B substy (pig phyl - 27B substy (pig phyl - 26B substy (pig phyl -				I
stumber party (n phr) - 28A strop (n - 1.28 s				
smode (v) - 796 smolet (v) - 288 smolet				
smoler (v) - 798 stroke (v) - 148 service (v) -				
snap (n) - 31 A strongle (n) - 32 A strongle				
sinesez (i) → (inf. is) nothing to − at (inf.) → 3Na care (idm.) − 288 sturly (adj.) − 528 sturly (adj.)				
source (n) - 3 have a - (dm) - 26B stumble upon (pir v) - 73A stumble upon (pir v) - 53B stumble (v) - 73A stumble upon (pir v) - 63B stumble (v) - 73A stumble upon (pir v) - 63B stumble (v) - 73A stumble upon (pir v) - 63B stumble (v) - 73A stumble upon (pir v) - 63B stumble (v) - 73A stumble upon (pir v) - 63B stumble (v) - 73A stumble (a) - 73B stumble (v) - 73A stumble (a) - 73B stumble (v) - 73A stumble (a) - 73B stumble (v) - 73B stum				
smoore (n) → have a − (dmn) − 268 smort (n) − 288 smort (n) −				
smort (ii) - 298 soak (ii) - 234 subjective (iii) - 236 soak (iii) - 236 sober (ad) - 308 sobering (ad) - 17A sobolity (iii) - (iiii) - (iiiii) - (iiiiiii) - (iiiiiiii) - (iiiiiiii) - (iiiiiiii) - (iiiiiiiii) - (iiiiiiiii) - (iiiiiiiii) - (iiiiiiii) - (iiiiiiiii) - (iiiiiiiii) - (iiiiiiii) - (iiiiiiiii) - (iiiiiiiii) - (iiiiiiiii) - (iiiiiiii) - (iiiiiiiii) - (iiiiiiiii) - (iiiiiiii) - (iiiiiiii) - (iiiiiiii) - (iiiiiiii) - (iiiiiii) - (iiiiiii) - (iiiiiiii) - (iiiiiiii) - (iiiiiiii) - (iiiiiiii) - (iiiiiiii) - (iiiiiiii) - (iiiiiii) - (iiiiiii) - (iiiiiii) - (iiiiii) - (iiiiiii) - (iiiiiii) - (iiiiiii) - (iiiiiiii) - (iiiiiiii) - (iiiiiiii) - (iiiiiii) - (iiiiiiii) - (iiiiiii) - (iiiiiiii) - (iiiiiiii) - (iiiiiiii) - (iiiiiiii) - (iiiiiii) - (iiiiiiii) - (iiiiiii) - (iiiiiiii) - (iiiiiiii) - (iiiiiiii) - (iiiiiii) - (iiiiii) - (iiiiii) - (iiiiiii) - (iiiiii) - (iiiiiii) - (iiiiiiii) - (iiiiiii) - (iiiiii) - (iiiiiii) - (iiiiii) - (iiiiiii) - (iiiiiii) - (iiiiii) - (iiiiii) - (iiiiii) - (iiiiii) - (iiiiiii) - (iiiiiii) - (iiiiiii) - (iiiiiii) - (iiiiiiii) - (iiiiiii) - (iiiiiiii) - (iiiiiii) - (iiiiiii) - (iiiiiii) - (iiiiiii) - (iiiiii) - (iiiiiii) - (iiiiii) - (iiiiii) - (iiiiiii) - (iiiiii) - (iiiii) - (iiiii) - (iiiii) - (iiiiii) - (iiiiiii) - (iiiiiii) - (iiiiii) - (iiiiii) - (iiiiii) - (iiiii) - (iiiiii) - (iiiii) - (iiiii) - (iiiii) - (iiiii) - (iiiii) - (iiiii) - (iiii) - (i				
since (v) - 280 subjective (edgl) - 40A submit (v) - 580 subpering (edgl) - 180 submit (v) - 580 subsetive (edgl) - 180 subsetive (v) - 678 subse				
soak (r) - 32A substruct (r) - 50B substruct (r) - 50B substruct (r) - 50B substruct (r) - 30A substruct				
sob (v) -41A subordinate (n) -30A subsequently (arby) - 40A sufficient (adj) - 40A sustained (adj) - 40A sufficient (adj) - 40A sufficient (adj) -				
subsequently (ady) - 40A successive (ad) - 68B s	sob (v) - 41A	subordinate (n) - 30A		verdict (n) -16A
soft (aβ) → 6e - (or sb/sh) (idm) - 52A				1 32
substance (n) - 58 sufficial (n) - 608 transient (ad) - 528 transient (ad) - 58 transient (ad)				
sogy (4d): 79A solidify (y): 43B solitany (4d): 69B subtract (v): 59A sourina (4d): 78A sourina (4d): 78B sourina (4d): 78A sourina (4d): 78A sourina (4d): 78B sourina (4d): 78A sourina (4d): 78B sourina (4d):				
solar panel (n phr) - 6A solitary (43)- 63B successive (43)- 43A successive (43)- 4				
solidary (4d) -698 solvent (n) -44A successive (ad) -698 successive (ad				
solvent (n) - 44A successively (ady) - 40A surfice (from) - 29A surfice (from) - 29A surfice (from) - 29A surfice (from) - 59A surfice (from) - 59A	1 1 1			
sornambulist (n) - 268 sord (n) - 80A sord (adj) - 78A spran (n) - 64A spran(p) (adv) - 78A superficially (adv) - 61A sup	solitary (adj) - 69B	successive (adj) - 68B	transfusion (n) - 60B	vinyl (n) - 73B
