

WORLDOF GRAMMAR WRITING

Course information and sample unit

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WORLD_{OF} GRAMMAR WRITING SAMPLER



World of Grammar and Writing

CEFR: A1 - B1 | 4 Levels | Elementary - Pre-intermediate Authors: Megan Roderick and Rachael Finnie with updates from Louise Campbell, Nicola Stewart, Emma Fox and Adele Moss

World of Grammar and Writing is a four-level series written to help teach and develop grammar and writing skills of Elementary to Intermediate English language learners. *World of Grammar and Writing* is suitable for use on its own or alongside any course of a similar level.

- Grammar topics are clearly presented to help students to understand and engage with the grammar points in question.
- Clear and simple explanations of all the grammar points covered encourage students to study alone and gain a better understanding of the material.
- Numerous practice exercises after the presentation of each grammar point help to reinforce and consolidate learning.
- A communication activity and a writing task at the end of every unit consolidate the grammar points covered in each unit in a fun and effective way.
- Five review sections ensure that students have a thorough understanding of all the grammar points covered in the previous units.
- Ten writing units with a step-by-step approach to writing including model compositions, writing plans and guided writing tasks to help prepare students for exam writing tasks.
- Student's Book answer keys available online.

	A1	A2	B1
Level 1			
Level 2			
Level 3			
Level 4			

ISBNS	
9781473773196	World of Grammar and Writing Student's Book Level 1
9781473773202	World of Grammar and Writing Student's Book Level 2
9781473773219	World of Grammar and Writing Student's Book Level 3
9781473773226	World of Grammar and Writing Student's Book Level 4

Inside this brochure you will find samples of:

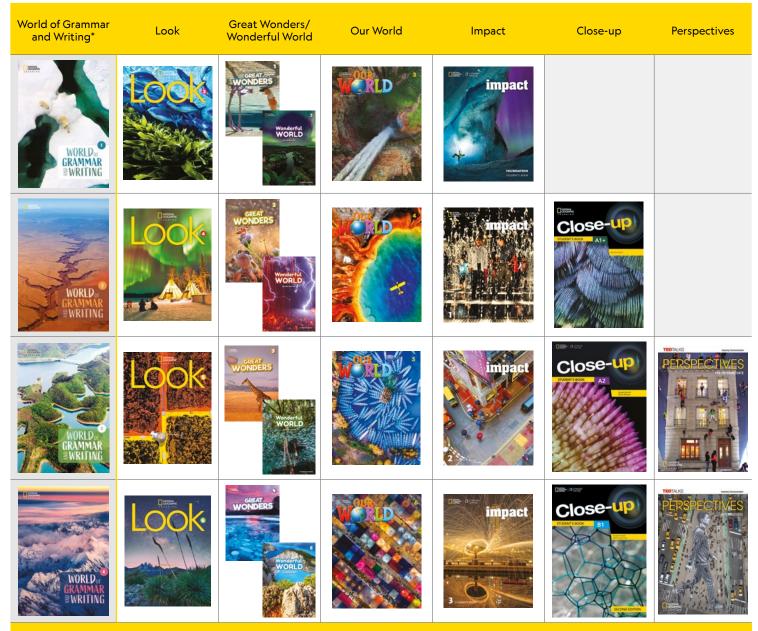
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WORLD OF GRAMMAR AND WRITING MAKES THE PERFECT COMPANION

These popular National Geographic Learning titles are all perfectly correlated to World of Grammar and Writing:

- Look
- Our World
- Wonderful World
- Great Wonders (Greece only)
- Impact
- Close-up
- Perspectives



Full correlations for each of these titles are available at ELTNGL.com/WGW

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UNIT

Comparative and superlative

Sample Unit- Level 1, Unit 17

We're faster. We're stronger. We're fitter. We're the best!

Comparative

We use the comparative form to compare two people, animals or things. We often use the word than after the comparative form.

He's taller than me.

The toy dinosaur is more expensive than the toy bear.

