

attend. These programs offer snacks, physical activities, help with homework, and STEM (science, technology, engineering, and math) activities. Studies show that children who attend good

after-school programs have better school attendance, better behavior, and better grades.

## UNIT 13

### Track 65, Page 193

**Officer:** Wow! The robber really made a mess...

**Jonathan:** Uh, Officer... My apartment always looks like this.

**Officer:** Oh, excuse me. Now, where were we? What time did you leave this morning?

**Jonathan:** I left at 8:30.

**Officer:** Did you lock the door?

**Jonathan:** Yes, I'm sure I locked the door when I left. I was in a hurry, but I know that I locked the door.

**Officer:** Did you lock the windows, too? The windows are open now.

**Jonathan:** Of course, I did. Well, maybe I didn't. I don't remember. I was late for work and it was very hot when I went to bed last night. I opened the windows before I went to bed, but I overslept. Maybe I forgot.

**Officer:** OK, sir. What time did you come home?

**Jonathan:** I came home at 6:00 pm.

**Officer:** When did you notice that something was wrong?

**Jonathan:** Well, as soon as I walk in the door, I usually put my keys on the table by the door. Well, the table was gone and the keys fell on the floor.

**Officer:** What else?

**Jonathan:** I walked into the living room and there was a big empty space where the TV used to be. My TV was gone. It was a new flat-screen TV. My friends were coming over this weekend to watch the soccer game. And my video game system and all my video games are gone.

**Officer:** Now, we'll have to dust for fingerprints. Did you touch anything else besides the door when you came in?

**Jonathan:** I opened the refrigerator and my leftover Chinese food was gone, too!

**Officer:** Are you sure that you didn't eat it?

**Jonathan:** I'm positive. I was saving that food for dinner tonight.

**Officer:** I'll call the detectives and they will check for fingerprints. Then you'll have to fill out a report.

**Jonathan:** Thank you, Officer.

### Track 66, Page 194

1. Before I left my house, I locked the door.
2. When we went on vacation, we stopped the mail.
3. She turned on the alarm before she left her apartment.
4. They closed all the windows before they left.
5. I called the police as soon as I saw the broken door.

6. I dialed 911 when I heard a noise downstairs.

7. After someone robbed their house, they bought a dog.

### Track 67, Page 194

**A:** You don't look very happy. What's the matter?

**B:** When I was at work, someone broke into my house.

**A:** Really? How did they get in?

**B:** I forgot to lock the windows before I went to work.

**A:** Oh. What did they take?

**B:** They took my computer, the TV, and my camera.

**A:** Did you call the police?

**B:** I called the police as soon as I walked in the door.

### Track 68, Page 200

1. This is Spike, and he's a burglar. Last night, he tried to rob a jewelry store, but the police caught and arrested him. Spike likes to break into homes, jewelry stores, and cars, but he is not good at his profession.
2. Late last night, Spike and his girlfriend, Tina, drove downtown. While Tina was driving, Spike put on a mask, a black hat, and a pair of gloves.
3. When they arrived at a jewelry store, Tina parked on the side of the store where it was dark. Spike got out of the car.
4. Spike broke a window with a towel and his fist. He didn't make a lot of noise.
5. As soon as he broke the window, he climbed into the store.
6. After he got into the store, he looked around at the jewelry. He decided to take some expensive watches, necklaces, and rings. He put the jewelry into his bag.
7. While he was robbing the store, Tina was waiting in the car. She was watching for the police.
8. Spike was getting ready to leave when he saw some leftover pizza on a table. "I'm a little hungry," he thought. When Spike picked up the pizza, he dropped his bag of jewelry.
9. As soon as the bag fell on the floor, an alarm rang.
10. When Spike heard the alarm, he grabbed the bag and got out of the store. When Tina heard the alarm, she started the car and tried to drive away.
11. When Spike got out of the store, he saw a police car coming down the street and he began to run.
12. As soon as the police saw Spike, one officer got out of the car and chased him. The other officer stayed in the car.
13. The other officer blocked Tina's car before she could drive away.