sourd (ad) 7-8A span (n) - 64A span (n) - 64B span (n) - 64A span (n) - 64B span				
sound (adj) - 78A span (n) - 64A sparingly (adv) - 78A sparingly (adv) - 80 sparite (v) - 73A speak out (phr v) - 41A spear (n) - 64A surplicate (w) - 73B surgical swab (n) phr) - 57A specimen (n) - 68A specimen (n) - 68A sparite (v) - 73A specimen (n) - 68A specimen (n) - 68A spin - 89A sp				1
span (n) - 64A sparingly (adv) - 70B sparingly (adv) - 70B sparingly (adv) - 61A superior (n) - 30A superior (n) - 30A superior (n) - 30A superior (n) - 30A superior (n) - 84B surface (v) - 54B surface (v) - 72A speak out (phr v) - 41A specimer (n) - 64B susceptible (to sth) (adj) - 64A surface (v) - 72A speak (v) - 20B spike (n) - 83A swing (n) - 55A spin - 5pun - 5pun spun (irreg v) - 32A splash (n) → make a - (idm) - 67A splendor (n) - 72B spine (v) - 63B stagenering (adj) - 22B spine (v) - 33B take effect (v) (r) r) - 84 stablize (v) - 12B stablize (v) - 28B stand out a gains (r) - 52B stand out angles (r) - 93B stand out por (pir) (v) - 42B stand out por (pir) (v) - 42B stand out por (pir) (v) - 73B stand out por (5th/sb) (phr v) - 42B stand out por (5th/sb) (phr v) -				
sparlet (v) - 36A sparter (v) - 36A supplement (v) - 72A supplement (v) - 72B supplement (v)				
spartle (iv) - 36A spatter (iv) - 72A spase (iv) - 24A specimen (iv) - 68A speciul (iv) (iv) - 61B speciul (iv) (iv) - 41A speciul (iv) (iv) - 41A speciul (iv) - 68A speciul (iv) (iv) - 41A speciul (iv) - 68A speciul (iv) - 68A spin - spun (irreg v) - 32A spin - spun (iv) - 68A spin - spun (irreg v) - 32A spin - spun (iv) - 68A spin - spun (iv) - spun				
speak out (phr y - 41A spear (n) - 24A spear (n) - 24A spear (n) - 68A spead (limit (n phr) - 84A speal out (phr y) - 41A symp (n) - 12A surmise (y) - 73A				
specime (n) - 68A speculate (about shi) (y) - 60B specime (n) - 68A speculate (about shi) (y) - 60B specime (n) - 68A speculate (about shi) (y) - 60B specime (n) - 68A speculate (about shi) (y) - 60B spike (n) - 83A susceptible (to shi) (adi) - 64A spell out (phr v) - 41A spell out (phr v) - 42B spike (n) - 83B spike (n) -				
specialter (about sth) (γ) - 608 speed limit (n phr) - 84A spee) (ν) - 298 spike (n) - 83A spin - spun - spun (irreg γ) - 32A spike (n) - 83A spin - spun - spun (irreg γ) - 32A spilash (n) → make a − (idm) - 67A splend (or (phr) - 22B spice (γ) - 63B sprinkle (γ) - 73A sper (γ) - 73A sper (γ) - 73A sper (γ) - 29B spike (η) - 84A spin - spun - spun (irreg γ) - 32A spin - spun - spun (irreg γ) - 32A spin - spun - spun (irreg γ) - 32A spin - spun - (irreg γ) - 32A spin - spun (irreg γ) - 32A spin (irreg γ) - 33B spin (irreg γ) - 34B spin (irreg γ) - 34B stagger (γ) - 34B stagger (γ) - 34B stagger (γ) - 34B stager (γ) -				
speculate (about sth) (γ) - 608 speed limit (n phr) - 84A spell out (phr γ) - 41A spiabs (n) - 808 spin - spun - spun (irreg γ) - 32A splash (n) → make a - (idm) - 67A spin spin (n) - 22B spike (γ) - 63B spirinkle (γ) - 72A sprout up (phr γ) - 79A spout (phr γ) - 79A spout (phr γ) - 38 squael (n) - 10B stadplize (γ) - 12B stadplize (γ) - 12B stadplize (γ) - 12B stadplize (γ) - 12B stand clar (σ) - 24A stake (n) → 26B stand clar (σ) - 24B stand clar (σ) - 24B stand out against (sth) (phr γ) - 42B stand out principle (idm) - 20B stand out (γ) (rsth) (idm) - 20B stand out (γ) (rsth) (idm) - 52B stand out (γ) (rsth) (idm) - 52B stand out (γ) - 52B stand out (vulnerable (to) (adj) - 13B