To make the comparative form of adjectives with one syllable, we add the ending -er.

tall tall**er** ->

When the adjective ends in -e, we just add -r. later late

When the adjective ends in a vowel and a consonant, we double the last consonant and add -er.

fat fatter -

When an adjective ends in -y, we take off the -y and add -ier.

early earlier Sometimes we use the word *more* with two-syllable adjectives to make the comparative form.

famous -

more famous

Some two-syllable adjectives have two comparative forms.

simple	-
clever	-

simpler/more simple

cl polite cleverer/more clever

politer/more polite

We use the word more to make the comparative form of adjectives with three or more syllables.

confusing more confusing

Some adjectives are irregular and do not follow these rules.

good	→	better
bad	→	worse

1 Complete the sentences with the comparative form.

- 1 The ship is <u>bigger</u> (big) than the boat.
- 2 Their children are _____ (polite) than other children.
- 3 The flowers ______ (beautiful) than the plants.
- 4 The football fans were _____ (noisy) than the tennis fans.
- 5 Spain is _____ (warm) than the UK.
- 6 The baby's teddy bear is _____ (fat) than hers.
- 7 A motorbike is _____ (dangerous) than a car.
- 8 This bag is _____ (heavy) than that one.

Think about it!

We do not use *more* with adjective + -*er I'm more shorter than my brother.*

Superlative

We use the superlative form to compare more than two people, animals or things. We often use a phrase beginning with *in* or *of* to continue the sentence.

She's **the most intelligent** girl **in** the school!

She's the tallest of all her sisters.

To make the superlative form of adjectives with one syllable, we add the ending *-est*. We use the word *the* before the adjective in its superlative form.

tall → the tallest

When the adjective ends in *-e*, we just add *-st*.

late 🔷 the latest

When the adjective ends in a vowel and a consonant, we double the last consonant and add -*est*.

fit **→ the** fi**ttest**

When an adjective ends in -*y*, we take off the -*y* and add -*iest*.

happy

the happiest

Sometimes we use *the most* with a two-syllable adjective to make the superlative form.

famous 🔶 the most famous

Some two-syllable adjectives have two superlative forms.

- simple

 the simplest/the most simple
- clever

 the cleverest/the most clever
- polite *→* the politest/the most polite

We use the word *most* to make the superlative form of adjectives with three or more syllables.

confusing → the most confusing

Some adjectives are irregular and do not follow these rules.

good→the bestbad→the worst

Notes

The words *much*, *many*, *a lot/lots* (*of*), *a little* and *a few* also have comparative and superlative forms.

much	→	more	→	the most
many	→	more	→	the most
a lot (of)	→	more	→	the most
lots (of)	→	more	→	the most
a little	→	less	→	the least
a few	→	fewer	→	the fewest

2 Complete the sentences with the superlative form.

- 1 She is <u>the nicest</u> (nice) person I know.
- 2 Tuesday is _____ (bad) day of the week for me.
- 4 At our restaurant you can eat _____ (tasty) food in town!

As ... as

5 Those exercises are ______ (difficult) of all.

- 6 She's _____ (old) daughter in the family.
- 7 Today is _____ (hot) day of the year.
- 8 _____ (exciting) ride at the funfair is the roller coaster.

We can also use (not) as ... as to compare two people, animals or things.

We use *as* ... *as* when the two people, animals or things are the same. *He is as tall as his father.*

We use *not as* ... *as* when they are different. *This book is***n't as good as** *that book.*

3 Rewrite the sentences using *as* ... *as* or *not as* ... *as* and the word in bold.

1 This mountain is 902 metres. That mountain is 902 metres. **high**

This mountain is

as high as that mountain.

Aunt Bella is 45 years old. Aunt Serena is
 44 years old. young
 Aunt Bella is _____

Aunt Serena.

- David scored nine points in the competition. Nancy scored nine points in the competition. good

Nancy's score was

_ David's.

Nikos can lift 48 kilograms. Yuri can lift
 55 kilograms. strong
 Nikos is ______ Yuri.

- s or **4** Write the words in the correct order.
 - 1 at tennis / Tony / than / brother / his / is / better

Tony is better than his brother

at tennis.

- 2 more / learning / important / than / is / studying
- 3 the / is / player / the / she / best / team / in
- 4 is / this / as / ours / as / flat / big
- 5 exercise / than / is / the / easier / others / this
- 6 in / popular / she / the US / the / actor / is / most

5 Complete the sentences with one word in each gap.

- 1 She's more interested in science <u>than</u> her sister.
- 2 The maths questions aren't ______ difficult as you think.
- 3 This is _____ best day of my life!
- 4 The Lord of the Rings is the ______ exciting book in the world!
- 5 He is _____ as friendly as his brother.
- 6 He's the most famous film star ______ the world.