14. While Spike was running, he took off his mask and hat, but he forgot to take off his gloves.
15. Spike stood on a corner with a group of other men, but as soon as the police officer saw his gloves and the necklace in his pocket, he arrested Spike.
16. The police officers then arrested Tina. They handcuffed both of them and put them in the back of the police car.

### Track 69, Page 202

#### Serving on a Jury

One of the responsibilities of a US citizen is to serve on a jury. A jury is a group of ten to twelve citizens who decide if an accused criminal is guilty or not guilty of a crime. The jury members listen to evidence and make a decision. Someone accused of a crime has the right to a jury trial. This right is written in the United States Constitution, a document of the laws and government of the United States of America.

How does a county select people for jury duty? First, the county sends a summons, or written letter, to a citizen in the mail. There is a random selection of registered voters, licensed drivers, and taxpayers. The citizen must reply to the summons. If the citizen doesn't reply, that citizen will have to pay a fine.

What are the requirements to serve on a jury? First of all, the person must be a US citizen and a resident of the county.

The person must be 18 years of age and be physically and mentally able to serve on the jury. The person must not have any criminal convictions, but can still serve if they have traffic violations.

Some people do not want to serve on a jury, but the court will only excuse people for certain reasons, such as if the person is a high school student, the person has to take care of someone who cannot take care of him/herself, or if the person does not understand enough English to follow the trial.

If the court selects you for a jury, there are rules that you must follow:

- Do not discuss the case until you hear all of the evidence.
- Do not investigate the case yourself.
- Do not discuss the case with family members or anyone else.
- Listen to the judge's instructions.

If you are selected to sit on a jury, the average trial is one to three days, but trials may be longer. Also, it is possible that you will report for jury duty, but you will not be selected for a trial. The county calls many people, and only a small number can serve on a trial. If, after one or two days, the court does not call you to trial, your service is complete for at least one year.

## UNIT 14

### Track 70, Page 213

Jessica is a student at a community college. She's 20 years old, and she lives at home. Right now, she's taking the last level of English classes. She's also taking a math class and a biology class. When she completes these classes, she's going to begin the physical therapy assistant program. School is expensive. Before she begins the program, Jessica is going to apply for financial aid. When she attends classes, Jessica is not going to work. She's going to go to school full time. Her parents are going to help her with her expenses. Jessica plans to complete the program in two years. Before she graduates, Jessica is going to get a lot of experience because all students work in physical therapy practices two afternoons a week. Jessica will apply for a job before she graduates. The college helps all the students find jobs. After she graduates, Jessica will earn about \$30,000 a year.

### Track 71, Page 214

1. What are you going to do if you win the lottery?
2. What will you do after you finish this class?
3. If she gets a promotion, what is she going to buy?
4. When he finishes college, where will he work?

### Track 72, Page 215

**A:** What are your plans for next year?

**B:** I'm going to finish my English classes.

**A:** What are you going to do when you finish your classes?

**B:** When I finish my English classes, I'm going to enter nursing school.

**A:** Where are you going to work after you graduate?

**B:** I'm going to work in the emergency room of a hospital.

### Track 73, Page 216

**Ronaldo:** I don't know what to do. I thought I wanted to become a nurse, but I don't know if I want to be in school for 2 or 3 more years.

**Valeria:** Do you have to work in a hospital? There are other careers, you know.

**Ronaldo:** I know, but I worked in a hospital in Brazil, and I liked that. There was always something going on. It was busy, and I like to be busy.

**Valeria:** Well, how about getting a certificate? My sister is a phlebotomist.

**Ronaldo:** She draws blood for lab tests, right?

**Valeria:** Yes. She started at \$32,710, and now she's making more.

**Ronaldo:** What kind of training do you need?

**Valeria:** Let's go online and check. See? You can do this in less than a year. You need a professional certificate, but some hospitals give on-the-job-training.

**Ronaldo:** That looks good. The job outlook is high, 25% more jobs in the future. I'm a people person. I like to talk. A phlebotomist has to draw blood and make people feel comfortable. Some people are afraid of needles. I can help people with that. A phlebotomist has to enter patient information into a computer. I have computer experience. This sounds pretty easy.

**Valeria:** It sounds good for you.