speed limit (in phr) - 84A spee (iv) - 29B spell out (phr iv) - 41A spee (iv) - 29B spike (iv) - 38A spin - spun - spun (irreg iv) - 32A spin - spun - spun (irreg iv) - 32A spin - spun - spun (irreg iv) - 32A spin - spun - spun (irreg iv) - 32A spin - spun - spun (irreg iv) - 32A spin - spun - spun (irreg iv) - 32A spin - spun - spun (irreg iv) - 32A spin - spun - spun (irreg iv) - 32A spin - spun - spun (irreg iv) - 32A spin - spun - spun (irreg iv) - 32A spin - spun - spun (irreg iv) - 32A spin - spun - spun (irreg iv) - 32A spin - spun - spun (irreg iv) - 32A spin (iv) - 32B sprinkle (iv) - 72A spin (iv) - 33B sprinkle (iv) - 72A spin (iv) - 33B spin - spun - spun (irreg iv) - 32B spin (iv) - 33B spin - spun - spun (irreg iv) - 32A spin - spun - spun (irreg iv) - 32A spin - spun - spun (irreg iv) - 32A spin - spun - spun (irreg iv) - 32A spin - spun - spun (irreg iv) - 32A spin - spun - spun (irreg iv) - 32A spin - spun - spun (irreg iv) - 32A spin - spun - spun (irreg iv) - 32A spin - spun - spun (irreg iv) - 32A spin - spun - spun (irreg iv) - 32A spin - spun - spun (irreg iv) - 32A spin - spun - spun (irreg iv) - 32A spin - spun - spun (irreg iv) - 32A spin - spun - spun (irreg iv) - 32A spin - spun - spun (irreg iv) - 32A spin - spun - spun (irreg iv) - 32B spin spun - spun (irreg iv) - 32A spin - spun - spun (irreg iv) - 32A spin - spun - spun (irreg iv) - 32A spin - spun - spun (irreg iv) - 32A spin - spun - spun (irreg iv) - 32A spin - spun - spun (irreg iv) - 32A spin - spun - spun (irreg iv) - 32A spin - spun - spun (irreg iv) - 32A spin - spun - spun (irreg iv) - 32B spin spun - spun (irreg iv) - 32A spin - spun - spun (irreg iv) - 32A spin - spun - spun (irreg iv) - 32A spin spin spun - spun (irreg iv) - 32A spin spin spun - spun (irreg iv) - 32A spin spin spun - spun (irreg iv) - 32A spin spin spun - spun (irreg iv) - 32B spin spin spun - spun (irreg iv) - 32B spin spin spun - spun (irreg iv) - 32B spin spin spun spin spin spin spin spin spin spin spi				W
spell out (phr v) - 41A spew (v) - 29B spike (n) - 83A splash (n) → make a - (idm) - 67A spin - spun - spun (irreg v) - 32A splash (n) → make a - (idm) - 67A spin - spun - spun (irreg v) - 32A splash (n) → make a - (idm) - 67A spin - spun - spun (irreg v) - 32A splash (n) → make a - (idm) - 67A spin - spun - spun (irreg v) - 32A splash (n) → make a - (idm) - 67A spin - spun - spun (irreg v) - 32A splash (n) → make a - (idm) - 67A spin - spun - spun (irreg v) - 32A splash (n) → make a - (idm) - 67A spin - spin (idm) - 28B spin ke (n) - 28B spin k				1 ==
spew (v) - 29B spike (v) - 29A spike (v) - 29A spike (v) - 32A spin spun - spun (irreg v) - 32A spin spin spun - spun (irreg v) - 32A spin spin spun - spun (irreg v) - 32A swifing (ad) - 37B trumpeting (geg) - 10B tution (n) - 10A tumor (n) - 33B tumor (n) - 34B tumor (n)		swamp (n) - 14A		
spike (n) - 83A spian spun (greg y) - 32A splash (n) → make a - (idm) - 67A splendor (n) - 22B splice (y) - 63B sprinkle (y) - 72A sprout up (phr y) - 79A spur (y) - 33B take and (y phr) - 26B take effect (y phr) - 8A take hold (y phr) - 8A take (h) (y phr) - 8A take (h) (y) - 12B stainder-glass (n/ad)) - 44A stake (n) → be at − (y phr) - 24B stand or principle (idm) - 20B stand up for (sth/sb) (phr y) - 42B stand or principle (idm) - 20B stand up for (sth/sb) (phr y) - 42B standid (in) - 52B standid (in) -	spew (v) - 29B	sweltering (adj) - 23A		wash one's hands (of sb/sth) (idm)