6 Complete the text with the comparative or superlative form.

There's a boy in my t	town called Tomas. He's
¹ older	(old) than I am, but
he goes to the sam	e school. His house is
2	. (big) than ours, but his garden
is ³	(small).
Tomas is ⁴	(clever) boy in school
and he's also ⁵	(funny)! He loves
jokes and he makes	everyone laugh. His mum makes
6	. (good) cakes and Tomas is
7	(hungry) than anybody else at
break time. He eats	a lot of cake!
Tomas is ⁸	(good) than me at
swimming, but I run	9 (fast) than
he does. Tomas has	got lots of friends because he's
very friendly. He's 10	(popular)
boy in town.	

Pairwork

Work in pairs. Look at the three photos of holiday places and compare them with your partner. Use the words below.

- beautiful
- expensive
- boringcheap
- few
- hot
- cold
- exciting
- manyugly



Writing

Find three pictures of different places, people or animals and compare them. Write a short paragraph. Qa

1 Complete the table.

Adjective	Comparative	Superlative
bad	worse	the worst
big		
comfortable		
difficult		
easy		
good		
heavy		
hot		
intelligent		
interesting		
light		
short		
small		
tall		
young		

2 Complete the sentences with *be going to* and the verb in brackets.

1	am going to have	(have) a shower.
2	They	(not buy) a new flat.
3	We	(not eat) at a restaurant this evening.
4	lt	(be) sunny tomorrow.
5	We	(win) the match tomorrow!
6	I	(not study) for my exams tonight.
7	Не	(not wear) his new jeans.
8	She	(meet) her friends next week.



	3	Complete the	questions with <i>l</i>	be aoina to. Then	answer the questions
--	---	--------------	-------------------------	-------------------	----------------------

	Are you going to walk valk) to the bus stop? 🗸	5
	im.	
		6
the piar	no this afternoon? (she / practise) 🗙	(I / see) you soon? ✔
		7
	call) us tomorrow? 🗸	(we / meet) at the station? 🗸
		8
(he / wo	ork) this evening? 🗙	(he / win) the race? 🗙
Compl	ete the sentences with the future s	simple.
I	vill be (be) very happy to see you	
She	(not be) at the same sch	hool next year.
We	(cook) for you today.	
They	(do) it again.	
I	(not invite) her for dinner.	
Ι	(open) the door for you!	
-	(bring) the presents w hey visit us.	ith them
We	(not arrive) late for lunch	h.
Compl	ete the questions with the future s	simple. Then answer the questions.
	Will you try (you / try) harder	at school next year? 🗸
<u>Yes, I v</u>	vill.	
	(he / get) back ea	ırly? 🗙
	(she / feel) better	tomorrow? 🗸
	(you / buy) me so	omething from the shop? 🗸
	(they / be) on the	e bus? 🗴
	(he / have) time t	to help us? 🗴
	(you / write) soor	n? 🗸
		after their trip? 🖌

6 Circle the correct answer.

- 1 Who *closed*/ *did close* the window?
- 2 Who did you write / you wrote to?
- 3 What *did he see / he saw*?
- 4 What *smells / does smell* so nice?

7 Complete the table.

- 5 Which bike you like / do you like best?
- 6 Which jacket costs / does cost more?
- 7 Where he went / did he go?
- 8 Why are you / you are sad?

Verb	Past simple	Past participle
buy	bought	bought
catch	caught	
draw	drew	
drink	drank	
eat	ate	
go	went	
know	knew	
make	made	
sing	sang	
sit	sat	
speak	spoke	
spend	spent	
swim	swam	
take	took	
think	thought	

8 Complete the sentences with the correct form of the present perfect simple.

- 1 I have lost (lose) my keys again!
- 2 You _____ (run) ten kilometres today!
- 3 I _____ (not buy) any food from the supermarket.
- 4 We _____ (have) a great time!
- 5 She _____ (not see) her brother recently.
- 6 They ______ (write) an email to their cousins.
- 7 I _____ (do) all my jobs for today!
- 8 They _____ (swim) in the lake.