splandor (n) - 22B splice (v) - 63B sprinkle (v) - 72A sprout up (phr v) - 79A sprout up (phr v) - 79A squeal (n) - 10B stadpilize (v) - 12B stagager (v) - 69B staggering (adj) - 24B stagnart (adj) - 42A stain (v) - 29B stalle (v) - 63B stalle (v) - 69B stalle (v) - 69B stadpering (adj) - 24B stained-glass (n/adj) - 44A stake (n) - 2 be at ~ (v phr) - 24B stand or principle (idm) - 20B stand or principle (idm) - 20B stand or principle (idm) - 20B stand or principle (idm) - 22B stand or principle (idm) - 28B stand up for (sth/sb) (phr v) - 42B stand or principle (idm) - 28B stand up for (sth/sb) (phr v) - 42B stand or principle (idm) - 28B stand up for (sth/sb) (phr v) - 42B stand or principle (idm) - 20B stand or principle (idm) - 20B stand or principle (idm) - 28B stand or principle (idm) - 28B stand up for (sth/sb) (phr v) - 42B stand or principle (idm) - 28B stand up for (sth/sb) (phr v) - 42B stand or principle (idm) - 28B stand up for (sth/sb) (phr v) - 42B stand or principle (idm) - 28B stand up for (sth/sb) (phr v) - 42B stand or principle (idm) - 28B stand up for (sth/sb) (phr v) - 42B stand or principle (idm) - 28B stand up for (sth/sb) (phr v) - 42B standard in (n) - 52B standstill (n) - 52B		swing (n) - 55A		
splece (v) - 23B spirce (v) - 63B spirce (v) - 63B spirce (v) - 72A spur (v) - 33B spirce (v) - 72A spur (v) - 33B squeal (n) - 10B stabilize (v) - 12B stabilize (v) - 12B stagger (v) - 69B stagger (v) - 69B stagger (v) - 69B stake effect (v phr) - 8A take in (sth) (phr v) - 42A take matters into one's hands (idm) - 55A stade (out (pp) → be - (v phr) - 53B take (sb) aback (idm) - 21B take (sb) aback (idm) - 21B take (sb) down a peg or two (idm) - 53A take (sb) (phr v) - 42B stand or (pr (sth/sb) (phr v) - 42B stand or (pr (sth/sb) (phr v) - 42B stand or up for (sth/sb) (phr v) - 42B stand or up for (sth/sb) (phr v) - 42B stand or up for (sth/sb) (phr v) - 42B stand or up for (sth/sb) (phr v) - 42B stand or up for (sth/sb) (phr v) - 42B stand or up for (sth/sb) (phr v) - 42B stand or up for (sth/sb) (phr v) - 42B stand or up for (sth/sb) (phr v) - 42B stand or up for (sth/sb) (phr v) - 42B stand or up for (sth/sb) (phr v) - 42B stand or up for (sth/sb) (phr v) - 42B stand or up for (sth/sb) (phr v) - 42B stand or (pr) - 53B take (sth) mins (idm) - 53A take (sth) mins (idm) - 53A take (sth) mins (idm) - 20B stand or up for (sth/sb) (phr v) - 42B stand or (n) - 52B standsril (n) - 52A take up (pr) - 24A take up (pr) - 24B take (pr) - 24B ta	spin - spun - spun (irreg v) - 32A		trumpet (v) - 28A	
spilce (v) − 63B sprinkle (v) − 72A sprukle (v) − 73B sprukle (v) − 74A sake (v) − 84 s		Symptom (n) - 20A		
sprinkle (v) - 72A sprout up (phr v) - 79A spur (v) - 33B squeal (n) - 10B stabilize (v) - 12B stagger (v) - 69B staggering (adj) - 24B staggering (adj) - 24B staggering (adj) - 24B staggering (adj) - 24B staging (- 29B stain (v) - 29B stain (v) - 29B stand cd (and (v) - 24B stade (v) - 10B stand out against (sth) (phr v) - 42B stand out against (sth) (phr v) - 42B stand out against (sth) (phr v) - 42B stand out qin (v) - 52B stand out po (sth/sb) (phr v) - 42B stand out po (sth/sb) (phr v) - 42B stand out (po (v) - 79A stand (v) - 78A stade (v) - 78A stade (v) - 78A stake (sb) and solve (sb) and (v) - 53A take (sb) and (v) - 53B take (sb) and solve (sb) and (v) - 53A take (sb) an		т		
spure (n) - 33B				
squeal (n) - 10B stabilize (v) - 12B stagger (v) - 69B staggering (adj) - 24B stagger (v) - 69B staggering (adj) - 24B stained-glass (n/3 adj) - 42A stain (v) - 29B standagss (n/3 adj) - 44A stake (n) → be at - (v phr) - 53B stall (v) - 44B stall (v) - 44B stall (v) - 44B stand in for (sth/5b) (phr v) - 42B stand or principle (idm) - 20B stand ut against (sth) (phr v) - 42B stand ut against (sth) (phr v) - 42B stand up (phr v) - 79A stand up (ro (sth/5b) (phr v) - 42B stand up (n) - 53A take (sth) sin sidm) - 55B stand up to (sth/5b) (phr v) - 42B stand up (n) - 52B stand (p) - 52B stand (p) - 52B stand (p) - 52B standard (n) - 52B s				
stagger (v) - 69B staggering (adj) - 24B stagnant (adj) - 42A stain (v) - 29B stained-glass (n/adj) - 44A stake (v) + 7 - 24B staked out (pp) → be a ' (v phr) - 53B stall (v) - 44B staded out (pp) → be ~ (v phr) - 53B stall (v) - 44B stand on principle (idm) - 20B stand up tor (sth/sb) (phr v) - 42B stand up tor (sth/sb) (phr v) - 42B stand up to (sth/sb) (phr v) - 42B stand up to (sth/sb) (phr v) - 42B stand in (n) - 52B stand up to (sth/sb) (phr v) - 42B stand-up (n) - 52B stand in (n)				
stagger (n) - 69B staggering (adj) - 24B staggering (adj) - 24B stagnant (adj) - 42A stain (n) - 29B stain (n) - 42B stake (n) + be at ~ (v phr) - 24B stake (n) + be at ~ (v phr) - 53B stall (n) - 44B stake (n) + be at ~ (v phr) - 53B stall (n) - 44B stake (n) + be at ~ (v phr) - 53B stall (n) - 44B stake (n) + be at ~ (v phr) - 53B stall (n) - 44B stake (n) + be at ~ (v phr) - 53B stall (n) - 44B stake (n) + be at ~ (v phr) - 53B stall (n) - 44B stake (n) + be at ~ (v phr) - 53B stall (n) - 44B stake (n) + be at ~ (v phr) - 53B stall (n) - 44B stake (sb) aback (idm) - 21B take (sb) aboack (idm) - 53A take (sb) down a peg or two (idm) - 53A take (sb) (phr v) - 42B stand our against (sth) (phr v) - 42B stand our against (sth) (phr v) - 42B stand up (phr v) - 79A stand up (phr v) - 79B stand up (phr v) - 79B stand up (phr v) - 52B standorin (n) - 52B standorin (n				
staggering (adj) - 24B stagnant (adj) - 42B stagnant (adj) - 42A stake on (sth) (phr v) - 42A stake (n) → be at - (v phr) - 24B stake (sb) aback (idm) - 21B stake (sb) at (sb's) word (idm) - 53A stall (v) - 44B stad out (pp) → be - (v phr) - 53B stall (v) - 44B stade out (pp) → be - (v phr) - 53B stall (v) - 44B stade out (pp) → be - (v phr) - 53B stall (v) - 44B stand clear (of sth) (idm) - 20B stand clear (of sth) (phr v) - 42B stand on principle (idm) - 20B stand on principle (idm) - 20B stand up (phr v) - 79A stand up (pr (sth)-sb) (phr v) - 42B stand up (of (sth)-sb) (phr v) - 42B stand up (of (sth)-sb) (phr v) - 42B stand up (of (sth)-sb) (phr v) - 42B stand up to (sth/sb) (phr v) - 42B stand up to (sth/sb) (phr v) - 42B stand-in (n) - 52B stand-in (n) - 52B standoff (n) - 52B standstil (n) → be at/come to a (total) ~ (idm) - 38A starvation (n) - 14B statement (n) - 32A statute (n) - 58A stay afloat (idm) - 51B steam (v) - 55B take notice (of) (v phr) - 42A take on (sth) (phr v) - 42B take on (sth) (phr v) - 55B take (ost) (phr v) - 55B take root (v phr) - 8A take (sb) aback (idm) - 21B take (sb) aback (idm) - 53A take (sb) own a peg or two (idm) - 53A take (sb) for granted (idm) - 53A take (sb) pon (sth) (idm) - 53A ta				
stajnant (adj) - 42A stain (v) - 29B stained-glass (n/adj) - 44A stake (n) → be at ~ (v phr) - 53B stain (v) - 42B stain (v) - 42B stake out (pp) → be ~ (v phr) - 53B stalk (v) - 44B stake (ont (pp) → be ~ (v phr) - 53B stalk (sb) aback (idm) - 53A stall (v) - 42B stand clear (of sth) (idm) - 20B stand on principle (idm) - 20B stand on principle (idm) - 20B stand on principle (idm) - 20B stand up to (sth/sb) (phr v) - 42B stand up for (sth/sb) (phr v) - 42B stand-in (n) - 52B stand off (n) - 52B standoff (n) - 52B standdfi (n) - 52B standdpoint (n) - 52B standdpoint (n) - 52B standdpoint (n) - 52B standstar (n) - 32A statute (n) - 38A stavation (n) - 14B statement (n) - 32A statute (n) - 58A stay afloat (idm) - 51B steam (v) - 55B take out (phr v) - 55B take (idm) - 21B take (sb) in back (idm) - 21B unchecked (adj) -				