9 Write sentences and questions with the present perfect simple.

- 1 you / not clean / your room / yet You haven't cleaned your room yet.
- 2 my parents / visit / a lot of places
- 3 we / already finish /our breakfast
- 4 I / not live / here / for long
- 5 your daughter / always be / good at sports / ?
- 6 they / ask / about the holiday / ?



10 Complete the questions with the present perfect simple. Then answer the questions.

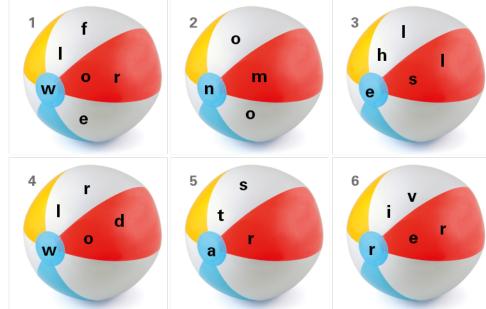
- 1 <u>Have you visited</u> (you / visit) Argentina? **x** <u>No, I haven't.</u>
- 2 _____ (she / find) her keys? ✓
- 3 _____ (he / buy) a new motorbike? X
- 4 Where is Amu? ______ (she / go) to her friend's house? ✓
- 5 ______(you / see)
 6 _______(he / arrive)
 6 _______(he / arrive)
 7 _______(you / sell)
 7 _______(you / sell)
 8 _______(they / talk)
 about the problem? ×

11 Circle the correct answer.

- 1 They didn't *bought* / *buy* any nice clothes.
- 2 Have you meet / met his wife?
- 3 They *haven't / didn't* clean the house yesterday.
- 4 Does he *teach / taught* at your school?
- 5 She *have / has* driven for nearly five hours today!
- 6 She *came / come* to the party last night.
- 7 Have you *flew / flown* in a helicopter?
- 8 | broke / broken two glasses last week.







1	f <u>lower</u>
2	m
3	s
4	W
5	s
6	r

2 Read Marco's postcard. Answer the questions.

Hi Tom!

I'm on holiday at my friend's house in the mountains. The place where we're staying is very nice, but it's very quiet. I can't sleep at night because there aren't any noisy cars or buses!

We're having a great time! Every day, we go for a walk in a forest near a river. There are lots of animals and plants there. We walk near the river, but we don't go swimming. The water is very cold! We usually take some bread and cheese with us for lunch. In the evenings, we eat at home or we ride our bikes to a village where there's a café. We usually eat chicken and vegetables or burgers and salad. Yummy!

At the moment, I'm writing my postcards here in my bedroom. I'm going to go to bed soon because I'm tired.

See you soon!

Marco

3 Read again. In which paragraph does Marco talk about

- 1 what he's doing now?
- 2 where he's staying?
- 3 what he does in the evenings? ____



Tom Wong

42 Hall Street

Hebdon

- 1 Who is Marco on holiday with? his friend
- 2 What can't Marco do at night?
- 3 What is near the river?
- 4 Why doesn't Marco go swimming?
- 5 When does Marco go to the village?
- 6 Why is Marco going to go to bed?

4 Complete Marco's writing plan.

postcard with the words from the box.

R

• •	, · · ·	, say what the place is like			
Paragraph 2:	say what we do in the mornings,	say what we have for lunch,			
Paragraph 3: ³		, say what I'm going to do soon			
Ending:	See you soon!				
Sign off:	Marco				

Hi Dasha!

l'm on holiday with my best friend in Italy. The village where we're staying is very beautiful, 1 ______ but _____ it's very small. We can't go shopping ² ______ there aren't any shops, but there's a fantastic market every weekend.

We're having a great time! Every day, we wake up early and we go for a walk on a beach near our house. There are lots of shells ³ ______ rocks there. We go fishing ⁴ ______ we also go swimming every day. We usually take sandwiches with us for lunch. In the evenings, we eat at the restaurant in the village ⁵ ______ we cook at home. We often cook fish from the river with vegetables from the garden. Yummy!

At the moment, I'm writing my postcards outside. I'm watching the moon and the stars. I'm going to go to bed soon ⁶______ it's late.

See you soon!

Viri

Now it's your turn!

6 Use Marco's writing plan to make notes for your postcard to a friend below.

My writing pla	in notes		
Greeting:			
Paragraph 2:			
Paragraph 3:			
Ending:			
Sign off:			

Now use your writing plan notes to write a postcard to a friend about your holiday. Write in your notebook.



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