stain (y) - 29Ē stained-glass (n/adj) - 44A stake (n) → be at ~ (y phr) - 24B staked out (pp) → be ~ (v phr) - 53B stall (y) - 44B staked out (pp) → be ~ (v phr) - 53B stall (y) - 44B staked out (pp) → be ~ (v phr) - 53B stall (y) - 44B staked out (pp) → be ~ (v phr) - 53B stall (y) - 44B stand in for (sth/sb) (phr v) - 42B stand on principle (idm) - 20B stand out against (sth) (phr v) - 42B stand out against (sth) (phr v) - 42B stand up (phr v) - 79A stand up (phr v) - 79A stand up for (sth/sb) (phr v) - 42B stand up for (sth/sb) (phr v) - 42B stand up (phr v) - 52B standoff (n) - 38A starvation (n) - 14B statement (n) - 32A statute (n) - 58A stay afloat (idm) - 51B steam (v) - 55B take (ost) aback (idm) - 21B take (sb) aback (idm) - 53A take (sb) ack (idm) - 53A take (sb) por (sth/siom) - 54 take (sth) amis (idm) - 55A take (sb) por (sth/siom) - 54B underlanded (adj) - 21B undergo - underwent - undergone (irreg y) - 55B underhanded (adj) - 9A underlanded (adj) - 41A unfaltering (adj) - 41A unf				
stake (n) → be at - (v phr) - 24B staked out (pp) → be - (v phr) - 53B stall (v) - 44B stand clear (of sth) (idm) - 20B stand in for (sth/sb) (phr v) - 42B stand out against (sth) (phr v) - 42B stand out against (sth) (phr v) - 42B stand up for (sth/sb) (phr v) - 42B stand-dr (n) - 52B stand-dr (n) - 52B standoff (n) - 52B standoff (n) - 52B standoff (n) - 52B standstill (n) → be at/come to a (total) ~ (idm) - 38A starvation (n) - 14B statement (n) - 32A statute (n) - 58A stay afloat (idm) - 51B steam (v) - 55B stand vi (p) - 35B stade (sb) aback (idm) - 21B take (sb) word (idm) - 53A take (sb) ap or two (idm) - 53A take (sb) up on (sth) (idm) - 23B take (sb) up on (sth) (idm) - 53A take (sb) up on (sth) (idm) - 23B take (sb) up on (sth) (idm) - 53A take (sb) up on (sth) (idm) - 23B take (sb) up on (sth) (idm) - 53A take (sb) up on (sth) (idm) - 23B take (sb) up on (sth) (idm) - 53A take (sb) up on (sth) (idm) - 23B take (sb) up on (sth) (idm) - 23B take (sb) up on (sth) (idm) - 23B take (sth/sb) apart - 21B unconditional (adj) - 21B undeniable (adj) - 21B underiable (adj) - 21B underiable (adj) - 23B underiable (adj) - 23B underiable (adj) - 23B underiable (adj) - 34A underiable (adj) - 23B underiable (adj) - 34A underiable (adj) - 23B underiable (adj) - 34A underiable (adj) - 23B underiable (adj) - 34B underiable (adj) - 34		take out (phr v) - 55B		
staked out (pp) → be ~ (v phr) - 53B stall (v) - 44B stand claer (of sth) (idm) - 20B stand in for (sth/sb) (phr v) - 42B stand on principle (idm) - 20B stand out against (sth) (phr v) - 42B stand out rial (for sth) (idm) - 20B stand up (phr v) - 79A stand up (phr v) - 79A stand up (phr v) - 42B stand up for (sth/sb) (phr v) - 42B stand up for (sth/sb) (phr v) - 42B stand up (phr v) - 42B stand up (phr v) - 52B standorf (n) - 52B standorf (n) - 52B standopint (n) - 52B standopint (n) - 52B standstill (n) → be at/come to a (total) ~ (idm) - 38A stay afloat (idm) - 51B steam (v) - 55B stake (sb) at (sb/s) word (idm) - 53A take (sb) down a peg or two (idm) - 53A take (sb) down a peg or two (idm) - 53A take (sb) up on (sth) (idm) - 53B underway (idm) - 23B underway (idm) - 24B underwant - undergone (irreg v) - 55B underwant - undergone (irreg v) - 56B underwant - undergone (irreg v) - 54B underwant - undergone (irreg v) - 54B underwant - underw				
take (sb) down a peg or two (idm) - 53A stand clear (of sth) (idm) - 20B stand in for (sth/sb) (phr v) - 42B stand on principle (idm) - 20B stand on principle (idm) - 20B stand on tagainst (sth) (phr v) - 42B stand up (phr v) - 79A stand up (phr v) - 79A stand up (or (sth/sb) (phr v) - 42B stand up for (sth/sb) (phr v) - 42B stand-in (n) - 52B take (sb) up on (sth) (idm) - 55A take (sb) up on (sth) (idm) - 53A take (sb) up on (sth) (idm) - 55B with (sth) in hand (idm) - 65B with (sth) in hand (idm) - 65B with (sth) in hand (idm) - 65B with (sth) (sh) with (sth) in hand (idm) - 65B with (sth) (phr v) - 42A underlande (adj) - 9A underlande (adj) - 9A underlande (adj) - 9A underlande (adj) - 2B underlande (adj) - 24A unfaltering (adj) - 41A unfaltering (adj) - 52A unfaltering (adj) - 52A unfaltering (adj) - 52A unfaltering (adj) - 71A unimpressive (adj) - 71A u				
stand clear (of sth) (idm) - 20B stand in for (sth/sb) (phr v) - 42B stand on principle (idm) - 20B stand out against (sth) (phr v) - 42B stand up (phr v) - 79A stand up for (sth/sb) (phr v) - 42B stand in (n) - 52B stand out against (sth) (phr v) - 42B stand up for (sth/sb) (phr v) - 42B stand up for (sth/sb) (phr v) - 42B stand in (n) - 52B stand up for (sth/sb) (phr v) - 42B stand-in (n) - 52B stand-din (n) - 52B standpoint (n) - 52B standpoint (n) - 52B standstill (n) → be at/come to a (total) ~ (idm) - 38A starvation (n) - 14B starvation (n) - 14B starvation (n) - 58A statute (n) - 58A statute (n) - 58A statude (n) - 55B stand (idm) - 54B stand (idm) - 54B stand up for (sth/sb) (phr v) - 42B stake (sth) in hand (idm) - 65A stake (sth) in hand (idm) - 65A stake (sth) in hand (idm) - 65A stake (sth) in hand (idm) - 65B underway (idm) - 23B underway (idm) - 21B				
stand in for (sth/sb) (phr v) - 42B stand on principle (idm) - 20B take (sb) up on (sth) (idm) - 53A take (sb) up on (sth) (idm) - 53A take (sth) amiss (idm) - 21B take (sth) amiss (idm) - 21B take (sth) amiss (idm) - 21B take (sth) in hand (idm) - 65A take (sth) in hand (idm) - 65A take the edge off (idm) - 84B take to (phr v) - 42B stand up to (sth/sb) (phr v) - 42B stand-in (n) - 52B standoff (n) - 52B standoff (n) - 52B standoff (n) - 52B standoff (n) - 52B standstill (n) → be at/come to a (total) ~ (idm) - 38A starvation (n) - 14B starvation (n) - 14B statement (n) - 38A statement (n) - 38A statement (n) - 38A statement (n) - 58A statement (n) - 58B steam (v) - 55B take (n) - 51B steam (v) - 55B take (n) - 51B steam (v) - 55B take (sh) in hand (idm) - 53A take (sth) amiss (idm) - 21B underway (idm) - 23B underway (idm) - 24A underw				
stand on principle (idm) - 20B stand out against (sth) (phr v) - 42B stand trial (for sth) (idm) - 20B stand up (phr v) - 79A stand up (phr v) - 79A stand up for (sth/sb) (phr v) - 42B stand up (sth/sb) (phr v) - 42B stand up (sth/sb) (phr v) - 42B stand up for (sth/sb) (phr v) - 42B stand up (imp) - 20B stand up (imp) - 32B stand (idm) - 65A stake (sth) amisc (idm) - 65A stand (idm) - 65A stand (idm) - 65A stake the stand (idm) - 65A stand (idm) - 65A stand (idm) - 65B stand (idm) - 65A stake the stand (idm) - 84B stand (idm) - 65A stake the stand (idm) - 84B stand (idm) - 65A stake the stand (idm) - 84B stand (idm) - 65A stake (sth) amisc (idm) - 65A sundermary (idl) - 22B sundermore				wispy (adj) - 63A
stand trial (for sth) (idm) - 20B stand up (phr v) - 79A stand up (phr v) - 79A stand up for (sth/sb) (phr v) - 42B stand up to (sth/sb) (phr v) - 42B stand-in (n) - 52B standard (n) - 52B standoff (n)				with (sth) in hand (idm) - 65B
stand up (phr v) - 79A stand up (sth/sb) (phr v) - 42B stand up to (sth/sb) (phr v) - 42B stand up (in) - 52B standdrin (n) - 54B standdrin (n) - 54B standdrin (n) - 42A sunfaltering (a				
stand up for (sth/sb) (phr v) - 42B stand up to (sth/sb) (phr v) - 42B stand up to (sth/sb) (phr v) - 42B stand up to (sth/sb) (phr v) - 42B stand-in (n) - 52B take to (phr v) - 42A take up (sth) (phr v) - 42A unfaltering (adj) - 41A unfaltering (adj) - 52A unforeseen (adj) - 71A uninhabitable (adj) - 71A uninhabitable (adj) - 71A universal (adj) - 71A universal (adj) - 57B unleash (v) - 39B unpalatable (adj) - 71A you have to hand it to sb (idm) - 65B stand vi to sb (idm) - 54B				
stand up to (sth/sb) (phr v) - 42B stand-in (n) - 52B take to (phr v) - 42A take up (sth) (phr v) - 42A unfaltering (adj) - 41A unfaltering (adj) - 41A unfounded (adj) - 41A u				
stand-in (n) - 52B standard (n) - 52B take to (phr v) - 42A take up (sth) (phr v) - 42A unfaltering (adj) - 41A unfaltering (adj) - 41A worried sick (idm) \rightarrow be \rightarrow (about sb/standardin (n) - 52B standardin (n) - 52B tandardin (n) - 38A tarvation (n) - 14B temperament (n) - 80B tarvation (n) - 14B tempo (n) - 24A tendency (n) - 71A tarvation (n) - 58A tarvation (n) - 58A tarvation (n) - 58A tarvation (n) - 58B tarvation (n) - 51B territory (n) - 13B territory (n) - 13B thanks to (idm) - 54B take to (phr v) - 42A unfaltering (adj) - 41A unfaltering (adj) - 41A unfaltering (adj) - 41A unfaltering (adj) - 41A unfaltering (adj) - 52A unfaltering (adj) - 57B unleash (v) - 39B unpalatable (adj) - 71A you have to hand it to sb (idm) - 65B				
standard (n) - 52B standorf (n) - 52A standorf (adj) - 52A standorf (adj) - 52A standorf (adj) - 52B standorf (adj) - 52A standorf (adj) - 52B standorf (adj) - 71A s				
standpoint (n) - 52B	standard (n) - 52B	take up (sth) (phr v) - 42A	unfaltering (adj) - 41A	wolverine (n) - 69A
standstill (n) → be at/come to a (total) ~ (idm) - 38A tellingly (adv) - 74A unimpressive (adj) - 71A wrestle (with sth/sb) (v) - 41B wring one's hands (v phr) - 65A unimhabitable (adj) - 71A universal (adj) - 71A universal (adj) - 71A you have to hand it to sb (idm) - 65B steam (v) - 55B thanks to (idm) - 54B unpalatable (adj) - 71A				
(total) ~ (idm) - 38A tellingly (adv) - 74A unimpressive (adj) - 71A wrestle (with sth/sb) (v) - 41B starvation (n) - 14B temperament (n) - 80B uninhabitable (adj) - 71A wring one's hands (v phr) - 65A statute (n) - 58A tempo (n) - 24A uninhibited (adj) - 71A vininhibited (adj) - 57B statute (n) - 58A tendency (n) - 71A universal (adj) - 57B Y statuf (idm) - 51B territory (n) - 13B unleash (v) - 39B you have to hand it to sb (idm) - 65B steam (v) - 55B thanks to (idm) - 54B unpalatable (adj) - 71A				
starvation (n) - 14B temperament (n) - 80B uninhabitable (adj) - 71A wring one's hands (v phr) - 65A statement (n) - 32A tempo (n) - 24A uninhibited (adj) - 71A vininhibited (adj) - 71A statute (n) - 58A tendency (n) - 71A universal (adj) - 57B Y stay afloat (idm) - 51B territory (n) - 13B unleash (v) - 39B you have to hand it to sb (idm) - 65B steam (v) - 55B thanks to (idm) - 54B unpalatable (adj) - 71A				
statement (n) - 32A tempo (n) - 24A uninhibited (adj) - 71A statute (n) - 58A tendency (n) - 71A universal (adj) - 57B Y stay afloat (idm) - 51B territory (n) - 13B unleash (v) - 39B you have to hand it to sb (idm) - 65B steam (v) - 55B thanks to (idm) - 54B unpalatable (adj) - 71A				
statute (n) - 58A tendency (n) - 71A universal (adj) - 57B Y stay afloat (idm) - 51B territory (n) - 13B unleash (v) - 39B you have to hand it to sb (idm) - 65B steam (v) - 55B thanks to (idm) - 54B unpalatable (adj) - 71A				g ches hands (v phil) - 05/4
stay afloat (idm) - 51B territory (n) - 13B unleash (v) - 39B you have to hand it to sb (idm) - 65B steam (v) - 55B thanks to (idm) - 54B unpalatable (adj) - 71A				Υ
		territory (n) - 13B		you have to hand it to sb (idm) - 65B
steep (auj) - 21A tnaw (V) - 56A unprecedented (adj) - 24B				
	sieep (duj) - ZTA	uidW (V) - 30A	unprecedented (adj) - 248	I



